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Henderson, NV 89152 (702)596-6892

a hotmail.com Self-Represented **Objectors**

EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT FAMILY DIVISION **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

In the matter of the petition of

Case No.: D-12-XXXXXXX-C

Dept.: N

Honorable Kerri Maxey

Hearing date: February 28, 2025

Time: In Chambers

ORAL ARGUMENT REQUESTED

NOTICE: YOU MAY FILE A WRITTEN RESPONSE TO THIS MOTION WITH THE CLERK OF THE COURT AND PROVIDE THE UNDERSIGNED WITH A COPY OF YOUR RESPONSE WITHIN 14 DAYS OF YOUR RECEIPT OF THIS MOTION. FAILURE TO FILE A WRITTEN RESPONSE WITH THE CLERK OF THE COURT WITHIN 14 DAYS OF YOUR RECEIPT OF THIS MOTION MAY RESULT IN THE REQUESTED RELIEF BEING GRANTED BY THE COURT WITHOUT A HEARING PRIOR TO THE SCHEDULED HEARING DATE.

OPPOSITION TO MR. FALCONI MOTION TO UNSEAL CERTAIN S PETITION SEEKING PATERNITY. J.A.V.S. IN

PAGE 1 OF 11

In his pleadings, Falconi asserts "The entire case file is not sealed as Plaintiff asserts it is". In the current appeal, docket no. 89180, *** entire district court record seeking paternity was transmitted to the Supreme Court of Nevada on August 19, 2024 **under seal**—where every volume is labeled 'sealed'.

Additionally, this court only has to look at the central issue in her petition**

is seeking paternity under NRS 126*—a statute reserved solely for biological fathers. On appeal, based upon the *vacate and remand* order issued June 27, 2017, in docket no. 67368 the prior court (Judge Gaudet) conducted an evidentiary hearing to determine which two of the three parties are to appear on **XXXX** s birth**

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certificate under 2012 statutes—The moment the court looks at the "birth certificate issue" automatically opens the door to paternity. The instrument that corrects a child's birth certificate is a decree of paternity. On November 21. 2023 in an attempt to conserve judicial resources prior to trial, submitted their Affidavit in Support of Request for Summary Disposition of Decree as well as their Request for Summary Disposition of Decree (proposed decree of paternity), however, they were completely ignored. The case went to trial and XXX failed to prove she was XXX's biological mother or gave birth to XXX. She also failed to prove she was married to XXXXXXXXX at the time of XXX's birth. Judge Gaudet did not issue a decree of paternity, but instead issued an order that all three litigants can appear on XXX's birth certificate with no designation of mother or father. The major problem with his May 1, 2024 ruling is no paternity law in Nevada allows the court to bypass the strict statutory requirements of paternity [NRS 126--DNA findings] and 'decide' on its own motion for a child to have three (3) parents. To do so is theft of parental rights. Today, XXXX's rights are being violated because there is no decree of paternity to remove the erroneous name listed as father on her birth certificate and add the correct father's name. For this reason, both XXX s petition [D469416] and XXXX's petition [D545288] are on appeal competing for paternity rights to

And paternity cases in Nevada have sealed court proceedings as well as a sealed court record.

Mr. Falconi states "SRCR 1(4) is not categorically inapplicable to the unsealing of actions filed under NRS Chapters 126, but rather, *could* yield to certain "specific" statutes like NRS 126.111. Nevertheless, this is not a paternity action…"

Alexander Falconi intentionally mischaracterizes XXXX's petition seeking paternity as "an unmarried child custody" case. The case was erroneously treated as 'custody' for many years until the court was forced to comply with the remand

instructions and join to the case to paternity. And invoked to each other (since 1988)]. Mr. Falconi expects this court to believe that the case to paternity to to the case to paternity. In the case to paternity are married to each other. And invoked paternity. In the case to paternity. In the case to paternity are married to each other (since 1988)]. Mr. Falconi expects this court to believe that the case the natural (biological) parents and because they are not married this case somehow becomes an "unmarried child custody" case. This is ludicrous.

Objectors bring to this court's attention that Mr. Falconi filed a similar motion one year ago, as follows,

- 1. February 18, 2024 Falconi's letter to seek vacatur of sealing orders.
- 2. February 28, 2024 XXXXX's objection to the February 20, 2024 order.
- 3. March 11, 2024 Falconi's reply to XXXXX's objection and exhibits.

sanction Mr. Falconi for his repeated attempts to mislead this court. Further, it should barr him from filing into this case.

The rule of law expanded in XXXXX prior objection [see EXHIBIT 1] requires this court to deny Falconi's motion due to the following,

- 1. **Restricted by Custody Statutes NRS 125C.004** Award of Custody a person other than a parent. Item 3. "The court may exclude the public from any hearing on this issue."
- Restricted by Adoption Statutes NRS 127.140, "all hearings held in proceedings under this chapter are confidential and must be held in a closed court".
- 3. Restricted by Paternity Statutes NRS 126.211, "parentage must be held in a closed court."
- 4. Restricted by SCR 240 where consent of the parties is required.
- 5. Restricted by Nevada Rules Governing Sealing & Redacting Court Records, RULE 4: "a sealed court record in a civil case shall be unsealed only upon stipulation of all parties".

All of the above are grounds to deny Mr. Falconi's motion, in toto. In addition, there is no agreement or stipulation for the records to be unsealed.

IN CONCLUSION, objectors, XXXXXXXXXX seek to have Falconi's motion requesting the unsealing of all J.A.V.S. videos for any hearings that occurred on or

after January 20, 2020 be <u>denied</u>, with prejudice. If this court sees fit, to barr Mr. Falconi from filing into this case and sanction him for putting forth a false record and attempting to mislead this Court. Objectors also seek for this Court to use the correct caption on its' order which is, In the matter of the petition by

II. OVERVIEW OF SPETITION SINCE 2012

petition is an ongoing PATERNITY dispute between a biological mother and father XXXX) and an unrelated third-party who was sua sponte awarded parenting rights with legal and physical custody over XXX daughter in controvert with existing state and federal law. The nature of the action and subject matter of paternity raises Questions of Law as to the legality of the prior courts' December 20, 2012 paternity judgment, issued sua sponte under NRS 126, by 'the stroke of a pen', and based only upon review of the pleadings, in chambers. The prior court did not conduct a hearing or evidentiary hearing on 'standing' as to the existence of a parent-child relationship between s daughter) despite objection and opposition. When the prior court awarded paternity to Mrs. XX it failed to join the minor child and all presumed fathers mandated by Nevada law in 2012 [See Jackson v. Hoagland, En Banc Decision No. 63427 (Nev. Jan. 2016)]; And due to collecting state welfare benefits for her

daughter, it also prevented the District Attorney from performing their administrative duties prescribed by Nevada's statutes to serve as guardian ad litem for the minor child and adjudicate her paternity, *legally*.

Appeal no. 82977 stems from the prior court's REFUSAL to vacate the void paternity judgment issued December 20, 2012 and all subsequent orders. For eleven years, the case had been running without subject matter jurisdiction, without jurisdiction over the parties, and never acquired personal jurisdiction mandated under *paternity and custody laws*.

(D469416). And XXXXX's birth certificate still remains erroneous, listing the wrong father's name.

PROCEDURAL HISTORY

On June 27, 2017, the Supreme Court of Nevada, docket no. 67368, ordered an evidentiary hearing to be conducted on *paternity* and to join the minor child to present argument and testimony. Judge Gaudet finally complied with their request on September 26, 2023 (6 yrs. later) and joined the minor child when she was 17 1/2 years old. The paternity trial was conducted on December 13, 2023 and April 24, 2024. However, in direct violation of Nevada law and in violation of the 2017 remand order:

1. The minor child, was not allowed to appear at trial to present argument or testimony. Further, the court never obtained with switten consent on or after September 26, 2023 for the court to proceed with petition and is required under NRS § 127.020(1)(b). Guardian ad litem,

Laura A. Deeter, Esq. appeared, however, she did not obtain written consent from and is required for children over the age of 14.

- 2. The District Attorney was prevented from appearing at trial by Judge Gaudet when NRS § 126.101(1) (2007) requires their testimony and argument.
- 3. The Attorney Generals office for Vital Statistics was also prevented from appearing at trial. The 2017 remand order states, as follows,

We note that if the district court's decision may mandate a change to the child's birth certificate, it may be appropriate to permit the State Registrar of Vital Statistics to present argument on the issue as well.

4. Judge Gaudet modified *** s birth certificate to reflect three parents with no designation of mother or father. Vital Statistics reviewed the May 1st, 2024 order and sent the following email dated August 19, 2024,

[see EXHIBIT 2]

"we will need to go back to court to remove the current father listed and add <u>the biological one</u>, only two parents can be listed on the birth certificate".

Vital Statistics confirmed that current findings of facts and conclusions of law do not allow them to correct XXX s birth certificate. The May 16, 2024 order giving three parents as well as the July 10, 2024 order denying and s tolling motion are on direct appeal.

DATED this 4th day of February 2025.