

LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

FILED
10:00 A.M.

May 7 2026

City of Las Vegas
Municipal Court

IN RE: KIM BLANDINO

CASE NO.: 26-029641
DEPT.: 6

ORDER

ORDER

This matter having come before the Court on May 6, 2026, KIM BLANDINO having notice of said hearing, KIM BLANDINO appearing in proper person; the Court, having read and considered the papers filed by KIM BLANDINO and having heard and carefully considered the demeanor and presentation of KIM BLANDINO, the oral statements made by KIM BLANDINO, and with the intent of deciding the *Petition to Declare Kim Blandino a Vexatious Litigant* filed by Hans Jessup, the Court Administrator of Las Vegas Municipal Court, on March 16th, 2026, the Court makes the following findings of fact and conclusions of law related to whether KIM BLANDINO is a vexatious litigant:

1. KIM BLANDINO repeatedly files unmeritorious motions, pleadings and other papers in this case and case 26-005437.
2. KIM BLANDINO'S filings are repetitive and appear to be filed merely for the purpose of harassment.
3. After evaluation of numerous submissions in this case and in case 26-005437, filed by KIM BLANDINO, which were separately evaluated, the Court has determined that the submissions whether a motion, petition or other type of submissions are harassing, frivolous and extremely burdensome to the Court.

- 1 4. KIM BLANDINO was cited under case 26-005437 for a simple battery that allegedly
2 occurred at the Regional Justice Center on January 8, 2026. On February 26th, 2026, the
3 Las Vegas City Attorney's Office issued a Notice of Dismissal Without Prejudice Pursuant
4 to NRS 174.085(5) and voluntarily dismissed, without prejudice, Case 26-005437. (See
5 *Exhibit 1*). Since the case against him was **dismissed**, KIM BLANDINO has filed nine (9)
6 motions and/or notice's totaling around two hundred and forty-nine (249) pages in case 26-
7 005437. (See Outline of Filings; *Exhibit 2¹*).
- 9 5. On March 2, 2026, KIM BLANDINO filed Emergency Motion to Reopen Case After
10 Notice of Dismissal without Prejudice Pursuant to NRS 174.085(5) Filed by the Plaintiff
11 City of Las Vegas. KIM BLANDINO requested his case be dismissed with prejudice as he
12 felt his life was in danger due to threats he alleged to have received on a YouTube video
13 of a February 18, 2026, court appearance in the instant department. The Motion was denied
14 via minute order due to the fact the Notice of Dismissal complied with the timing
15 requirements of NRS 174.085(5) and the discretion of the prosecuting agency. (See *Exhibit*
16 *3*).
- 18 6. On March 9, 2026, KIM BLANDINO filed Emergency Motion to Vacate the Order of
19 March 2, 2026, by Judge Giordani as Void and to Reopen the Case as Originally Motioned
20 For. On that day KIM BLANDINO waited on the first floor of the courthouse to attempt
21 to personally serve the undersigned with the motion and repeatedly requested front desk
22 staff to tell him where the undersigned's personal chambers were located. The motion was
23 denied by minute order on the same legal basis as the prior motion; that the case was
24 properly dismissed. (See *Exhibit 4*).

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¹ This document does not include the two (2) Motions filed by KIM BLANDINO on May 5, 2026, specified in subsection 22(e) & 22(f) of the instant order.

- 1 7. On March 12, 2026, KIM BLANDINO filed an Emergency Petition or Motion to Declare
2 that Judge Giordani is Disqualified in Case 26-005437 From Hearing Any Matter Nunc
3 Pro Tunc to the Date the Motion to Disqualify was Filed February 24, 2026. The motion
4 was denied by minute order on the same legal basis as the prior motion; that the case was
5 properly dismissed. (See *Exhibit 5*). KIM BLANDINO makes great effort to argue this
6 Disqualification Motion should have resulted in the undersigns removal or, at the very
7 least, discontinued participation in case 26-005437. However, that motions was filed
8 **AFTER** case 26-005437 was voluntarily dismissed by the Las Vegas City Attorney's
9 Office. As such, case 26-005437 had previously been closed.
10
11 8. On March 19, 2026, KIM BLANDINO filed Emergency Motion to Arrange Another
12 Municipal Judge to Hear the Matter as Judge Giordani is Repeatedly Violating the Law
13 Regarding Disqualification and is Oppressing Kim Under NRS 197.200 and 18 U.S.C.
14 Section 242 and Abusing Kim Blandino Who is a Protected Older Person Under NRS
15 200.5091-200.50995 (Being over 70 Years Old) Warning this Must be Docketed or
16 Assigned to Any Other Judge That Judge Giordani!. Within the Motion KIM BLANDINO
17 stated, "...WARNING TO GIORDANI THIS MUST BE READ BY HER!....you have
18 committed crimes please turn yourself into law enforcement and turn yourself into the
19 Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline (NCJD) and then resign as Judge...God calls
20 me to see that you are removed from the bench for these violations...". (See *Exhibit 6*, pg.
21 17). Again, this motion was denied by minute order as the case was properly dismissed.
22
23 9. On March 31, 2026, KIM BLANDINO filed Emergency Motion for the Transcripts of Feb.
24 10 and 18 at No Cost Because Kim is in Forma Pauperis So that Kim Can Seek Relief at a
25 Higher Court and Prosecute a Complaint with the Nevada Commission on Judicial
26 Discipline Against the Dishonorable Judge Giordani and this Emergency Motion Must be
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1 Docketed Before Another Judge Other Than Giordani. This motion was denied by minute
2 order as the case was properly dismissed. (See *Exhibit 7*).

3 10. On March 19, 2026, a Petition was filed to declare KIM BLANDINO a vexatious litigant.

4 This Petition was based on the filings outlined above and the behavior of KIM BLANDINO
5 while physically present inside the Las Vegas Municipal Courthouse (hereafter LVMC).
6 (See *Exhibit 8*).
7

8 11. From February 10th, 2026, until the present-day KIM BLANDINO has come to the LVMC
9 1-3 times per week. During each visit he remains at the Courthouse anywhere from ten (10)
10 minutes to seven (7) hours.

11 12. While at the Courthouse KIM BLANDINO typically spends a significant time at the front
12 counter, located on the first floor, due to his desire to file a document in either the instant
13 case or case 26-005437. KIM BLANDINO will repeatedly attempt to approach the front
14 counter windows despite the fact it is not his turn to do so. When he does so KIM
15 BLANDINO interrupts other patrons. When it is KIM BLANDINO'S turn to be seen by
16 the clerk KIM BLANDINO directs staff on how to handle his case which ultimately results
17 in confusion and the need for a supervisor or the Court Administrator to respond. During
18 these encounters KIM BLANDINO has repeatedly asked personal questions of the staff
19 member that is assisting him. The latter has led to multiple staff members expressing that
20 they are uncomfortable and feel harassed. It has risen to such a degree of concern that a
21 Marshal is now assigned to escort KIM BLANDINO while he is in the area near and around
22 the front counter.
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26 13. KIM BLANDINO frequently attempts to converse with other Defendants either in the
27 courtroom while court is in session, at the front counter or other locations in the courthouse.
28 This contact is initiated by KIM BLANDINO and has been overheard to contain

1 information on how to legally proceed with a case. KIM BLANDINO's attempts to interact
2 with Defendants disrupts Court proceedings and the business being done at the front
3 counter. Moreover, at times, it potentially could be interpreted as the unlawful practice of
4 law.

5 14. KIM BLANDINO frequently visits each of the six Las Vegas Municipal Court courtrooms
6 while court is in session. KIM BLANDINO has been physically present in the
7 undersigned's courtroom for extended periods of time over the past few months. On these
8 instances KIM BLANDINO takes notes while Defendants are at the podium sharing
9 personal information or information related to their case. Whether KIM BLANDINO is
10 taking notes related to the information shared by Defendants or how the Court is doing
11 their job is unknown. Additionally, KIM BLANDINO constantly gets up to attempt to
12 speak to the Marshal while court was in session, diverting his attention from his job –
13 maintaining courtroom safety. KIM BLANDINO also attempts to speak to the public
14 attorney assigned to the department, Defendants, and other individuals located in the
15 courtroom and enters and exits the courtroom repeatedly while court is session. KIM
16 BLANDINO's behavior is disruptive and could be interpreted as an attempt at intimidation
17 or harassment.
18

19 15. This Court acknowledges and respects that the courthouse and the courtrooms located
20 within are a public forum. The Court welcomes individuals to observe court whether or not
21 they have an active case in LVMC. However, an individual's presence within LVMC is
22 predicated on the presumption that said presence is not disruptive to proceedings,
23 harassing, intimidating or inclusive of the unlawful practice of law. The behavior of KIM
24 BLANDINO has proven to be each of those things.
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1 16. KIM BLANDINO has previously been deemed a vexatious litigation by Chief Judge
2 Elizabeth Gonzales in the Eighth Judicial District Court under case 18-A775478-J on July
3 2, 2018. (See *Exhibit 9*). This finding was based on behavior similar, if not identical, to the
4 behavior outlined above. As such, KIM BLANDINO has been behaving in the manner
5 outlined above in a variety of jurisdictions for at least eight years.

6
7 17. Moreover, on January 8, 2026, Judge Jacob Reynolds issued an Order in case A-25-
8 932149-W that precluded KIM BLANDINO'S presence on the 11th floor of the Pheonix
9 Building unless he had a scheduled hearing. (See *Exhibit 10*). KIM BLANDINO could
10 only arrive 30 minutes before any scheduled hearing and had to be escorted by a Marshal.
11 These restrictions were put in place due to KIM BLANDINO "...contacting staff by phone,
12 email and waiting in the hall to speak with them as they went to the restroom...". *Id.* at pg.
13 2, line 11-12. Additionally, they were put in place because KIM BLANDINO repeatedly
14 tried to speak to Judge Reynolds both inside and outside of the courtroom. *Id.* Pg. 2-3.

15
16 18. After the filing of the Petition on March 19, 2026, KIM BLANDINO has filed at least
17 seven (7) motions in the instant case totaling more than three hundred and thirty-three (333)
18 pages. (See *Exhibit 2*).

19
20 19. On April 6, 2026, KIM BLANDINO filed First Motion to Disqualify Judge Giordani in the
21 instant case which was set for hearing in front of Judge Bert Brown on April 20, 2026.
22 Within that Motion KIM BLANDINO mentions the undersigned's child, the name of
23 undersigned's husband and the details of his job. KIM BLANDINO says "...Kim's
24 religious beliefs and insight indicates Giordani is neglecting her duty and duties as a mother
25 and wife because of rule 2.1.". (See *Exhibit 11*, pg. 17-18). KIM BLANDINO goes on to
26 quote a verse from the Bible and states "...Giordani needs to resign being a judge and take
27 care of her children and make more babies or adopt if that is not possible and fulfill a role
28

1 that God set for her and not be neglectful...". Id. At 18. KIM BLANDINO also states,
2 "...Kim points out the holy spirit prompts Kim to write this. Kim can see how God's
3 purpose in the series of events that brought this wrongful charge of battery then assigned
4 Walker who wrongfully disqualified himself and then brought to Giordani's court so that
5 Kim could plead for Giordani's children and potential children." Id. At 19.

6
7 20. Pending the hearing on the Motion to Disqualify, Judge Bert Brown issued an Order
8 pausing all motions and proceedings. (See *Exhibit 12*). Based on that order any pending
9 motions in the instant case and in case 26-005437 were paused.

10 21. On March 31, 2026, the undersigned filed an Affidavit in Answer to Kim Blandino's
11 Request to Disqualify Pursuant to NRS 1.235(7). (See *Exhibit 13*).

12
13 22. On April 20, 2026, Judge Bert Brown denied KIM BLANDINO'S Motion to Disqualify.
14 As such, KIM BLANDINO was reminded that the Petition to Declare KIM BLANDINO
15 a Vexatious Litigant would go forward on May 6, 2026. Additionally, all motions that were
16 previously paused in the instant matter or case 26-005437 would continue to that date. That
17 included the following motions filed on the following dates;

- 18
19 a. Emergency Motion to Reopen Case Change of Circumstances as Judge Giordani
20 has Filed a Challenge in Case 26-026467 filed on April 13, 20216, in case 26-
21 005437. (See *Exhibit 14*).
- 22
23 b. Emergency Motion to be Given Clear Notice of Who the Assigned Judge is as to
24 the Upcoming Hearing on the Motion to Disqualify Judge Giordani Set for Hearing
25 in Dept 4 at 9:30 on 4/20/26 filed on April 13, 2026 in the instant case. (See *Exhibit*
26 *15*).
- 27
28 c. Kim's Reply and Supplement to Judge Kelly Giordani's Affidavit in Answer to
Kim Blandino's Request to Disqualify Pursuant to NRS 1.235(7) filed on April 16.

1 2029 in the instant case. (See *Exhibit 16*). KIM BLANDINO states within the
2 motion he must, "...seek out Giordani's son once he attains majority...and see if
3 he would and forgive his mother for not putting him first before her judgeship." *Id.*
4 At pg. 10.

- 5
6 d. Emergency Notice to Judge Bert Brown and Judge Giordani that Kim Blandino has
7 Prepared a Complaint to the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline Ready for
8 Submission Against Giordani and is Attached as Exhibit A and that Kim Must do
9 Everything in Kim's Power to See that Giordani is Suspended without Pay by the
10 NCJD and then Removed from Office for Doing the Same Type of Thing as Judge
11 Erika Ballou, in Proceeding Further in Case 26-005437 Against Kim filed on April
12 20, 2026 in the instant case. (See *Exhibit 17*).
- 13
14 e. Unopposed Emergency Motion to Dismiss the Complaint with Prejudice which has
15 Already been Dismissed Without prejudice in this Newly Reopened Case filed on
16 May 5, 2026 in case 26-005437. (See *Exhibit 18*).
- 17
18 f. Second Motion to Disqualify Judge Giordani in Case 26-029641 in Accord with
19 NRS 1.230, 1.235, and/or Rule 2.11 in of the Nevada Revised Code of Judicial
20 Conduct (Reasonable Minds Would Question Standard) and/or (The Deep Seated
21 Antagonism Standard) New Facts and Circumstances Demand a Second Motion
22 filed on May 5, 2026, in the instant case. Within KIM BLANDINO states, "Kim
23 asked to issue a citation and make an arrest [of Giordani] for the repeated criminal
24 violations...Kim is preparing a motion to NCJD to ask for suspension...Kim makes
25 himself available to seek resolve of the issues with Giordani and for her to stipulate
26 to violations of the code and then present these negotiations to the NCJD to see if
27 the negotiations would be acceptable...". (See *Exhibit 19*, pg. 8, 12). KIM
28

1 BLANDINO also states, "Giordani saw this as a compliment it was not, it was a
2 lament and Kim was marveling. For clarity, Kim was struck that God could allow
3 evil and wickedness to be in such a pretty package, hopefully Giordani can repent
4 and come back from the road to hell she is currently on." (Id., pg. 16).

5
6 23. The Court FINDS, based on the numerous filings in this case and case 26-005437, the
7 behavior of KIM BLANDINO in the Las Vegas Municipal Courthouse, both in and out of
8 court, arguments made during the hearing and the demeanor and presentation of KIM
9 BLANDINO in open court, that KIM BLANDINO is a vexatious litigant.

10 24. In Jordan v. State, Department of Motor Vehicles, 121 Nev. 44, 110 P.3d 30 (2005) the
11 Nevada Supreme Court adopted a four-factor analysis a court must use when declaring a
12 litigant vexatious. Specifically, the four-factor analysis is: 1) the litigant must be provided
13 reasonable notice and an opportunity to respond (Show Cause Hearing); 2) an adequate
14 record illustrating specific cases, documents and reasons in support of a vexatious litigant
15 classification must be created; 3) substantive findings as to frivolous and harassing nature
16 of the litigants actions must be made; and 4) the restrictive order must be narrowly drawn
17 so as to protect the litigants constitutional rights. Id. At 60-63. The Nevada Supreme Court
18 noted the purpose of this four-step approach was to curb flagrant abuse of the judicial
19 process while ensuring litigants' right of access to the courts. Because vexatious litigant
20 orders restrict this right, they must be based on adequate justification supported in the
21 record and narrowly tailored to address the specific abuse. Id. At 63. The Court held the
22 appropriate standard of review for restrictive orders is the abuse of discretion standpoint.
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26 Id.

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1 25. KIM BLANDINO has been provided reasonable notice and an opportunity to respond.

2 26. KIM BLANDINO's request that this Court disqualify itself based upon his oral request is
3 denied. Moreover, the Motion to Disqualify filed on May 5, 2026, is similar, if not
4 identical to the prior Motion to Disqualify previously submitted and denied by Judge
5 Brown. Moreover, such filings are made with the direct purpose of delaying the instant
6 case and using said motions as an attempt to harass or intimidate.
7

8 27. It is hereby ORDERED all pending motions in case 26-005437 are denied as that case was
9 properly dismissed by the Las Vegas City Attorney's Office pursuant to NRS 174.085(5).
10 That case is hereby closed and any future dates vacated. Any subsequent action taken by
11 KIM BLANDINO related to case 26-005437 will be done in compliance with the
12 procedures outlined below.
13

14 28. It is hereby ORDERED all pending motions filed by KIM BLANDINO on the instant
15 matter are denied. Any pending hearing dates are vacated. Any subsequent action taken by
16 KIM BLANDINO related to the instant case will be done in compliance with the
17 procedures outlined below.
18

19 29. It is hereby ORDERED that in Las Vegas Municipal Court KIM BLANDINO may not file
20 any new materials in any case as a proper person without first obtaining leave of the Chief
21 Judge of Las Vegas Municipal Court.
22

23 30. It is hereby ORDERED that in Las Vegas Municipal Court KIM BLANDINO may not file
24 any new litigation as a proper person without first obtaining leave of the Chief Judge of
25 LVMC.
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1 31. It is further ORDERED that if KIM BLANDINO believes he has a meritorious claim or
2 action that he wishes to file in Las Vegas Municipal Court, KIM BLANDINO may obtain
3 permission from the Chief Judge of Las Vegas Municipal Court pursuant to the following
4 procedure;

- 5 a. ALL communication between KIM BLANDINO and the Las Vegas Muncipal
6 Court must be in writing and contain appropriate content.
7
8 b. KIM BLANDINO may submit, in writing, through mail to the LVMC located at
9 100 E. Clark, Las Vegas, Nevada, 89101 and/or email to
10 LVMCApproval@LasVegasNevada.gov any petition, motion, claim, complaint or
11 any other document KIM BLANDINO seeks to file. KIM BLANDINO is **not**
12 permitted to physically enter the Las Vegas Municipal Courthouse at any time, for
13 any reason, other than the narrow exceptions outlined below. In addition, if KIM
14 BLANDINO intends to to file any document or request any document from LVMC,
15 he must first seek written approval is given by the Chief Judge of the LVMC or the
16 Chief Judge's designee.²
17
18 c. The Chief Judge of the LVMC, or the Chief Judge's designee, will review the
19 submission.
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21 d. If the Chief Judge of LVMC, or the Chief Judge's designee, determines the
22 submission is non-frivolous and made in good-faith, the submission will be
23 provided to the Las Vegas Municipal Court front counter clerks for filing upon
24 remote submission of any applicable filing fee by KIM BLANDINO.
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28 ² This requirement does not apply if KIM BLANDINO has been subpoenaed as a witness or as a juror on an active case in Las Vegas Municipal Court. If such occurs KIM BLANDINO is **only** permitted to go to the department which he was subpoenaed and/or summoned as a juror and will be escorted by a Marshal.

1 e. Any submission submitted to the Las Vegas Municipal Court that is ultimately
2 scheduled for hearing in any department of Las Vegas Municipal Court will only
3 be scheduled for a virtual appearance³ unless otherwise approved by the Chief
4 Judge of LVMC or the Chief Judge's designee.

5 32. If the submission is rejected, or if KIM BLANDINO does not follow the submittal
6 procedure, KIM BLANDINO may be sanctioned by LVMC in the amount of \$150 per
7 violation payable to the Legal Aid Center of Southern Nevada. If LVMC determines this
8 is the amount which is the minimum to ensure that future frivolous filings are not made. If
9 LVMC determines in the future that this amount does not deter KIM BLANDINO, LVMC
10 may make a determination that their sanction amount is insufficient to deter this conduct,
11 may sanction KIM BLANDINO further in accordance with the provisions on NRCP 11
12 and/or hold KIM BLANDINO in contempt pursuant to NRS Chapter 22.

13 33. The requirement that KIM BLANDINO receive prior approval for submission does not
14 apply to any appeal of this order or appeal of any of the orders entered in this case or in
15 case 26-005437. However, KIM BLANDINO may only file that appeal via mail and/or
16 the email address provided above. KIM BLANDINO may not file any appeal in person
17 unless written permission is requested and granted by the Chief Judge of LVMC or the
18 Chief Judge's designee. If a future court date is set it will be set for a virtual appearance
19 unless stated otherwise by the Chief Judge of LVMC or the Chief Judge's designee.
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26 ³ The Court realizes that this is a unique requirement. However, Court's across the country have adopted virtual
27 appearance as an alternative to physical presence. In 2021 the Nevada Supreme Court created the Commission to
28 Study Best Practices for Virtual Advocacy. On November 9, 2023, ADKT 0581 was filed which resulted in the
recommendations of the Commission regarding applicable rules to govern the unified use of remote technology in
Nevada's Courts. The work of this Commission reflects the increased acceptance and usage of virtual appearances.
Here, virtual appearance is the primary option due to the concerning behavior of KIM BLANDINO to the staff and
patrons of our courthouse. A virtual appearance provides KIM BLANDINO the same due process and access to the
courts as a physical appearance.

1 34. If, at any point, KIM BLANDINO is the named Defendant on a future case filed in LVMC
2 his initial appearances and any appearances thereafter will be conducted by virtual
3 appearance unless permission to appear in person is granted by the Chief Judge of LVMC
4 or the Chief Judge's designee. Any filings that may occur in said future case will be handled
5 in accordance with this order.
6

7
8 It is further ORDERED that a violation of this order may result in sanction pursuant to the
9 Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure Rule 11 and/or a finding contempt of court pursuant to NRS
10 Chapter 22 punishable by a fine or imprisonment.
11

12 DATED May 7th, 2026.
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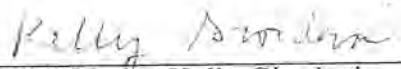
15 
16 _____
17 Chief Judge Kelly Giordani
18 Las Vegas Municipal Court, Dept. 6
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Exhibit 1

ORIGINAL



JEFFRY M. DOROCAC
City Attorney
100 E. Clark Ave., 3rd floor
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CITY OF LAS VEGAS,

Plaintiff,

CASE NO.: 26-005437A

DEPT NO.: 1

vs.

KIM DENNIS BLANDINO
ID#: 363075

Defendant.

**NOTICE OF DISMISSAL WITHOUT
PREJUDICE PURSUANT TO
NRS 174.085(5)**

NRS 174.085(5) provides:

5. The prosecuting attorney, in a case that he has initiated, may voluntarily dismiss a complaint:

(a) Before a preliminary hearing if the crime with which the defendant is charged is a felony or gross misdemeanor; or

(b) Before trial if the crime with which the defendant is charged is a misdemeanor, *without prejudice* to the right to file another complaint, unless the State of Nevada has previously filed a complaint against the defendant which was dismissed at the request of the prosecuting attorney. After the dismissal, the court shall order the defendant released from custody or, if he is released on bail, exonerate the obligors and release any bail. (Emphasis added).

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the Plaintiff, City of Las Vegas, does hereby voluntarily dismiss the complaint against the above-captioned Defendant. As this is the first such voluntary dismissal against the Defendant, this Dismissal shall be without prejudice to the City's right to file another complaint against the Defendant within the one-year statute of limitations pursuant to NRS 174.085 as applied in Sheriff, Washoe County v. Marcus, 995 P.2d 1016 (2000).

Dated: February 26, 2026

JEFFRY M. DOROCAC
City Attorney

BY:


CARLENE HELBERT
Bar # 9830
DEPUTY CITY ATTORNEY

Exhibit 2

Filings on: 26-029641 & 26-005437
TOTAL PAGES (filtered): 777

Case #	Charge	Filed On	Description	Filed By	eB	Page Count
26-029641	CIVIL	3/19/2026	Petition	Court	YES	61
26-029641	CIVIL	3/31/2026	Civil Summons - Summons for May 6, 2026	Court	NO	1
26-029641	CIVIL	4/6/2026	Motion - Miscellaneous - FIRST MOTION TO DISQUALIFY JUDGE GIORDANI IN CASE 26-029641 IN ACCORD WITH NRS 1.230, 1.235	Defendant	YES	115
26-029641	CIVIL	4/6/2026	Motion - Miscellaneous - CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE OF MOTION TO DISQUALIFY JUDGE GIORDANI	Defendant	YES	1
26-029641	CIVIL	4/8/2026	Motion to Place on Calendar - Emergency motion for the transcripts of feb 10th	Defendant	YES	19
26-029641	CIVIL	4/9/2026	Motion - Miscellaneous - RESPONSE TO: MOTION TO DISQUALIFY	Court	NO	38
26-029641	CIVIL	4/13/2026	Motion - Miscellaneous - RENOTICE OF CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE OF THE MOTION TO DISQUALIFY JUDGE GIORDANI	Defendant	YES but on other case	3
26-029641	CIVIL	4/13/2026	Motion - Miscellaneous - EMERGENCY MOTION TO BE GIVEN CLEAR NOTICE WHO THE ASSIGNED JUDGE IS AS TO THE UPCOMING HEARING	Defendant	YES	22
26-029641	CIVIL	4/13/2026	Motion - Miscellaneous - EMERGENCY MOTION TO REOPEN CASE CHANGE OF CIRCUMSTANCES AS JUDGE GIORDANI HAS FILED A CHALLENGE IN CASE 26-029641	Defendant	YES but on other case	18
26-029641	CIVIL	4/14/2026	Motion - Miscellaneous - ORDER TO SET HEARING DATE AND TIME	Court	NO	2
26-029641	CIVIL	4/14/2026	Motion - Miscellaneous - ORDER GRANTING PERMISSION OF CAMERA ENTRY	Court	NO	1
26-029641	CIVIL	4/16/2026	Motion - Miscellaneous - KIM'S REPLY AND SUPPLEMENT TO JUDGE KELLY GIORDANI'S AFFIDAVIT IN ANSWER TO KIM BLONDINO'S REQUEST TO DISQUALIFY PURSUANT TO NRS 1.235(7) - TO BE HEARD WITH PRIMARY EVENT	Defendant	YES	41
26-029641	CIVIL	4/16/2026	Motion - Miscellaneous - ORDER DENYING PERMISSION OF CAMERA ENTRY	Court	NO	1
26-029641	CIVIL	4/20/2026	Motion - Miscellaneous - EMERGENCY NOTICE TO JUDGE BERT BROWN AND JUDGE GIORDANI THAT KIM BLANDINO HAS PREPARED A COMPLAINT TO THE NEVADA COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL DISCIPLINE READY("NCJD") READY FOR SUBMISSION AGAINST JUDGE GIORDANI AND IS ATTACHED AS EXHIBIT A AND THAT KIM MUST DO EVERY THING IN KIM'S POWER TO SEE THAT GIORDANI IS SUSPENDED WHITHOUT PAY BY THE NCJD AND THEN REMOVED FROM OFFICE FOR DOING THE SAME TYPE OF THING AS JUDGE ERIKA BALLOU, IN PROCEEDING FURTHER IN CASE 26-005437 AGAINST KIM	Defendant	YES	114
26-005437	BATTERY	1/26/2026	Motion - Miscellaneous - Media Request	Defendant	NO	1
26-005437	BATTERY	2/17/2026	Motion - Miscellaneous - media request and order to permit camera access to proceedings.	Defendant	NO	1

26-005437	BATTERY	2/17/2026	Order to Recuse - ORDER DISQUALIFYING JUDGE WALKER AND ASSIGNING THE MATTER TO CHIEF JUDGE FOR FURTHER CALENDARING	Court	NO	2
26-005437	BATTERY	2/18/2026	Miscellaneous - URGENT NOTICE AND DEMAND TO STAY OR CONTINUE ANY REASSIGNMENT PENDING AN APPLICATION FOR A PENDING EXTRAORDINARY WRIT PETITION TO THE NEVADA SUPREME COURT TO BE HEARD WITH PRIMARY EVENT	Defendant	YES	25
26-005437	BATTERY	2/24/2026	Motion - Miscellaneous - MOTION TO DISQUALIFY JUDGE GIORDANI	Defendant	YES	59
26-005437	BATTERY	2/26/2026	Notice of Dismissal Without Prejudice Pursuant to NRS 174.085(5)	City Attorney	YES	2
26-005437	BATTERY	3/2/2026	Motion - Miscellaneous - EMERGENCY MOTION TO REOPEN CASE AFTER NOTICE OF DISMISSAL WITHOUT PREJUDICE	Defendant	YES	11
26-005437	BATTERY	3/2/2026	Motion - Miscellaneous - ORDER TO DISMISS WITHOUT PREJUDICE PURSUANT TO NRS 174.085(5) AND DEFENDANT'S EMERGENCY MOTION TO REOPEN DENIED CASE - ALL FUTURE DATES SCHEDULED TO ADDRESS THIS ISSUE ARE VACATED	Court	NO	2
26-005437	BATTERY	3/9/2026	Petition for Order to Vacate - EMERGENCY MOTION TO VACATE THE ORDER OF MARCH 2, 2026	Defendant	NO	29
26-005437	BATTERY	3/9/2026	Motion - Miscellaneous - MOTION TO VACATE THE ORDER OF MARCH 9, 2026 - ALL FUTURE DATE DENIED AND VACATED	Court	YES	29
26-005437	BATTERY	3/12/2026	Motion - Miscellaneous - Motion - Miscellaneous - EMERGENCY PETITION OR MOTION TO DECLARE THAT JUDGE GIORDANI IS DISQUALIFIED - MOTION WAS PRESENTED ON 3/16/26	Court	I believe this is the same document filed on 3/16.	
26-005437	BATTERY	3/16/2026	Motion - Miscellaneous - EMERGENCY PETITION OR MOTION TO DECLARE THAT JUDGE GIORDANI IS DISQUALIFIED - MOTION WAS PRESENTED ON 3/12/26	Defendant	YES	99
26-005437	BATTERY	3/16/2026	Order in Response to Emergency Petition or Motion to Declare that Jusge Giordani is Disqualified	Court	NO	1
26-005437	BATTERY	3/19/2026	Motion - Miscellaneous - EMERGENCY MOTION TO ARRANGE ANOTHER MUNICIPAL JUDGE TO HEAR THE MATTER	Defendant	YES	19
26-005437	BATTERY	3/19/2026	Motion - Miscellaneous - EMERGENCY MOTION FOR THE TRANSCRIPTS OF FEB. 10 AND 18 AT NO COST	Defendant	YES	18
26-005437	BATTERY	3/23/2026	Motion - Miscellaneous - RESPONSE TO EMERGENCY TO ARRANGE ANOTHER MUNICIPAL JUDGE TO HEAR THE MATTER - MOTION DENIED SCHEDULED FOR 4.1.26 AND ALL FUTURE DATES SCHEDULED TO ADDRESS THIS ISSUE VACATED.	Court	NO	1
26-005437	BATTERY	3/31/2026	Motion - Miscellaneous - EMERGENCY MOTION FOR THE TRANSCRIPTS OF FEB 10 AND 18 AT NO COST	Defendant	YES	18
26-005437	BATTERY	4/1/2026	Motion - Miscellaneous - RESPONSE TO EMERGENCY MOTION FOR THE TRANSSCRITS OF FEB 10 AND 18 AT NO NO COST - MOTION IS DENIED	Court	NO	1

26-005437	BATTERY	4/13/2026	Motion - Miscellaneous - EMERGENCY MOTION TO REOPEN CASE CHANGE OF CIRCUMSTANCES AS JUDGE GIORDANI HAS FILED A CHALLENGE IN CASE 26-029641	Defendant	YES	18
26-005437	BATTERY	4/13/2026	Motion - Miscellaneous - RENOTICE OF CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE OF THE MOTION TO DISQUALIFY JUDGE GIORDANI	Defendant	YES	3
26-005437	BATTERY	4/16/2026	Media Request	Defendant	YES	1

Exhibit 3

FILED

MAR 02 2026

PH
LV MUNICIPAL COURT

EMOT
KIM BLANDINO PECULIAR PRO SE
Nevada Bar No. None
C/O 441 N. 16th St
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
(702) 219-5657
No Fax
Kim43792@earthlink.net

LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CITY OF LAS VEGAS

Plaintiff,

-vs-

KIM BLANDINO

Defendant

Case No. 26-005437

Dept. No. 6

3/12/26 9:30 AM

EMERGENCY MOTION TO REOPEN CASE AFTER NOTICE OF
DISMISSAL WITHOUT PREJUDICE PURSUANT TO NRS 174.085(5) FILED BY THE
PLAINTIFF CITY OF LAS VEGAS

COMES NOW Kim Blandino ("Kim") listed as Defendant appearing specially and not generally who under threat of a Bench warrant appeared in Las Vegas Municipal Court Department 1 Matthew Walker ("Walker") presiding ON Feb. 10, 2026. Kim appeared by special appearance because of a green colored post card that Kim received in the U.S Mail at C/O 441 N16th Street L.V. Nv. 89101. The video of this hearing is at published by Our Nevada Judges ("ONJ") at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o69qTuWdZ-I&t=189s> Kim was set for a calendaring hearing by Walker's order and again under threat of a bench warrant should Kim not

1

CITY ATTORNEY
CRIMINAL DIVISION

RECEIVED MAR - 2 2026

appear on Feb. 18, 2026.

Because Judge Giordani ("Giordani") did not assign herself to the actual case until Feb. 18, 2026 Kim filed a motion to disqualify within the time frame of NRS 1.235(motion must be filed within 10 days of assignment). Kim told Giordani in open court that this Motion would be filed on Feb 18 the video of this by ONJ is at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OLDjoDg6ots> . Kim appeared specially and not generally. Kim was also threatened with warrant for not showing up on Feb. 18, 2026.

REASON FOR FILING AS AN EMERGENCY

This latest video of Kim's Feb 18 court appearance has over 113 thousand views in just 12 DAYS with 879 comments. The video of Feb. 10, 2026 has 34 thousand views and 558 comments. See The City of Las Vegas vs Kim Blandino, February 18, 2026.

Exhibit A attached shows a comment from the Feb 18 appearance from a User called isaned and Kim's reply:

"Whoever made the death threat against Blahblablahdino better follow through with it , or I will report you to the board of judicial misconduct
Reply Duly noted and recorded"

Exhibit B is a comment from the Feb. 10, 2026 video and Kim's reply:

"I don't know if it is the sadist in me, but man, id like to see blandino bloody
Duly noted and recorded
Reply"

There are many other violent comments and threats made against Kim on these and other videos. Kim is concerned that Andrew could be a target for extreme violence. The insane hatred that commenters have toward Kim like "lock Kim up and throw away the key" are about 99% of the comments are very similar to a lynch mob mentality or the "Give us Barrabas" chants at

Jesus' trial. Just Feb 28 Kim received a call on his cell while at a Celebration of Life Ceremony for Leah Reesa Campbell at the FOE Federation of eagles. from phone number XXXXXXXX and Kim heard "You are one of the biggest Douche Bags in the world" and then the male caller hung up. Kim will be making a police report this day March 2, 2026

Therefore, Kim must have the case dismissed with prejudice immediately. Kim's very life is threatened and Kim cannot have these baseless possible charges hanging over Kim's head for a next year and needs immediate dismissal with prejudice.

INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND

God(also called the Creator or Elohim, Elohim being both singular and plural like the words, sheep, fish or deer) created the Universe around 6,000 years ago he created light and spacetime in 5 days on the 6th day God made Man called Adam. God saw that it was not good for Man to be alone so he created out of man a companion called Eve who was his helpmate (not playboy "sex mate"). Adam and Eve were perfect and eternal and there was no death in this world.

God had to give at least one thing that Adam and Eve could not do. Otherwise, if God said they could do anything they wanted, there could be no disobedience, and therefore no demonstration of love. Adam and Eve ate of the forbidden tree of the knowledge of good and evil and lost their eternal nature. Therefore, God had a choice to destroy both Adam and Eve or give a second chance to allow them to continue as fallen beings and allow them to procreate by sexual relations See Genesis Chapter 1-3.

Had man not fallen they would never have had sexually created children. See Book of Mormon 2 Nephi 2: 21-25(as well as other apocryphal sources).

God gave the promise to Adam and Eve that Eve's offspring would crush the offspring of the serpent:

^[4]And I will put enmity between you and the woman, and between your offspring and hers; he will crush your head, and you will strike his heel.” Genesis 3:15 NIV version

This is the promise that God gave mankind that the savior or Son of God would come through Eve and he would redeem man to God. This savior as nearly all of the world knows is the historical Jesus and millions believe in him to this day. The great flood occurred and only Noah and his sons and their wives survived this flooding of the earth through the ark God commanded Noah to build. Land based animals also were spared on that ark.

Kim is the 140th great-grandson of Noah. And everyone on the earth is descended from Noah. And all land-based animal life descends from the animals that went onto the Ark with Noah. The variations of life are all due to the miracle of DNA and the Billions upon billions of possible different combinations of that DNA. A Great Dane, the poodle and the Dachshund and many others all come from the same two male and female dogs that were on the ark.

Kim was born in the U.S. at Malmstrom Air Base in Montana in 1955. In 1993, in part, from seeing a modern day Ahab and Jezebel elected to their “joint presidency” Kim was motivated to act, Kim relinquished his U.S. citizenship and became a citizen and subject of Elohim’s Kingdom of Israel. Kim became an Ambassador for Jesus the Christ and to be reconciled to the Almighty God. See 2 Corinthians 5:20:

“We are therefore Christ’s ambassadors, as though God were making his appeal through us. We implore you on Christ’s behalf: Be reconciled to God.” NIV (emphasis added)

Kim became part of what is known as the “Great Commission”:

“Then the eleven disciples went to Galilee, to the mountain where Jesus had told them to go. ¹⁷ When they saw him, they worshiped him; but some doubted. Then Jesus came to them and said, “All authority in heaven and on earth has

been given to me. ¹⁹ Therefore go and make disciples of all nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father and of the Son and of the Holy Spirit, ²⁰ and teaching them to obey everything I have commanded you. And surely I am with you always, to the very end of the age.” Matthew 28:16-20

Obviously these eleven disciples could not live for thousands of years. So this Great Commission depends on passing the mission on to generations upon generations. Please note that Jesus commands that that the “baptizing in the name of the Father, and of the Son and of the Holy Spirit”. This is the plural Elohim as described above, Elohim is both plural and singular.

Kim was also called by the Creator to investigate judicial corruption in the Eighth Judicial District Court (“EJDC”). Kim therefore became a volunteer unpaid investigator [which means unofficial] with or for the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline (NCJD”). In this God given role Kim obtained letters of caution from the NCJD against former district judge Rob Bare and former district court judge Douglas Herndon (now justice of the Nevada Supreme Court).

Kim is also an investigative journalist and currently is part of the new media with a Youtube channel and an X(formerly twitter) Kim in fact has a media request before this court.

Kim has been retaliated against for decades because of exercising his rights that are guaranteed under the Constitution of the United States. Especially first amendment rights

FACTS AND ARGUMENT

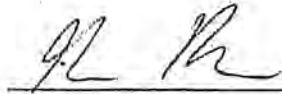
Kim will be filing a stand alone motion to dismiss with prejudice as soon as Kim can prepare and file the same within the next day or two (God willing). Unless this court dismisses immediately with prejudice.

In any event Kim must have emergency relief.

CONCLUSION

For the above reasons this motion must be heard immediately. Kim's very life is imminently threatened. This latest caller or others could at this moment be planning to Kill Kim as Charlie Kirk was killed. As soon as Kim has a copy of the police report documenting the death threats Kim will file this as an attachment as soon as is possible.

DATED this 2nd day of March , 2026.



Kim Blandino
C/O 441 N 16th
Las Vegas Nevada 89101
702 219-5657
Kim 43792@earthlink.net

ASSEVERATION IN SUPPORT OF MOTION

I Kim Blandino state under penalty of perjury that I am over 70 years of age (outside the womb) and have read the foregoing and the same is true and correct except as to those matters of belief and belief and as to those matters Kim believes them to be true. And that:

1. That this filing is not made to vex, harass, delay or made in bad faith nor for any improper purpose and anyone who says or claims differently is lying through their teeth.
2. That any and all exhibits are true and correct and authentic according to FRE 901 and the state rules of evidence.

I declare under penalty of perjury that I have read the foregoing and the same is true and

correct.

DATED this 2nd day of March, 2026.



KIM BLANDINO PRO SE #363075
C/O 441 N 16TH ST
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
(702) 219-5657
No Fax
Kim43792@earthlink.net

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY certify that service of the foregoing was accomplished on March 2nd, 2026 by
delivering a copy to:



Kim Blandino
C/O 441 N 16th
Las Vegas Nevada 89101
702 219-5657
Kim 43792@earthlink.net

EXHIBIT A

EXHIBIT A

1 day ago

@isaned

Whoever made the death threat against Blahblahblahdino better follow through with it, or I will report you to the board of judicial misconduct.



Reply



Duly noted and recorded



EXHIBIT B

EXHIBIT B

2/15/26, 10:55 AM

(442) City of Las Vegas vs Kim Blandino, February 10, 2026 - YouTube



@dadomac3805 4 minutes ago

I dont know if its the sadist in me, but man, id like to see blandino bloody. 🤔

👍 🗨 Reply



@kimblandino8461 0 seconds ago

Duly noted and recorded!

👍 🗨 Reply

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LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CITY OF LAS VEGAS,

Plaintiff,

vs.

KIM BLANDINO,
ID No.:363075

Defendant.

CASE NOS.: 26-005431
DEPT.: 6

ORDER

FILED
1:48 A.M.
3:2 P.M.
20 26
DA
Dep. Court Clerk, Municipal Court

On February 26, 2026, Deputy City Attorney Carlene Helbert filed a Notice of Dismissal Without Prejudice Pursuant to NRS174.085(5) in the instant case. That statute outlines the legal ability of the Las Vegas City Attorney's Office, as Plaintiff and prosecuting agency, to voluntarily dismiss a misdemeanor charge prior to trial. Prior to the filling of this notice, the instant case, a singular charge of misdemeanor simple battery, was currently in pretrial status. As such, the Notice of Dismissal was timely and within the discretion of the Las Vegas City Attorney's Office.

On March 2, 2026, Defendant filed an Emergency Motion to Reopen the Case demanding the case be dismissed with prejudice. As a basis for this request, Defendant stated he will be filing a future motion to dismiss with prejudice and alleged his life has been threatened.

THE COURT HEREBY FINDS the Notice of Dismissal, filed on behalf of the Las Vegas City Attorney's Office, was done in compliance with the timing requirements outlined in NRS 174.085(5) and within the discretion of that prosecuting agency.

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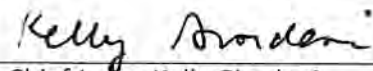
///

1 THE COURT HEREBY FINDS pursuant to NRS 174.085, as applied in Sheriff, Washoe County v.
2 Marcus, 995 P.2d 1016 (2000), the City Attorney's Office may dismiss without prejudice as it has a one-
3 year statute of limitation to file a complaint.

4 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the instant charge against Defendant has been voluntarily dismissed
5 without prejudice pursuant to NRS 174.085(5) and Defendant's Emergency Motion to Reopen the Case
6 is DENIED.

7
8 As such, all future dates scheduled to address this issue are VACATED.

9
10 DATED March 2nd, 2026.

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14 Chief Judge Kelly Giordani
15 Las Vegas Municipal Court, Dept. 6
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Exhibit 4

Original

FILED

MAR 09 2026

LV MUNICIPAL COURT

EMOT
KIM BLANDINO PECULIAR PRO SE
Nevada Bar No. None
C/O 441 N. 16th St
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
(702) 219-5657
No Fax
Kim43792@earthlink.net

**LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

CITY OF LAS VEGAS

Plaintiff,

Case No. 26-005437

Dept. No. 6

-vs

3/19/2026 9:30 AM

KIM BLANDINO

Defendant

**EMERGENCY MOTION TO VACATE THE ORDER OF MARCH
2, 2026 BY JUDGE GIORDANI AS VOID AND TO REOPEN CASE AS ORIGINALLY
MOTIONED FOR**

COMES NOW Kim Blandino ("Kim") listed as Defendant appearing specially and not generally who under threat of a Bench warrant appeared in Las Vegas Municipal Court Department 1 Matthew Walker ("Walker") presiding ON Feb. 10, 2026. Kim appeared by special appearance because of a green colored post card that Kim received in the U.S Mail at C/O 441 N16th Street L.V. Nv. 89101. The video of this hearing is at published by Our Nevada Judges ("ONJ") at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o69qTuWdZ-I&t=189s> Kim was set for a calendaring hearing by Walker's order and again under threat of a bench warrant should Kim not

RECEIVED MAR - 9 2026

CITY ATTORNEY
CRIMINAL DIVISION

appear on Feb. 18, 2026.

Because Judge Giordani ("Giordani") did not assign herself to the actual case until Feb. 18, 2026 Kim filed a motion to disqualify within the time frame of NRS 1.235(motion must be filed within 10 days of assignment). Kim told Giordani in open court that this Motion would be filed on Feb 18 the video of this by ONJ is at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OLdjoDg6ots> . Kim appeared specially and not generally. Kim was also threatened with warrant for not showing up on Feb. 18, 2026.

REASON FOR FILING AS AN EMERGENCY

This latest video of Kim's Feb 18 court appearance has over 118 thousand views in just 2 weeks with 893 comments. See The City of Las Vegas vs Kim Blandino, February 18, 2026 . The video of Feb. 10, 2026 has 35 thousand views and 572 comments. See <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o69qTuWdZ-I&t=5s> .

A comment from the Feb 18 appearance from a User called isaned and Kim's reply:

"Whoever made the death threat against Blahblahblahdino better follow through with it , or I will report you to the board of judicial misconduct
Reply Duly noted and recorded"

A comment from the Feb. 10, 2026 video and Kim's reply:

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Duly noted and recorded
Reply"

There are many other violent comments and threats made against Kim on these and other videos. Kim is concerned that Kim and/or his family could be a target for extreme violence. The insane hatred that commenters have toward Kim like "lock Kim up and throw away the key" are about 99% of the comments are very similar to a lynch mob mentality or the "Give us Barrabas"

chants at Jesus' trial. Just Feb 28 Kim received a call on his cell while at a Celebration of Life Ceremony for Leah Reesa Campbell at the FOE Federation of eagles. from phone number XXXXXXXX and Kim heard "You are one of the biggest Douche Bags in the world" and then the male caller hung up. LVMPD refused to take a police report.

Kim attempted to serve Giordani in chambers with the motion to disqualify however Giordani blocks anyone from serving chambers as the statute requires. Therefore, Kim left the Motion with Marshal Thompson outside the courtroom directly after filing.

Therefore, Kim must have Giordani obey the statute and the case law and acknowledge that after a motion to disqualify is filed the judge must do nothing further with the case and then reassign the case unless the judge Since Giordani refused to challenge the Motion to disqualify within 5 judicial days. That all of the facts and points herein point to why emergency action is needed.

INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND

God(also called the Creator or Elohim, Elohim being both singular and plural like the words, sheep, fish or deer) created the Universe around 6,000 years ago he created light and spacetime in 5 days on the 6th day God made Man called Adam. God saw that it was not good for Man to be alone so he created out of man a companion called Eve who was his helpmate (not playboy "sex mate"). Adam and Eve were perfect and eternal and there was no death in this world.

God had to give at least one thing that Adam and Eve could not do. Otherwise, if God said they could do anything they wanted, there could be no disobedience, and therefore no demonstration of love. Adam and Eve ate of the forbidden tree of the knowledge of good and evil and lost their eternal nature. Therefore, God had a choice to destroy both Adam and Eve or give a second chance to allow them to continue as fallen beings and allow them to procreate by sexual

relations See Genesis Chapter 1-3.

Had man not fallen they would never have had sexually created children. See Book of Mormon 2 Nephi 2: 21-25(as well as other apocryphal sources).

God gave the promise to Adam and Eve that Eve's offspring would crush the offspring of the serpent:

["And I will put enmity between you and the woman, and between your offspring and hers; he will crush your head, and you will strike his heel." Genesis 3:15 NIV version

This is the promise that God gave mankind that the savior or Son of God would come through Eve and he would redeem man to God. This savior as nearly all of the world knows is the historical Jesus and millions believe in him to this day. The great flood occurred and only Noah and his sons and their wives survived this flooding of the earth through the ark God commanded Noah to build. Land based animals also were spared on that ark.

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Kim was born in the U.S. at Malmstrom Air Base in Montana in 1955. In 1993, in part, from seeing a modern day Ahab and Jezebel elected to their "joint presidency" Kim was motivated to act, Kim relinquished his U.S. citizenship and became a citizen and subject of Elohim's Kingdom of Israel. Kim became an Ambassador for Jesus the Christ and to be reconciled to the Almighty God. See 2 Corinthians 5:20:

"We are therefore Christ's ambassadors, as though God were making his appeal through us. We implore you on Christ's behalf: Be reconciled to God." NIV (emphasis added)

Kim became part of what is known as the "Great Commission":

"Then the eleven disciples went to Galilee, to the mountain where Jesus had told them to go.¹⁷ When they saw him, they worshiped him; but some doubted. Then Jesus came to them and said, "All authority in heaven and on earth has been given to me."¹⁹ Therefore go and make disciples of all nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father and of the Son and of the Holy Spirit,²⁰ and teaching them to obey everything I have commanded you. And surely I am with you always, to the very end of the age." Matthew 28:16-20

Obviously these eleven disciples could not live for thousands of years. So this Great Commission depends on passing the mission on to generations upon generations. Please note that Jesus commands that that the "baptizing in the name of the Father, and of the Son and of the Holy Spirit". This is the plural Elohim as described above, Elohim is both plural and singular.

Kim was also called by the Creator to investigate judicial corruption in the Eighth Judicial District Court ("EJDC"). Kim therefore became a volunteer unpaid investigator [which means unofficial] with or for the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline (NCJD"). In this God given role Kim obtained letters of caution from the NCJD against former district judge Rob Bare and former district court judge Douglas Herndon (now justice of the Nevada Supreme Court).

Kim is also an investigative journalist and currently is part of the new media with a Youtube channel and an X(formerly twitter) Kim in fact has a media request before this court.

Kim has been retaliated against for decades because of exercising his rights that are guaranteed under the Constitution of the United States. Especially first amendment rights

FACTS AND ARGUMENT

Debiparshad v. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct. in & for Cnty. of Clark, 137 Nev. 691, 499 P.3d 597

(2021) demands that another judge other than Giordani vacate this void order immediately. NRS1.235 speaks for itself yet the case law solidifies that Giordani acted illegally in ruling on Kim's motion to reopen. See NCJD decision A attached

Even so, there is even further evidence as to not acting after a motion to disqualify has been filed. District Court judge Erika Ballou is still on a suspension from even entering the courthouse in part for violating The Revised Code of Judicial Conduct ("CODE")

"Count III alleges Respondent violated the Code of Judicial Conduct by falling to follow the law and take no action on a matter after the State filed motions to recuse or disqualify Respondent from the Christman matters. As to this charge. Respondent contends she was not required to stay the case as she was never properly served with the State's affidavit. This is an incorrect statement of the law. A filed affidavit seeking disqualification must be served on the judge sought to be disqualified. NRS 1.235(5). While failure to properly serve a Judge with the affidavit may be sufficient grounds for a reviewing judge (other than the judge sought to be disqualified) to dismiss the motion to disqualify, it does not follow that Respondent has the authority to make that ruling herself. Indeed, once a motion to disqualify is filed, a judge must proceed no further with the case. NRS 1.235(6) (emphasis added). The statute requires only the filing of the affidavit, not the service of it, to trigger the requirement that the Judge pause the proceedings. Additionally, the Commission notes Respondent had actual notice of the pending recusal motion because it was the subject of Respondent's minute order striking the motion. Respondent further alleges she did not commit misconduct because it is her duty to rule on motions before the court and the attorney in the Christman case filed a motion to strike the State's motion to disqualify. Respondent's argument is unpersuasive. It is axiomatic that a judge must follow the law. See Canon 1, Rule 1.1. As such, when the law requires a judge to halt proceedings pending resolution of a motion to disqualify, that is what a judge must do, irrespective of other pending motions. Furthermore, the Commission notes Respondent granted Christman's motion to strike the day after it was filed. The record does not reflect any opportunity to be heard or to cure the alleged defective document given by Respondent to the State prior to her ruling. Although this is a likely violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.6(A) (providing a judge shall accord every person who has a legal interest in a proceeding the right to be heard), this charge was not formally before the Commission. By a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds that Special Counsel proved by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent violated the Code

as alleged in Count III of the FSOC. Specifically, that Respondent, Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.1 (requiring a judge to comply with the law, including the Code itself); Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.2, (requiring a judge to act at all times in a manner that promotes public confidence in the independence, integrity, and impartiality of the judiciary and to avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety); Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.2 (requiring a judge to uphold and apply the law and perform all duties of judicial office fairly and impartially); and Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.5 (requiring a judge to perform judicial and administrative duties competently and diligently). Furthermore, by a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent's violations were knowing and deliberate under NRS 1.4653(5)(b)(2). Exhibit A count III"

Kim has a right to have an impartial judge to determine that the case should be reopened and that Kim be allowed show that the matter should be dismissed with prejudice.

Kim is having real world prejudice from these charges hanging over Kim's head. Judge Reynolds of District Court dept 29 learned of the false battery claim and has apparently presumed Kim's guilt as judge Reynolds referenced it in an order issued Jan 8, 2026. See Exhibit B attached footnote 2 which states:

"2 Mr. Blandino has essentially been civil, though disobedient to the Court's Orders. The Court has now learned that while the Court was drafting this Order Mr. Blandino went to the main courthouse and was cited for Battery against one of the District Court Clerk workers when Mr. Blandino was trying to enter somewhere and tried to push past her. Mr. Blandino came back to the Phoenix Building with the citation and the two marshals at security were made aware of it. Event # 20260108-005." Page 3 Ex. B

Therefore, prejudice is not hypothetical this is real world prejudice by a sitting judge and Kim has a hearing with judge Reynolds on April 2. Judge Reynolds is treating this as an established fact of guilt. This matter must be dismissed with prejudice before this date so that Kim can inform judge Reynolds and judge Reynolds will not hold this against Kim and judge Reynolds

can apologize to Kim in open court for PRE-JUDGING Kim.

Unless this court dismisses immediately with prejudice Kim will be further prejudiced.

In any event Kim must have emergency relief. As judge Giordani cannot proceed further on this matter another judge must rule on this emergency motion

CONCLUSION

For the above reasons this motion must be heard immediately. Kim's very life is imminently threatened. This latest caller or others could at this moment be planning to Kill Kim as Charlie Kirk was killed. A complete dismissal with prejudice can stop horrors from happening.

1. This court and a different judge must declare the March 2, 2026 order void and vacate it in its entirety.
2. Because Giordani did not challenge Kim's motion to disqualify Giordani must take no further action in this case or for that matter take any action in any case regarding Kim Blandino
3. Judge Giordani must be directed to report herself to the NCJD and any judge hearing this matter must report Giordani to the NCJD in accord with Rule 2.15

Rule 2.15. Responding to Judicial and Lawyer Misconduct.

(A) A judge having knowledge that another judge has committed a violation of this Code that raises a substantial question regarding the judge's honesty, trustworthiness, or fitness as a judge in other respects shall inform the appropriate authority.

(B) A judge having knowledge that a lawyer has committed a violation of the Nevada Rules of Professional Conduct that raises a substantial question regarding the lawyer's honesty, trustworthiness, or fitness as a lawyer in other respects shall inform the appropriate authority.

(C) A judge who receives information indicating a substantial likelihood that another judge has committed a violation of this Code shall take appropriate action.

(D) A judge who receives information indicating a substantial likelihood that a lawyer has committed a violation of the Nevada Rules of Professional Conduct shall take appropriate action. (emphasis added).

4. Because of the immense trouble Kim has been put through this matter this court should be reopened and then the charge dismissed with prejudice sua sponte by an impartial judge assigned. Or in the alternative reopened and allowed to have an evidentiary hearing to show conclusively that a fraud upon the court has been perpetrated and that leaving this "sword of Damocle"s hanging over Kim's head for a year
5. In the alternative to grant such other relief as is proper and just.

DATED this 9th day of March , 2026.



Kim Blandino
C/O 441 N 16th
Las Vegas Nevada 89101
702 219-5657
Kim 43792@earthlink.net

ASSEVERATION IN SUPPORT OF MOTION

I Kim Blandino state under penalty of perjury that I am over 70 years of age (outside the womb) and have read the foregoing and the same is true and correct except as to those matters of belief and belief and as to those matters Kim believes them to be true. And that:

1. That this filing is not made to vex, harass, delay or made in bad faith nor for any improper purpose and anyone who says or claims differently is lying through their teeth.

2. That any and all exhibits are true and correct and authentic according to FRE 901 and the state rules of evidence.

I declare under penalty of perjury that I have read the foregoing and the same is true and correct.

DATED this 9th day of March, 2026.



KIM BLANDINO PRO SE #363075

C/O 441 N 16TH ST

Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

(702) 219-5657

No Fax

Kim43792@earthlink.net

EXHIBIT A

EXHIBIT A

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

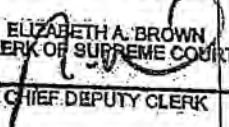
FILED

SEP 22 2025

In the Matter of

THE HONORABLE ERIKA BALLOU,
District Court Judge, Eighth Judicial District
Court, Clark County, State of Nevada,

Respondent.

ELIZABETH A. BROWN
CLERK OF SUPREME COURT
BY 
CHIEF DEPUTY CLERK

CASE NO. 91339

**CERTIFIED COPY OF FINDINGS OF FACT,
CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND IMPOSITION OF DISCIPLINE**

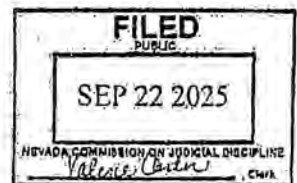
Pursuant to Commission Procedural Rule 28.2, I hereby certify that the document attached hereto is a true and correct copy of the FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND IMPOSITION OF DISCIPLINE filed with the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline on September 22, 2025.

DATED this 22nd day of September, 2025.

STATE OF NEVADA
COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL DISCIPLINE
P.O. Box 18123
Reno, NV 89511

By: 

PAUL C. DEYHLE
General Counsel and Executive Director
Nevada Bar No. 6954



BEFORE THE NEVADA COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL DISCIPLINE

STATE OF NEVADA

In the Matter of

THE HONORABLE ERIKA BALLOU,
District Court Judge, Eighth Judicial District
Court, Clark County, State of Nevada,

Respondent.

CASE NOS. 2024-103-P & 2024-105-P

FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND IMPOSITION OF DISCIPLINE

On April 24, 2025, Special Counsel for the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline ("Commission") filed Formal Statement of Charges ("FSOC") against the Honorable Erika Ballou, District Judge for the Eighth Judicial District Court, Clark County, Nevada ("Respondent") pursuant to NRS 1.467(5) alleging knowing or unknowing violations of the Revised Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct ("Code"). Respondent filed her Answer on May 14, 2025.

On May 20, 2025, the Commission's presiding officer issued a Prehearing Order establishing the rules and procedure for the handling of pre-trial issues, motions, and the submission of exhibits and evidence. On July 22nd and 23rd, 2025, Special Counsel filed his Prehearing Brief and Exhibits. Respondent failed to file her Prehearing Brief or her exhibits in accordance with the Prehearing Order. The day before the public hearing, Respondent submitted her exhibit list of 18 exhibits and 243 pages of documents.

On August 7, 2025, pursuant to NRS 1.4673 and PRJDC 18, the Commission conducted a public hearing on the FSOC at the office of the Nevada State Bar in Las Vegas, Nevada. Thomas C. Bradley, Esq. appeared as Special Counsel. Thomas F. Pitaro, Esq. appeared on behalf of Respondent, who was also present. Without objection, exhibits submitted by the Special Counsel were admitted into evidence. Special Counsel objected to the admission of Respondent's exhibits. The objection was sustained as to all exhibits except one as the exhibits were not submitted in accordance with the Prehearing Order.

///

1 Pursuant to PRJDC 28, the Commission sets forth the following findings of fact and conclusions
2 of law.

3 **A. JURISDICTION**

4 The Commission has jurisdiction to discipline a justice of the supreme court, a judge of the
5 court of appeals, a district court judge, a justice of the peace, or a municipal judge for violations of the
6 Code. *See* Nev. Const. art. 6, § 21, NRS 1.425 et seq.; *See also* Canon 1, Rule 1.1. Respondent was
7 sworn in as a district court judge on or about January 4, 2021, and continues to serve in that capacity.
8 All actions of Respondent alleged in the FSOC occurred while Respondent was serving as a district
9 court judge.

10 **B. FACTS**

11 The facts in this matter were proven by clear and convincing evidence through the Special
12 Counsel's exhibits, which were admitted by stipulation into evidence, and through testimony of
13 Respondent and Betsy Allen, Esq.

14 In 2021, Respondent conducted an evidentiary hearing on a Petition for a Writ of Habeas
15 Corpus ("Christman Petition") that had been filed by a criminal defendant named Mia Christman
16 ("Christman"). Christman had pleaded guilty to a felony offense in 2017 and was sentenced to a term of
17 imprisonment. In the Christman Petition, Christman asserted that she received ineffective assistance of
18 counsel during the sentencing phase of her case. Following the Christman Petition hearing, Respondent
19 granted the Christman Petition and ordered her released from custody on her own recognizance. The
20 State of Nevada appealed. On August 11, 2022, the Nevada Supreme Court reversed Respondent's
21 decision and ruled that the record did not support a finding that counsel performed ineffectively at
22 sentencing and that Christman had, therefore, failed to show relief was warranted. The Supreme Court
23 ordered the judgment of the district court be reversed and remanded the matter back to Respondent's
24 court for proceedings consistent with that order. Rather than enter an order denying the postconviction
25 habeas petition, however, Respondent scheduled another evidentiary hearing to allow Christman the
26 opportunity to present additional evidence.

27 On January 25, 2023, the State filed a Petition for a Writ of Mandamus ("State's Petition")
28 seeking an order directing Respondent to vacate the scheduled evidentiary hearing, enter judgment in

1 favor of the State, and to remand Christman into custody. On October 12, 2023, the Supreme Court
2 granted the State's Petition and ruled that Respondent failed to follow the Supreme Court's mandate.
3 The Supreme Court specifically ordered Respondent to enter judgment in favor of the State.
4 Respondent did not follow the Supreme Court's direct.

5 On April 24, 2024, the State filed a motion before the Supreme Court to enforce its previous
6 mandates. While that motion was pending in the Supreme Court, the State filed a motion in the district
7 court to recuse Respondent in Christman's underlying criminal case. In response, Christman filed a
8 motion to strike the recusal motion claiming that the motion should have been filed in her post-
9 conviction case. Without conceding that point or withdrawing the motion from the underlying criminal
10 case, on May 2, 2024, the State filed an additional motion to recuse Respondent in the post-conviction
11 case. While the State's motions to recuse were pending, Respondent granted Christman's motion to
12 strike the State's recusal motion.

13 On May 3, 2024, the Supreme Court directed the Chief Judge of the Eighth Judicial District
14 Court to reassign Christman's postconviction and underlying criminal case to a different district court
15 judge. The Supreme Court stated that upon reassignment of those cases, the newly appointed district
16 court judge should promptly comply with the Supreme Court's mandate outlined in its two prior
17 Christman orders. The Christman cases were reassigned to District Court Judge Johnson who
18 immediately entered judgment in favor of the State and remanded Christman into custody.

19 C. DISCUSSION

20 In the FSOC, Respondent is accused in six (6) counts of committing judicial misconduct under
21 the Code. Each count will be discussed in turn.

22 COUNT I

23 Count 1 alleges Respondent violated the Code of Judicial Conduct by failing or refusing to enter
24 judgment in favor of the State and by failing or refusing to remand defendant Christman into custody
25 after the Supreme Court reversed Respondent's Christman Petition ruling on August 11, 2022.

26 To this charge, Respondent claims she believed that she had the authority under the order of
27 remand to schedule an evidentiary hearing as the Supreme Court's use of the words "ORDER the
28 judgment of the district court REVERSED AND REMAND this matter to the district court for

1 proceedings consistent with this order” “could mean a lot of things.” The Commission finds this
2 argument unpersuasive, particularly given testimony adduced at the hearing established that
3 Respondent was a seasoned criminal defense attorney prior to taking the bench and, therefore,
4 understood criminal procedure. As the Supreme Court stated in its subsequent Order granting the
5 State’s Petition, “the district court manifestly abused its discretion by clearly erring in interpreting this
6 court’s mandate, and it capriciously exercised its discretion by acting contrary to well established rule
7 of law.” See Special Counsel’s Exhibit 5, *Order Granting Petition*, p.5.

8 By a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds that Special Counsel proved by clear and convincing
9 evidence that Respondent violated the Code as alleged in Count I of the FSOC. Specifically, that
10 Respondent,

11 Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.1 (requiring a judge to comply with the
12 law, including the Code itself);

13 Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.2, (requiring a judge to act at all times in
14 a manner that promotes public confidence in the independence, integrity, and impartiality of the
15 judiciary and to avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety);

16 Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.2 (requiring a judge to uphold and apply
17 the law and perform all duties of judicial office fairly and impartially); and

18 Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.5 (requiring a judge to perform judicial
19 and administrative duties competently and diligently).

20 Furthermore, by a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds by clear and convincing evidence that
21 Respondent’s violations were knowing and deliberate under NRS 1.4653(5)(b)(2).

22 COUNT II

23 Count II alleges Respondent violated the Code of Judicial Conduct by failing to enter judgement
24 in favor of the State and remand defendant Christman into custody after the Supreme Court granted the
25 State’s Petition on October 12, 2023.

26 To this charge, Respondent claims the Supreme Court’s order was clear but did not say by when
27 Respondent must do so. The Commission finds this unpersuasive. As the Supreme Court noted in its
28 Order directing the removal of Respondent from the Christman cases, “although the writ of mandamus

1 issued in this matter did not state a specific time for the district court to enter a judgment in the state's
2 favor, that writ was peremptory in nature and thus NRS 34.190(2) and (3) contemplate that the district
3 court would do the act required by the writ immediately after receipt of the writ." See Special Counsel's
4 Exhibit 10, *Order Denying Motion*, p.3.

5 By a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds that Special Counsel proved by clear and convincing
6 evidence that Respondent violated the Code as alleged in Count II of the FSOC. Specifically, that
7 Respondent,

8 Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.1 (requiring a judge to comply with the
9 law, including the Code itself);

10 Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.2, (requiring a judge to act at all times in
11 a manner that promotes public confidence in the independence, integrity, and impartiality of the
12 judiciary and to avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety);

13 Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.2 (requiring a judge to uphold and apply
14 the law and perform all duties of judicial office fairly and impartially); and

15 Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.5 (requiring a judge to perform judicial
16 and administrative duties competently and diligently).

17 Furthermore, by a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds by clear and convincing evidence that
18 Respondent's violations were knowing and deliberate under NRS 1.4653(5)(b)(2).

19 COUNT III

20 Count III alleges Respondent violated the Code of Judicial Conduct by failing to follow the law
21 and take no action on a matter after the State filed motions to recuse or disqualify Respondent from the
22 Christman matters.

23 As to this charge, Respondent contends she was not required to stay the case as she was never
24 properly served with the State's affidavit. This is an incorrect statement of the law. A filed affidavit
25 seeking disqualification must be served on the judge sought to be disqualified. NRS 1.235(5). While
26 failure to properly serve a judge with the affidavit may be sufficient grounds for a reviewing judge
27 (other than the judge sought to be disqualified) to dismiss the motion to disqualify, it does not follow
28 that Respondent has the authority to make that ruling herself. Indeed, once a motion to disqualify is

1 filed, a judge must proceed no further with the case. NRS 1.235(6) (*emphasis added*). The statute
2 requires only the *filing* of the affidavit, not the *service* of it, to trigger the requirement that the judge
3 pause the proceedings. Additionally, the Commission notes Respondent had actual notice of the
4 pending recusal motion because it was the subject of Respondent's minute order striking the motion.

5 Respondent further alleges she did not commit misconduct because it is her duty to rule on
6 motions before the court and the attorney in the Christman case filed a motion to strike the State's
7 motion to disqualify. Respondent's argument is unpersuasive. It is axiomatic that a judge must follow
8 the law. *See* Canon 1, Rule 1.1. As such, when the law requires a judge to halt proceedings pending
9 resolution of a motion to disqualify, that is what a judge must do, irrespective of other pending motions.

10 Furthermore, the Commission notes Respondent granted Christman's motion to strike the day
11 after it was filed. The record does not reflect any opportunity to be heard or to cure the alleged
12 defective document given by Respondent to the State prior to her ruling. Although this is a likely
13 violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.6(A) (providing a judge shall accord every person who has a
14 legal interest in a proceeding the right to be heard), this charge was not formally before the
15 Commission.

16 By a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds that Special Counsel proved by clear and convincing
17 evidence that Respondent violated the Code as alleged in Count III of the FSOC. Specifically, that
18 Respondent,

19 Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.1 (requiring a judge to comply with the
20 law, including the Code itself);

21 Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.2, (requiring a judge to act at all times in
22 a manner that promotes public confidence in the independence, integrity, and impartiality of the
23 judiciary and to avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety);

24 Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.2 (requiring a judge to uphold and apply
25 the law and perform all duties of judicial office fairly and impartially); and

26 Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.5 (requiring a judge to perform judicial
27 and administrative duties competently and diligently).

28 ///

1 Furthermore, by a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent's
2 violations were knowing and deliberate under NRS 1.4653(5)(b)(2).

3 COUNT IV

4 Count IV alleges Respondent violated the Code of Judicial Conduct by ruling on defendant
5 Christman's motion to modify sentence after the State had filed its motion to recuse Respondent.

6 Special Counsel conceded this Count was not proven by clear and convincing evidence due to
7 issues related to the timing of Respondent's minute order on Christman's motion to modify sentence
8 and the alleged lack of notice of the affidavit on Respondent.

9 By a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds that Special Counsel did not prove by clear and convincing
10 evidence that Respondent violated the Code as alleged in Count IV of the FSOC.

11 COUNT V

12 Count V alleges Respondent violated the Code of Judicial Conduct by exhibiting clear bias in
13 the Christman matters. To this charge, Respondent attests she was not biased but rather showed
14 compassion in her rulings and in not wanting Christman's baby to be placed in the custody of Child
15 Protective Services if it were avoidable.

16 Where the alleged bias originates from a judge's performance of her judicial duties, rather than
17 from an external source, the party alleging bias must show the judge's opinion displays a deep-seated
18 favoritism or antagonism that would make fair judgment impossible. *Canarelli v. Eighth Judicial*
19 *District Court*, 138 Nev. 104, 108 (2022) citing *Liteky v. United States*, 510 U.S. 540, 555 (1994).

20 While proof of Respondent's repeated failure to follow the law was clear and convincing in this
21 matter, evidence that her actions were driven by such a deep-seated favoritism as to constitute
22 impermissible bias was not. That said, while compassion may be a virtue to a judicial officer, it should
23 never be used as a license or an excuse to violate the law.

24 By a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds that Special Counsel did not prove by clear and convincing
25 evidence that Respondent violated the Code as alleged in Count V of the FSOC.

26 COUNT VI

27 Count VI alleges Respondent violated the Code of Judicial Conduct by failing to cooperate with
28 the Commission's investigator and timely schedule an in-person interview. To this charge, Respondent

1 attests she was not being uncooperative. Respondent testified she was in a jury trial when the
2 investigator called and upon the trial's conclusion, Respondent immediately went on a pre-scheduled
3 vacation for two weeks. Based on the evidence submitted, the Commission does not find this to
4 constitute failure to cooperate under the Code.

5 By a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds that Special Counsel did not prove by clear and convincing
6 evidence that Respondent violated the Code as alleged in Count VI of the PSOC.

7 **D. IMPOSITION OF DISCIPLINE**

8 The Commission may remove a judge, publicly censure a judge, or impose other forms of
9 discipline on a judge if the Commission determines that the judge has committed willful misconduct.
10 NRS 1.4653(1)(a). Willful misconduct, as it applies in this matter, is a knowing or deliberate violation
11 of one or more of the provisions of the Revised Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct. NRS
12 1.4653(5)(b)(2). The Commission may publicly censure a judge or impose other forms of discipline on
13 a judge if the Commission determines that the judge has violated one or more of the provisions of the
14 Code in a manner that is not knowing or deliberate. NRS 1.4653(2). Other forms of discipline include:
15 public admonishment, reprimand or censure of a judge; imposition of a fine; suspension from office
16 without pay; requiring a judge to complete a probationary period, attend training or educational courses,
17 follow a remedial course of action, issue a public apology, comply with conditions or limitations on
18 future conduct, or seek medical, psychiatric or psychological care or counseling; bar the judge from
19 serving in a judicial office in the future or impose any other reasonable disciplinary action or
20 combination of disciplinary actions that the Commission determines will curtail or remedy the
21 misconduct of the judge. NRS 1.4677(1).

22 NOW THEREFORE, pursuant to subsections 5(a) and (b) of Article 6, Section 21 of the
23 Constitution of the State of Nevada, NRS 1.4653(1)(a), NRS 1.4677, and PRJDC 28, after due
24 deliberation and consideration of the evidence presented and taking into consideration the totality of
25 Respondent's actions, by a 7 to 0 vote, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED:

- 26 **1. Respondent is SUSPENDED from the exercise of judicial office, without salary, for**
27 **a period of eighteen (18) months.**

28 ///

1 2. Imposition of twelve (12) months of that sanction is hereby suspended and
2 Respondent is placed on probation for a period of two (2) years on the following terms and
3 conditions:

4 a. Respondent shall be SUSPENDED from the exercise of judicial office,
5 without salary, for a period of six (6) months effective as of 12:01 a.m. on
6 September 23, 2025.

7 b. Before returning to the bench, Respondent shall complete, at her own
8 expense, a specialized remedial training program with the National Judicial College
9 ("NJC"). This training program will be developed and administered by NJC staff
10 and/or associated professionals and specifically customized and tailored to
11 Respondent's misconduct and Code violations as set forth in this Order.
12 Respondent shall make herself available and fully cooperate with the NJC in
13 completing this training program in a timely manner.

14 c. Respondent shall have no further violations of the law or of the Code of
15 Judicial Conduct while on probation.

16 In Favor: Commissioner Chair Stefanie Humphrey, Commissioner Vice-Chair John Krmpotic,
17 Presiding Officer Hon. David Hardy, Commissioner Karl Armstrong, Esq., Commissioner Hon.
18 Thomas Gregory, Commissioner Patricia Halstead, Esq., and Commissioner Joseph Sanford

19 Opposed: None

20 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Commission Chair is authorized to sign this document on
21 behalf of all voting Commissioners.

22 DATED this 22nd day of September, 2025.

23 STATE OF NEVADA
24 COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL DISCIPLINE
25 P.O. Box 18123
26 Reno, NV 89511

26 By: *Stefanie Humphrey*
27 STEFANIE HUMPHREY
28 COMMISSION CHAIR

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Tom Pitaro, Esq.
Attorney at Law
601 S. Las Vegas Blvd. South
Las Vegas, NV 89101
pitaro@gmail.com
Respondent's Counsel

Valerie Carter
Valerie Carter, Commission Clerk

EXHIBIT B

EXHIBIT B

1 **ORDR**

2
3 **DISTRICT COURT**
4 **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

5 * * * *

6 KIM BLANDINO,

7 Plaintiff,

8 vs.

9 L.V.M.P.D.,

10 Defendant.

CASE NO.: A-25-932149-W

DEPARTMENT 29

11 **ORDER**

12 Rule 2.9 of the Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct states:

13 **Rule 2.9. Ex Parte Communications.**

14 (A) A judge **shall not** initiate, **permit**, or consider **ex parte**
15 **communications**, or consider other communications made to the judge outside
16 the presence of the parties or their lawyers, concerning a pending or impending
17 matter...

18 (D) A judge **shall make reasonable efforts**, including providing appropriate
19 supervision, **to ensure that this Rule is not violated by court staff, court**
20 **officials, and others** subject to the judge's direction and control.

21 (NCJC Rule 2.9)(emphasis added)

22 On November 14, 2025, the Court issued an Order that stated:

23 On 11/14/25, Blandino filed a 16-page brief seeking an extension. Blandino has
24 also called the Court many times seeking help. These calls are inappropriate and
25 violate rules of ethics, the Eighth Judicial District Court Rules on ex parte
26 communications. If Blandino continues to call the Court he will be sanctioned,
27 communications must be in writing and filed on the docket of the Court. The
28 Court is not allowed to have contact with parties or to give legal advice.

(See Order 11/14/25 at 1:22-2:1.)

1 Since that time the Court has continued to warn Mr. Blandino that the Court cannot have
2 any discussions about active cases with Mr. Blandino outside the presence of opposing counsel.
3 Mr. Blandino is well familiar with litigation and knows this rule. Mr. Blandino has been
4 designated a vexatious litigant many years ago and that Order is still in force today. Mr.
5 Blandino has significant experience as a litigant. Still, the Court has been accommodating and
6 allowed Mr. Blandino to come to Court to watch any proceeding he likes. Now he has told the
7 Marshal he wants to watch how the Judges do things, he wants to know how the Court and staff
8 enter and leave their rooms.
9

10 Mr. Blandino has tried contacting staff by phone, email, and also tried waiting in the hall
11 to speak with them as they go to the restroom or try to fulfill their duties in the courthouse.¹
12 Staff intentionally attempts to avoid Mr. Blandino because of the law, rules of ethics, and this
13 Court's prior orders specifically on point.
14

15 Despite Mr. Blandino's familiarity with the rules and having been admonished
16 previously, on January 8, 2026, Mr. Blandino came to Court to speak to the Court directly
17 outside the presence of opposing counsel regarding pending matters in this case.
18

19 Specifically, when I, Judge Reynolds, arrived today Mr. Blandino was waiting outside the
20 elevator on the 11th floor and tried to engage me regarding the above-captioned case. He was
21 blocked at security by the Marshal who had to raise his voice and directly told Blandino he was
22 not allowed to discuss his case with the Court. Blandino asserted that he could and attempted to
23 get my attention with a raised voice anyway, to which the Marshal appropriately responded. I
24

25 ¹ The Court notes that this building only has two elevators which are shared by the public and court staff. The
26 building only has two courtrooms, one for Department 11 and one for Department 29, both on the 11th floor. There is
27 less than 200 sqft of space from the public elevators to the security check-in point on this floor. This small space
28 also includes the court staff entrance from the elevators, and the public drop box for the court. Court staff share
restroom facilities with the public as well on the 11th floor. Accordingly, if Mr. Blandino is allowed to come to the
11th floor at all he can continue to accost members of staff with pleas about his case, which is inappropriate and
unlawful.

1 continued to my chambers without any direct discussion with Mr. Blandino.

2 Later this morning, Mr. Blandino waited patiently while the Court conducted its morning
3 calendar. Once calendar was completed Mr. Blandino stated loudly from the gallery, something
4 to the effect that: "This may be out of order Judge but I need to talk to you!" The Court states
5 Mr. Blandino is never angry or attacking in his statements directly to the Court. He is relatively
6 calm but purposeful and direct in addressing things when he wants, despite multiple warnings
7 from the marshals this morning to not speak to the Judges directly. So while there is no hostility
8 being exhibited to the court directly by yelling or physical attacks against the Judge, it is
9 certainly still disorderly, plainly violates this Court's prior orders, and is therefore contemptuous
10 behavior towards the Court and is ground for contempt sanctions. This is particularly true when
11 it happens in the Courthouse and in the Court's presence.
12

13 Mr. Blandino continues to make these comments and efforts to discuss his case directly
14 with the Court despite multiple warnings from the Marshals, and the Court, that he cannot do
15 what he is trying to do.
16

17 Today in response to Mr. Blandino, and pursuant to my governing code, i.e. the Judicial
18 Code of Conduct (Rule 2.9) and NRS 199.340, I stated from the bench that Mr. Blandino is not
19 allowed to discuss his case with me outside the presence of opposing counsel. I reminded him
20 that he had already been warned, and I warned him clearly that continued attempts to do so
21 would be criminal contempt that could lead to prison time.²
22

23 As Mr. Blandino waited until the calendar was completed there was no recording of this
24 interaction so the Court makes its record here. But the Court cannot condone continued attempts
25

26 ² Mr. Blandino has essentially been civil, though disobedient to the Court's Orders. The Court has now learned that
27 while the Court was drafting this Order Mr. Blandino went to the main courthouse and was cited for Battery against
28 one of the District Court Clerk workers when Mr. Blandino was trying to enter somewhere and tried to push past
her. Mr. Blandino came back to the Phoenix Building with the citation and the two marshals at security were made
aware of it. Event # 20260108-005.

1 to circumvent its orders.

2 The contempt statute reads:

3 **NRS 199.340 Criminal contempt.** Every person who shall commit a
4 contempt of court of any one of the following kinds shall be guilty of a
5 misdemeanor:

6 1. Disorderly, contemptuous or insolent behavior committed during the
7 sitting of the court, in its immediate view and presence, and directly tending to
8 interrupt its proceedings or to impair the respect due to its authority;

9 ...

10 4. Willful disobedience to the lawful process or mandate of a court;

11 5. Resistance, willfully offered, to its lawful process or mandate;

12 As prior efforts have been unsuccessful to convince Mr. Blandino that his continued
13 attempts to make contact with staff and the Court outside the presence of opposing counsel is a
14 serious violation of ethics and the law, and constitutes contempt, the Court issues this Order as a
15 final warning and notice and gives additional Orders to comply with NCJC 2.9 and NRS
16 199.340.

17 Accordingly, and for good cause appearing,

18 IT IS ORDERED that any future attempts to contact the Court ex-parte, meaning outside
19 the presence of opposing counsel, whether by phone, email, in-person (in court, in private, or
20 anywhere in the public) will be weighed for criminal contempt sanctions and can result in jail
21 time and prosecution. All contact with the Court or its staff must be made in writing and filed on
22 the public docket, just as all other litigants are required to do.

23 ///

24 ///

25 ///

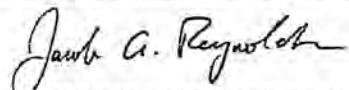
1 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that given Mr. Blandino's efforts to violate the rules of
2 ethics, and consistent refusal to abide by the Court's order to not communicate with the Court or
3 staff, the Court orders that he shall not come to the 11th floor of the Phoenix Building, 330 South
4 3rd St, Las Vegas, NV 89101, for any purpose unless he has a scheduled hearing in Court on the
5 11th floor.
6

7 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Mr. Blandino is not allowed to arrive on the 11th floor
8 more than 30 minutes before the Scheduled Hearing and when he desires to come through
9 security he must wait to be escorted by a marshal to the courtroom where he has his designated
10 hearing.
11

12 This Order shall remain in force while Mr. Blandino has any matter pending before
13 Department 29 or any such matter that was in Department 29 remains active on appeal.

14 DATED: January 8, 2026

Dated this 8th day of January, 2026



DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

3AA 6DA 734A F24F
Jacob A. Reynolds
District Court Judge

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on or about the date signed, a copy of this Order was electronically served to all registered parties in the Eighth Judicial District Court Electronic Filing Program to the proper parties as follows:

(All Parties on the E-Service List)

/s/ Austin De Reis

Austin De Reis,
Judicial Law Clerk

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LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CITY OF LAS VEGAS,
Plaintiff,

vs.

KIM BLANDINO,
ID No.:363075
Defendant.

FILED
2:54 A.M.
3:9 P.M.
20 24
Dep. Court Clerk, Municipal Court

CASE NOS.: 26-00637
DEPT.: 6

ORDER

Having considered Defendant's **Emergency Motion to Vacate the Order of March 2, 2026**, by Judge Giordani as Void and to Reopen Case as Originally Motioned For, as well as having considered the fact this case was timely and properly dismissed pursuant to NRS 174.085(5) by the Las Vegas City Attorney's Office on February 26, 2026, the instant motion is DENIED.

As such, all future dates scheduled to address this issue are VACATED.

DATED March 9th 2026.

Kelly Giordani
Chief Judge Kelly Giordani
Las Vegas Municipal Court, Dept. 6

Exhibit 5

11/9/2026

EMOT
KIM BLANDINO PECULIAR PRO SE
Nevada Bar No. None
C/O 441 N. 16th St
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
(702) 219-5657
No Fax
Kim43792@earthlink.net

FILED

MAR 12 2026

LV MUNICIPAL COURT

**LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

CITY OF LAS VEGAS

Plaintiff,

Case No. _____

Dept. No. 6

-vs

3/23/26 9.30am

KIM BLANDINO

Defendant

EMERGENCY PETITION OR MOTION TO DECLARE THAT
JUDGE GIORDANI IS DISQUALIFIED IN CASE 26-005437 FROM HEARING ANY
MATTER NUNC PRO TUNC TO THE DATE THE MOTION TO DISQUALIFY WAS
FILED FEB. 24, 2026

(MUST BE DOCKETED TO JUDGE BERT BROWN WHO IS THE
MUNICIPAL JUDGE HAVING THE GREATEST NUMBER OF YEARS OF
SERVICE PURSUANT TO NRS 1.235 (7) (c))

COMES NOW Kim Blandino ("Kim") listed as Defendant appearing specially and not generally who under threat of a Bench warrant appeared in Las Vegas Municipal Court Department 1 Matthew Walker ("Walker") presiding ON Feb. 10, 2026. Kim appeared by special

appearance because of a green colored post card that Kim received in the U.S Mail at C/O 441 N16th Street L.V. Nv. 89101. The video of this hearing is at published by Our Nevada Judges ("ONJ") at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o69qTuWdZ-I&t=189s> Kim was set for a calendaring hearing by Walker's order and again under threat of a bench warrant should Kim not appear on Feb. 18, 2026.

Because Judge Giordani ("Giordani") allegedly did not assign herself to the actual case until Feb. 18, 2026 Kim filed a motion to disqualify within the time frame of NRS 1.235(motion must be filed within 10 days of assignment). Kim told Giordani in open court that this Motion would be filed on Feb 18 the video of this by ONJ is at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OLdjoDg6ots> . Kim appeared specially and not generally. Kim was also threatened with warrant for not showing up on Feb. 18, 2026.

REASON FOR FILING AS AN EMERGENCY

This latest video of Kim's Feb 18 court appearance has over 121 thousand views in just 2 weeks with 918 comments. See The City of Las Vegas vs Kim Blandino, February 18, 2026 . The video of Feb. 10, 2026 has 35 thousand views and 572 comments. See <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o69qTuWdZ-I&t=5s> .

A comment from the Feb 18 appearance from a User called isaned and Kim's reply:

"Whoever made the death threat against Blahblahblahdino better follow through with it , or I will report you to the board of judicial misconduct
Reply Duly noted and recorded"

A comment from the Feb. 10, 2026 video and Kim's reply:

"I don't know if it is the sadist in me, but man, id like to see blandino bloody
Duly noted and recorded
Reply"

There are many other violent comments and threats made against Kim on these and other videos. Kim is concerned that Kim and/or his family could be a target for extreme violence. The insane hatred that commenters have toward Kim like “lock Kim up and throw away the key” are about 99% of the comments and are very similar to a lynch mob mentality or the “Give us Barrabas” chants at Jesus’ trial. Just Feb 28 Kim received a call on his cell while at a Celebration of Life Ceremony for Leah Reesa Campbell at the FOE Federation of eagles. from phone number XXXXXXXX and Kim heard “You are one of the biggest Douche Bags in the world” and then the male caller hung up. LVMPD refused to take a police report.

Kim attempted to serve Giordani in chambers with the motion to disqualify however Giordani blocks anyone from serving chambers as the statute requires. Therefore, Kim left the Motion with Marshal Thompson outside the courtroom directly after filing.

Therefore, Kim must have Giordani held to the statute and the case law and acknowledge that after a motion to disqualify is filed the judge must do nothing further with the case and then reassign the case unless the judge Since Giordani refused to challenge the Motion to disqualify within 5 judicial days. That the City notified that court they were dismissing charges without prejudice filed on Feb. 26 2026. Kim filed an emergency motion to reopen the case on March 2, 2026. This was set for hearing. However, that same day Giordani at 1:48 p.m. willfully and unlawfully ruled on the case which she was mandated not to act in and made findings and vacated Kim’s hearing.

Kim then on March 9, 2026 Kim filed **EMERGENCY MOTION TO VACATE THE ORDER OF MARCH 2, 2026 BY JUDGE GIORDANI AS VOID AND TO REOPEN CASE AS ORIGINALLY MOTIONED FOR** at 7:08 a.m. and was set for hearing on March 19, 2026. Again, Giordani willfully and unlawfully issued another order in the matter at 2:57 p.m.

vacating the hearing on the 19th. That all of the facts and points herein point to why emergency action is needed. Kim had no judge in the case to take any action once the motion was filed. Kim must have the complaint dismissed with prejudice as shown above and below.

INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND

God(also called the Creator or Elohim, Elohim being both singular and plural like the words, sheep, fish or deer) created the Universe around 6,000 years ago he created light and spacetime in 5 days on the 6th day God made Man called Adam. God saw that it was not good for Man to be alone so he created out of man a companion called Eve who was his helpmate (not playboy “sex mate”). Adam and Eve were perfect and eternal and there was no death in this world.

God had to give at least one thing that Adam and Eve could not do. Otherwise, if God said they could do anything they wanted, there could be no disobedience, and therefore no demonstration of love. Adam and Eve ate of the forbidden tree of the knowledge of good and evil and lost their eternal nature. Therefore, God had a choice to destroy both Adam and Eve or give a second chance to allow them to continue as fallen beings and allow them to procreate by sexual relations See Genesis Chapter 1-3.

Had man not fallen they would never have had sexually created children. See Book of Mormon 2 Nephi 2: 21-25(as well as other apocryphal sources).

God gave the promise to Adam and Eve that Eve’s offspring would crush the offspring of the serpent:

“And I will put enmity between you and the woman, and between your offspring and hers; he will crush your head, and you will strike his heel.” Genesis 3:15 NIV version

This is the promise that God gave mankind that the savior or Son of God would come through Eve and he would redeem man to God. This savior as nearly all of the world knows is the historical Jesus and millions believe in him to this day. The great flood occurred and only Noah and his sons and their wives survived this flooding of the earth through the ark God commanded Noah to build. Land based animals also were spared on that ark.

Kim is the 140th great-grandson of Noah. And everyone on the earth is descended from Noah. And all land-based animal life descends from the animals that went onto the Ark with Noah. The variations of life are all due to the miracle of DNA and the Billions upon billions of possible different combinations of that DNA. A Great Dane, the poodle and the Dachshund and many others all come from the same two male and female dogs that were on the ark.

Kim was born in the U.S. at Malmstrom Air Base in Montana in 1955. In 1993, in part, from seeing a modern day Ahab and Jezebel elected to their "joint presidency" Kim was motivated to act, Kim relinquished his U.S. citizenship and became a citizen and subject of Elohim's Kingdom of Israel. Kim became an Ambassador for Jesus the Christ and to be reconciled to the Almighty God. See 2 Corinthians 5:20:

"We are therefore Christ's ambassadors, as though God were making his appeal through us. We implore you on Christ's behalf: Be reconciled to God." NIV (emphasis added)

Kim became part of what is known as the "Great Commission":

"Then the eleven disciples went to Galilee, to the mountain where Jesus had told them to go. ¹⁷ When they saw him, they worshiped him; but some doubted. Then Jesus came to them and said, "All authority in heaven and on earth has been given to me. ¹⁹ Therefore go and make disciples of all nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father and of the Son and of the Holy Spirit, ²⁰ and teaching them to obey everything I have commanded you. And surely I am with you always, to the very end of the age." Matthew 28:16-20

Obviously these eleven disciples could not live for thousands of years. So this Great Commission depends on passing the mission on to generations upon generations. Please note that Jesus commands that the “baptizing in the name of the Father, and of the Son and of the Holy Spirit”. This is the plural Elohim as described above, Elohim is both plural and singular.

Kim was also called by the Creator to investigate judicial corruption in the Eighth Judicial District Court (“EJDC”). Kim therefore became a volunteer unpaid investigator [which means unofficial] with or for the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline (NCJD”). In this God given role Kim obtained letters of caution from the NCJD against former district judge Rob Bare and former district court judge Douglas Herndon (now justice of the Nevada Supreme Court).

Kim is also an investigative journalist and currently is part of the new media with a Youtube channel and an X(formerly twitter) Kim in fact has a media request before this court.

Kim has been retaliated against for decades because of exercising his rights that are guaranteed under the Constitution of the United States. Especially first amendment rights. The Creator has put Kim in this unique situation to be before an arrogant and lawless municipal court judge Giordani that cares not how many bodies she stacks in the corner due to her lawlessness and arrogance. Giordani comes from the prosecution bar and it is clear to Kim that Giordani wishes to be a type of “prosecutor judge” presuming guilt and requiring any defendant to clear a burden to prove innocence. Yet Giordani like Ballou believes that she can violate the law and the Code with impunity.

FACTS AND ARGUMENT

Debiparshad v. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct. in & for Cnty. of Clark, 137 Nev. 691, 499 P.3d 597 (2021) demands that another judge other than Giordani vacate this void order immediately.

“We conclude that **once a motion to disqualify is filed by a party, the subject judge can take no further action in the case until the motion to disqualify is resolved.** The NCJC requires a judge to “act at all times in a manner that promotes public confidence in the independence, integrity, and impartiality of the judiciary and [to] avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety.” NCJC Rule 1.2. When a “judge’s impartiality might reasonably be questioned,” *696 the judge must disqualify himself or herself from the proceeding. NCJC Rule 2.11(A). Any motion for disqualification filed pursuant to NCJC Rule 2.11 after the deadline established by NRS 1.235(1) must be timely under *Towbin Dodge* and based on new information learned or observed after the cutoff date, information which was not otherwise known or ascertainable by the moving party. **602 *Towbin Dodge*, 121 Nev. at 260-61, 112 P.3d at 1069-70, **The disqualification motion must be adjudicated before the trial proceedings may continue. Consistent with his or her duties under the NCJC to avoid the appearance of impropriety, a judge should suspend proceedings and refrain from taking further substantive action in the case once a party moves to** disqualify the judge. *Debiparshad v. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct. in & for Cnty. of Clark*, 137 Nev. 691, 695–96, 499 P.3d 597, 601–02 (2021) (emphasis added)

NRS1.235 speaks for itself yet the case law solidifies that Giordani acted illegally in ruling on Kim’s motion to reopen. See NCJD decision A attached.

Even so, there is even further evidence as to not acting after a motion to disqualify has been filed. District Court judge Erika Ballou is still on a suspension from even entering the courthouse in part for violating The Revised Code of Judicial Conduct (“CODE”)

“Count III alleges Respondent violated the Code of Judicial Conduct by failing to follow the law and take no action on a matter after the State filed motions to recuse or disqualify Respondent from the Christman matters. As to this charge. Respondent contends she was not required to stay the case as she was never properly served with the State’s affidavit. This is an incorrect statement of the law. A filed affidavit seeking disqualification must be served on the judge sought to be disqualified. NRS 1.235(5). While failure to properly serve a Judge with the affidavit may be sufficient grounds for a reviewing judge (other than the judge sought to be disqualified) to dismiss the motion to disqualify, it does not follow that Respondent has the authority to make that ruling herself. Indeed, once a motion to disqualify is filed, a judge must proceed no further with the case. NRS 1.235(6)

{emphasis added). The statute requires only i\\t filing of the affidavit, not the service of it, to trigger the requirement that the Judge pause the proceedings. Additionally, the Commission notes Respondent had actual notice of the pending recusal motion because it was the subject of Respondent's minute order striking the motion. Respondent further alleges she did not commit misconduct because it is her duty to rule on motions before the court and the attorney in the Christman case filed a motion to strike the State's motion to disqualify. Respondent's argument is unpersuasive. It is axiomatic that a judge must follow the law. See Canon 1, Rule 1.1. As such, when the law requires a judge to halt proceedings pending resolution of a motion to disqualify, that is what a judge must do, irrespective of other pending motions. Furthermore, the Commission notes Respondent granted Christman's motion to strike the day after it was filed. The record does not reflect any opportunity to be heard or to cure the alleged defective document given by Respondent to the State prior to her ruling. Although this is a likely violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.6(A) (providing a judge shall accord every person who has a legal interest in a proceeding the right to be heard), this charge was not formally before the Commission. By a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds that Special Counsel proved by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent violated the Code as alleged in Count III of the FSOC. Specifically, that Respondent, Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.1 (requiring a judge to comply with the law, including the Code itself); Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.2, (requiring a judge to act at all times in a manner that promotes public confidence in the independence, integrity, and impartiality of the judiciary and to avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety); Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.2 (requiring a judge to uphold and apply the law and perform all duties of judicial office fairly and impartially); and Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.5 (requiring a judge to perform judicial and administrative duties competently and diligently). Furthermore, by a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent's violations were knowing and deliberate under NRS 1.4653(5)(b)(2). Exhibit A count III"

Kim as well as any other defendant has a right to have an impartial judge to determine that the case should be reopened and that Kim be allowed show that the matter should be dismissed with prejudice.

* Kim is having real world prejudice from these charges hanging over Kim's head. Judge Reynolds of District Court dept 29 learned of the false battery claim and has apparently

presumed Kim's guilt as judge Reynolds referenced it in an order issued Jan 8, 2026. See Exhibit

B attached footnote 2 which states:

"2 Mr. Blandino has essentially been civil, though disobedient to the Court's Orders. The Court has now learned that while the Court was drafting this Order Mr. Blandino went to the main courthouse and was cited for Battery against one of the District Court Clerk workers when Mr. Blandino was trying to enter somewhere and tried to push past her. Mr. Blandino came back to the Phoenix Building with the citation and the two marshals at security were made aware of it. Event # 20260108-005." Page 3
Ex. B

Therefore, prejudice is not hypothetical this is real world prejudice by a sitting judge and Kim has a hearing with judge Reynolds on April 2. Judge Reynolds is treating this as an established fact of guilt. This matter must be dismissed with prejudice before this date so that Kim can inform judge Reynolds and judge Reynolds will not hold this against Kim and judge Reynolds can apologize to Kim in open court for PRE-JUDGING Kim.

1. Ballou was a district court judge and Giordani is a Municipal Court Judge However NRS1.235 is equally applicable to Municipal Court Judges

NRS 1.235 clearly states:

5. At the time the affidavit is filed, a copy must be served upon the judge sought to be disqualified. Service must be made by delivering the copy to the judge personally or by leaving it at the judge's chambers with some person of suitable age and discretion employed therein.

6. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 7, the judge against whom an affidavit alleging bias or prejudice is filed shall proceed no further with the matter and shall:

(a) If the judge is a district judge, immediately transfer the case to another department of the court, if there is more than one department of the court in the district, or request the judge of another district court to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter;

(b) If the judge is a justice of the peace, immediately arrange for another justice of the peace to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter as provided pursuant to NRS 4.032, 4.340 or 4.345, as applicable; or

(c) If the judge is a municipal judge, immediately arrange for another municipal judge to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter as provided pursuant to NRS 5.023 or 5.024, as applicable.

7. A judge may challenge an affidavit alleging bias or prejudice by filing a written answer with the clerk of the court within 5 judicial days after the affidavit is served, admitting or denying any or all of the allegations contained in the affidavit and setting forth any additional facts which bear on the question of the judge's disqualification. The question of the judge's disqualification must thereupon be heard and determined by a judge appointed:

(a) If the judge is a district judge, by the presiding judge of the judicial district in judicial districts having more than one judge, or if the presiding judge of the judicial district is sought to be disqualified, by the judge having the greatest number of years of service;

(b) If the judge is a justice of the peace, by the presiding judge of the justice court in justice courts having more than one justice of the peace, or if the presiding judge is sought to be disqualified, by the justice of the peace having the greatest number of years of service;

(c) If the judge is a municipal judge, by the presiding judge of the municipal court in municipal courts having more than one municipal judge, or if the presiding judge is sought to be disqualified, by the municipal judge having the greatest number of years of service; or

(d) If there is no presiding judge, by the Supreme Court.

There can be no confusion whatsoever Kim filed for disqualification against Giordani and served Giordani's Marshal (Thompson) with a copy of the Motion right after filing on Feb. 24 2026. See Exhibit C attached in accord with clear statute, case law and an adjudication with the

NCJD against Ballou. Giordani had no authority whatsoever to do anything further in Case # 26-005437 and yet like Ballou has willfully and unlawfully violated the law and failed to uphold the law.

Kim has no choice since Giordani is the chief or presiding judge, Kim must seek relief from the judge having the most years of service who is Bert Brown.

Had Giordani filed a challenge the matter of disqualification would under NRS1.235(7) (c) would have been decided by judge Bert Brown. Kim filed and served the disqualify motion and Giordani declined to challenge this therefore she was obligated by statute and case law and the decision the NCJD issued against Ballou to act no further in the case. Therefore Judge Brown has established authority to act in this disqualification procedure, as well as inherent authority.

2. Kim Has no Immediate or Speedy Remedy to pursue except by invoking the implied power of NRS1.235(7) (c)

Debiparshad “states that the motion to disqualify must be adjudicated.....” However the statute says that the judge must immediately arrange to proceed **immediately arrange for another municipal judge to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter as provided pursuant to NRS 5.023 or 5.024, as applicable.** (emphasis added)

Or the judge can challenge the motion to disqualify. Yet this has to be done within 5 judicial days which Giordani refused to do.

Since Giordani much like Ballou arrogantly, willfully, and unlawfully refuses to follow the law and not once but twice rules on a case she has no authority to rule on Kim has no option but to use the statute to get relief if possible.

Because Judge Bert Brown has the most years of service it would be to Bert Brown to determine the matter of disqualification had Giordani filed a challenge. Even though Giordani has not filed a challenge and has not removed herself from the case. It cannot be over emphasized

that Giordani has now on two separate instances ruled in this case and issued two void orders. That after Giordani filed the first void and illegal order, Kim filed to vacate that March 2 Order and attached the Ballou decision and everything needed to that **EMERGENCY MOTION TO VACATE THE ORDER OF MARCH 2, 2026 BY JUDGE GIORDANI AS VOID AND TO REOPEN CASE AS ORIGINALLY MOTIONED FOR** to show that Giordani had absolutely no right to stay on the case.

Giordani thus had no legal excuse whatsoever to rule after Kim filed the above motion and could only have done this unlawfully, willfully and arrogantly refusing to follow clear established law.

3. Kim Has Every Reason to Seek Dismissal with Prejudice of the alleged charge From an uncompromised judge

There are many reasons why the Case must be dismissed with prejudice. The first reason is that this citation or complaint that was dismissed was not the first dismissal. The pink NCR copy that Kim was given at the scene of the event was #1-04544419. See Exhibit D attached. This was dismissed and an amended complaint was filed #04544419A. See Exhibit E attached.

As the City Attorney themselves cite:

“5. The prosecuting attorney, in a case that the prosecuting attorney has initiated, may voluntarily dismiss a complaint:

(a) Before a preliminary hearing if the crime with which the defendant is charged is a felony or gross misdemeanor; or

(b) Before trial if the crime with which the defendant is charged is a misdemeanor,

È without prejudice to the right to file another complaint, **unless the State of Nevada has previously filed a complaint against the defendant which was dismissed at the request of the prosecuting attorney.** After the dis-

missal, the court shall order the defendant released from custody or, if the defendant is released on bail, exonerate the obligors and release any bail. (emphasis added)

There are many other reasons why this complaint must be dismissed with prejudice. This however is an offer of proof as to why this disqualification issue is vital to further adjudication of this case.

CONCLUSION

For the above reasons this petition or motion must be heard immediately. Kim's very life is imminently threatened. This latest caller or others could at this moment be planning to Kill Kim as Charlie Kirk was killed. Kim must have a dismissal with prejudice and the first step is for

♥ judge Bert Brown to;

1. Determine that judge Giordani was disqualified from acting from the moment the motion to disqualify was filed on Feb. 4 2026 nunc pro tunc to that date.
2. Declare that the orders signed and filed after that date are null and void.
3. Arrange for another municipal judge to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter as provided pursuant to NRS 5.023 or 5.024, as applicable. As NRS 1.235 requires
4. Report Giordani's willful unlawful behavior to the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline ("NCJD") and any judge hearing this matter must report Giordani to the NCJD in accord with Rule 2.15

Rule 2.15. Responding to Judicial and Lawyer Misconduct.

(A) A judge having knowledge that another judge has committed a violation of this Code that raises a substantial question regarding the judge's honesty, trustworthiness, or fitness as a judge in other respects shall inform the appropriate authority.

(B) A judge having knowledge that a lawyer has committed a violation of the Nevada Rules of Professional Conduct that raises a substantial ques-

tion regarding the lawyer's honesty, trustworthiness, or fitness as a lawyer in other respects shall inform the appropriate authority.

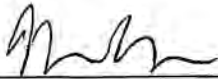
(C) A judge who receives information indicating a substantial likelihood that another judge has committed a violation of this Code shall take appropriate action.

(D) A judge who receives information indicating a substantial likelihood that a lawyer has committed a violation of the Nevada Rules of Professional Conduct shall take appropriate action. (emphasis added).

Should Judge Brown not report Giordani judge Brown would be in violation of the Code.

5. In the alternative to grant such other relief as is proper and just and speedy.

DATED this 12th day of March , 2026.



Kim Blandino
C/O 441 N 16th
Las Vegas Nevada 89101
702 219-5657
Kim 43792@earthlink.net

ASSEVERATION IN SUPPORT OF MOTION

I Kim Blandino state under penalty of perjury that I am over 70 years of age (outside the womb) and have read the foregoing and the same is true and correct except as to those matters of belief and belief and as to those matters Kim believes them to be true. And that:

1. That this filing is not made to vex, harass, delay or made in bad faith nor for any improper purpose and anyone who says or claims differently is lying through their teeth.
2. That any and all exhibits are true and correct and authentic according to FRE 901 and the

state rules of evidence.

I declare under penalty of perjury that I have read the foregoing and the same is true and correct.

DATED this 12th day of March, 2026.



KIM BLANDINO PRO SE #363075
C/O 441 N 16TH ST
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
(702) 219-5657
No Fax
Kim43792@earthlink.net

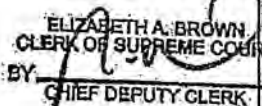
EXHIBIT A

EXHIBIT A

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

FILED

SEP 22 2025

ELIZABETH A. BROWN
CLERK OF SUPREME COURT
BY: 
CHIEF DEPUTY CLERK

In the Matter of)

THE HONORABLE ERIKA BALLOU,)
District Court Judge, Eighth Judicial District)
Court, Clark County, State of Nevada,)

Respondent.)

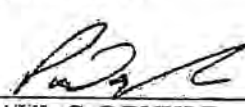
CASE NO. 91339

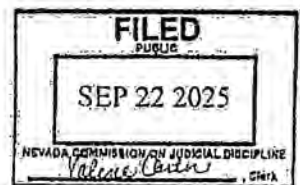
CERTIFIED COPY OF FINDINGS OF FACT,
CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND IMPOSITION OF DISCIPLINE

Pursuant to Commission Procedural Rule 28.2, I hereby certify that the document attached hereto is a true and correct copy of the FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND IMPOSITION OF DISCIPLINE filed with the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline on September 22, 2025.

DATED this 22nd day of September, 2025.

STATE OF NEVADA
COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL DISCIPLINE
P.O. Box 18123
Reno, NV 89511

By: 
PAUL C. DEYHLE
General Counsel and Executive Director
Nevada Bar No. 6954



BEFORE THE NEVADA COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL DISCIPLINE
STATE OF NEVADA

In the Matter of
THE HONORABLE ERIKA BALLOU,
District Court Judge, Eighth Judicial District
Court, Clark County, State of Nevada,
Respondent.

CASE NOS. 2024-103-P & 2024-105-P

FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND IMPOSITION OF DISCIPLINE

On April 24, 2025, Special Counsel for the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline ("Commission") filed Formal Statement of Charges ("FSOC") against the Honorable Erika Ballou, District Judge for the Eighth Judicial District Court, Clark County, Nevada ("Respondent") pursuant to NRS 1.467(5) alleging knowing or unknowing violations of the Revised Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct ("Code"). Respondent filed her Answer on May 14, 2025.

On May 20, 2025, the Commission's presiding officer issued a Prehearing Order establishing the rules and procedure for the handling of pre-trial issues, motions, and the submission of exhibits and evidence. On July 22nd and 23rd, 2025, Special Counsel filed his Prehearing Brief and Exhibits. Respondent failed to file her Prehearing Brief or her exhibits in accordance with the Prehearing Order. The day before the public hearing, Respondent submitted her exhibit list of 18 exhibits and 243 pages of documents.

On August 7, 2025, pursuant to NRS 1.4673 and PRJDC 18, the Commission conducted a public hearing on the FSOC at the office of the Nevada State Bar in Las Vegas, Nevada. Thomas C. Bradley, Esq. appeared as Special Counsel. Thomas F. Pitaro, Esq. appeared on behalf of Respondent, who was also present. Without objection, exhibits submitted by the Special Counsel were admitted into evidence. Special Counsel objected to the admission of Respondent's exhibits. The objection was sustained as to all exhibits except one as the exhibits were not submitted in accordance with the Prehearing Order.

///

1 Pursuant to PRJDC 28, the Commission sets forth the following findings of fact and conclusions
2 of law.

3 **A. JURISDICTION**

4 The Commission has jurisdiction to discipline a justice of the supreme court, a judge of the
5 court of appeals, a district court judge, a justice of the peace, or a municipal judge for violations of the
6 Code. *See Nev. Const. art. 6, § 21, NRS 1.425 et seq.; See also Canon 1, Rule 1.1.* Respondent was
7 sworn in as a district court judge on or about January 4, 2021, and continues to serve in that capacity.
8 All actions of Respondent alleged in the FSOC occurred while Respondent was serving as a district
9 court judge.

10 **B. FACTS**

11 The facts in this matter were proven by clear and convincing evidence through the Special
12 Counsel's exhibits, which were admitted by stipulation into evidence, and through testimony of
13 Respondent and Betsy Allen, Esq.

14 In 2021, Respondent conducted an evidentiary hearing on a Petition for a Writ of Habeas
15 Corpus ("Christman Petition") that had been filed by a criminal defendant named Mia Christman
16 ("Christman"). Christman had pleaded guilty to a felony offense in 2017 and was sentenced to a term of
17 imprisonment. In the Christman Petition, Christman asserted that she received ineffective assistance of
18 counsel during the sentencing phase of her case. Following the Christman Petition hearing, Respondent
19 granted the Christman Petition and ordered her released from custody on her own recognizance. The
20 State of Nevada appealed. On August 11, 2022, the Nevada Supreme Court reversed Respondent's
21 decision and ruled that the record did not support a finding that counsel performed ineffectively at
22 sentencing and that Christman had, therefore, failed to show relief was warranted. The Supreme Court
23 ordered the judgment of the district court be reversed and remanded the matter back to Respondent's
24 court for proceedings consistent with that order. Rather than enter an order denying the postconviction
25 habeas petition, however, Respondent scheduled another evidentiary hearing to allow Christman the
26 opportunity to present additional evidence.

27 On January 25, 2023, the State filed a Petition for a Writ of Mandamus ("State's Petition")
28 seeking an order directing Respondent to vacate the scheduled evidentiary hearing, enter judgment in

1 favor of the State, and to remand Christman into custody. On October 12, 2023, the Supreme Court
2 granted the State's Petition and ruled that Respondent failed to follow the Supreme Court's mandate.
3 The Supreme Court specifically ordered Respondent to enter judgment in favor of the State.
4 Respondent did not follow the Supreme Court's direct.

5 On April 24, 2024, the State filed a motion before the Supreme Court to enforce its previous
6 mandates. While that motion was pending in the Supreme Court, the State filed a motion in the district
7 court to recuse Respondent in Christman's underlying criminal case. In response, Christman filed a
8 motion to strike the recusal motion claiming that the motion should have been filed in her post-
9 conviction case. Without conceding that point or withdrawing the motion from the underlying criminal
10 case, on May 2, 2024, the State filed an additional motion to recuse Respondent in the post-conviction
11 case. While the State's motions to recuse were pending, Respondent granted Christman's motion to
12 strike the State's recusal motion.

13 On May 3, 2024, the Supreme Court directed the Chief Judge of the Eighth Judicial District
14 Court to reassign Christman's postconviction and underlying criminal case to a different district court
15 judge. The Supreme Court stated that upon reassignment of those cases, the newly appointed district
16 court judge should promptly comply with the Supreme Court's mandate outlined in its two prior
17 Christman orders. The Christman cases were reassigned to District Court Judge Johnson who
18 immediately entered judgment in favor of the State and remanded Christman into custody.

19 C. DISCUSSION

20 In the FSOC, Respondent is accused in six (6) counts of committing judicial misconduct under
21 the Code. Each count will be discussed in turn.

22 COUNT I

23 Count I alleges Respondent violated the Code of Judicial Conduct by failing or refusing to enter
24 judgment in favor of the State and by failing or refusing to remand defendant Christman into custody
25 after the Supreme Court reversed Respondent's Christman Petition ruling on August 11, 2022.

26 To this charge, Respondent claims she believed that she had the authority under the order of
27 remand to schedule an evidentiary hearing as the Supreme Court's use of the words "ORDER the
28 judgment of the district court REVERSED AND REMAND this matter to the district court for

1 proceedings consistent with this order" "could mean a lot of things." The Commission finds this
2 argument unpersuasive, particularly given testimony adduced at the hearing established that
3 Respondent was a seasoned criminal defense attorney prior to taking the bench and, therefore,
4 understood criminal procedure. As the Supreme Court stated in its subsequent Order granting the
5 State's Petition, "the district court manifestly abused its discretion by clearly erring in interpreting this
6 court's mandate, and it capriciously exercised its discretion by acting contrary to well established rule
7 of law." See Special Counsel's Exhibit 5, *Order Granting Petition*, p.5.

8 By a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds that Special Counsel proved by clear and convincing
9 evidence that Respondent violated the Code as alleged in Count I of the FSOC. Specifically, that
10 Respondent,

11 Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.1 (requiring a judge to comply with the
12 law, including the Code itself);

13 Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.2, (requiring a judge to act at all times in
14 a manner that promotes public confidence in the independence, integrity, and impartiality of the
15 judiciary and to avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety);

16 Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.2 (requiring a judge to uphold and apply
17 the law and perform all duties of judicial office fairly and impartially); and

18 Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.5 (requiring a judge to perform judicial
19 and administrative duties competently and diligently).

20 Furthermore, by a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds by clear and convincing evidence that
21 Respondent's violations were knowing and deliberate under NRS 1.4653(5)(b)(2).

22 COUNT II

23 Count II alleges Respondent violated the Code of Judicial Conduct by failing to enter judgement
24 in favor of the State and remand defendant Christman into custody after the Supreme Court granted the
25 State's Petition on October 12, 2023.

26 To this charge, Respondent claims the Supreme Court's order was clear but did not say by when
27 Respondent must do so. The Commission finds this unpersuasive. As the Supreme Court noted in its
28 Order directing the removal of Respondent from the Christman cases, "although the writ of mandamus

1 issued in this matter did not state a specific time for the district court to enter a judgment in the state's
2 favor, that writ was peremptory in nature and thus NRS 34.190(2) and (3) contemplate that the district
3 court would do the act required by the writ immediately after receipt of the writ." See Special Counsel's
4 Exhibit 10, *Order Denying Motion*, p.3.

5 By a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds that Special Counsel proved by clear and convincing
6 evidence that Respondent violated the Code as alleged in Count II of the FSOC. Specifically, that
7 Respondent,

8 Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.1 (requiring a judge to comply with the
9 law, including the Code itself);

10 Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.2, (requiring a judge to act at all times in
11 a manner that promotes public confidence in the independence, integrity, and impartiality of the
12 judiciary and to avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety);

13 Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.2 (requiring a judge to uphold and apply
14 the law and perform all duties of judicial office fairly and impartially); and

15 Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.5 (requiring a judge to perform judicial
16 and administrative duties competently and diligently).

17 Furthermore, by a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds by clear and convincing evidence that
18 Respondent's violations were knowing and deliberate under NRS 1.4653(5)(b)(2).

19 COUNT III

20 Count III alleges Respondent violated the Code of Judicial Conduct by failing to follow the law
21 and take no action on a matter after the State filed motions to recuse or disqualify Respondent from the
22 Christman matters.

23 As to this charge, Respondent contends she was not required to stay the case as she was never
24 properly served with the State's affidavit. This is an incorrect statement of the law. A filed affidavit
25 seeking disqualification must be served on the judge sought to be disqualified. NRS 1.235(5). While
26 failure to properly serve a judge with the affidavit may be sufficient grounds for a reviewing judge
27 (other than the judge sought to be disqualified) to dismiss the motion to disqualify, it does not follow
28 that Respondent has the authority to make that ruling herself. Indeed, once a motion to disqualify is

1 filed, a judge must proceed no further with the case, NRS 1.235(6) (*emphasis added*). The statute
2 requires only the *filing* of the affidavit, not the *service* of it, to trigger the requirement that the judge
3 pause the proceedings. Additionally, the Commission notes Respondent had actual notice of the
4 pending recusal motion because it was the subject of Respondent's minute order striking the motion.

5 Respondent further alleges she did not commit misconduct because it is her duty to rule on
6 motions before the court and the attorney in the Christman case filed a motion to strike the State's
7 motion to disqualify. Respondent's argument is unpersuasive. It is axiomatic that a judge must follow
8 the law. *See* Canon 1, Rule 1.1. As such, when the law requires a judge to halt proceedings pending
9 resolution of a motion to disqualify, that is what a judge must do, irrespective of other pending motions.

10 Furthermore, the Commission notes Respondent granted Christman's motion to strike the day
11 after it was filed. The record does not reflect any opportunity to be heard or to cure the alleged
12 defective document given by Respondent to the State prior to her ruling. Although this is a likely
13 violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.6(A) (providing a judge shall accord every person who has a
14 legal interest in a proceeding the right to be heard), this charge was not formally before the
15 Commission.

16 By a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds that Special Counsel proved by clear and convincing
17 evidence that Respondent violated the Code as alleged in Count III of the FSOC. Specifically, that
18 Respondent,

19 Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.1 (requiring a judge to comply with the
20 law, including the Code itself);

21 Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.2, (requiring a judge to act at all times in
22 a manner that promotes public confidence in the independence, integrity, and impartiality of the
23 judiciary and to avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety);

24 Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.2 (requiring a judge to uphold and apply
25 the law and perform all duties of judicial office fairly and impartially); and

26 Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.5 (requiring a judge to perform judicial
27 and administrative duties competently and diligently).

28 ///

1 Furthermore, by a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent's
2 violations were knowing and deliberate under NRS 1.4653(5)(b)(2).

3 COUNT IV

4 Count IV alleges Respondent violated the Code of Judicial Conduct by ruling on defendant
5 Christman's motion to modify sentence after the State had filed its motion to recuse Respondent.

6 Special Counsel conceded this Count was not proven by clear and convincing evidence due to
7 issues related to the timing of Respondent's minute order on Christman's motion to modify sentence
8 and the alleged lack of notice of the affidavit on Respondent.

9 By a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds that Special Counsel did not prove by clear and convincing
10 evidence that Respondent violated the Code as alleged in Count IV of the FSOC.

11 COUNT V

12 Count V alleges Respondent violated the Code of Judicial Conduct by exhibiting clear bias in
13 the Christman matters. To this charge, Respondent attests she was not biased but rather showed
14 compassion in her rulings and in not wanting Christman's baby to be placed in the custody of Child
15 Protective Services if it were avoidable.

16 Where the alleged bias originates from a judge's performance of her judicial duties, rather than
17 from an external source, the party alleging bias must show the judge's opinion displays a deep-seated
18 favoritism or antagonism that would make fair judgment impossible. *Canarelli v. Eighth Judicial*
19 *District Court*, 138 Nev. 104, 108 (2022) citing *Liteky v. United States*, 510 U.S. 540, 555 (1994).

20 While proof of Respondent's repeated failure to follow the law was clear and convincing in this
21 matter, evidence that her actions were driven by such a deep-seated favoritism as to constitute
22 impermissible bias was not. That said, while compassion may be a virtue to a judicial officer, it should
23 never be used as a license or an excuse to violate the law.

24 By a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds that Special Counsel did not prove by clear and convincing
25 evidence that Respondent violated the Code as alleged in Count V of the FSOC.

26 COUNT VI

27 Count VI alleges Respondent violated the Code of Judicial Conduct by failing to cooperate with
28 the Commission's investigator and timely schedule an in-person interview. To this charge, Respondent

1 attests she was not being uncooperative. Respondent testified she was in a jury trial when the
2 investigator called and upon the trial's conclusion, Respondent immediately went on a pre-scheduled
3 vacation for two weeks. Based on the evidence submitted, the Commission does not find this to
4 constitute failure to cooperate under the Code.

5 By a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds that Special Counsel did not prove by clear and convincing
6 evidence that Respondent violated the Code as alleged in Count VI of the FSOC.

7 **D. IMPOSITION OF DISCIPLINE**

8 The Commission may remove a judge, publicly censure a judge, or impose other forms of
9 discipline on a judge if the Commission determines that the judge has committed willful misconduct.
10 NRS 1.4653(1)(a). Willful misconduct, as it applies in this matter, is a knowing or deliberate violation
11 of one or more of the provisions of the Revised Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct. NRS
12 1.4653(5)(b)(2). The Commission may publicly censure a judge or impose other forms of discipline on
13 a judge if the Commission determines that the judge has violated one or more of the provisions of the
14 Code in a manner that is not knowing or deliberate. NRS 1.4653(2). Other forms of discipline include:
15 public admonishment, reprimand or censure of a judge; imposition of a fine; suspension from office
16 without pay; requiring a judge to complete a probationary period, attend training or educational courses,
17 follow a remedial course of action, issue a public apology, comply with conditions or limitations on
18 future conduct, or seek medical, psychiatric or psychological care or counseling; bar the judge from
19 serving in a judicial office in the future or impose any other reasonable disciplinary action or
20 combination of disciplinary actions that the Commission determines will curtail or remedy the
21 misconduct of the judge. NRS 1.4677(1).

22 NOW THEREFORE, pursuant to subsections 5(a) and (b) of Article 6, Section 21 of the
23 Constitution of the State of Nevada, NRS 1.4653(1)(a), NRS 1.4677, and PRJDC 28, after due
24 deliberation and consideration of the evidence presented and taking into consideration the totality of
25 Respondent's actions, by a 7 to 0 vote, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED:

- 26 1. Respondent is **SUSPENDED** from the exercise of judicial office, without salary, for
27 a period of eighteen (18) months.

28 ///

1 2. Imposition of twelve (12) months of that sanction is hereby suspended and
2 Respondent is placed on probation for a period of two (2) years on the following terms and
3 conditions:

4 a. Respondent shall be SUSPENDED from the exercise of judicial office,
5 without salary, for a period of six (6) months effective as of 12:01 a.m. on
6 September 23, 2025.

7 b. Before returning to the bench, Respondent shall complete, at her own
8 expense, a specialized remedial training program with the National Judicial College
9 ("NJC"). This training program will be developed and administered by NJC staff
10 and/or associated professionals and specifically customized and tailored to
11 Respondent's misconduct and Code violations as set forth in this Order.
12 Respondent shall make herself available and fully cooperate with the NJC in
13 completing this training program in a timely manner.

14 c. Respondent shall have no further violations of the law or of the Code of
15 Judicial Conduct while on probation.

16 In Favor: Commissioner Chair Stefanie Humphrey, Commissioner Vice-Chair John Krmpotic,
17 Presiding Officer Hon. David Hardy; Commissioner Karl Armstrong, Esq., Commissioner Hon.
18 Thomas Gregory, Commissioner Patricia Halstead, Esq., and Commissioner Joseph Sanford

19 Opposed: None

20 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Commission Chair is authorized to sign this document on
21 behalf of all voting Commissioners.

22 DATED this 22nd day of September, 2025.

23 STATE OF NEVADA
24 COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL DISCIPLINE
25 P.O. Box 18123
26 Reno, NV 89511

26 By: Stefanie Humphrey
27 STEFANIE HUMPHREY
28 COMMISSION CHAIR

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that I am an employee of the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline and that on the 22nd day of September, 2025, I served a copy of the **FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND IMPOSITION OF DISCIPLINE** by email and U.S Mail, postage paid, addressed to the following:

Tom Pitaro, Esq.
Attorney at Law
601 S. Las Vegas Blvd. South
Las Vegas, NV 89101
pitaro@gmail.com
Respondent's Counsel

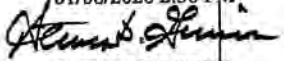
Thomas C. Bradley, Esq.
435 Marsh Ave.
Reno, NV 89509
tom@tombradleylaw.com
Special Counsel

Valerie Carter

Valerie Carter, Commission Clerk

EXHIBIT B

EXHIBIT B


CLERK OF THE COURT

1 **ORDR**

2 **DISTRICT COURT**
3 **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

4 * * * *

5
6 KIM BLANDINO,

7 Plaintiff,

8 vs.

9 L.V.M.P.D.,

10 Defendant.

CASE NO.: A-25-932149-W

DEPARTMENT 29

11 **ORDER**

12 Rule 2.9 of the Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct states:

13 **Rule 2.9. Ex Parte Communications.**

14 (A) A judge shall not initiate, permit, or consider ex parte
15 communications, or consider other communications made to the judge outside
16 the presence of the parties or their lawyers, concerning a pending or impending
17 matter...

18 ...

19 (D) A judge shall make reasonable efforts, including providing appropriate
20 supervision, to ensure that this Rule is not violated by court staff, court
21 officials, and others subject to the judge's direction and control.

22 (NCJC Rule 2.9)(emphasis added)

23 On November 14, 2025, the Court issued an Order that stated:

24 On 11/14/25, Blandino filed a 16-page brief seeking an extension. Blandino has
25 also called the Court many times seeking help. These calls are inappropriate and
26 violate rules of ethics, the Eighth Judicial District Court Rules on ex parte
27 communications. If Blandino continues to call the Court he will be sanctioned,
28 communications must be in writing and filed on the docket of the Court. The
Court is not allowed to have contact with parties or to give legal advice.

(See Order 11/14/25 at 1:22-2:1.)

JACOB A. REYNOLDS
DISTRICT JUDGE
Department 29
Las Vegas, NV 89155

1 Since that time the Court has continued to warn Mr. Blandino that the Court cannot have
2 any discussions about active cases with Mr. Blandino outside the presence of opposing counsel.
3 Mr. Blandino is well familiar with litigation and knows this rule. Mr. Blandino has been
4 designated a vexatious litigant many years ago and that Order is still in force today. Mr.
5 Blandino has significant experience as a litigant. Still, the Court has been accommodating and
6 allowed Mr. Blandino to come to Court to watch any proceeding he likes. Now he has told the
7 Marshal he wants to watch how the Judges do things, he wants to know how the Court and staff
8 enter and leave their rooms.
9

10 Mr. Blandino has tried contacting staff by phone, email, and also tried waiting in the hall
11 to speak with them as they go to the restroom or try to fulfill their duties in the courthouse.¹
12 Staff intentionally attempts to avoid Mr. Blandino because of the law, rules of ethics, and this
13 Court's prior orders specifically on point.
14

15 Despite Mr. Blandino's familiarity with the rules and having been admonished
16 previously, on January 8, 2026, Mr. Blandino came to Court to speak to the Court directly
17 outside the presence of opposing counsel regarding pending matters in this case.
18

19 Specifically, when I, Judge Reynolds, arrived today Mr. Blandino was waiting outside the
20 elevator on the 11th floor and tried to engage me regarding the above-captioned case. He was
21 blocked at security by the Marshal who had to raise his voice and directly told Blandino he was
22 not allowed to discuss his case with the Court. Blandino asserted that he could and attempted to
23 get my attention with a raised voice anyway, to which the Marshal appropriately responded. I
24

25 ¹ The Court notes that this building only has two elevators which are shared by the public and court staff. The
26 building only has two courtrooms, one for Department 11 and one for Department 29, both on the 11th floor. There is
27 less than 200 sqft of space from the public elevators to the security check-in point on this floor. This small space
28 also includes the court staff entrance from the elevators, and the public drop box for the court. Court staff share
restroom facilities with the public as well on the 11th floor. Accordingly, if Mr. Blandino is allowed to come to the
11th floor at all he can continue to accost members of staff with pleas about his case, which is inappropriate and
unlawful.

1 continued to my chambers without any direct discussion with Mr. Blandino.

2 Later this morning, Mr. Blandino waited patiently while the Court conducted its morning
3 calendar. Once calendar was completed Mr. Blandino stated loudly from the gallery, something
4 to the effect that: "This may be out of order Judge but I need to talk to you!" The Court states
5 Mr. Blandino is never angry or attacking in his statements directly to the Court. He is relatively
6 calm but purposeful and direct in addressing things when he wants, despite multiple warnings
7 from the marshals this morning to not speak to the Judges directly. So while there is no hostility
8 being exhibited to the court directly by yelling or physical attacks against the Judge, it is
9 certainly still disorderly, plainly violates this Court's prior orders, and is therefore contemptuous
10 behavior towards the Court and is ground for contempt sanctions. This is particularly true when
11 it happens in the Courthouse and in the Court's presence.
12

13
14 Mr. Blandino continues to make these comments and efforts to discuss his case directly
15 with the Court despite multiple warnings from the Marshals, and the Court, that he cannot do
16 what he is trying to do.

17 Today in response to Mr. Blandino, and pursuant to my governing code, i.e. the Judicial
18 Code of Conduct (Rule 2.9) and NRS 199.340, I stated from the bench that Mr. Blandino is not
19 allowed to discuss his case with me outside the presence of opposing counsel. I reminded him
20 that he had already been warned, and I warned him clearly that continued attempts to do so
21 would be criminal contempt that could lead to prison time.²

22
23 As Mr. Blandino waited until the calendar was completed there was no recording of this
24 interaction so the Court makes its record here. But the Court cannot condone continued attempts
25

26 ² Mr. Blandino has essentially been civil, though disobedient to the Court's Orders. The Court has now learned that
27 while the Court was drafting this Order Mr. Blandino went to the main courthouse and was cited for Battery against
28 one of the District Court Clerk workers when Mr. Blandino was trying to enter somewhere and tried to push past
her. Mr. Blandino came back to the Phoenix Building with the citation and the two marshals at security were made
aware of it. Event # 20260108-005.

1 to circumvent its orders.

2 The contempt statute reads:

3
4 **NRS 199.340 Criminal contempt.** Every person who shall commit a
5 contempt of court of any one of the following kinds shall be guilty of a
6 misdemeanor:

7 1. Disorderly, contemptuous or insolent behavior committed during the
8 sitting of the court, in its immediate view and presence, and directly tending to
9 interrupt its proceedings or to impair the respect due to its authority;

10 ...

11 4. Willful disobedience to the lawful process or mandate of a court;

12 5. Resistance, willfully offered, to its lawful process or mandate;

13 As prior efforts have been unsuccessful to convince Mr. Blandino that his continued
14 attempts to make contact with staff and the Court outside the presence of opposing counsel is a
15 serious violation of ethics and the law, and constitutes contempt, the Court issues this Order as a
16 final warning and notice and gives additional Orders to comply with NCJC 2.9 and NRS
17 199.340.

18 Accordingly, and for good cause appearing,

19 IT IS ORDERED that any future attempts to contact the Court ex-parte, meaning outside
20 the presence of opposing counsel, whether by phone, email, in-person (in court, in private, or
21 anywhere in the public) will be weighed for criminal contempt sanctions and can result in jail
22 time and prosecution. All contact with the Court or its staff must be made in writing and filed on
23 the public docket, just as all other litigants are required to do.

24 ///

25 ///

26 ///

27 ///

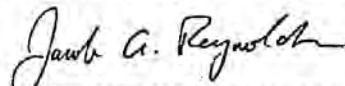
1 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that given Mr. Blandino's efforts to violate the rules of
2 ethics, and consistent refusal to abide by the Court's order to not communicate with the Court or
3 staff, the Court orders that he shall not come to the 11th floor of the Phoenix Building, 330 South
4 3rd St, Las Vegas, NV 89101, for any purpose unless he has a scheduled hearing in Court on the
5 11th floor.
6

7 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Mr. Blandino is not allowed to arrive on the 11th floor
8 more than 30 minutes before the Scheduled Hearing and when he desires to come through
9 security he must wait to be escorted by a marshal to the courtroom where he has his designated
10 hearing.
11

12 This Order shall remain in force while Mr. Blandino has any matter pending before
13 Department 29 or any such matter that was in Department 29 remains active on appeal.

14 DATED: January 8, 2026

Dated this 8th day of January, 2026



DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

3AA 6DA 734A F24F
Jacob A. Reynolds
District Court Judge

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on or about the date signed, a copy of this Order was electronically served to all registered parties in the Eighth Judicial District Court Electronic Filing Program to the proper parties as follows:

(All Parties on the E-Service List)

/s/ Austin De Reis

Austin De Reis
Judicial Law Clerk

1 CSERV

2 DISTRICT COURT
3 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA
4

5
6 Kim Blandino, Plaintiff(s)

CASE NO: A-25-932149-W

7 vs.

DEPT. NO. Department 29

8 L.V.M.P.D, Defendant(s)
9

10 **AUTOMATED CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

11 This automated certificate of service was generated by the Eighth Judicial District
12 Court. The foregoing Order was served via the court's electronic eFile system to all
13 recipients registered for e-Service on the above entitled case as listed below:

14 Service Date: 1/8/2026

15 Matthew Christian

m16091c@lvmpd.com

16 Kim Blandino

kim43792@earthlink.net
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28

EXHIBIT C

EXHIBIT C

KIM BLANDINO PECULIAR PRO SE
Nevada Bar No. None
C/O 441 N. 16th St
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
(702) 219-5657
No Fax
Kim43792@earthlink.net

LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CITY OF LAS VEGAS

-vs

Plaintiff,

Case No. 26-005437
Dept. No. 6

KIM BLANDINO

Defendant

MOTION TO DISQUALIFY JUDGE GIORDANI IN ACCORD WITH NRS
1.230, 1.25 AND/OR RULE 2.11 IN OF THE NEVADA REVISED CODE OF JUDICIAL
CONDUCT (REASONABLE MINDS WOULD QUESTION STANDARD) AND/OR *Rippo*
v. Baker, 580 U.S. 285, 137 S. Ct. 905, 197 L. Ed. 2d 376 (2017) (RISK OF BIAS
STANDARD) AND/OR (THE DEEP SEATED ANTAGONISM STANDARD)

COMES NOW, Kim Blandino ("Kim") appearing specially and not generally who under threat of a Bench warrant appeared in Las Vegas Municipal Court Department 1 Matthew Walker ("Walker") presiding ON Feb. 10, 2026. Kim appeared by special appearance because of a green colored post card that Kim received in the U.S Mail at C/O 441 N16th Street L.V. Nv. 89101. Kim was set for a calendaring hearing by Walker's order and again under threat of a bench

warrant should Kim not appear on Feb. 18, 2026.

Because Judge Giordani ("Giordani") did not assign herself to the actual case until Feb. 18, 2026 Kim is well within the time frame of NRS 1.235(motion must be filed within 10 days of assignment). Kim told Giordani in open court that this Motion would be filed.

INTRODUCTION

God(also called the Creator or Elohim, Elohim being both singular and plural like the words, sheep, fish or deer) created the Universe around 6,000 years ago he created light and spacetime in 5 days on the 6th day God made Man called Adam. God saw that it was not good for Man to be alone so he created out of man a companion called Eve who was his helpmate (not playboy "sex mate"). Adam and Eve were perfect and eternal and there was no death in this world.

God had to give at least one thing that Adam and Eve could not do. Otherwise, if God said they could do anything they wanted, there could be no disobedience, and therefore no demonstration of love. Adam and Eve ate of the forbidden tree of the knowledge of good and evil and lost their eternal nature. Therefore, God had a choice to destroy both Adam and Eve or give a second chance to allow them to continue as fallen beings with a promise of a redeemer and allow them to procreate by sexual relations so the redeemer could come by the "offspring of the woman" See Genesis Chapter 1-3.

Had man not fallen they would never have had sexually created children. See Book of Mormon 2 Nephi 2: 21-25(as well as other apocryphal sources).

God gave the promise to Adam and Eve that Eve's offspring would crush the offspring of the serpent:

“And I will put enmity between you and the woman, and between your offspring and hers; he will crush your head, and you will strike his heel.” Genesis 3:15 NIV version

This is the promise that God gave mankind that the savior or Son of God would come through Eve and he would redeem man to God. This savior as nearly all of the world knows is the historical Jesus and millions believe in him to this day and that he in fact rose from the dead. The great flood occurred and only Noah and his sons and their wives survived this flooding of the earth through the ark God commanded Noah to build. Land based animals also were spared on that ark.

Kim is the 140th great-grandson of Noah. And every human on the earth is descended from Noah. And all land-based animal life descends from the animals that went onto the Ark with Noah. The variations of life are all due to the miracle of DNA and the Billions upon billions of possible different combinations of that DNA. A Great Dane, the poodle and the Dachshund and many others all come from the same two male and female dogs that were on the ark.

Kim was born in the U.S. at Malmstrom Air Base in Montana in 1955. In 1993, in part, from seeing a modern day Ahab and Jezebel elected to their “joint presidency” Kim was motivated to act, Kim relinquished his U.S. citizenship and became a citizen and subject of Elohim’s Kingdom of Israel. Kim became an Ambassador for Jesus the Christ and to be reconciled to the Almighty God. See 2 Corinthians 5:20:

“We are therefore Christ’s ambassadors, as though God were making his appeal through us. We implore you on Christ’s behalf: Be reconciled to God.” NIV (emphasis added)

Kim became part of what is known as the “Great Commission”:

“Then the eleven disciples went to Galilee, to the mountain where Jesus had told them to go.¹⁷ When they saw him, they worshiped him; but some doubted

Then Jesus came to them and said, "All authority in heaven and on earth has been given to me."¹⁹ Therefore go and make disciples of all nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father and of the Son and of the Holy Spirit,"²⁰ and teaching them to obey everything I have commanded you. And surely I am with you always, to the very end of the age." Matthew 28:16-20

Obviously these eleven disciples could not live for thousands of years. So, this Great Commission depends on passing the mission on to generations upon generations. Please note that Jesus commands that that the "baptizing in the name of the Father, and of the Son and of the Holy Spirit". This is the plural Elohim as described above, Elohim is both plural and singular.

Kim was also called by the Creator to investigate judicial corruption in the Eighth Judicial District Court ("EJDC"). Kim therefore became a volunteer unpaid investigator [which means unofficial] with or for the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline (NCJD"). In this God given role Kim obtained letters of caution from the NCJD against former district judge Rob Bare and former district court judge Douglas Herndon (now justice of the Nevada Supreme Court).

Kim is also an investigative journalist and currently is part of the new media with a Youtube channel and an X(formerly twitter) Kim in fact has a media request before this court.

Kim has been retaliated against for decades because of exercising his rights that are guaranteed under the Constitution of the United States. Especially first amendment rights.

The complaining witness in this matter is an unbalanced woman that has resentment toward Kim and has been looking for an opportunity to vindictively and willfully, retaliate against Kim. This is one who sees evil as good and good as evil:

Isaiah 5 "20 Woe unto them that call evil good, and good evil; that put darkness for light, and light for darkness; that put bitter for sweet, and sweet for bitter!"

FACTS AND ARGUMENT

As stated above Kim was before judge Walker on Feb. 10, 2026. At the hearing before Walker in which the electronic Media was recording, Walker announced that he would be disqualifying himself due to the fact that Walker some many years ago prosecuted Kim as a then City Attorney, under the standard in the Nevada Revised Code of Judicial Conduct 2.11 (The reasonable minds would question a judge's impartiality standard) . Kim objected and represented that Kim believed that Walker would be impartial and waived any rights to challenge Walker's impartiality in the future. This hearing is viewable at Our Nevada Judges <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o69gTuWdZ-I> where there are more than 32 thousand views after nine days.

Kim told Walker that if he did disqualify Kim would challenge this disqualification to a higher court on Mandamus, as Kim had successfully done some 25 years ago in Kim's family court case where Judge Ritchie (who is still on the family court bench) wrongfully disqualified himself and the Nevada Supreme Court agreed, ordered the writ granted and ordered Ritchie back onto Kim's family court case in 2001. See Exhibit A attached. Writ ordered granted. Sadly, because Kim had no family court judge while the mandamus action was pending Kim had months of no visitation with Kim's children of tender years and Kim's children suffered greatly.

Kim further knowing how the Las Vegas Municipal Court seems to have a aversion to writing and signing and filing written orders demanded at the hearing on the 10th that Walker do a written order so that a reviewing court could know with certainty what Kim was challenging with findings of fact and conclusions of law. At first, Walker "balked" then he granted Kim's demand. Walker agreed after Kim pressed Walker to have the order filed before the calendaring on Feb 18, 2026. Kim just received this today Feb.17, 2026 one day before the Feb. 18, 2026

date. See Exhibit C attached

Kim has been on the other side of the equation arguing for disqualification of then Justice Jansen (who also still presides in justice court as a senior judge at the age of 90). Kim obtained the writ of Mandamus on Jansen in January of 1987 some 39 years ago. See Exhibit B attached from the District Court.

Kim therefore has much experience in disqualification law both state and federal. Just as judge Ritchie was proven to have wrongfully disqualified himself Kim believes that Walker has wrongfully disqualified himself. The most important part of the Supreme Court's ruling in the Ritchie mandamus is this passage from exhibit A:

"Given the lack of grounds for disqualification, Judge Ritchie's sworn statement that he has no personal bias against Blandino, and Blandino's request that the case be returned to Judge Ritchie because he is in fact objective and impartial, we perceive no reason why Judge Ritchie cannot or should not preside over the matter. Accordingly, since Blandino has no other plain, speedy and adequate remedy at law, we grant his petition. The clerk of the court shall issue a writ of mandamus compelling Judge Ritchie to preside over the district court proceedings.

It is so ORDERED." (emphasis added)

Kim received the written order just the afternoon before the Feb. 18th hearing. See Exhibit C attached. Walker's order was clear that the instant case was being reassigned to the Chief Judge for further calendaring. Kim appeared before Giordani on Feb 18 at 1:00 p.m.

Kim told Giordani that he was appearing specially and not generally. Giordani refused to allow Kim to make a complete record. Giordani ran the proceeding in violation of the Nevada revised Code of Judicial Conduct ("Code") violating:

Rule 1.1. Compliance With the Law. A judge shall comply with the law, including the Code of Judicial Conduct.

Rule 1.2. Promoting Confidence in the Judiciary. A judge shall act at all times in a manner that promotes public confidence in the independence,

integrity, and impartiality of the judiciary and shall avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety.

“ In this opinion, we emphasize that a *Faretta* canvass must ensure that a defendant decides whether to waive counsel with eyes open. The canvass must safeguard against the unacceptable danger that defendants would choose to represent themselves with an incomplete understanding of the risks they face. Inadequate warnings harm not only the defendant, but also the credibility of our justice system. *Miles v. State*, 137 Nev. 747, 747, 500 P.3d 1263, 1266 (2021)

When a criminal defendant desires to waive the right to counsel, the trial court must ensure that decision is made knowingly and voluntarily. The trial court must conduct a careful canvass and ensure that a defendant understands the risks and disadvantages of self-representation. While no specific questions are constitutionally required, a trial court that learns during the canvass that the defendant may not understand the charges or the potential sentences should address that lack of understanding. *Miles v. State*, 137 Nev. 747, 754, 500 P.3d 1263, 1271 (2021) (emphasis added)

Most of all violated Rule 2.8:

“Rule 2.8. Decorum, Demeanor, and Communication With Jurors.

(A) A judge shall require order and decorum in proceedings before the court.

(B) A judge shall be patient, dignified, and courteous to litigants, jurors, witnesses, lawyers, court staff, court officials, and others with whom the judge deals in an official capacity and shall require similar conduct of lawyers, court staff, court officials, and others subject to the judge’s direction and control.

(C) A judge shall not commend or criticize jurors for their verdict other than in a court order or opinion in a proceeding.” (emphasis added)

Giordani refused to even look at the file because of her bias and deep seated antagonism . If Giordani had looked at the file she would have seen that the court has no jurisdiction in this matter . Yet Giordani’s deep seated antagonism and bias against Kim would not allow her to see.

This type of delusion is prophesied in the Bible:

⁸ And then shall that Wicked be revealed, whom the Lord shall consume with the spirit of his mouth, and shall destroy with the brightness of his coming:

⁹ Even him, whose coming is after the working of Satan with all power and signs and lying wonders,

¹⁰ And with all deceivableness of unrighteousness in them that perish; because they received not the love of the truth, that they might be saved.

¹¹ And for this cause God shall send them strong delusion, that they should believe a lie:

¹² That they all might be damned who believed not the truth, but had pleasure in unrighteousness." 2 Thessalonians 2: 8-12

Kim told the judge that Kim was going to file to disqualify Giordani yet she continued with the hearing as though Kim had said nothing. Giordani tried to bully and rush through the hearing as though she had a wedding to go to or her son's soccer game.

Kim had to "pry out" from Giordani that she was assigning herself to the matter and then did not stop when Kim announced that he would be filing a motion to disqualify her.

NRS 1.235 is clear:

"NRS 1.235 Procedure for disqualifying judges other than Supreme Court justices or judges of the Court of Appeals.

1. Any party to an action or proceeding pending in any court other than the Supreme Court or the Court of Appeals, who seeks to disqualify a judge for actual or implied bias or prejudice must file an affidavit specifying the facts upon which the disqualification is sought. The affidavit must contain a statement that the affidavit is filed in good faith and is not:

- (a) Interposed for delay;
- (b) Intended to harass a judge; or
- (c) Filed for the purpose of:

(1) Unnecessarily increasing the costs of litigation; or

(2) Attempting to prevent prosecution.

2. Except as otherwise provided in subsections 3 and 4, the affidavit must be filed:

(a) Not less than 20 days before the date set for trial or hearing of the case; or

(b) Not less than 3 days before the date set for the hearing of any pretrial matter.

3. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection and subsection 4, if a case is not assigned to a judge before the time required under subsection 2 for filing the affidavit, the affidavit must be filed:

(a) Within 10 days after the party or the party's attorney is notified that the case has been assigned to a judge;

(b) Before the hearing of any pretrial matter; or

(c) Before the jury is empaneled, evidence taken or any ruling made in the trial or hearing,

È whichever occurs first. If the facts upon which disqualification of the judge is sought are not known to the party before the party is notified of the assignment of the judge or before any pretrial hearing is held, the affidavit may be filed not later than the commencement of the trial or hearing of the case."

Here Giordani tried to short circuit the process and assign herself to the case on the 18th and to bully or trick Kim into not filing the motion to disqualify and proceeding forward with a judge that is compromised and not impartial.

The violations of the code by Giordani are too numerous to list here in totality. Kim has been before almost all of the current municipal court judges and has observed all of them as a volunteer unpaid investigator [which means unofficial] working with or for the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline which God called Kim to do. In that capacity Kim has had letters of caution issued by the NCJD against former district court judges Herndon (now Nev. Sup. Ct. justice) and Rob Bare (defeated by current judge Christy Craig).

In the federal Courts there are two avenues to disqualify a federal judge 28 U.S.C. § 455(a).

and 28 U.S.C. § 144. 28 U.S.C. § 144 states this taken from Liteky v. United States, 510 U.S. 540, 544 (1994):

Whenever a party to any proceeding in a district court makes and files a timely and sufficient affidavit that the judge before whom the matter is pending has a personal bias or prejudice either against him or in favor of any adverse party, such judge shall proceed no further therein, but another judge shall be assigned to hear such proceeding.

"The affidavit shall state the facts and the reasons for the belief that bias or prejudice exists, and shall be filed not less than ten days before the beginning of the term at which the proceeding is to be heard, or good cause shall be shown for failure to file it within such time. A party may file only one such affidavit in any case. It shall be accompanied by a certificate of counsel of record stating that it is made in good faith." Liteky v. United States, 510 U.S. 540, 544 (1994)

And 28 U.S.C. § 455(a) stated here in Liteky:

"The 1974 revision made massive changes, so that § 455 now reads as follows:

"(a) Any justice, judge, or magistrate of the United States shall disqualify himself in any proceeding in which his impartiality might reasonably be questioned.

"(b) He shall also disqualify himself in the following circumstances:

"(1) Where he has a personal bias or prejudice concerning a party, or personal knowledge of disputed evidentiary facts concerning the proceeding Liteky v. United States, 510 U.S. 540, 546-47 (1994)"

And:

It is enough for present purposes to say the following: first, judicial rulings alone almost never constitute a valid basis for a bias or partiality motion. See United States v. Grinnell Corp., 384 U.S. 563, 583 (1966). In and of themselves (*i.e.*, apart from surrounding comments or accompanying opinion), they cannot possibly show reliance upon an extrajudicial source, and can only in the rarest circumstances evidence the degree of favoritism or antagonism required (as discussed below) when no extrajudicial source is involved. Almost invariably, they are proper grounds for appeal, not for recusal. Second, opinions formed by the judge on the basis of facts introduced or events occurring in the course of the current proceedings, or of prior proceedings, do not constitute a basis for a bias or partiality motion unless they display a deep-seated favoritism or antagonism that would make fair judgment impossible. Liteky v. United States, 510 U.S. 540, 555 (1994) (emphasis added)

Kim cites the federal case law because the Nevada Supreme Court addressed the Federal case law in *Towbin Dodge, LLC v. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct. of State ex rel. Cnty. of Clark*, 121 Nev.

251, 112 P.3d 1063 (2005) did exactly that as to motions to disqualify:

Federal law contains two separate, independent methods for seeking a judge's disqualification. 28 U.S.C. § 144¹⁶ bears similarities to both NRS 1.235 and SCR 48.1, which governs peremptory challenges. Like NRS 1.235, § 144 applies specifically to the district *259 court and requires the party seeking to disqualify a judge to file an affidavit setting forth the facts and reasons supporting the allegation of bias. But unlike NRS 1.235, which permits the challenged judge to respond, and which requires another judge to determine whether actual or implied bias or prejudice exists, § 144 operates like SCR 48.1, in that the matter is automatically transferred to another judge.¹⁷

The other federal statute concerning judicial disqualification, 28 U.S.C. § 455, is substantially similar to NCJC Canon 3E.¹⁸ Like **1069 Canon 3E, § 455 applies to all justices and judges, and it contains no procedural mechanism for enforcement.¹⁹ Nevertheless, the federal *260 courts follow a procedure whereby a party may move to disqualify a federal judge based on the grounds listed in § 455.²⁰ The federal courts have generally required that such motions be filed as soon as possible after the moving party learns of the grounds for disqualification.²¹ Additionally, the motion should allege facts demonstrating that "the judge's impartiality might reasonably be questioned."²² The motion's allegations are not deemed to be true and may be controverted by the challenged judge.²³ Finally, the challenged judge may elect to decide the motion or to refer the motion to another judge.²⁴

We conclude that the federal procedure provides a convenient method for enforcing Canon 3E in situations when NRS 1.235 does not apply. Thus, if new grounds for a judge's disqualification are discovered after the time limits in NRS 1.235(1) have passed, then a party may file a motion to disqualify based on Canon 3E as soon as possible after becoming aware of the new information. The motion must set forth facts and reasons sufficient to cause a reasonable person to question the judge's impartiality, and the challenged judge may contradict the motion's allegations. We deviate from federal practice in one respect, however. While the federal procedure permits the challenged judge to hear the motion, we share the concerns identified by some federal courts when the challenged judge decides the motion.²⁵ Thus, the motion must be referred to another judge. To the extent that our opinion in *PETA* suggests that motions under the **1070 NCJC must meet timelines contained in other provisions, such as NRS 1.235 or NRAP 35, it is *261 overruled.²⁶ Similarly, our decision in *Matter of Parental Rights as to Oren* is overruled to the extent that it held the

disqualification affidavit in that case timely under NRS 1.235.²⁷ Towbin Dodge, LLC v. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct. of State ex rel. Cnty. of Clark, 121 Nev. 251, 258–61, 112 P.3d 1063, 1068–70 (2005) (emphasis added)

Canon 3 E was changed to Rule 2.11 in the revised code.

In Rippo v. Baker, 137 S. Ct. 905 (2017) the court reiterated the standard in “Withrow v. Larkin, 421 U.S. 35, 47, 95 S.Ct. 1456, 43 L.Ed.2d 712 (1975) ; see Williams v. Pennsylvania, 579 U.S. —, —, 136 S.Ct. 1899, 1905, 195 L.Ed.2d 132 (2016) and stated:

We vacate the Nevada Supreme Court's judgment because it applied the wrong legal standard. Under our precedents, the Due Process Clause may sometimes demand recusal even when a judge “ha[s] no actual bias.” “Aetna Life Ins. Co. v. Lavoie, 475 U.S. 813, 825, 106 S.Ct. 1580, 89 L.Ed.2d 823 (1986) “Recusal is required when, objectively speaking, “the probability of actual bias on the part of the judge or decisionmaker is too high to be constitutionally tolerable.” Rippo v. Baker, 137 S. Ct. 905, 907 (2017) (emphasis added)

And:

“The Nevada Supreme Court did not ask the question our precedents require: whether, considering all the circumstances alleged, the risk of bias was too high to be constitutionally tolerable” Rippo v. Baker, 137 S. Ct. 905, 907 (2017) (emphasis added)

There are apparently at least three separate standards for disqualification

1. That the judge before whom the matter is pending has a personal bias or prejudice either against him or in favor of any adverse party 144
2. “Any justice, judge, or magistrate of the United States shall disqualify himself in any proceeding in which his impartiality might reasonably be questioned.” 455
3. The probability of actual bias on the part of the judge or decisionmaker is too high to be constitutionally tolerable Rippo

Yet the Ninth Circuit even established:

We do not believe that the statutory provisions concerning disqualification are either exhaustive or the exclusive method whereby a judge may be removed from hearing a case. As the Second Circuit decision in United States v. Rob-

it indicates, the appellate court's authority to reassign exists apart from the judicial disqualification statutes. See 553 F.2d at 11. There is simply nothing in the disqualification statutes to prohibit this court from taking appropriate action in the first instance. United States v. Sears, Roebuck Co., Inc., 785 F.2d 777, 780-81 (9th Cir. 1986) (emphasis added)

It must be noted that in Rippo the court in one place states that it is the probability of bias and then the risk of bias was too high to be constitutionally tolerable. Yet the court never quantifies what the percentage of risk or probability is too high. Here in Las Vegas a city based on taking in billions of U.S. bucks on probability by the casinos. They have just about perfected probabilities. At some point a court needs to quantify what is too high a probability to be constitutionally tolerable. Because if a party is denied disqualification he should be able to determine if he wishes to walk away from the "dice table" or court and dismiss his case because he does not wish to gamble with a judge and his bias. Rippo states one thing clearly though when it states:

"the Due Process Clause may sometimes demand recusal even when a judge "has no actual bias." Aetna Life Ins. Co. v. Laviole, 475 U.S. 813, 825, 106 S.Ct. 1580, 89 L.Ed.2d 823 (1986)" Rippo v. Baker, 137 S. Ct. 905, 907 (2017)

Asseveration which is equivalent to Unsworn Declaration in lieu of an affidavit in support of Motion to Disqualify under NRS 1.235

I Kim Blandino do hereby declare under penalty of perjury that this filing is filed in good faith and is not:

(a) Interposed for delay;

(b) Intended to harass a judge; or

(c) Filed for the purpose of:

(1) Unnecessarily increasing the costs of litigation; or

(2) Attempting Prosecution

GIORDANI PREVIOUSLY PROSECUTED KIM AND KIM SPENT TIME IN JAIL IN THAT MATTER AND HAS SHOWN DEEP SEATED ANTAGONISM TOWARD KIM THAT DID COME OUT DURING THIS FEB 18 HEARING

Exhibit D attached is the Case Docket Search for Case # XO1152672 where it clearly shows that there were three different prosecutors assigned to this case against defendant Kim Blandino. On 9/13/2018 prosecutor John Cory filed an opposition. On 10/3/2018 prosecutor Trisha Chapman filed a Motion to extend time to respond. On 10/29/ 2018 Trisha Chapman filed the City's opposition to Emergency Motion

Then on 1/8/2019 Kelly Giordani Bar # 12072 filed an Opposition to Defendant Motion to Disqualify. So contrary to what Giordani said in court that she had not prosecuted Kim she was prosecuting Kim in Case # XO1152672 A/B/C/D/E in 2018-2019. Warrants were later issued and Kim was arrested and jailed. At all times while Giordani was assigned to the case against Kim Giordani had the discretion to drop the prosecution against Kim yet did not because of her bias and deep seated antagonism toward Kim as a prosecutor. Giordani demonstrated that she had disgust for Kim's religious beliefs and practices.

This prior experience Giordani had with Kim is extra judicial. As a prosecutor prosecuting for a Corporate entity called the City of Las Vegas she was required to have favoritism toward the City and Kim contends that Giordani has not in any way lost this favoritism and desires to see Kim prosecuted despite the lack of jurisdiction.

Under any of the standards listed above Giordani must be disqualified. Kim knows with all certainty that Giordani wants Kim in jail no matter what and will do so even though Kim is actually innocent of any crime.

GIORDANI BECAUSE OF HER BIAS AND ANTAGONISM TOWARD KIM FILED AN OPPOSITION TO KIM'S MOTION TO DISQUALIFY IN CASE XO1152672A/B/C/D/E AND THEREFORE IMPERSONATED A RESPONDING JUDGE OR COUNSEL FOR THE JUDGE AS MOTIONS TO DISQUALIFY ARE BETWEEN THE MOVING PARTY AND THE JUDGE

NRS 1.235 and all the case law is clear. A motion to disqualify is a collateral action within the action itself between the judge and the moving party and therefore the City has no standing whatsoever to oppose such a motion. Prosecutor Giordani did not ask for leave to file this opposition or to intervene. Had Kim as a pro se filed an opposition to a City's motion to disqualify a judge, Kim would likely have been sanctioned or declared a vexatious litigant or at the least reprimanded!

This filing of an opposition is and was motivated by bias and deep seated antagonism toward Kim and his right to challenge a judge's impartiality without interference by the party in the main case that is not a party to the disqualification action. The parties to a disqualification action is the party filing the motion to disqualify and the judge sought to be disqualified. If the judge does not oppose they must leave the case.

Giordani not only filed the opposition to Kim's motion to disqualify the transcript Exhibit E shows that Giordani argued for it and stated a jurisdictional argument against Kim's motion to disqualify. See page 5 lines 10-17 of Exhibit E.

THE TRANSCRIPT OF JANUARY 8 2019 SHOWS THAT PROSECUTOR KELLY GIORDANI WAS ACTIVELY INVOLVED IN THE PROSECUTION AGAINST KIM

Kim has a certified copy of the transcript of January 8, 2019 for the case mentioned above this was filed as a supplement to the appeal in district court. This is attached as Exhibit E. Here

Prosecutor Giordani admits she filed an opposition.

Again, if prosecutor Giordani was impartial she could have dropped the prosecution in the case in 2019.

Judge Giordani demonstrated that she wished to prosecute Kim and with this Feb 18 hearing showed that she wishes to be a prosecutor judge against Kim and give Kim only an appearance of being an impartial judge. The deep seated antagonism could not be hidden as Giordani refused to let Kim make a complete record and even ask to continue the matter pending a motion to disqualify. Any impartial judge would say something akin to this at that hearing

Mr. Blandino with the issues you bring up as to you moving to disqualify me and that I was a prosecutor against you some years ago, I will continue this matter for 10 days since I just notified you today that I was assigning myself to this case. Obviously according to case law once a motion to disqualify is filed and served upon me I can not act in the case while the motion to disqualify is pending

The very fact that Giordani did not do this itself points to bias and Giordani's desire to be partial against Kim. Any average judge would have continued the matter. Yet Giordani doubled down and set the matter for pretrial on March 18, 2026 .

KIM HAD ONE OR MORE CONVERSATIONS OUTSIDE THE COURTROOM
WHERE GIORDANI DEMONSTRATED DEEP SEATED ANTAGONISM AND BIAS
AGAINST KIM AND HIS RELIGIOUS BELIEFS AND PRACTICES

Kim had one or more conversations outside the courtroom where Kim told prosecutor Giordani that she would run for judge and win because she was so pretty. That God gave Kim to see this future with Giordani and this future was proven true as Giordani is judge. During the conversation Kim could see that prosecutor Giordani had deep seated bias and antagonism toward Kim in her eyes.

Kim had verbal interchanges with prosecutor Walker and Cory and these interchanges were much different. Kim could tell that Walker and Cory were just doing the job and no such antagonism or bias was present in them and were polite and respectful.

Kim indicated to prosecutor Giordani that she should have babies and not be a judge since

- Kim knew the Code requires:

"Rule 2.1. Giving Precedence to the Duties of Judicial Office. The duties of judicial office, as prescribed by law, shall take precedence over all of a judge's personal and extrajudicial activities."

COMMENT

[1] To ensure that judges are available to fulfill their judicial duties, judges must **conduct their personal** and extrajudicial activities to minimize the risk of conflicts that would result in frequent disqualification. See Canon 3.

[2] Although it is not a duty of judicial office unless prescribed by law, judges are **encouraged to participate in activities that promote public understanding of and confidence in the justice system.**

As query indicates that Judge Giordani has at least one child a son and Kim's religious beliefs and insight indicates that Giordani is neglecting her duty and duties as a mother and wife because of rule 2.1 to some or greater degree. Only Giordani knows the extent of her neglect for her child or children and for that matter neglecting the importance of her marriage.

As many in the court system know Kim must speak and write as the holy spirit gives Kim to speak and write:

Luke 12:11 NIV When you are brought before synagogues, rulers and authorities, do not worry about how you will defend yourselves or what you will say, ¹² for the Holy Spirit will teach you at that time what you should say."

Giordani needs to resign being a judge and take care of her children and make more babies or adopt if that is not possible and fulfill a role that God set for her and not be neglectful of any of

her children. Kim's ex wife did not work outside the home as raising children is not a job that should be contracted out. Kim takes raising and protecting of children very seriously.

Kim prays that Giordani will see that being a full time wife and mother is the most fulfilling role and that it would be so beneficial to all that she resign to fulfill this most important role

A case in point of the collision between judge and caretaker or mother is Valorie Vega and the discipline imposed on her. See Exhibit F attached (**FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER IMPOSING DISCIPLINE**) Valorie Vega was disciplined for not putting her daughter second to her judicial duties. The NCJD stated:

"That during the course of the retrial of Case Number 08-C-249790 described herein, you recessed court in the early afternoon on approximately six (6) occasions; specifically, on or about November 29, December 1, December 6, December 8, 17 December 13 and December 15, 2010; that you did so to enable you to attend your daughter's high school soccer games.

Valorie Vega should have resigned as judge so as not to neglect her daughter and her welfare.

Justice Abbi Silver is quite a contrast to the selfishness of Vega and Giordani. An Ai query shows that Abbi Silver resigned so as to take care of her husband in 2022. This is from Grok.

Yes, Nevada Supreme Court Justice Abbi Silver (often spelled "Abbi Silver") resigned in August 2022 to care for her husband, who was diagnosed with ALS (Lou Gehrig's disease). At the time of her resignation announcement, she cited "unforeseen circumstances" and a desire to spend more time with her family in her letter to Gov. Steve Sisolak. She stepped down effective September 29, 2022, after nearly four years on the high court. She had previously served as a judge at every level of Nevada's judiciary: Las Vegas Municipal Court (elected 2003), Las Vegas Justice Court (2006), Clark County District Court (2008 and reelected 2014), and the Nevada Court of Appeals before her Supreme Court appointment in 2019. Subsequent reports (including a 2025 lawsuit she filed) clarified that her husband, Kirk Jaster, was diagnosed with ALS in February 2022, and she resigned specifically to care for him amid his illness. Jaster passed away in September 2024 from complications of ALS. In September 2025, Silver sued the now-defunct alkaline water company Real Water, alleging its product (which was recalled for containing a toxin) caused or contributed to his ALS and death. This

aligns with her public statements and court filings emphasizing family caregiving as a key reason for leaving the bench. No other prominent Nevada figure named Abby/Silver appears tied to a similar resignation story. If this relates to your ongoing court matters (e.g., context on judicial backgrounds or family priorities in Nevada courts), let me know for more details!

This was and is admirable and noble. Had Silver stayed on the bench she would have been in conflict with the Code. God does reward integrity and unselfishness that Abbi demonstrated.

Kim points out because the holy spirit prompts Kim to write this. Kim can now see God's purpose in the series of events that brought this wrongful charge then assigned to Walker who wrongfully disqualified himself and then brought to Giordani's court so that Kim could plead for Giordani's children and potential children. You Giordani must resign your judicial office as soon as possible and take care of your loved ones. Judge Andres Tobiasson ("Tobiasson") committed suicide because she rejected God's prompting and committed a crime only one rung short of murder. That being self murder.

Kim saw Tobiasson at the Omlet House after attorney Bill Terry had left her defense of NCJD charges and tried to talk sense to Tobiasson. Yet she closed her ears. God had choreographed this meeting before Tobiasson committed suicide.

Both judge Tobiasson and Judge Michelle Leavitt have had trouble with their children. An Ai Grok query shows this:

"Yes, two Nevada state court judges—Melanie Andress-Tobiasson (former Las Vegas Justice of the Peace) and Michelle Leavitt (Clark County District Court Judge)—faced public scrutiny and controversy involving their daughters' alleged connections to prostitution and related issues in Las Vegas around 2015–2018. These matters were widely reported in local media (e.g., Nevada Current, Las Vegas Review-Journal, KLAS-TV) and tied into broader scandals involving alleged underage sex trafficking, pimping, and judicial ethics probes. Here's a breakdown: Melanie Andress-Tobiasson (often referred to as Melanie Tobiasson) Her teenage daughter (Sarah, then 16) began frequenting and briefly working at a hip-hop clothing store called Top Knotch (or Top Notch), which

- Tobiasson alleged was a front for an unlicensed club involving underage drinking, drugs, and prostitution.
- Tobiasson claimed a pimp named Shane Valentine attempted to recruit her daughter into his prostitution ring. She reported this to police (LVMPD Vice), but felt they were unresponsive or corrupt.
- This led Tobiasson to personally investigate, including staking out locations, threatening Valentine, and allegedly interfering in related cases (e.g., a 2016 double homicide at Top Knotch where Valentine was a person of interest).
- The situation escalated into ethics complaints against her by the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline (charges filed around 2018–2020), accusing her of abusing judicial prestige, allowing family interests to influence her conduct, and improper involvement in investigations.
- Tobiasson went public in 2018 (e.g., KLAS-TV interview), alleging pimps targeted daughters of judges and law enforcement. She resigned in 2021 to settle the ethics probe (avoiding a full hearing) and died by suicide in 2023.
- Michelle Leavitt (Clark County District Court Judge)
- Her daughter (Morgan Leavitt, also known as Morgan Fitzpatrick or Morgan Leavitt-Fitzpatrick) was reportedly involved with the same alleged pimp, Shane Valentine, and connected to the Top Knotch scene.
- Reports (e.g., Nevada Current 2018 article) described Morgan as part of Valentine's "stable" (group of women in prostitution), including her testifying in a domestic violence case involving Valentine (where she alleged being beaten).
- This connection was raised in a 2018–2019 criminal case (Marlon Brown trial, where Leavitt presided), with defense attorneys alleging bias due to her daughter's ties to Valentine (who knew Brown) and a related domestic violence incident. Leavitt later recused herself from a related matter citing "appearance of impropriety."
- Leavitt and her family (including brother Andrew Leavitt) denied or called the allegations "blatantly false and defamatory." No formal judicial discipline resulted directly from the daughter issues, though Leavitt had a prior 2015 public reprimand for unrelated conduct (improperly jailing someone). Both cases overlapped around the Top Knotch/Valentine ring, with Tobiasson publicly referencing Leavitt's daughter in interviews and police memos (warning that pimps targeted judges' kids). These were high-profile Las Vegas stories involving sex trafficking concerns, but also led to significant backlash against the judges for how they handled (or publicized) family matters."

Therefore, Kim pleads that Giordani not neglect her children and the God given role that she has been given. It is much better to resign now and do that most important job as full time wife and

mother. Please Giordani do not end up with troubled and wayward children and a suffering soul.

"What good is it for someone to gain the whole world, yet forfeit their soul? ³⁷ Or what can anyone give in exchange for their soul?"

At present Giordani because Kim holds and held this position of deep seated antagonism toward Kim and/or the risk of bias is too great because of your vindictive prosecution of Kim must not challenge this motion to disqualify and let this case be transferred at the very least. However, should Giordani immediately resign and do her full duty to her family then the Angels in Heaven will rejoice as they most likely did when Abbi chose to resign to take care of her husband and leave her judgeship behind. Kim knows that Giordani's conscience must trouble her for neglecting her family. Please Giordani fulfill your God given duties.

Kim still has to file for an extraordinary writ petition to challenge Walker's disqualification so the case will go back to Walker as Kim's family Court Case went back to Ritchie in 2001 when Kim had mandamus granted.

This deep seated antagonism and/or bias of the past being carried into the future as seen in the Feb 18, hearing is obvious. Kim has no resentment nor hatred of Giordani and wishes her well and that she will do the most right and decent thing.

CONCLUSION

Kim pleads that Giordani will take care of her child and children to be and resign her judgeship and do the most important job in the world that of wife and full time mother. If done you would not in any way regret this decision.

Yet in any event Giordani cannot proceed forward in this case against Kim and must be disqualified at the least Giordani must allow the case this case to be transferred pending a reviewing court ordering Walker back on the case as originally assigned.

In the alternative such other relief as is proper and just must be done.

DATED this 24th day of February, 2026.



Kim Blandino
C/O 441 N 16th
Las Vegas Nevada 89101
702 219-5657
Kim,43792@earthlink.net

Asseveration which is equivalent to Unsworn Declaration in lieu of an affidavit in support of Motion to Disqualify under NRS 1.235

I Kim Blandino state under penalty of perjury that I am over 70 years of age (outside the womb) and have read the foregoing and the same is true and correct except as to those matters of belief and belief and as to those matters Kim believes them to be true. And that:

I Kim Blandino do hereby declare under penalty of perjury that this filing is filed in good faith and is not:

(d) Interposed for delay;

(e) Intended to harass a judge; or

(f) Filed for the purpose of :

(3) Unnecessarily increasing the costs of litigation; or

(4) Attempting prosecution

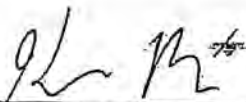
1. That this filing is not made to vex, harass, delay or made in bad faith nor for any improper purpose. Anyone saying any differently is lying through their teeth.

2. That any and all exhibits are true and correct and authentic according to FRE 901 and the state rules of evidence.

3. Kim prepared this at breakneck speed and would ask that any spelling and or grammar issues are excuse

I declare under penalty of perjury that I have read the foregoing and the same is true and correct.

DATED this 24th day of February, 2026.


KIM BLANDINO PRO SE #363075
C/O 441 N 16TH ST
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
(702) 219-5657
No Fax
Kim43792@earthlink.net

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY certify that service of the MOTION TO DISQUALIFY JUDGE GIORDANI
IN ACCORD WITH NRS 1.230, 1.25 AND/OR RULE 2.11 IN OF THE NEVADA
REVISED CODE OF JUDICIAL CONDUCT (REASONABLE MINDS WOULD
QUESTION STANDARD)AND/OR Rippo v. Baker, 580 U.S. 285, 137 S. Ct. 905, 197 L. Ed.
2d 376 (2017) (RISK OF BIAS STANDARD) AND/OR (THE DEEP SEATED
ANTAGONISM STANDARD) was accomplished on February 24, 2026 by delivering a copy
to:



Kim Blandino
C/O 441 N 16th
Las Vegas Nevada 89101
702 219-5657
Kim 43792@earthlink.net

EXHIBIT A

EXHIBIT A

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

KIM BLANDINO,

No. 38531

Petitioner,

vs.

THE EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT
COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA,
IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF
CLARK, AND THE HONORABLE T.
ARTHUR RITCHIE, JR., DISTRICT
JUDGE, FAMILY COURT DIVISION,

Respondents.

FILED

DEC 17 2001

JANETTE M. BLOOM
CLERK OF SUPREME COURT
BY *[Signature]*
CHIEF DEPUTY CLERK

ORDER GRANTING PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDAMUS

Kim Blandino, through this proper person petition for a writ of mandamus or prohibition, challenges Judge Ritchie's recusal of himself in the underlying family court case. In response to this court's October 10, 2001 order, Judge Ritchie has filed an answer giving his reasons for recusing himself. Having considered the petition, answer and other documents submitted by the parties,¹ we conclude that our intervention is warranted.

As a general rule, judges have a duty to preside over matters assigned to them to the conclusion of all proceedings, absent a statute, court rule, ethical standard or other compelling reason to the contrary.² A judge is presumed to be impartial, and here, Judge Ritchie asserts that he is in fact impartial. Judge Ritchie recused himself "[t]o avoid the appearance of impropriety and implied bias."

Judge Ritchie's first reason is derived from the Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct's directive, in Canon 2, that "a judge shall avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety in all of the judge's

¹Although petitioner was not granted leave to file papers in proper person, see NRAP 46(b), we have considered all documents received from petitioner.

²Las Vegas Downtown Redev. v. Dist. Ct., 116 Nev. 640, 5 P.3d 1059 (2000); Ham v. District Court, 93 Nev. 409, 566 P.2d 420 (1977); NCJC Canon 3(B)(1).

01-21127

activities." However, we have held that NCJC Canon 2 does not in and of itself serve as grounds for a judge's disqualification.³ Instead, we must consider whether there are grounds to disqualify the judge under NCJC Canon 3(E)(1).⁴

NCJC Canon 3(E)(1) requires that a judge disqualify himself "in a proceeding in which the judge's impartiality might reasonably be questioned," such as when the judge has a personal bias or prejudice concerning a party or a party's lawyer, or personal knowledge of disputed facts, or has served as a lawyer or material witness in the matter, or has a specific conflict from which bias may be implied. The Commentary explains that a judge is disqualified whenever the judge's impartiality might reasonably be questioned, regardless whether any of the specific rules in Canon 3E(1) apply. The Commentary further explains that a judge should disclose on the record information that the judge believes the parties or their lawyers might reasonably consider relevant to the question of disqualification, even if the judge believes there is no real basis for disqualification. Here, none of the specific rules in Canon 3(E)(1) apply. Judge Ritchie states that he is impartial, and no party has questioned his impartiality—even after he disclosed that he had heard unfavorable comments about Blandino. There is no basis for disqualification under NCJC Canon 3(E)(1).

Judge Ritchie's second reason is derived from NRS 1.230(2), which disqualifies a judge for implied bias if the judge (a) is a party to or interested in the matter, (b) is related to a party, (c) has represented a party in the matter, or (d) is related to a party's attorney, and NRS 1.230(3), which permits a judge to disqualify himself for implied bias. However, Judge Ritchie has not identified any reason for implying bias under the statute.

Given the lack of grounds for disqualification, Judge Ritchie's sworn statement that he has no personal bias against Blandino, and Blandino's request that the case be returned to Judge Ritchie because he is in fact objective and impartial, we perceive no reason why Judge Ritchie cannot or should not preside over the matter. Accordingly, since Blandino

³Las Vegas Downtown Redev., 116 Nev. at 644, 5 P.3d at 1061-62.

⁴Id. at 644, 5 P.3d at 1062.

has no other plain, speedy and adequate remedy at law, we grant his petition. The clerk of the court shall issue a writ of mandamus compelling Judge Ritchie to preside over the district court proceedings.⁵

It is so ORDERED.⁶

Young J.
Young

Agosti J.
Agosti

Leavitt J.
Leavitt

cc: Hon. T. Arthur Ritchie Jr., District Judge, Family Court Division
Clark County District Attorney
Kim Blandino
Peter J. Bellon
Clark County Clerk

⁵We vacate the administrative order assigning this case to Judge Papez.

⁶We deny petitioner's motions for other relief. We decline to publish our decision in this matter. Because the filing fee was waived, petitioner's motion to proceed in forma pauperis is moot. The motion to expedite is also moot. Finally, the motion for visitation should be addressed to the district court.

EXHIBIT B

EXHIBIT B

1 CASE NO.

2 DEPT NO.

FILED

JAN 27 1987

3
4 IN THE EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF
5 NEVADA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF CLARK

6
7 KIM BLANDINO,

8 PETITIONER,

9 vs.

10 JUDGE WILLIAM JANSEN

11 JUSTICE COURT DEPT. 5

12 RESPONDENT.

WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

13
14 The District Court of the State of Nevada to the
15 Justice Court of Las Vegas Township County of Clark Dept 5
16 and to the Honorable William Jansen Judge thereof,
17 GREETING:

18 WHEREAS, the petitioner in the above entitled action
19 having duly filed its Petition for a Writ of Habeas Corpus, with
20 points, authorities and allegations before this Court on
21 the ____ day of JAN 23 1987, 19____, Petitioner alleges
22 you have not transferred the matter of reckless driving and
23 unlawful use of drivers license case 2380-86t to another
24 dept of court or to request another justice to proceed
25 with the matter as required by N.R.S. 1.235.

26 NOW, THEREFORE, we, being willing that justice
27 should be done in this behalf to petitioner, do command
28

1 you to proceed no further with the above-mentioned matters
2 or any other matters surrounding the petitioner or
3 connected to this case and to transfer to another dept.
4 of the court or to request the judge of another court to
5 preside at any further hearings about the above-mentioned
6 charges, case no. 2380-B6t, Or in the alternative to
7 appear before this Court with this writ on the 9th day
8 of Feb 1987 and show cause why this matter
9 should not be transferred to another Dept. of the court or
10 another judge be requested by you to hear this matter.

11 ~~this matter on the _____ day of _____, 1987~~ (2)

12 WITNESS the Honorable EABLE W. WHITE, JR.
13 Justice of the Eighth Judicial District Court of the State
14 of Nevada in and for the County of Clark and attested by
15 my hand and seal this _____ day of JAN 23 1987, 19_____.

16 LORETTA HOWMAN

17 Clerk of the district Court
18 of the State of Nevada

19 *[Handwritten signature of Loretta Howman]*
20
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22
23
24
25

26 CERTIFIED COPY
27 DOCUMENT ATTACHED IS A
28 TRUE AND CORRECT COPY
OF THE ORIGINAL ON FILE
[Handwritten signature]
CLERK OF THE COURT

JUL 24 2010

EXHIBIT C

EXHIBIT C

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**LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

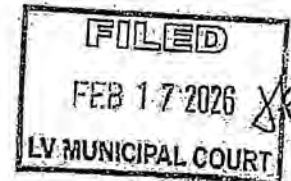
CITY OF LAS VEGAS,
Plaintiff,

vs.

KIM BLANDINO
ID # 0363075

Defendant,

CASE NO. 26-005437
DEPT.: 1



**ORDER DISQUALIFYING JUDGE WALKER AND ASSIGNING THE
MATTER TO CHIEF JUDGE FOR FURTHER CALENDARING**

The above captioned matter was brought before this court for arraignment on February 10, 2026. The Plaintiff, City of Las Vegas, was represented by Deputy City Attorney Christopher Jones, and the Defendant, Kim Blandino (hereinafter the Defendant) appeared pro se.

The Court advised both parties that while it did not harbor any actual bias or prejudice concerning the defendant, that it had previously represented the City of Las Vegas in a criminal prosecution against the Defendant which proceeded to trial resulting in the Defendant's conviction.

The Court further noted that the Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct Rule 2.11 requires that "a judge shall disqualify himself or herself in any proceeding in which the judge's impartiality might reasonably be questioned";

THE COURT HEREBY FINDS that its impartiality might reasonably be questioned given its prior prosecution of the Defendant;

///

///

1 THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that pursuant to the Nevada Code
2 of Judicial Conduct Rule 2.11, Judge Walker is disqualified from hearing this matter
3 and the matter shall be reassigned to Chief Judge Giordani for further calendaring.
4

5
6 DATED this 17th day of February, 2026
7

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9 

10 JUDGE MATTHEW WALKER
11 LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT, Dept. 1
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EXHIBIT D

EXHIBIT D

Case Docket Search



Las Vegas Municipal Court
100 E. Clark Ave.
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
38-COURT (702-382-6878)

Mailing Address:
P.O. Box 3920
Las Vegas, Nevada 89127

DOCKET

THE CITY OF LAS VEGAS

Plaintiff,

vs.

KIM BLANDINO

Defendant

Case Number: **X01152672**

History Number: **65295**

SCOPE: **0363075**

Violation Date: **3/8/2018**

Case Status: **CLOSED**

Status Date: **6/18/2019**

Next Court Date: **N/A**

Case Proceeding

Date	Proceeding
4/23/2018 8:00 AM	Dept 1 19 Counters - Translation
4/23/2018 8:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 04/23/2018 08:00 - 19 Counters - Arraignment
5/3/2018 2:35 PM	Scheduled: Dept 1 05/03/2018 14:35 - - Arraignment
5/3/2018 2:35 PM	Dept 1 - Translation
6/4/2018 8:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 06/04/2018 08:00 - 19 Counters - Arraignment
6/4/2018 8:00 AM	Dept 1 19 Counters - Translation
6/11/2018 10:00 AM	Dept 1 - Translation
6/11/2018 10:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 06/11/2018 10:00 - - Arraignment
7/25/2018 9:00 AM	Dept 1 Trial - Traffic - Translation
7/25/2018 9:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 07/25/2018 09:00 - Trial - Traffic - Trial
8/27/2018 11:29 AM	Miscellaneous: MOTION TO DISMISS Submitted by Defendant
8/28/2018 9:00 AM	Dept 1 Trial - Traffic - Translation
8/28/2018 9:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 08/28/2018 09:00 - Trial - Traffic - Trial
8/28/2018 9:40 AM	Correction: MOTIONS DENIED
8/28/2018 1:58 PM	Miscellaneous: EMERGENCY NOTICE OF CORRECTION Submitted by Defendant

2/11/2019, 7:38 PM

City of Las Vegas > Government > Municipal Court > Case Docket Search

Date	Proceeding
8/29/2018 7:24 AM	Miscellaneous: EMERGENCY MOTION TO DISQUALIFY JUDGE FEDERICO Submitted by Defendant
9/11/2018 8:00 AM	Dept 1 Motion - Translation
9/11/2018 8:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 09/11/2018 08:00 - Motion - Motion
9/13/2018 8:58 AM	Miscellaneous: OPPOSITION Submitted by City Attorney CORY, JOHN Bar# 13089
9/18/2018 8:13 AM	Miscellaneous: 2nd notice of Appeal Submitted by Defendant
9/26/2018 12:18 PM	Miscellaneous: DEMAND THE COURT COMPLY Submitted by Defendant
9/26/2018 12:19 PM	Miscellaneous: DEMAND ISSUE PROPER JUDGEMENT Submitted by Defendant
9/27/2018 2:35 PM	Dept 1 - Translation
9/27/2018 2:35 PM	Scheduled: Dept 1 09/27/2018 14:35 - - Execution of Judgement
10/3/2018 11:12 AM	Miscellaneous: MTN TO ESTEND TIME TO RESPOND Submitted by City Attorney CHAPMAN, TRISHA Bar# 12716
10/3/2018 2:44 PM	* MOTION TO EXTEND TIME TO RESPOND
10/10/2018 8:17 AM	Correction: MOTION TO CONTINUE BY CA GRANTED
10/29/2018 2:41 PM	Miscellaneous: CITYS OPPO TO EMERG MOTION Submitted by City Attorney CHAPMAN, TRISHA Bar# 12716
11/6/2018 8:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 11/06/2018 08:00 - Motion - Motion
11/6/2018 8:00 AM	Dept 1 Motion - Translation
12/6/2018 8:00 AM	Dept 1 19 Counters - Translation
12/6/2018 8:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 12/06/2018 08:00 - 19 Counters - Execution of Judgement
12/10/2018 2:35 PM	Scheduled: Dept 1 12/10/2018 14:35 - - Execution of Judgement
12/10/2018 2:35 PM	Dept 1 - Translation
1/8/2019 8:21 AM	Miscellaneous: OPP TO DEF MOTION TO DISQUALIFY Submitted by City Attorney GIORDANI, KELLY Bar# 12072
1/8/2019 8:27 AM	Correction: MOTION TO DISQUALIFY HEARING COMMISSIONER
1/8/2019 2:35 PM	Scheduled: Dept 1 01/08/2019 14:35 - - Status Check
1/8/2019 2:35 PM	Dept 1 - Translation
1/23/2019 8:30 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 01/23/2019 08:30 - Status Check - Status Check
1/23/2019 8:30 AM	Dept 1 Status Check - Translation
1/23/2019 8:46 AM	Motion: Place on Calendar Denied
1/23/2019 8:47 AM	Correction: MOTION DENIED
1/23/2019 9:15 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 01/23/2019 09:15 - Motion - Motion

2/11/26, 7:36 PM

City of Las Vegas > Government > Municipal Court > Case Docket Search

Date	Proceeding
1/23/2019 9:15 AM	Dept 1 Motion - Translation
3/26/2019 8:43 AM	Motion to Place on Calendar Submitted by City Attorney CHAPMAN, TRISHA Bar# 12716
4/4/2019 10:47 AM	Miscellaneous: MOT TO DISQUALIFY HEARING COMMISSIONER Submitted by Defendant
4/8/2019 8:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 04/08/2019 08:00 - Motion - Motion
4/8/2019 8:00 AM	Dept 1 Motion - Translation
4/8/2019 8:49 AM	Motion: Place on Calendar Granted
4/8/2019 9:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 04/08/2019 09:00 - - Status Check
4/8/2019 9:00 AM	Dept 1 - Translation
5/9/2019 8:00 AM	Dept 1 Video/48 hr BH - Translation
5/9/2019 8:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 05/09/2019 08:00 - Video/48 hr BH - Status Check
5/9/2019 4:24 PM	Motion to Place on Calendar Submitted by Defendant
5/29/2019 10:41 AM	Warrant Issued
5/29/2019 10:41 AM	Warrant Issued
5/29/2019 10:41 AM	Warrant Issued
5/29/2019 10:42 AM	Warrant Issued
5/29/2019 10:42 AM	Warrant Issued
5/29/2019 10:42 AM	Reason for removing multiple calendared event: Motion-Filer No Show
6/6/2019 3:27 PM	Warrant Cancelled (ARRESTED)
6/6/2019 3:27 PM	Warrant Cancelled (ARRESTED)
6/10/2019 8:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 06/10/2019 08:00 - Video/48 hr BH - Status Check
6/10/2019 8:00 AM	Dept 1 Video/48 hr BH - Translation
6/10/2019 8:31 AM	ATTORNEY ASSIGNED: YANEZ, ABEL - BAR No 7566

Count 1

Original Violation	Current/Final Violation	Disposition	Disposed Date
Unlawful Use Of Cell Phone Or Handheld Device (Civil-484B.165)	Unlawful Use Of Cell Phone Or Handheld Device (Civil-484B.165)	Liable	8/28/2018 12:00 AM

Date	Proceedings
3/12/2018 7:53 AM	Charge Filed
3/12/2018 7:53 AM	Case Created
6/11/2018 12:00 AM	Plea Added - Not Guilty

2/11/26, 7:36 PM

City of Las Vegas > Government > Municipal Court > Case Docket Search

Date	Proceedings
8/28/2018 12:00 AM	Disposition: Uncontested - Civil Traffic Before Hearing Liable
9/5/2018 11:46 AM	Misdemeanor Appeal Form Filed Accepted

Count 2

Original Violation	Current/Final Violation	Disposition	Disposed Date
Driving Without Valid License (Traffic-10.02.010)	Driving Without Valid License (Traffic-10.02.010)	Found Guilty	8/28/2018 12:00 AM

Date	Proceedings
3/12/2018 7:53 AM	Charge Filed
3/12/2018 7:53 AM	Case Created
6/11/2018 12:00 AM	Plea Added - Not Guilty
8/28/2018 12:00 AM	Disposition: Before Trial Found Guilty
9/5/2018 11:46 AM	Misdemeanor Appeal Form Filed Accepted

Count 3

Original Violation	Current/Final Violation	Disposition	Disposed Date
No Nv Lic Plts W/In 30 Days Residency (Traffic-482.385)	No Nv Lic Plts W/In 30 Days Residency (Traffic-482.385)	Found Guilty	8/28/2018 12:00 AM

Date	Proceedings
3/12/2018 7:53 AM	Case Created
3/12/2018 7:53 AM	Charge Filed
6/11/2018 12:00 AM	Plea Added - Not Guilty
8/28/2018 12:00 AM	Disposition: Before Trial Found Guilty
9/5/2018 11:46 AM	Misdemeanor Appeal Form Filed Accepted

Count 4

Original Violation	Current/Final Violation	Disposition	Disposed Date
No Nevada Drivers Lic Within 30 Days (Civil-10.02.020)	No Nevada Drivers Lic Within 30 Days (Civil-10.02.020)	Liable	8/28/2018 12:00 AM

Date	Proceedings
3/12/2018 7:53 AM	Charge Filed
3/12/2018 7:53 AM	Case Created
6/11/2018 12:00 AM	Plea Added - Not Guilty

2/11/26, 7:36 PM

City of Las Vegas > Government > Municipal Court > Case Docket Search

Date	Proceedings
8/28/2018 12:00 AM	Disposition: Uncontested - Civil Traffic Before Hearing Liabile
9/5/2018 11:46 AM	Misdemeanor Appeal Form Filed Accepted

Count 5

Original Violation	Current/Final Violation	Disposition	Disposed Date
Operator - Proof of Insurance Required (Traffic-10.02.010)	Operator - Proof of Insurance Required (Traffic-10.02.010)	Found Guilty	8/28/2018 12:00 AM

Date	Proceedings
3/12/2018 7:53 AM	Case Created
3/12/2018 7:53 AM	Charge Filed
6/11/2018 12:00 AM	Plea Added - Not Guilty
8/28/2018 12:00 AM	Disposition: Before Trial Found Guilty
9/5/2018 11:46 AM	Misdemeanor Appeal Form Filed Accepted

Fines, Fees & Sentencing

Description	Due	Status/Paid	Balance	Completed Date
Fine	\$115.00	Imposed	0	6/10/2019
Fine	\$308.00	Imposed	0	6/10/2019
Fine	\$750.00	Imposed	0	6/10/2019
Fine	\$208.00	Imposed	0	6/10/2019
Fine	\$478.00	Imposed	0	6/10/2019
Jail (5 Days CTS)	5 - Days	Imposed	0	6/18/2019
Jail (5 Days CTS)	5 - Days	Imposed	0	6/18/2019
Jail (5 Days CTS)	5 - Days	Imposed	0	6/18/2019
Jail (5 Days CTS)	5 - Days	Imposed	0	6/18/2019
Jail (5 Days CTS)	5 - Days	Imposed	0	6/18/2019

EXHIBIT E

EXHIBIT E

Electronically Filed
01/29/2019

Heather S. Quinn
CLERK OF THE COURT

**DISTRICT COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

CITY OF LAS VEGAS)
)
PLAINTIFF,)
VS.)
)
BLANDINO, KIM DENNIS)
DEFENDANT.)
)
_____)

CASE: C-18-334876-A
DEPARTMENT: 2
DOCKET:

SUPPLEMENT TO APPEAL

2019 JAN 22 AM 7:08
Cee
MUNICIPAL COURT
LAS VEGAS
FILED

MUNICIPAL COURT
LAS VEGAS, NEVADA

THE CITY OF LAS VEGAS) CASE NO. X01152672A/B/C/D/E
Plaintiff,) DEPT. 20
vs.)
KIM BLANDINO,)
Defendant.)

BEFORE THE HONORABLE SHANNON NORSTROM,
TRAFFIC COMMISSIONER

TRANSCRIPT RE: STATUS CHECK

JANUARY 8, 2010

APPEARANCES:

The Plaintiff: THE CITY OF LAS VEGAS
For the Plaintiff: KELLY GIORDANI, ESQ.
200 Lewis Avenue
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

The Defendant: KIM BLANDINO
Pro Se

1 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA

JANUARY 8, 2010

2
3 PROCEEDINGS

4
5 (AREAS INDISCERNIBLE DUE TO SIMULTANEOUS SPEAKING.)
6

7 THE CLERK: On record.

8 City versus Kim Blandino, Case No.

9 X01152672A/B/C/D and E.

10 THE DEFENDANT: Kim Blandino --

11 THE COURT: Thank you.

12 THE DEFENDANT: -- appearing pro se for Kim
13 Blandino.

14 I'd like to make note administratively that the
15 sign had alternate judge up there last time I was in this
16 courtroom, and now that it's been changed properly to
17 hearing commissioner.

18 THE COURT: Well, Sir, you know, it just so
19 happens that the hearing commissioner one took a little bit
20 longer to come in.

21 THE DEFENDANT: Okay.

22 THE COURT: So, that's all.

23 THE DEFENDANT: Um, can I --

24 THE COURT: So --

1 THE DEFENDANT: -- I --
2 THE COURT: No, I'm --
3 THE DEFENDANT: -- I understand that some --
4 THE COURT: -- I'm going to start. Thank you.
5 THE DEFENDANT: Okay.
6 THE COURT: So, Sir, you have a Motion to
7 Disqualify me as the hearing commissioner. I cannot hear a
8 Motion to Disqualify me.
9 THE DEFENDANT: True.
10 THE COURT: So your matter is going to be sent up
11 to Department 1 to be resolved up there.
12 THE DEFENDANT: And the two thirty-five, ah,
13 schedule that we have for today -- a two thirty-five, that's
14 vacated?
15 THE COURT: What's your two thirty-five for?
16 THE DEFENDANT: It was a status check.
17 MS. GIORDANI: And, Judge, I --
18 THE COURT: Well, that probably --
19 MS. GIORDANI: -- (indiscernible) --
20 THE COURT: -- related to the --
21 MS. GIORDANI: -- on appeal.
22 THE COURT: -- to the appeal.
23 What's the status of your appeal upstairs?
24 I recall --

1 THE DEFENDANT: They're -- they're still --
2 THE COURT: -- last time --
3 THE DEFENDANT: -- they're still waiting.
4 MS. GIORDANI: Judge, it's my --
5 THE COURT: Okay.
6 THE DEFENDANT: (Indiscernible) --
7 MS. GIORDANI: -- understanding --
8 THE DEFENDANT: -- (indiscernible) scuse.
9 MS. GIORDANI: -- he'll have a court date here
10 pretty soon.
11 He has yet to order transcripts, which is
12 something that needs to be taken care --
13 THE DEFENDANT: No, I did --
14 MS. GIORDANI: -- of upstairs.
15 THE DEFENDANT: -- the (indiscernible)
16 transcripts.
17 THE COURT: Please don't --
18 MS. GIORDANI: Okay.
19 THE COURT: -- argue with the City Attorney.
20 THE DEFENDANT: Just --
21 MS. GIORDANI: Ah --
22 THE DEFENDANT: -- correcting the record.
23 THE COURT: You can have a seat. Just have a
24 seat.

1 THE DEFENDANT: Okay.

2 THE COURT: Right there. You can sit at the
3 table.

4 Counsel, go ahead.

5 MS. GIORDANI: Judge, I have filed -- just to step
6 back a few -- I did file an opposition this morning. I will
7 provide a stamped copy -- they're still being stamped right
8 now -- to Mr. Blandino.

9 THE COURT: Okay.

10 MS. GIORDANI: Um, as The Court's aware, the five
11 cases, ah, before Your Honor, in reference to that Motion to
12 Disqualify, are currently on appeal.

13 So it is the City's position, which we will
14 reiterate upstairs now in Department 1, that This Court and
15 Department 1 lacks jurisdiction to hear this motion, um, as
16 the cases are currently up on appeal. However, I did
17 include an argument to all the points that were raised by --

18 THE COURT: Okay.

19 MS. GIORDANI: -- Mr. Blandino.

20 THE COURT: And that is why we put it out, because
21 it was still pending upstairs.

22 MS. GIORDANI: Yes --

23 THE COURT: But given --

24 MS. GIORDANI: -- it is.

1 THE COURT: -- the motion that has been filed, I
2 would not hear Mr. Blandino's matter until after the motion
3 is resolved in any event.

4 So, Mr. Blandino, your status check this afternoon
5 is vacated. You will be given notice when it is reset.

6 THE DEFENDANT: Can I just reply --

7 THE COURT: You're all done.

8 THE DEFENDANT: -- to what the City Attorney said?

9 THE COURT: No. She gave me a factual update on
10 the status of --

11 THE DEFENDANT: I need to enter --

12 THE COURT: -- what's --

13 THE DEFENDANT: -- an objection.

14 THE COURT: -- going on.

15 I -- I don't believe you do.

16 THE DEFENDANT: Well, I object to --

17 THE COURT: I don't believe you do.

18 THE DEFENDANT: -- you not being -- giving me time
19 to make a record.

20 THE COURT: Sir, this isn't even really a formal
21 hearing. Your -- I can't hear your motion. She verified
22 that your --

23 THE DEFENDANT: Oh, I understand that.

24 THE COURT: -- your appeal is still pending, so

1 there's nothing more really to talk about --

2 THE DEFENDANT: But I need to --

3 THE COURT: -- right now.

4 THE DEFENDANT: -- object to what she represented.

5 Every time there's a -- it goes in threes. There's the --
6 the moving party and then we have a response and then have a
7 reply. And if you're not going to allow me to make a reply
8 --

9 THE COURT: This --

10 THE DEFENDANT: -- I think that's not -- not
11 proper.

12 THE COURT: Sir, you just made your reply.

13 THE DEFENDANT: I want it directly to the points
14 that she made.

15 THE COURT: Was there something she said that's
16 inaccurate? Is your appeal still not -- is it not pending
17 right now?

18 THE DEFENDANT: She said that I had not -- I had
19 not ordered the transcript.

20 (MS. GIORDANI HANDS DOCUMENTATION TO DEFENDANT.)

21 And I did demand a transcript (indiscernible) to
22 the statute. So to use a term of art --

23 THE COURT: Well, it hasn't --

24 THE DEFENDANT: -- it's ordered --

1 THE COURT: -- been submitted yet. So the
2 information --

3 THE DEFENDANT: Okay. Then that's --

4 THE COURT: -- she has --

5 THE DEFENDANT: -- correct. Then that's --

6 THE COURT: -- is that there --

7 THE DEFENDANT: -- actually correct.

8 THE COURT: -- is no transcript filed at this
9 time.

10 THE DEFENDANT: That's true.

11 THE COURT: The bottom line, Sir, is your appeal
12 is still pending.

13 THE DEFENDANT: True.

14 THE COURT: So there will be no hearing today.

15 THE DEFENDANT: True.

16 THE COURT: Okay. We are done.

17 THE DEFENDANT: Okay.

18 THE COURT: Thank you.

19 THE DEFENDANT: Thank you.

20 THE COURT: You're welcome.

21 MS. GIORDANI: This one's for you.

22 May I give this to you, Judge? This one --

23 THE COURT: Uh-huh.

24 MS. GIORDANI: -- will just be with the file.

1 This is that opposition that I just served upon Mr.
2 Blandino.

3 (DEFENDANT EXITS COURTROOM.)

4 THE COURT: Ah, all right.

5 There you go (indiscernible).

6 (THE COURT HANDS DOCUMENTATION TO COURT CLERK.)

7

8 * * * * *

9

10 ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and
11 correctly transcribed the video proceedings in the above-
12 entitled case to the best of my ability.

13

/s/CHARLENE BARRA
TRANSCRIPTIONIST

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

CERTIFIED COPY
DOCUMENT ATTACHED IS A
TRUE AND CORRECT COPY
OF THE ORIGINAL ON FILE
Cheryl A. Barrera
CLERK OF THE COURT

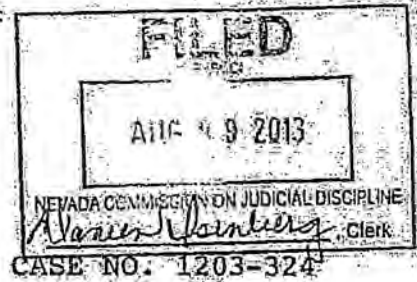
APR - 1 2019

EXHIBIT F

EXHIBIT F

1 BEFORE THE NEVADA COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL DISCIPLINE

2 STATE OF NEVADA



3
4 In The Matter of the)
5)
6 HONORABLE VALORIE VEGA,)
7 DISTRICT COURT JUDGE,)
8 County of Clark,)
9 State of Nevada,)
10)
11 Respondent.)
12)

13 FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER
14 IMPOSING DISCIPLINE

15 Pursuant to prior written notice, the above-entitled
16 matter came on for public (formal) hearing (hereinafter "the
17 hearing") in Las Vegas Nevada, pursuant to NRS 1.467(3)(C) and
18 Commission Rule 18 on February 11, 2013, before the Nevada
19 Commission on Judicial Discipline (hereinafter "the
20 Commission"). Mary E. Boetsch, Esq., served as Special Counsel
21 to the Commission and was present. The Respondent, the
22 Honorable Valorie Vega (hereinafter "the Respondent") appeared
23 and was represented by James J. Jimmerson, Esq., and James M.
24 Jimmerson, Esq., who were present.

25 At the hearing the Special Counsel and Respondent's
26 Counsel presented a Stipulation regarding disposition of a
27 Complaint against the Respondent, as well as an Amended
28 Statement of Formal Charges, both of which had previously been
filed with the Commission. The Stipulation eliminated the need
for a contested hearing.

1 A. Preface

2 I. On February 5, 2013 Special Counsel, Mary E.
3 Boetsch, Esq., and the Respondent, personally and through her
4 Counsel, James J. Jimmerson, Esq., and James M. Jimmerson,
5 Esq., entered into a written Stipulation which was filed with
6 the Commission. In that Stipulation, the Respondent admitted to
7 the factual allegations contained in Counts One and Two of the
8 Amended Statement of Formal Charges which had been filed with
9 the Commission. The Amended Statement of Formal Charges
10 alleges:

11 COUNT ONE

12 1. That at all times relevant hereto, you were the
13 District Court Judge assigned to Department Two of the Eighth
14 Judicial District Court of Clark County, Nevada.

15 2. That in that capacity you presided over the trial of
16 Victor O. Fakoya, Case Number 08-C-249790, an individual
17 charged with First Degree Murder in the death of a child; that
18 this trial ended on or about March 10, 2010, with a mistrial
19 due to a hung jury.
20

21 3. That you thereafter presided over the retrial of Mr.
22 Fakoya, who remained in custody during the pendency of these
23 charges; that the retrial began on or about November 8, 2010;
24 and ended with a jury acquittal on or about December 17, 2010.
25

26 4. That in the course of the retrial, you required the
27 jury, the attorneys and staff to conduct proceedings for a
28 continuous period of time from approximately 1:12 p.m. on

December 16, 2010 until the jury returned with its verdict at approximately 6:57 a.m. December 17, 2010; that you did so for various reasons, including but not limited to, your personal schedule, and thus, you were not courteous to the individuals involved at trial.

5. That your conduct as described herein constitutes a violation of Rule 2.8, of the Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct.

COUNT TWO

6. That the allegations in paragraphs 1 through 5 are incorporated herein by reference as though fully set forth herein.

7. That during the course of the retrial of Case Number 08-C-249790 described herein, you recessed court in the early afternoon on approximately six (6) occasions; specifically, on or about November 29, December 1, December 6, December 8, December 13 and December 15, 2010; that you did so to enable you to attend your daughter's high school soccer games.

8. That your conduct as described herein constitutes a violation of Rule 2.8 of the Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct.

II. In the Stipulation the Respondent specifically acknowledged and agreed that her conduct as set forth in the Amended Statement of Formal Charges, and stated above, constituted clear and convincing evidence that she violated the named provision of the Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct and that the evidence supported the imposition of discipline by the Commission.

1 III. In the Stipulation the Respondent agreed to the
2 imposition of a public reprimand, a form of discipline
3 authorized by Article 6, Section 21(5) of the Nevada
4 Constitution and NRS 1.4294.

5 IV. The Respondent further agreed in the Stipulation
6 that by accepting the terms of the Stipulation, she waived her
7 right to appeal to the Nevada Supreme Court pursuant to Rule 3D
8 of the Nevada Rules of Appellate Procedure all issues, save and
9 except that she was permitted to appeal the propriety of any
10 discipline imposed which was more severe than the form of
11 discipline proposed by the Special Counsel and accepted by the
12 Respondent, as stated herein, after a mitigation and traverse
13 hearing before the Commission.
14

15 V. The Commission has considered the Stipulation
16 and respective statements proffered by the Special Counsel and
17 Counsel for the Respondent at the public hearing. After being
18 fully advised of its obligations and duties, the Commission
19 finds that the hearing was conducted according to the statutes,
20 rules and procedures required by law. Following private
21 deliberations, the Commission announced its unanimous decision
22 as to the appropriate sanction to be imposed which is
23 consistent with the terms of the Stipulation. The Commission
24 hereby issues the following Findings of Fact, Conclusions of
25 Law and Order Imposing Discipline pursuant to Commission Rules
26 27 and 28, and NRS 1.4673 and 1.4677.
27

28 ///

1 **B. FINDINGS OF FACT**

2 The Commission finds that the Stipulation establishes by
3 clear and convincing evidence each of the following facts:

4 1. The Respondent was, at all times applicable to
5 the events in this case, a District Court Judge of the Eighth
6 Judicial District Court, Clark County, Nevada. Therefore, the
7 Respondent was a judicial officer whose conduct was subject to
8 the provisions of the Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct; and

9 2. The Respondent violated the provision of the
10 Code of Judicial Conduct as stipulated in the Stipulation and
11 as specified in paragraph A (I), above.
12

13 **C. CONCLUSIONS OF LAW**

14 1. The Commission has both personal jurisdiction
15 over the Respondent and subject matter jurisdiction over the
16 violations of the Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct at issue in
17 the case.

18 2. The Commission unanimously concludes that the
19 Stipulation suffices as proof of violations of the Nevada Code
20 of Judicial Conduct in effect as of March 2010, as stated
21 herein.
22

23 3. The Respondent has waived her right to appeal to
24 the Nevada Supreme Court, as the form of discipline imposed is
25 not more severe than the form of discipline stipulated to by
26 the Respondent.

27 ///

1 **D. IMPOSITION OF DISCIPLINE**

2 The Commission concludes that the appropriate discipline
3 under Commission Rule 28 as to said violations shall be as
4 follows:

5 By unanimous vote of the Commission, pursuant to
6 subsections 5(a) and (b) of Article 6, Section 21 of the
7 Constitution of the State of Nevada, the version of NRS 1.4653
8 (2) in effect on the dates in question, and Commission Rule 28,
9 the Respondent be, and she hereby is, publically reprimanded
10 for having committed the acts as specified in the Stipulation
11 and fully set forth above.
12

13 **E. ORDER**

14 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED by unanimous vote of Commissioners
15 Chairman Doug Jones, Judge Jerome Polaha, Judge Richard Wagner,
16 Karl Armstrong, Wayne Chimarusti, May Lau and Gary Vause that
17 the Respondent should be and hereby is publically reprimanded
18 for violations of Current Rule 2.8 of the Nevada Code of
19 Judicial Conduct.
20

21 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED by unanimous vote that the Chairman
22 is authorized to sign this document on behalf of all voting
23 Commissioners.

24 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED pursuant to the consent of the
25 Respondent, that the Executive Director of the Judicial
26 Discipline Commission take the necessary steps to file this
27
28

document in the appropriate records of the Commission and with
the Clerk of the Nevada Supreme Court.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Clerk's Certificate of
Mailing, found below, shall constitute the notice of the Entry
of this document pursuant to Commission Rule 34; and the
Clerk shall promptly serve it on the Respondent's Counsel and
the Special Counsel.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED this 29th day of August 2013.

NEVADA COMMISSION ON
JUDICIAL DISCIPLINE
P. O. Box 48
Carson City, Nevada 89702

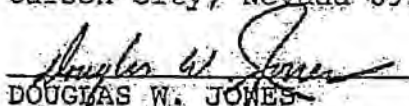

DOUGLAS W. JONES
COMMISSION CHAIRMAN

EXHIBIT D

EXHIBIT D

☐ In the Municipal Court of
☐ In the Justice Court of Clark County

Court Case #

☐ Adult ☐ Juvenile

☐ Traffic ☐ Accident
☐ Non-Traffic ☐ Warning
☐ Parking ☐ Meter #

State of Nevada CLARK COUNTY

Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department

TRAFFIC/MISDEMEANOR CITATION/COMPLAINT

☐ School Zone ☐ Hazmat
☐ Construction Zone ☐ S.T.E.P.

☐ Urban ☐ Rural

Travel Direction: ☐ N ☐ S ☐ E ☐ W

Beat/
Area:

Mile
Marker:

DEFENDANT

Event #:

ID #:

☐ Injuries ☐ Crime Report
☐ Officer's Report

☐ Evidence Logged ☐ Arrest

☐ Aircraft Clock Number
☐ Radar ☐ Other

Explain:

At Location:

Violation Date:

Time:

Issue Date:

Time:

Day Code: ☐ 1 ☐ 2 ☐ 3 ☐ 4 ☐ 5 ☐ 6 ☐ 7

Defendant Type: ☐ Driver ☐ Passenger ☐ Pedestrian
☐ Other Explain:

Had Been Drinking: ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown

Test Type: ☐ PBT ☐ Blood ☐ Breath ☐ UA

☐ Drugs Suspected Results: %

THE UNDERSIGNED CERTIFIES AND SAYS THAT IN THE STATE OF NEVADA

NAME (Last, First, Middle):

Social Security #:

Address: ☐ Physical ☐ Mailing

City:

State:

Zip:

Ctry:

DOB:

Race:

Sex:

Height:

Weight:

Hair:

Eyes:

OLN / ID:

☐ CDL

State:

Class:

Expiration:

Restrictions:

Endorsements:

Vehicle has current proof of insurance? ☐ Yes ☐ No

Expiration Date of Insurance Card:

DID OPERATE THE FOLLOWING VEHICLE/MOTOR VEHICLE AT THE ABOVE LISTED LOCATION:

Commercial Vehicle ☐ US DOT #:

VIN #:

Vehicle License:

Lic. State:

Expiration:

Year:

Make:

Model:

Type:

Color:

Reg. Owner:

☐ Same

Address:

DID THEN AND THERE COMMIT THE FOLLOWING OFFENSE(S):

Violation

Posted
Speed:

Actual
Speed:

Cited Speed:

☐ NRS ☐ CFR ☐ County Code ☐ Municipal Code

To Wit:

NRS/County/City #

Violation

To Wit:

☐ NRS ☐ CFR ☐ County Code ☐ Municipal Code

NRS/County/City #

I certify (or declare) that I have reasonable grounds/probable cause to believe and do believe that above named person committed the above offense(s) contrary to law.

Officer/Complainant's PRINTED Name:

Officer/Complainant's Signature:

P#:

Bureau:

Las Vegas
Municipal Court
POB 3950
200 Lewis Ave.
Las Vegas, NV 89127
702-382-6878
1-800-654-6856

Las Vegas
Justice Court
200 Lewis Ave.
Las Vegas, NV 89155
702-671-3444
1-877-671-3183

Juvenile Justice
Services
601 N. Pecos Rd.
Las Vegas, NV 89101
702-455-5380

Goodsprings
Justice Court
Box 19155
Jean, NV 89019
702-874-1405

Henderson
Justice Court
243 Water St.
Henderson, NV
89015
702-455-7080

Henderson
Municipal Court
243 Water St.
Henderson, NV
89015
702-267-3300

North Las Vegas
Justice Court
2428 Martin Luther King
Blvd., North Las Vegas,
NV 89032
702-455-7801

Township:

Justice Court:

Phone:

You are hereby ordered to appear on
to answer the above charge(s).

day of

year

at

a.m.

p.m.

OR ☐ Regular
Business Hours

WITHOUT ADMITTING HAVING COMMITTED THE ABOVE OFFENSE(S), I HEREBY PROMISE TO RESPOND AS DIRECTED ON THIS NOTICE
AND WAIVE MY RIGHT TO BE TAKEN IMMEDIATELY BEFORE A MAGISTRATE (NRS 484.739 AND NRS 484.803).

Defendant's
Signature

X

☐ Interpreter
Needed?

☐ Court
Mandatory

Violation Code(s):

REV. 10-97 101000

Failure to comply with this complaint or future dates relating to this complaint will constitute a separate offense.

1-04544419

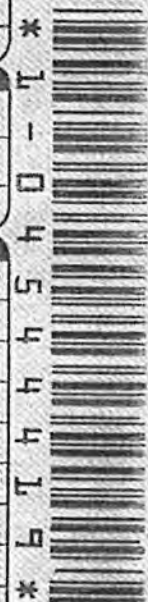


EXHIBIT E

EXHIBIT E

26-005437

State of Nevada CLARK COUNTY Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department		COURT Event #: 20260108-005 ID #:
Adult ☒ Juvenile ☐ Traffic ☐ Accident ☐ School Zone ☐ Hazmat ☐ Non-Traffic ☐ Warning ☐ Construction Zone ☐ STEP ☐ Parking ☐ Motor ☐ Urban ☐ Rural ☐	TRAFFIC/MISDEMEANOR CITATION/COMPLAINT Travel Direction: N ☐ S ☐ E ☐ W ☐ Beach Area ☐ Alley Marker ☐ Location: 200 Lewis Ave Las Vegas NV 89101 Violation Date: 01/08/26 Time: 1028 Issue Date: 01/08/26 Time: 1020 Day Code: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Defendant Type: Driver ☐ Passenger ☐ Pedestrian ☐ Other Explain:	
THE UNDERSIGNED CERTIFIES AND SAYS THAT IN THE STATE OF NEVADA NAME (Last, First, Middle): Blandino Kim Social Security #: 441 N 16th St Las Vegas NV 89101 CL Address: 441 N 16th St Las Vegas NV 89101 DOB: 10/14/1955 Race: White Sex: M Height: 5'6" Weight: 180 Eyes: Blue Hair: Brown Vehicle Insurance: ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Expired Date of Insurance Card:		
DID OPERATE THE FOLLOWING VEHICLE/MOTOR VEHICLE AT THE ABOVE LISTED LOCATION: Commercial Vehicle ☐ US DOT # VIN # Vehicle: ☐ Car ☐ Light Truck ☐ Heavy Truck ☐ Motorcycle ☐ Other ☐ Make: ☐ Model: ☐ Year: ☐ Color: ☐		
DID THEN AND THERE COMMIT THE FOLLOWING OFFENSE(S): Violation: Battery (5019) Posted Speed: ☐ Actual Speed: ☐ NRS CFR County Code Municipal Code To Wh: NRS/County/City # 200 481 Blandino pushed his body against District Clerk Worker Karen while he tried to push pass her to enter Violation Code:		
To Wh: NRS CFR County Code Municipal Code NRS/County/City # Violation Code:		
I certify (or declare) that I have reasonable grounds/probable cause to believe and do believe that above named person committed the above offense(s) contrary to law. Complainant's Name: Karen Batiste Complainant's Signature: Karen Batiste Bureau:		
Las Vegas Municipal Court 700 N. 3rd St. Las Vegas, NV 89101 Las Vegas Justice Court 200 N. 3rd St. Las Vegas, NV 89101 Clark County Justice Court 200 N. 3rd St. Las Vegas, NV 89101 Henderson Justice Court 200 N. 3rd St. Las Vegas, NV 89101 North Las Vegas Justice Court 200 N. 3rd St. Las Vegas, NV 89101 Clark County Justice Court 200 N. 3rd St. Las Vegas, NV 89101 Henderson Justice Court 200 N. 3rd St. Las Vegas, NV 89101 North Las Vegas Justice Court 200 N. 3rd St. Las Vegas, NV 89101		
You are hereby ordered to appear in court on 9th day of February year 2026 at 9:00 AM. ☐ Regular Business Hours WITHOUT ADMITTING HAVING COMMITTED THE ABOVE OFFENSE(S), I HEREBY PROMISE TO RESPOND AS DIRECTED ON THIS NOTICE AND WAIVE MY RIGHT TO BE TAKEN IMMEDIATELY BEFORE A MAGISTRATE (NRS 484.750 AND NRS 484.803). Defendant's Signature: Karen Batiste Interpreter: ☐ Interpreter's Name: ☐ Court: ☐ Violation Code(s):		

1-04544419 A



FILED

3:38 A.M.
3:16 P.M.

DA 20 26

Court Clerk, Municipal Court

LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CITY OF LAS VEGAS,

Plaintiff,

vs.

KIM BLANDINO,
ID No.:363075

Defendant.

CASE NOS.: 26-005437

DEPT.: 6

ORDER

Having considered Defendant's **Emergency Petition or Motion to Declare that Judge Giordani is Disqualified in Case 26-005437 from Hearing Any Matter Nunc Pro Tunc to the Date the Motion to Disqualify was Filed Feb. 24, 2026**, as well as having considered the fact this case was timely and properly dismissed pursuant to NRS 174.085(5) by the Las Vegas City Attorney's Office on February 26, 2026, the instant motion is DENIED.

As such, all future dates scheduled to address this issue are VACATED.

DATED March 16th 2026.

Kelly Giordani

Chief Judge Kelly Giordani
Las Vegas Municipal Court, Dept. 6

Exhibit 6

EMOT
KIM BLANDINO PECULIAR PRO SE
Nevada Bar No. None
C/O 441 N. 16th St
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
(702) 219-5657
No Fax
Kim43792@earthlink.net

FILED

MAR 19 2026

LV MUNICIPAL COURT

**LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

CITY OF LAS VEGAS

Plaintiff,

Case No. 26-005437

Dept. No. 6

-VS

4/1/24 9:30 AM

KIM BLANDINO

Defendant

**EMERGENCY MOTION TO ARRANGE ANOTHER MUNICIPAL
JUDGE TO HEAR THE MATTER AS JUDGE GIORDANI IS REPEATEDLY
VIOLATING THE LAW REGARDING DISQUALIFICATION AND IS OPPRESSING
KIM UNDER NRS 197.200 AND 18 U.S.C. SECTION 242 AND ABUSING KIM
BLANDINO WHO IS A PROTECTED OLDER PERSON UNDER NRS 200.5091-
200.50995 (BEING OVER 70 YEARS OLD) WARNING THIS MUST BE DOCKETED
OR ASSIGNED TO ANY OTHER JUDGE THAT JUDGE GIORDANI!**

COMES NOW Kim Blandino ("Kim") listed as Defendant appearing specially and not generally.

INTRODUCTION AND REASON FOR FILING AS AN EMERGENCY

CITY ATTORNEY
CRIMINAL DIVISION

RECEIVED MAR 19 2026

EMOT
KIM BLANDINO PECULIAR PRO SE
Nevada Bar No. None
C/O 441 N. 16th St
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
(702) 219-5657
No Fax
Kim43792@earthlink.net

FILED

MAR 19 2026

LV MUNICIPAL COURT

**LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

CITY OF LAS VEGAS

Plaintiff,

Case No. 26-005437

Dept. No. 6

-vs-

4/11/24 9:30 am

KIM BLANDINO

Defendant

EMERGENCY MOTION TO ARRANGE ANOTHER MUNICIPAL
JUDGE TO HEAR THE MATTER AS JUDGE GIORDANI IS REPEATEDLY
VIOLATING THE LAW REGARDING DISQUALIFICATION AND IS OPPRESSING
KIM UNDER NRS 197.200 AND 18 U.S.C. SECTION 242 AND ABUSING KIM
BLANDINO WHO IS A PROTECTED OLDER PERSON UNDER NRS 200.5091-
200.50995 (BEING OVER 70 YEARS OLD) WARNING THIS MUST BE DOCKETED
OR ASSIGNED TO ANY OTHER JUDGE THAT JUDGE GIORDANI!

COMES NOW Kim Blandino ("Kim") listed as Defendant appearing specially and not generally.

INTRODUCTION AND REASON FOR FILING AS AN EMERGENCY

CITY ATTORNEY
CRIMINAL DIVISION

RECEIVED MAR 19 2026

COMES NOW Kim Blandino ("Kim") listed as Defendant appearing specially and not generally who under threat of a Bench warrant appeared in Las Vegas Municipal Court Department 1 Matthew Walker ("Walker") presiding ON Feb. 10, 2026. Kim appeared by special appearance because of a green colored post card that Kim received in the U.S Mail at C/O 441 N16th Street L.V. Nv. 89101. The video of this hearing is at published by Our Nevada Judges ("ONJ") at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o69qTuWdZ-I&t=189s> Kim was set for a calendaring hearing by Walker's order and again under threat of a bench warrant should Kim not appear on Feb. 18, 2026.

Because Judge Giordani ("Giordani") did not assign herself to the actual case until Feb. 18, 2026 Kim filed a motion to disqualify within the time frame of NRS 1.235(motion must be filed within 10 days of assignment). Kim told Giordani in open court that this Motion would be filed on Feb 18 the video of this by ONJ is at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OLdjoDg6ots> . Kim appeared specially and not generally. Kim was also threatened with warrant for not showing up on Feb. 18, 2026.

On March 12, 2026 kim filed an **EMERGENCY MOTION TO VACATE THE ORDER OF MARCH 2,2026 BY JUDGE GIORDANI AS VOID AND TO REOPEN CASE AS ORIGINALLY MOTIONED FOR MUST BE DOCKETED TO JUDGE BERT BROWN WHO IS THE MUNICIPAL JUDGE HAVING THE GREATEST NUMBER OF YEARS OF SERVICE PURSUANT TO NRS 1.235 (7) (c)**

Again, Giordani willfully, illegally signed and filed an order denying this on March 16, 2026 and the hearing set for March 23 2026 was vacated by Giordani. This has come to the point that

Giordani is in violation of the criminal laws as shown below. NRS 200.50091 states:

“NRS 200.5091 Policy of State. It is the policy of this State to provide for the cooperation of law enforcement officials, courts of competent jurisdiction and all appropriate state agencies providing human services in identifying the abuse, neglect, exploitation, isolation and abandonment of older persons and vulnerable persons through the complete reporting of abuse, neglect, exploitation, isolation and abandonment of older persons and vulnerable persons. (emphasis added)

(Added to NRS by 1981, 1334; A 1997, 1348; 2005, 1107; 2015, 804)

Older person is defined as:

“ 6. “Older person” means a person who is 60 years of age or older.”
NRS200.5092(6)

“2. “Abuse” means willful:

(a) Infliction of pain or injury on an older person or a vulnerable person;

(b) Deprivation of food, shelter, clothing or services which are necessary to maintain the physical or mental health of an older person or a vulnerable person;

(c) Infliction of psychological or emotional anguish, pain or distress on an older person or a vulnerable person through any act, including, without limitation:

(1) Threatening, controlling or socially isolating the older person or vulnerable person;

(2) Disregarding the needs of the older person or vulnerable person; or

(3) Harming, damaging or destroying any property of the older person or vulnerable person, including, without limitation, pets;

(d) Nonconsensual sexual contact with an older person or a vulnerable person, including, without limitation:

(1) An act that the older person or vulnerable person is unable to understand or to which the older person or vulnerable person is unable to communicate his or her objection; or

(2) Intentional touching, either directly or through the clothing, of the genitalia, anus, groin, breast, inner thigh or buttocks of the older person or vulnerable person; or

(e) Permitting any of the acts described in paragraphs (a) to (d), inclusive, to be committed against an older person or a vulnerable person.” (emphasis and caps added)

NRS 197.200 states:

NRS 197.200 Oppression under color of office.

1. An officer, or a person pretending to be an officer, who unlawfully and maliciously, under pretense or color of official authority:

(a) Arrests or detains a person against the person’s will;

(b) Seizes or levies upon another’s property;

(c) Dispossesses another of any lands or tenements; or

(d) Does any act whereby the person, property or rights of another person are injured,

È commits oppression.

2. An officer or person committing oppression shall be punished:

(a) Where physical force or the immediate threat of physical force is used, for a category D felony as provided in NRS 193.130.

(b) Where no physical force or immediate threat of physical force is used, for a gross misdemeanor.

[1911 C&P § 541; RL § 6806; NCL § 10487]—(NRS A 1967, 462; 1995, 1172)

18 U.S.C. Section 242 states:

“Whoever, under color of any law, statute, ordinance, regulation, or custom, willfully subjects any person in any State, Territory, Commonwealth, Possession, or District to the deprivation of any rights,

privileges, or immunities secured or protected by the Constitution or laws of the United States, or to different punishments, pains, or penalties, on account of such person being an alien, or by reason of his color, or race, than are prescribed for the punishment of citizens, shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than one year, or both; and if bodily injury results from the acts committed in violation of this section or if such acts include the use, attempted use, or threatened use of a dangerous weapon, explosives, or fire, shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than ten years, or both; and if death results from the acts committed in violation of this section or if such acts include kidnapping or an attempt to kidnap, aggravated sexual abuse, or an attempt to commit aggravated sexual abuse, or an attempt to kill, shall be fined under this title, or imprisoned for any term of years or for life, or both, or may be sentenced to death.

(June 25, 1948, ch. 645, 62 Stat. 696; Pub. L. 90-284, title I, § 103(b), Apr. 11, 1968, 82 Stat. 75; Pub. L. 100-690, title VII, § 7019, Nov. 18, 1988, 102 Stat. 4396; Pub. L. 103-322, title VI, § 60006(b), title XXXII, §§ 320103(b), 320201(b), title XXXIII, § 330016(1)(H), Sept. 13, 1994, 108 Stat. 1970, 2109, 2113, 2147; Pub. L. 104-294, title VI, §§ 604(b)(14)(B), 607(a), Oct. 11, 1996, 110 Stat. 3507, 3511.)

Kim is a person under the statute and the courts have stated that one has the right to have an unbiased judge or even any risk of bias to determine the case or controversy. See Rippo v. Baker is 580 U.S. 285 (2017).

NRS 1.235 states in pertinent part:

“6. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 7, the judge against whom an affidavit alleging bias or prejudice is filed SHALL PROCEED NO FURTHER with the matter and shall:

(a) If the judge is a district judge, immediately transfer the case to another department of the court, if there is more than one department of the court in the district, or request the judge of another district court to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter;

(b) If the judge is a justice of the peace, immediately arrange for another justice of the peace to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter as provided pursuant to NRS 4.032, 4.340 or 4.345, as applicable; or

(c) If the judge is a municipal judge, immediately arrange for another municipal judge to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter as provided pursuant to NRS 5.023 or 5.024, as applicable.

7. A judge may challenge an affidavit alleging bias or prejudice by filing a written answer with the clerk of the court within 5 judicial days after the affidavit is served, admitting or denying any or all of the allegations contained in the affidavit and setting forth any additional facts which bear on the question of the judge's disqualification. The question of the judge's disqualification must thereupon be heard and determined by a judge appointed:

(a) If the judge is a district judge, by the presiding judge of the judicial district in judicial districts having more than one judge, or if the presiding judge of the judicial district is sought to be disqualified, by the judge having the greatest number of years of service;

(b) If the judge is a justice of the peace, by the presiding judge of the justice court in justice courts having more than one justice of the peace, or if the presiding judge is sought to be disqualified, by the justice of the peace having the greatest number of years of service;

(c) If the judge is a municipal judge, by the presiding judge of the municipal court in municipal courts having more than one municipal judge, or **if the presiding judge is sought to be disqualified, by the municipal judge having the greatest number of years of service; or**

(d) If there is no presiding judge, by the Supreme Court.

(Added to NRS by 1977, 767; A 1979, 59, 393; 1981, 319, 872; 2011, 9; 2013, 1711; 2017, 272; 2023, 2596)"

OTHER REASONS FOR FILING AS AN EMERGENCY

This latest video of Kim's Feb 18 court appearance has over 123 thousand views in just 3 weeks with 929 comments. See The City of Las Vegas vs Kim Blandino, February 18, 2026 . The video of Feb. 10, 2026 has 35 thousand views and 572 comments. See <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o69qTuWdZ-I&t=5s> .

A comment from the Feb 18 appearance from a User called isaned and Kim's reply:

"Whoever made the death threat against Blahblahblahdino better follow through with it , or I will report you to the board of judicial misconduct
Reply Duly noted and recorded"

A comment from the Feb. 10, 2026 video and Kim's reply:

"I don't know if it is the sadist in me, but man, id like to see blandino
bloody
Duly noted and recorded
Reply"

There are many other violent comments and threats made against Kim on these and other videos. Kim is concerned that Kim and/or his family could be a target for extreme violence. The insane hatred that commenters have toward Kim like "lock Kim up and throw away the key" are about 99% of the comments are very similar to a lynch mob mentality or the "Give us Barrabas" chants at Jesus' trial. Just Feb 28 Kim received a call on his cell while at a Celebration of Life Ceremony for Leah Reesa Campbell at the FOE Federation of eagles. from phone number XXXXXXXX and Kim heard "You are one of the biggest Douche Bags in the world" and then the male caller hung up. LVMPD refused to take a police report.

Kim attempted to serve Giordani in chambers with the motion to disqualify however
* Giordani blocks anyone from serving champers as the statute requires. Therefore, Kim left the Motion with Marshal Thompson outside the courtroom directly after filing.

Therefore, Kim must have Giordani obey the statute and the case law and acknowledge that after a motion to disqualified is filed the judge must do nothing further with the case and then reassign the case unless the judge Since Giordani refused to challenge the Motion to disqualify withing 5 judicial days. That the City notified that court they were dismissing charges without prejudice filed on Feb. 26 2026. Kim filed an emergency motion to reopen the case on March 2,

2026. This was set for hearing. However, that same day Giordani at 1:48 p.m. willfully and unlawfully ruled on the case which she was mandated not to act in and made findings and vacated Kim's hearing.

Kim then on March 9, 2026 kim filed **EMERGENCY MOTION TO VACATE THE ORDER OF MARCH 2, 2026 BY JUDGE GIORDANI AS VOID AND TO REOPEN CASE AS ORIGINALLY MOTIONED FOR** at 7:08 a.m. and was set for hearing on March 19, 2026. Again, Giordani willfully and unlawfully issued another order in the matter at 2:57 p.m. vacating the hearing on the 19th. That all of the facts and points herein point to why emergency action is needed. Kim had no judge to take any action once the motion was filed.

Kim must have the complaint dismissed with prejudice.

As shown above that abuse of an older person includes:

(c) Infliction of psychological or emotional anguish, pain or distress on an older person or a vulnerable person through any act, including, without limitation:

Giordani is inflicting this anguish, pain and distress upon Kim. Kim is suffering the effects of Giordani's repeated and repeated and repeated refusal to not step away from this case. Kim is now over 845 months old (70 years five months) the strain on Kim is discernable even by other people.

Giordani is inflicting continued pain and suffering upon Kim under color of law. She knows that once the motion was filed she must do nothing further in the case but Giordani like the monstrous criminals before her, only care about the power and control that they have or might gain. Giordani has now most certainly seen the video mentioned above of Kim's appearance before her on Feb 18, 2026 where in violation of the Revised Code of Judicial Conduct (Code)

she would not let Kim make a record in the least. It was at that hearing that for the first time Giordani announced that she was assigning the case to herself.

These types of comments below of unknowing ignorant people that believe Kim to be the criminal and/or trouble maker and not Giordani:

" @lorrainemacgillivray4722

13 hours ago

He's still trying to intimidate the judge , threatening her with disqualification, assuming that the minute he mentions that threat , the judge can not go any further , of course he's following his own usual pattern , so far most of the judges have placated him way way too much , you can't deal with Blandino the same way you would deal with any other defendant, this one will wear you down , he will rant and rave about his rights and **bore you with his knowledge of the law**, sovereign citizens like him project the law as they see it ,not as it really is and the Israel nonsense is pure bullshit" (emphasis added please excuse the language)

@lorrainemacgillivray4722

1 day ago

"Of all the videos I have seen on this guy , this is by far the only ,ONLY judge that knows how to handle him, I love how this judge manages to shut him down at his every attempt to derail this hearing , he's always up to his old tricks but she knows him well , he claims she is bullying him , perfect , he threatens to disqualify her , great , love this judge and please please, make sure she is the only judge that handles his hearings , that should really piss him off " (emphasis added)

@christophersequeira4155

5 days ago

Dismissed on 26 Feb, without prejudice, allowing it to be refiled for 1 year, if they so choose. Sadly, no further drama scheduled at this time! But, I have faith in Kim Denis...he'll provide other amusement soon enough...schizotypal narcissism is a reliable driver...

@KEVZZ-DAD-OF-TWO-BOYZ

8 days ago

"Another idiot Trumper who thinks rules don't apply to them... shocker"

@LVGaryD1

8 days ago

"As a person who often gets called for jury duty in Las Vegas, if the court puts me on this man's jury, he is guilty. I do not care what he says or does,

he is one irritating s.o.b. For this reason your honor, please keep excuse me from all future jury duty."

@randyhoobler9654

"2 weeks ago



ABSOLUTELY BULL
jail for CONTEMPT!! "

this circus clown should be in

"@lindapeterson7997

3 weeks ago

He wants the court to proceed his way with a judge that agrees with him. The man is a fool. He's hostile and uncooperative and trying to manipulate the system. **Just throw him in jail and give him a baloney sandwich.**" (emphasis added)

"@stkhnds

3 weeks ago

I'd thrown the idiot in jail for wasting court's time and taxpayer money"

"@DocLaw1

3 weeks ago

Find this idiot in contempt, **jail him** and start again in a few days. See if he figures it out." (emphasis added)

"@scottcampbell4678

3 weeks ago

Throw that **frigging bastard is jail for 1000 years in solitary confinement** so he will STFU" (emphasis added)

"@robbietiz1702

3 weeks ago

As soon as he talked. 2 seconds and you can tell he's an absolute



end. Guarantee, he's arrogant, entitled and misinformed. Its absolute idiots like him who are absolutely decimating this world. I feel for his wife, and pray hes never had children. Best thing you could do for us all. Is **put him in jail and accidentally loose the key to his door. I wholeheartedly promise you. We will not complain. Ever.**" (emphasis added)

"@goodcitizen3027

3 weeks ago

I despise him. I really do. I hope he rots in jail." (emphasis added)

@Hdtvjii

3 weeks ago

Just throw his ass **in jail**. Jesus.(emphasis added)

These comments only show the tip of the vitriol that Kim experiences in these comments

That Kim experiences these comments because Kim is an unpaid volunteer [which means unofficial] investigator working with the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline reading these comments are part of Kim's duty in addition to Kim being an investigative journalist.

This monstrous refusal of Giordani to stop moving forward with the case as the law below shows has only aggravated the injury to Kim.

FACTS AND ARGUMENT

Debiparshad v. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct. in & for Cnty. of Clark, 137 Nev. 691, 499 P.3d 597

(2021) demands that another judge other than Giordani vacate this void order immediately.

"We conclude that **once a motion to disqualify is filed by a party, the subject judge can take no further action in the case until the motion to disqualify is resolved.** The NCJC requires a judge to "act at all times in a manner that promotes public confidence in the independence, integrity, and impartiality of the judiciary and [to] avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety." NCJC Rule 1.2. When a "judge's impartiality might rea-

sonably be questioned,” *696 the judge must disqualify himself or herself from the proceeding. NCJC Rule 2.11(A). Any motion for disqualification filed pursuant to NCJC Rule 2.11 after the deadline established by NRS 1.235(1) must be timely under *Towbin Dodge* and based on new information learned or observed after the cutoff date, information which was not otherwise known or ascertainable by the moving party. **602 *Towbin Dodge*, 121 Nev. at 260-61, 112 P.3d at 1069-70, **The disqualification motion must be adjudicated before the trial proceedings may continue. Consistent with his or her duties under the NCJC to avoid the appearance of impropriety, a judge should suspend proceedings and refrain from taking further substantive action in the case once a party moves to disqualify the judge.** *Debiparshad v. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct. in & for Cnty. of Clark*, 137 Nev. 691, 695-96, 499 P.3d 597, 601-02 (2021) (emphasis added)

NRS1.235 speaks for itself yet the case law solidifies that Giordani acted illegally in ruling on Kim’s three motions that were filed above.

Even so, there is even further evidence as to a judge not acting after a motion to disqualify has been filed. District Court judge Erika Ballou is still on a suspension from even entering the courthouse in part for violating The Revised Code of Judicial Conduct (“CODE”)

“Count III alleges Respondent violated the Code of Judicial Conduct by failing to follow the law and take no action on a matter after the State filed motions to recuse or disqualify Respondent from the Christman matters. As to this charge. Respondent contends she was not required to stay the case as she was never properly served with the State’s affidavit. This is an incorrect statement of the law. A filed affidavit seeking disqualification must be served on the judge sought to be disqualified. NRS 1.235(5). While failure to properly serve a Judge with the affidavit may be sufficient grounds for a reviewing judge (other than the judge sought to be disqualified) to dismiss the motion to disqualify, it does not follow that Respondent has the authority to make that ruling herself. Indeed, once a motion to disqualify is filed, a judge must proceed no further with the case. NRS 1.235(6) {emphasis added}. The statute requires only i\\t filing of the affidavit, not the service of it, to trigger the requirement that the Judge pause the proceedings. Additionally, the Commission notes Respondent had actual notice of the pending recusal motion because it was the subject of Respondent’s minute order striking the motion. Respondent further alleges she did not commit misconduct because it is her duty to rule on motions

before the court and the attorney in the Christman case filed a motion to strike the State's motion to disqualify. Respondent's argument is unpersuasive. It is axiomatic that a judge must follow the law. See Canon 1, Rule 1.1. As such, when the law requires a judge to halt proceedings pending resolution of a motion to disqualify, that is what a judge must do, irrespective of other pending motions. Furthermore, the Commission notes Respondent granted Christman's motion to strike the day after it was filed. The record does not reflect any opportunity to be heard or to cure the alleged defective document given by Respondent to the State prior to her ruling. Although this is a likely violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.6(A) (providing a judge shall accord every person who has a legal interest in a proceeding the right to be heard), this charge was not formally before the Commission. By a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds that Special Counsel proved by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent violated the Code as alleged in Count III of the FSOC. Specifically, that Respondent, Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.1 (requiring a judge to comply with the law, including the Code itself); Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.2, (requiring a judge to act at all times in a manner that promotes public confidence in the independence, integrity, and impartiality of the judiciary and to avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety); Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.2 (requiring a judge to uphold and apply the law and perform all duties of judicial office fairly and impartially); and Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.5 (requiring a judge to perform judicial and administrative duties competently and diligently). Furthermore, by a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent's violations were knowing and deliberate under NRS 1.4653(5)(b)(2). Exhibit A count III"

Kim has a right to have an impartial judge to determine that the case should be reopened and that Kim be allowed show that the matter should be dismissed with prejudice.

Kim is having real world prejudice from these charges hanging over Kim's head. Judge Reynolds of District Court dept 29 learned of the false battery claim and has apparently presumed Kim's guilt as judge Reynolds referenced it in an order issued Jan 8, 2026. See Exhibit B of the last emergency motion Kim filed attached footnote 2 which states:

"2 Mr. Blandino has essentially been civil, though disobedient to the Court's Orders. The Court has now learned **that while the Court was drafting this Order Mr. Blandino went to the main courthouse and was cited for Battery against one of the District Court Clerk workers when Mr.**

Blandino was trying to enter somewhere and tried to push past her. Mr. Blandino came back to the Phoenix Building with the citation and the two marshals at security were made aware of it. Event # 20260108-005." Page 3 Ex. B

Therefore, prejudice is not hypothetical this is real world prejudice by a sitting judge and Kim has a hearing with judge Reynolds on April 2. Judge Reynolds is treating this citation alone as an established fact of guilt. This matter must be dismissed with prejudice before this date so that Kim can inform judge Reynolds and judge Reynolds will not hold this against Kim and judge Reynolds can apologize to Kim in open court for PRE-JUDGING Kim.

1. **Ballou was a district court judge and Giordani is a Municipal Court Judge However**

NRS1.235 is equally applicable to Municipal Court Judges

NRS 1.235 clearly states:

5. At the time the affidavit is filed, a copy must be served upon the judge sought to be disqualified. Service must be made by delivering the copy to the judge personally or by leaving it at the judge's chambers with some person of suitable age and discretion employed therein.

6. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 7, the judge against whom an affidavit alleging bias or prejudice is filed shall proceed no further with the matter and shall:

(a) If the judge is a district judge, immediately transfer the case to another department of the court, if there is more than one department of the court in the district, or request the judge of another district court to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter;

(b) If the judge is a justice of the peace, immediately arrange for another justice of the peace to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter as provided pursuant to NRS 4.032, 4.340 or 4.345, as applicable; or

(c) If the judge is a municipal judge, immediately arrange for another municipal judge to preside at the trial or hearing of

the matter as provided pursuant to NRS 5.023 or 5.024, as applicable.

7. A judge may challenge an affidavit alleging bias or prejudice by filing a written answer with the clerk of the court within 5 judicial days after the affidavit is served, admitting or denying any or all of the allegations contained in the affidavit and setting forth any additional facts which bear on the question of the judge's disqualification. **The question of the judge's disqualification must thereupon be heard and determined by a judge appointed:**

(a) If the judge is a district judge, by the presiding judge of the judicial district in judicial districts having more than one judge, or if the presiding judge of the judicial district is sought to be disqualified, by the judge having the greatest number of years of service;

(b) If the judge is a justice of the peace, by the presiding judge of the justice court in justice courts having more than one justice of the peace, or if the presiding judge is sought to be disqualified, by the justice of the peace having the greatest number of years of service;

(c) If the judge is a municipal judge, by the presiding judge of the municipal court in municipal courts having more than one municipal judge, **or if the presiding judge is sought to be disqualified, by the municipal judge having the greatest number of years of service; or**

(d) If there is no presiding judge, by the Supreme Court.

There can be no confusion whatsoever Kim filed for disqualification against Giordani and served Giordani's Marshal (Thompson) with a copy of the Motion right after filing on Feb. 24 2026. See Exhibit C attached to previous emergency motion In accord with clear statute, case law and an adjudication with the NCJD against Ballou. Giordani had no authority whatsoever to do anything further in Case # 26-005437 and yet like Ballou has willfully and unlawfully violated the law and failed to uphold the law. Only, unlike Ballou Giordani has done this over

▼ and over and over again.

Kim had no choice since Giordani is the chief or presiding judge, Kim sought relief from the judge having the most years of service who is Bert Brown.

Had Giordani filed a challenge the matter of disqualification would under NRS1.235(7) (c) would have been decided by judge Bert Brown. Kim filed and served the disqualify motion and Giordani declined to challenge this therefore she was obligated by statute and case law and the decision the NCJD issued against Ballou to act no further in the case.

2. **Kim Has no Immediate or Speedy Remedy to pursue except by invoking the implied power of NRS1.235(7) (c) Or appealing to Giordani's conscience once again**

Debiparshard "states that the motion to disqualify must be adjudicated....." However the statute says that the judge must immediately arrange to proceed **immediately arrange for another municipal judge to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter as provided pursuant to NRS 5.023 or 5.024, as applicable.** (emphasis added)

Or the judge can challenge the motion to disqualify. Yet this has to be done within 5 judicial days which Giordani refused to do

Since Giordani much like Ballou arrogantly, willfully, and unlawfully refuses to follow the law and not once but twice rules on a case she has no authority to rule on Kim has no option but to use the statute to get relief if possible.

Because Judge Bert Brown has the most years of service it would be to Bert Brown to determine the matter of disqualification

Without a dismissal with prejudice Kim will be further harmed.

In any event Kim must have emergency relief. As judge Giordani cannot proceed further on this matter, another judge must rule on this emergency motion.

WARNING TO GIORDANI THIS MUST BE READ BY HER!!

You have committed crimes please turn yourself into law enforcement and turn yourself into the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline (NCJD) and then resign as judge. You are seriously hurting Kim with your refusal to follow the law. Kim has other important things to and this extra unnecessary work Kim is having to do is hurting Kim and creating great stress upon Kim and psychological and emotional injury upon Kim an older person in violation of law and the public policy of the state.

Please Giordani listen to your conscience and stop this madness obey the law for the love of God. God calls me to see that you are removed from the bench for these violations and making even more than a mockery of justice and decency.

CONCLUSION

For the above reasons this motion must be heard immediately. Kim's very life is imminently threatened. This latest caller or others and even the above commenters could at this moment be planning to kill Kim as Charlie Kirk was killed. A complete dismissal with prejudice can stop horrors from happening. Kim is continuing to suffer Kim must have a dismissal with prejudice sooner rather than later. Kim can only get this when Kim has an uncompromised judge.

1. Giordani must do her duty and arrange for another judge to be assigned to this case.
2. Because Giordani did not challenge Kim's motion to disqualify Giordani must take no further action in this case or for that matter take any action in any case regarding Kim Blandino
3. Judge Giordani must be directed to report herself to the NCJD and any judge hearing this matter must report Giordani to the NCJD in accord with Rule 2.15

Rule 2.15. Responding to Judicial and Lawyer Misconduct.

(A) A judge having knowledge that another judge has committed a violation of this Code that raises a substantial question regarding the

judge's honesty, trustworthiness, or fitness as a judge in other respects shall inform the appropriate authority.

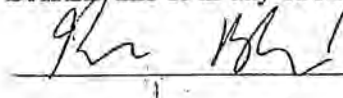
(B) A judge having knowledge that a lawyer has committed a violation of the Nevada Rules of Professional Conduct that raises a substantial question regarding the lawyer's honesty, trustworthiness, or fitness as a lawyer in other respects shall inform the appropriate authority.

(C) A judge who receives information indicating a substantial likelihood that another judge has committed a violation of this Code shall take appropriate action.

(D) A judge who receives information indicating a substantial likelihood that a lawyer has committed a violation of the Nevada Rules of Professional Conduct shall take appropriate action. (emphasis added).

4. Giordani must resign and turn herself over to law enforcement for abusing Kim in her now pretended capacity as a judge in the matter.
5. In the alternative to grant such other relief as is proper and just.

DATED this 19th day of March, 2026.



Kim Blandino
C/O 441 N 16th
Las Vegas Nevada 89101
702 219-5657
Kim 43792@earthlink.net

ASSEVERATION IN SUPPORT OF MOTION

I Kim Blandino state under penalty of perjury that I am over 70 years of age (outside the womb) and have read the foregoing and the same is true and correct except as to those matters of belief and belief and as to those matters Kim believes them to be true. And that:

1. That this filing is not made to vex, harass, delay or made in bad faith nor for any improper purpose and anyone who says or claims differently is lying through their teeth.
2. That any and all exhibits are true and correct and authentic according to FRE 901 and the state rules of evidence.

I declare under penalty of perjury that I have read the foregoing and the same is true and correct.

DATED this 19th day of March, 2026.



KIM BLANDINO PRO SE #363075
C/O 441 N 16TH ST
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
(702) 219-5657
No Fax
Kim43792@earthlink.net



26-005437 Motion Priscilla Howard

EMOT
KIM BLANDINO PECULIAR PRO SE
Nevada Bar No. None
C/O 441 N. 16th St
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
(702) 219-5657
No Fax
Kim43792@earthlink.net

FILED

MAR 19 2026

LV MUNICIPAL COURT

**LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

CITY OF LAS VEGAS

Plaintiff,

-vs

KIM BLANDINO

Defendant

Case No. 26-005437

Dept. No. 6

4/1/26 9:30 Am

EMERGENCY MOTION FOR THE TRANSCRIPTS OF FEB. 10
AND 18 AT NO COST BECAUSE KIM IS IN FORMA PAUPERIS SO THAT KIM CAN
SEEK RELIEF AT A HIGHER COURT AND PROSECUTE A COMPLAINT WITH THE
NEVADA COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL DISCIPLINE AGAINST THE
DISHONORABLE JUDGE GIORDANI AND THIS EMERGENCY MOTION MUST BE
DOCKETED BEFORE A JUDGE OTHER THAN GIORDANI

COMES NOW Kim Blandino ("Kim") listed as Defendant appearing specially and not generally.

INTRODUCTION AND REASON FOR FILING AS AN EMERGENCY

CITY ATTORNEY
CRIMINAL DIVISION

RECEIVED MAR 19 2026

COMES NOW Kim Blandino ("Kim") listed as Defendant appearing specially and not generally who under threat of a Bench warrant appeared in Las Vegas Municipal Court Department 1 Matthew Walker ("Walker") presiding ON Feb. 10, 2026. Kim appeared by special appearance because of a green colored post card that Kim received in the U.S Mail at C/O 441 N16th Street L.V. Nv. 89101. The video of this hearing is at published by Our Nevada Judges ("ONJ") at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o69qTuWdZ-I&t=189s> Kim was set for a calendaring hearing by Walker's order and again under threat of a bench warrant should Kim not appear on Feb. 18, 2026.

Because Judge Giordani ("Giordani") did not assign herself to the actual case until Feb. 18, 2026 Kim filed a motion to disqualify within the time frame of NRS 1.235(motion must be filed within 10 days of assignment). Kim told Giordani in open court that this Motion would be filed on Feb 18 the video of this by ONJ is at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OLdjoDg6ots> . Kim appeared specially and not generally. Kim was also threatened with warrant for not showing up on Feb. 18, 2026.

On March 12, 2026 kim filed an **EMERGENCY MOTION TO VACATE THE ORDER OF MARCH 2,2026 BY JUDGE GIORDANI AS VOID AND TO REOPEN CASE AS ORIGINALLY MOTIONED FOR MUST BE DOCKETED TO JUDGE BERT BROWN WHO IS THE MUNICIPAL JUDGE HAVING THE GREATEST NUMBER OF YEARS OF SERVICE PURSUANT TO NRS 1.235 (7) (c)**

Again, Giordani willfully, illegally signed and filed an order denying this on March 16, 2026 and the hearing set for March 23 2026 was vacated by Giordani. This has come to the point that Giordani is in violation of the criminal laws as shown below. NRS 200.50091 states:

“NRS 200.5091 Policy of State. It is the policy of this State to provide for the cooperation of law enforcement officials, courts of competent jurisdiction and all appropriate state agencies providing human services in identifying the abuse, neglect, exploitation, isolation and abandonment of older persons and vulnerable persons through the complete reporting of abuse, neglect, exploitation, isolation and abandonment of older persons and vulnerable persons. (emphasis added)

(Added to NRS by 1981, 1334; A 1997, 1348; 2005, 1107; 2015, 804)

Older person is defined as:

“6. “Older person” means a person who is 60 years of age or older.”
NRS200.5092(6)

“2. “Abuse” means willful:

(a) Infliction of pain or injury on an older person or a vulnerable person;

(b) Deprivation of food, shelter, clothing or services which are necessary to maintain the physical or mental health of an older person or a vulnerable person;

(c) Infliction of psychological or emotional anguish, pain or distress on an older person or a vulnerable person through any act, including, without limitation:

(1) Threatening, controlling or socially isolating the older person or vulnerable person;

(2) Disregarding the needs of the older person or vulnerable person; or

(3) Harming, damaging or destroying any property of the older person or vulnerable person, including, without limitation, pets;

(d) Nonconsensual sexual contact with an older person or a vulnerable person, including, without limitation:

(1) An act that the older person or vulnerable person is unable to understand or to which the older person or vulnerable person is unable to communicate his or her objection; or

(2) Intentional touching, either directly or through the clothing, of the genitalia, anus, groin, breast, inner thigh or buttocks of the older person or vulnerable person; or

(e) Permitting any of the acts described in paragraphs (a) to (d), inclusive, to be committed against an older person or a vulnerable person.” (emphasis and caps added)

NRS 197.200 states:

NRS 197.200 Oppression under color of office.

1. An officer, or a person pretending to be an officer, who unlawfully and maliciously, under pretense or color of official authority:

(a) Arrests or detains a person against the person’s will;

(b) Seizes or levies upon another’s property;

(c) Dispossesses another of any lands or tenements; or

(d) Does any act whereby the person, property or rights of another person are injured,

È commits oppression.

2. An officer or person committing oppression shall be punished:

(a) Where physical force or the immediate threat of physical force is used, for a category D felony as provided in NRS 193.130.

(b) Where no physical force or immediate threat of physical force is used, for a gross misdemeanor.

[1911 C&P § 541; RL § 6806; NCL § 10487]—(NRS A 1967, 462; 1995, 1172)

18 U.S.C. Section 242 states:

“Whoever, under color of any law, statute, ordinance, regulation, or custom, willfully subjects any person in any State, Territory, Commonwealth, Possession, or District to the deprivation of any rights, privileges, or immunities secured or protected by the Constitution or laws of the United States, or to different punishments, pains, or penalties, on account of such person being an alien, or by reason of his color, or race, than are prescribed for the punishment of citizens, shall be fined under this title

or imprisoned not more than one year, or both; and if bodily injury results from the acts committed in violation of this section or if such acts include the use, attempted use, or threatened use of a dangerous weapon, explosives, or fire, shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than ten years, or both; and if death results from the acts committed in violation of this section or if such acts include kidnapping or an attempt to kidnap, aggravated sexual abuse, or an attempt to commit aggravated sexual abuse, or an attempt to kill, shall be fined under this title, or imprisoned for any term of years or for life, or both, or may be sentenced to death.

(June 25, 1948, ch. 645, 62 Stat. 696; Pub. L. 90-284, title I, § 103(b), Apr. 11, 1968, 82 Stat. 75; Pub. L. 100-690, title VII, § 7019, Nov. 18, 1988, 102 Stat. 4396; Pub. L. 103-322, title VI, § 60006(b), title XXXII, §§ 320103(b), 320201(b), title XXXIII, § 330016(1)(H), Sept. 13, 1994, 108 Stat. 1970, 2109, 2113, 2147; Pub. L. 104-294, title VI, §§ 604(b)(14)(B), 607(a), Oct. 11, 1996, 110 Stat. 3507, 3511.)

Kim is a person under the statute and the courts have stated that one has the right to have an unbiased judge or even any risk of bias to determine the case or controversy. See Rippo v. Baker is 580 U.S. 285 (2017).

NRS 1.235 states in pertinent part:

“6. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 7, the judge against whom an affidavit alleging bias or prejudice is filed SHALL PROCEED NO FURTHER with the matter and shall:

(a) If the judge is a district judge, immediately transfer the case to another department of the court, if there is more than one department of the court in the district, or request the judge of another district court to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter;

(b) If the judge is a justice of the peace, immediately arrange for another justice of the peace to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter as provided pursuant to NRS 4.032, 4.340 or 4.345, as applicable; or

(c) If the judge is a municipal judge, immediately arrange for another municipal judge to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter as provided pursuant to NRS 5.023 or 5.024, as applicable.

7. A judge may challenge an affidavit alleging bias or prejudice by filing a written answer with the clerk of the court within 5

judicial days after the affidavit is served, admitting or denying any or all of the allegations contained in the affidavit and setting forth any additional facts which bear on the question of the judge's disqualification. The question of the judge's disqualification must thereupon be heard and determined by a judge appointed:

(a) If the judge is a district judge, by the presiding judge of the judicial district in judicial districts having more than one judge, or if the presiding judge of the judicial district is sought to be disqualified, by the judge having the greatest number of years of service;

(b) If the judge is a justice of the peace, by the presiding judge of the justice court in justice courts having more than one justice of the peace, or if the presiding judge is sought to be disqualified, by the justice of the peace having the greatest number of years of service;

(c) If the judge is a municipal judge, by the presiding judge of the municipal court in municipal courts having more than one municipal judge, or **if the presiding judge is sought to be disqualified, by the municipal judge having the greatest number of years of service; or**

(d) If there is no presiding judge, by the Supreme Court.

(Added to NRS by 1977, 767; A 1979, 59, 393; 1981, 319, 872; 2011, 9; 2013, 1711; 2017, 272; 2023, 2596)"

OTHER REASONS FOR FILING AS AN EMERGENCY

This latest video of Kim's Feb 18 court appearance has over 123 thousand views in just 3 weeks with 929 comments. See The City of Las Vegas vs Kim Blandino, February 18, 2026 . The video of Feb. 10, 2026 has 35 thousand views and 572 comments. See <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o69qTuWdZ-I&t=5s> .

A comment from the Feb 18 appearance from a User called isaned and Kim's reply:

“ Whoever made the death threat against Blahblahblahdino better follow through with it , or I will report you to the board of judicial misconduct
Reply Duly noted and recorded”

A comment from the Feb. 10, 2026 video and Kim's reply:

"I don't know if it is the sadist in me, but man, id like to see blandino
bloody
Duly noted and recorded
Reply"

There are many other violent comments and threats made against Kim on these and other videos. Kim is concerned that Kim and/or his family could be a target for extreme violence. The insane hatred that commenters have toward Kim like "lock Kim up and throw away the key" are about 99% of the comments are very similar to a lynch mob mentality or the "Give us Barrabas" chants at Jesus' trial. Just Feb 28 Kim received a call on his cell while at a Celebration of Life Ceremony for Leah Reesa Campbell at the FOE Federation of eagles. from phone number XXXXXXXX and Kim heard "You are one of the biggest Douche Bags in the world" and then the male caller hung up. LVMPD refused to take a police report.

Kim attempted to serve Giordani in chambers with the motion to disqualify however Giordani blocks anyone from serving champers as the statute requires. Therefore, Kim left the Motion with Marshal Thompson outside the courtroom directly after filing.

Therefore, Kim must have Giordani obey the statute and the case law and acknowledge that after a motion to disqualified is filed the judge must do nothing further with the case and then reassign the case unless the judge Since Giordani refused to challenge the Motion to disqualify withing 5 judicial days. That the City notified that court they were dismissing charges without prejudice filed on Feb. 26 2026. Kim filed an emergency motion to reopen the case on March 2, 2026. This was set for hearing. However, that same day Giordani at 1:48 p.m. willfully and unlawfully ruled on the case which she was mandated not to act in and made findings and vacated Kim's hearing.

Kim then on March 9, 2026 kim filed **EMERGENCY MOTION TO VACATE THE ORDER OF MARCH 2, 2026 BY JUDGE GIORDANI AS VOID AND TO REOPEN CASE AS ORIGINALLY MOTIONED FOR** at 7:08 a.m. and was set for hearing on March 19, 2026. Again, Giordani willfully and unlawfully issued another order in the matter at 2:57 p.m. vacating the hearing on the 19th. That all of the facts and points herein point to why emergency action is needed. Kim had no judge to take any action once the motion was filed.

Kim must have the complaint dismissed with prejudice.

As shown above that abuse of an older person includes:

(c) Infliction of psychological or emotional anguish, pain or distress on an older person or a vulnerable person through any act, including, without limitation:

Giordani is inflicting this anguish, pain and distress upon Kim. Kim is suffering the effects of Giordani's repeated and repeated and repeated refusal to not step away from this case. Kim is now over 845 months old (70 years five months) the strain on Kim is discernable even by other people.

Giordani is inflicting continued pain and suffering upon Kim under color of law. She knows that once the motion was filed she must do nothing further in the case but Giordani like the monstrous criminals before her, only care about the power and control that they have or might gain. Giordani has now most certainly seen the video mentioned above of Kim's appearance before her on Feb 18, 2026 where in violation of the Revised Code of Judicial Conduct (Code) she would not let Kim make a record in the least. It was at that hearing that for the first time Giordani announced that she was assigning the case to herself.

These types of comments below of unknowing ignorant people that believe Kim to be the

criminal and/or trouble maker and not Giordani:

" [@lorrainemacgillivray4722](#)

[13 hours ago](#)

He's still trying to intimidate the judge , threatening her with disqualification, assuming that the minute he mentions that threat , the judge can not go any further , of course he's following his own usual pattern , so far most of the judges have placated him way way too much , you can't deal with Blandino the same way you would deal with any other defendant, this one will wear you down , he will rant and rave about his rights and **bore you with his knowledge of the law**, sovereign citizens like him project the law as they see it ,not as it really is and the Israel nonsense is pure bullshit" (emphasis added please excuse the language)

[@lorrainemacgillivray4722](#)

[1 day ago](#)

"Of all the videos I have seen on this guy , this is by far the only ,ONLY judge that knows how to handle him, I love how this judge manages to shut him down at his every attempt to derail this hearing , he's always up to his old tricks but she knows him well , he claims she is bullying him , perfect , he threatens to disqualify her , great , love this judge and please please, make sure she is the only judge that handles his hearings , that should really piss him off " (emphasis added)

[@christophersequeira4155](#)

[5 days ago](#)

Dismissed on 26 Feb, without prejudice, allowing it to be refiled for 1 year, if they so choose. Sadly, no further drama scheduled at this time! But, I have faith in Kim Denis...he'll provide other amusement soon enough...schizotypal narcissism is a reliable driver...

[@KEVZZ-DAD-OF-TWO-BOYZ](#)

[8 days ago](#)

"Another idiot Trumper who thinks rules don't apply to them... shocker"

[@LVGaryD1](#)

[8 days ago](#)

"As a person who often gets called for jury duty in Las Vegas, if the court puts me on this man's jury, he is guilty. I do not care what he says or does, he is one irritating s.o.b. For this reason your honor, please keep excuse me from all future jury duty."

[@randyhoobler9654](#)

["2 weeks ago](#)



ABSOLUTELY BULL
jail for CONTEMPT!! “

this circus clown should be in

“[@lindapeterson7997](#)

3 weeks ago

He wants the court to proceed his way with a judge that agrees with him. The man is a fool. He's hostile and uncooperative and trying to manipulate the system. **Just throw him in jail and give him a baloney sandwich.**” (emphasis added)

“[@stkhnds](#)

3 weeks ago

I'd thrown the idiot in jail for wasting court's time and taxpayer money”

“[@DocLaw1](#)

3 weeks ago

Find this idiot in contempt, **jail him** and start again in a few days. See if he figures it out.” (emphasis added)

“[@scottcampbell4678](#)

3 weeks ago

Throw that **frigging bastard is jail for 1000 years in solitary confinement** so he will STFU” (emphasis added)

“[@robbietiz1702](#)

3 weeks ago

As soon as he talked. 2 seconds and you can tell he's an absolute



end. Guarantee, he's arrogant, entitled and misinformed. Its absolute idiots like him who are absolutely decimating this world. I feel for his wife, and pray hes never had children. Best thing you could do for us all. Is **put him in jail and accidentally loose the key to his door. I wholeheartedly promise you. We will not complain. Ever.**” (emphasis added)

@goodcitizen3027

3 weeks ago

I despise him. I really do. I hope he rots in jail. (emphasis added)

@Hdtvjii

3 weeks ago

Just throw his ass **in jail**. Jesus.(emphasis added)

These comments only show the tip of the vitriol that Kim experiences in these comments

That Kim experiences these comments because Kim is an unpaid volunteer [which means unofficial] investigator working with the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline reading these comments are part of Kim's duty in addition to Kim being an investigative journalist.

This monstrous refusal of Giordani to stop moving forward with the case as the law below shows has only aggravated the injury to Kim.

FACTS AND ARGUMENT

Debiparshad v. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct. in & for Cnty. of Clark, 137 Nev. 691, 499 P.3d 597

(2021) demands that another judge other than Giordani vacate this void order immediately.

"We conclude that once a motion to disqualify is filed by a party, the subject judge can take no further action in the case until the motion to disqualify is resolved. The NCJC requires a judge to "act at all times in a manner that promotes public confidence in the independence, integrity, and impartiality of the judiciary and [to] avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety." NCJC Rule 1.2. When a "judge's impartiality might reasonably be questioned," *696 the judge must disqualify himself or herself from the proceeding. NCJC Rule 2.11(A). Any motion for disqualification filed pursuant to NCJC Rule 2.11 after the deadline established by NRS 1.235(1) must be timely under *Towbin Dodge* and based on new information learned or observed after the cutoff date, information which was not otherwise known or ascertainable by the moving party. **602 *Towbin Dodge*, 121 Nev. at 260-61, 112 P.3d at 1069-70, **The disqualification motion must be adjudicated before the trial proceedings may continue. Consistent with his or her duties under the NCJC to avoid the appearance of impropriety, a judge should suspend proceedings and refrain from taking further substantive action in the case once a party moves to** **disqualify** **the** **judge.**

Debiparshad v. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct. in & for Cnty. of Clark, 137 Nev. 691, 695–96, 499 P.3d 597, 601–02 (2021) (emphasis added)

NRS1.235 speaks for itself yet the case law solidifies that Giordani acted illegally in ruling on Kim's three motions that were filed above.

Even so, there is even further evidence as to a judge not acting after a motion to disqualify has been filed. District Court judge Erika Ballou is still on a suspension from even entering the courthouse in part for violating The Revised Code of Judicial Conduct ("CODE")

"Count III alleges Respondent violated the Code of Judicial Conduct by failing to follow the law and take no action on a matter after the State filed motions to recuse or disqualify Respondent from the Christman matters. As to this charge. Respondent contends she was not required to stay the case as she was never properly served with the State's affidavit. This is an incorrect statement of the law. A filed affidavit seeking disqualification must be served on the judge sought to be disqualified. NRS 1.235(5). While failure to properly serve a Judge with the affidavit may be sufficient grounds for a reviewing judge (other than the judge sought to be disqualified) to dismiss the motion to disqualify, it does not follow that Respondent has the authority to make that ruling herself. Indeed, once a motion to disqualify is filed, a judge must proceed no further with the case. NRS 1.235(6) {emphasis added}. The statute requires only the filing of the affidavit, not the service of it, to trigger the requirement that the Judge pause the proceedings. Additionally, the Commission notes Respondent had actual notice of the pending recusal motion because it was the subject of Respondent's minute order striking the motion. Respondent further alleges she did not commit misconduct because it is her duty to rule on motions before the court and the attorney in the Christman case filed a motion to strike the State's motion to disqualify. Respondent's argument is unpersuasive. It is axiomatic that a judge must follow the law. See Canon 1, Rule 1.1. As such, when the law requires a judge to halt proceedings pending resolution of a motion to disqualify, that is what a judge must do, irrespective of other pending motions. Furthermore, the Commission notes Respondent granted Christman's motion to strike the day after it was filed. The record does not reflect any opportunity to be heard or to cure the alleged defective document given by Respondent to the State prior to her ruling. Although this is a likely violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.6(A) (providing a judge shall accord every person who has a legal interest in a proceeding the right to be heard), this charge was not formally before

the Commission. By a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds that Special Counsel proved by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent violated the Code as alleged in Count III of the FSOC. Specifically, that Respondent, Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.1 (requiring a judge to comply with the law, including the Code itself); Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.2, (requiring a judge to act at all times in a manner that promotes public confidence in the independence, integrity, and impartiality of the judiciary and to avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety); Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.2 (requiring a judge to uphold and apply the law and perform all duties of judicial office fairly and impartially); and Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.5 (requiring a judge to perform judicial and administrative duties competently and diligently). Furthermore, by a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent's violations were knowing and deliberate under NRS 1.4653(5)(b)(2). Exhibit A count III"

Kim has a right to have an impartial judge to determine that the case should be reopened and that Kim be allowed show that the matter should be dismissed with prejudice.

Kim is having real world prejudice from these charges hanging over Kim's head. Judge Reynolds of District Court dept 29 learned of the false battery claim and has apparently presumed Kim's guilt as judge Reynolds referenced it in an order issued Jan 8, 2026. See Exhibit B of the last emergency motion Kim filed attached footnote 2 which states:

"2 Mr. Blandino has essentially been civil, though disobedient to the Court's Orders. The Court has now learned that while the Court was drafting this Order Mr. Blandino went to the main courthouse and was cited for Battery against one of the District Court Clerk workers when Mr. Blandino was trying to enter somewhere and tried to push past her. Mr. Blandino came back to the Phoenix Building with the citation and the two marshals at security were made aware of it. Event # 20260108-005." Page 3 Ex. B

Therefore, prejudice is not hypothetical this is real world prejudice by a sitting judge and Kim has a hearing with judge Reynolds on April 2. Judge Reynolds is treating this citation alone as an established fact of guilt. This matter must be dismissed with prejudice before this date so that

Kim can inform judge Reynolds and judge Reynolds will not hold this against Kim and judge Reynolds can apologize to Kim in open court for PRE-JUDGING Kim.

1. **Ballou was a district court judge and Giordani is a Municipal Court Judge However**

NRS1.235 is equally applicable to Municipal Court Judges

NRS 1.235 clearly states:

5. At the time the affidavit is filed, a copy must be served upon the judge sought to be disqualified. Service must be made by delivering the copy to the judge personally or by leaving it at the judge's chambers with some person of suitable age and discretion employed therein.

6. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 7, the judge against whom an affidavit alleging bias or prejudice is filed shall proceed no further with the matter and shall:

(a) If the judge is a district judge, immediately transfer the case to another department of the court, if there is more than one department of the court in the district, or request the judge of another district court to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter;

(b) If the judge is a justice of the peace, immediately arrange for another justice of the peace to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter as provided pursuant to NRS 4.032, 4.340 or 4.345, as applicable; or

(c) **If the judge is a municipal judge, immediately arrange for another municipal judge to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter as provided pursuant to NRS 5.023 or 5.024, as applicable.**

7. **A judge may challenge an affidavit alleging bias or prejudice by filing a written answer with the clerk of the court within 5 judicial days after the affidavit is served**, admitting or denying any or all of the allegations contained in the affidavit and setting forth any additional facts which bear on the question of the judge's disqualification. **The question of the judge's disqualification must thereupon be heard and determined by a judge appointed:**

(a) If the judge is a district judge, by the presiding judge of the judicial district in judicial districts having more than one judge, or if the presiding judge of the judicial district is sought to be disqualified, by the judge having the greatest number of years of service;

(b) If the judge is a justice of the peace, by the presiding judge of the justice court in justice courts having more than one justice of the peace, or if the presiding judge is sought to be disqualified, by the justice of the peace having the greatest number of years of service;

(c) If the judge is a municipal judge, by the presiding judge of the municipal court in municipal courts having more than one municipal judge, **or if the presiding judge is sought to be disqualified, by the municipal judge having the greatest number of years of service; or**

(d) If there is no presiding judge, by the Supreme Court.

There can be no confusion whatsoever Kim filed for disqualification against Giordani and served Giordani's Marshal (Thompson) with a copy of the Motion right after filing on Feb. 24 2026. See Exhibit C attached to previous emergency motion In accord with clear statute, case law and an adjudication with the NCJD against Ballou. Giordani had no authority whatsoever to do anything further in Case # 26-005437 and yet like Ballou has willfully and unlawfully violated the law and failed to uphold the law. Only, unlike Ballou Giordani has done this over and over and over again.

Kim had no choice since Giordani is the chief or presiding judge, Kim sought relief from the judge having the most years of service who is Bert Brown.

Had Giordani filed a challenge the matter of disqualification would under NRS1.235(7) (c) would have been decided by judge Bert Brown. Kim filed and served the disqualify motion and Giordani declined to challenge this therefore she was obligated by statute and case law and the decision the NCJD issued against Ballou to act no further in the case.

2. **Kim Has no Immediate or Speedy Remedy to pursue except by invoking the implied power of NRS1.235(7) (c) Or appealing to Giordani's conscience once again**

Debiparshad "states that the motion to disqualify must be adjudicated....." However the statute says that the judge must immediately arrange to proceed **immediately arrange for another municipal judge to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter as provided pursuant to NRS 5.023 or 5.024, as applicable.** (emphasis added)

Or the judge can challenge the motion to disqualify. Yet this has to be done within 5 judicial days which Giordani refused to do

Since Giordani much like Ballou arrogantly, willfully, and unlawfully refuses to follow the law and not once but twice and three times rules on a case she has no authority to rule on Kim has no option but to use the statute to get relief if possible.

Kim must have the transcripts of the Feb. 10 and 18 hearings so that Kim can petition a higher court and file an emergency complaint with the NCJD, so that Giordani can be suspended without pay pending removal permanently as a judge and have the title honorable removed from her forever .

Kim is IFP and cannot pay for these transcripts. Even the wicked Giordani acknowledged this on Feb 18 as she was prepared to appoint the public attorney for Kim.

CONCLUSION

For the above reasons this motion must be heard immediately by someone other than Giordani. Kim must have these transcripts at no cost so any reviewing body can see that Kim is deserving of relief and that Giordani is deserving of being disciplined and/or removed as a judge in Nevada forever.

Therefore Kim requests the following.

1. Giordani must do her duty and by no means rule on this motion and arrange for another judge to be assigned to this case.
2. That an order be given that allows Kim to have the aforementioned transcripts prepared and given to Kim at no cost to Kim.
3. That the judge hearing this matter report Giordani to the NCJD Rule 2.15:

Rule 2.15. Responding to Judicial and Lawyer Misconduct.

(A) A judge having knowledge that another judge has committed a violation of this Code that raises a substantial question regarding the judge's honesty, trustworthiness, or fitness as a judge in other respects shall inform the appropriate authority.

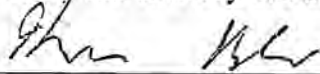
(B) A judge having knowledge that a lawyer has committed a violation of the Nevada Rules of Professional Conduct that raises a substantial question regarding the lawyer's honesty, trustworthiness, or fitness as a lawyer in other respects shall inform the appropriate authority.

(C) A judge who receives information indicating a substantial likelihood that another judge has committed a violation of this Code shall take appropriate action.

(D) A judge who receives information indicating a substantial likelihood that a lawyer has committed a violation of the Nevada Rules of Professional Conduct shall take appropriate action. (emphasis added).

4. In the alternative to grant such other relief as is proper and just.

DATED this 19th day of March, 2026.



Kim Blandino
C/O 441 N 16th
Las Vegas Nevada 89101
702 219-5657
Kim 43792@earthlink.net

ASSEVERATION IN SUPPORT OF MOTION

I Kim Blandino state under penalty of perjury that I am over 70 years of age (outside the womb) and have read the foregoing and the same is true and correct except as to those matters of belief and belief and as to those matters Kim believes them to be true. And that:

1. That this filing is not made to vex, harass, delay or made in bad faith nor for any improper purpose and anyone who says or claims differently is lying through their teeth.
2. That any and all exhibits are true and correct and authentic according to FRE 901 and the state rules of evidence.
3. That Kim is preparing this motion under the most extreme conditions and suffering because of Giordani and under great time pressure as the court closes today at or about 5 p.m. So please excuse any and all spelling and grammar errors and any other errors.

I declare under penalty of perjury that I have read the foregoing and the same is true and correct.

DATED this 19th day of March, 2026.


KIM BLANDINO PRO SE #363075
C/O 441 N 16TH ST
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
(702) 219-5657
No Fax
Kim43792@earthlink.net

LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CITY OF LAS VEGAS,

Plaintiff,

vs.

KIM BLANDINO,
ID No.:363075

Defendant.

CASE NOS.: 26-00543
DEPT.: 6

ORDER

FILED

A.M.

2:40 P.M.

3.23.20

Dep. Court Clerk, Municipal Court

On March 19th, 2026, Defendant filed **Emergency Motion to Arrange Another Municipal Judge to Hear the Matter as Judge Giordani is Repeatedly Violating the Law Regarding Disqualification and is Oppressing Kim Under NRS 197.00 and 18 U.S.C. Section 242 and Abusing Kim Blandino who is a Protected Older Person Under NRS 200.5091-200.50995 (Being Over 70 Years Old) Warning This Must be Docketed or Assigned to Any Other Judge than Judge Giordani!** The instant case was voluntarily dismissed pursuant to NRS 174.085(5) by the Las Vegas City Attorney's Office on February 26, 2026, in compliance with the statute. Nothing contained within the motion, legal or factual, give reason to reopen a closed case that was properly dismissed. As such, the instant motion is DENIED and all future dates scheduled to address this issue are VACATED.

DATED March 23rd, 2026.

Kelly Giordani

Chief Judge Kelly Giordani
Las Vegas Municipal Court, Dept. 6

Exhibit 7

ORIGINAL

FILED

EMOT
KIM BLANDINO PECULIAR PRO SE
Nevada Bar No. None
C/O 441 N. 16th St
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
(702) 219-5657
No Fax
Kim43792@earthlink.net

MAR 31 2026
LV MUNICIPAL COURT

LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CITY OF LAS VEGAS

Plaintiff,

Case No. 26-005437

Dept. No. 6

-vs

4/13/24 9:30 AM

KIM BLANDINO

Defendant

EMERGENCY MOTION FOR THE TRANSCRIPTS OF FEB. 10

AND 18 AT NO COST BECAUSE KIM IS IN FORMA PAUPERIS SO THAT KIM CAN
SEEK RELIEF AT A HIGHER COURT AND PROSECUTE A COMPLAINT WITH THE
NEVADA COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL DISCIPLINE AGAINST THE
DISHONORABLE JUDGE GIORDANI AND THIS EMERGENCY MOTION MUST BE
DOCKETED BEFORE A JUDGE OTHER THAN GIORDANI

COMES NOW Kim Blandino ("Kim") listed as Defendant appearing specially and not generally.

INTRODUCTION AND REASON FOR FILING AS AN EMERGENCY

RECEIVED
JAN 10 1961

COMES NOW Kim Blandino ("Kim") listed as Defendant appearing specially and not generally who under threat of a Bench warrant appeared in Las Vegas Municipal Court Department 1 Matthew Walker ("Walker") presiding ON Feb. 10, 2026. Kim appeared by special appearance because of a green colored post card that Kim received in the U.S Mail at C/O 441 N16th Street L.V. Nv. 89101. The video of this hearing is at published by Our Nevada Judges ("ONJ") at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o69qTuWdZ-I&t=189s> Kim was set for a calendaring hearing by Walker's order and again under threat of a bench warrant should Kim not appear on Feb. 18, 2026.

Because Judge Giordani ("Giordani") did not assign herself to the actual case until Feb. 18, 2026 Kim filed a motion to disqualify within the time frame of NRS 1.235(motion must be filed within 10 days of assignment). Kim told Giordani in open court that this Motion would be filed on Feb 18 the video of this by ONJ is at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OLdjoDg6ots> . Kim appeared specially and not generally. Kim was also threatened with warrant for not showing up on Feb. 18, 2026.

On March 12, 2026 kim filed an **EMERGENCY MOTION TO VACATE THE ORDER OF MARCH 2,2026 BY JUDGE GIORDANI AS VOID AND TO REOPEN CASE AS ORIGINALLY MOTIONED FOR MUST BE DOCKETED TO JUDGE BERT BROWN WHO IS THE MUNICIPAL JUDGE HAVING THE GREATEST NUMBER OF YEARS OF SERVICE PURSUANT TO NRS 1.235 (7) (c)**

Again, Giordani willfully, illegally signed and filed an order denying this on March 16, 2026 and the hearing set for March 23 2026 was vacated by Giordani. This has come to the point that Giordani is in violation of the criminal laws as shown below. NRS 200.50091 states:

“NRS 200.5091 Policy of State. It is the policy of this State to provide for the cooperation of law enforcement officials, courts of competent jurisdiction and all appropriate state agencies providing human services in identifying the **abuse**, neglect, exploitation, isolation and abandonment of older persons and vulnerable persons through the complete reporting of abuse, neglect, exploitation, isolation and abandonment of older persons and vulnerable persons. (emphasis added)

(Added to NRS by 1981, 1334; A 1997, 1348; 2005, 1107; 2015, 804)

Older person is defined as:

“6. “Older person” means a person who is 60 years of age or older.”
NRS200.5092(6)

“2. “Abuse” means willful:

(a) Infliction of pain or injury on an older person or a vulnerable person;

(b) Deprivation of food, shelter, clothing or services which are necessary to maintain the physical or mental health of an older person or a vulnerable person;

(c) Infliction of psychological or emotional anguish, pain or distress on an older person or a vulnerable person through any act, including, without limitation:

(1) Threatening, controlling or socially isolating the older person or vulnerable person;

(2) Disregarding the needs of the older person or vulnerable person; or

(3) Harming, damaging or destroying any property of the older person or vulnerable person, including, without limitation, pets;

(d) Nonconsensual sexual contact with an older person or a vulnerable person, including, without limitation:

(1) An act that the older person or vulnerable person is unable to understand or to which the older person or vulnerable person is unable to communicate his or her objection; or

(2) Intentional touching, either directly or through the clothing, of the genitalia, anus, groin, breast, inner thigh or buttocks of the older person or vulnerable person; or

(e) Permitting any of the acts described in paragraphs (a) to (d), inclusive, to be committed against an older person or a vulnerable person.” (emphasis and caps added)

NRS 197.200 states:

NRS 197.200 Oppression under color of office.

1. An officer, or a person pretending to be an officer, who unlawfully and maliciously, under pretense or color of official authority:

(a) Arrests or detains a person against the person’s will;

(b) Seizes or levies upon another’s property;

(c) Dispossesses another of any lands or tenements; or

(d) Does any act whereby the person, property or rights of another person are injured,

Ê commits oppression.

2. An officer or person committing oppression shall be punished:

(a) Where physical force or the immediate threat of physical force is used, for a category D felony as provided in NRS 193.130.

(b) Where no physical force or immediate threat of physical force is used, for a gross misdemeanor.

[1911 C&P § 541; RL § 6806; NCL § 10487]—(NRS A 1967, 462; 1995, 1172)

18 U.S.C. Section 242 states:

“Whoever, under color of any law, statute, ordinance, regulation, or custom, willfully subjects any person in any State, Territory, Commonwealth, Possession, or District to the deprivation of any rights, privileges, or immunities secured or protected by the Constitution or laws of the United States, or to different punishments, pains, or penalties, on account of such person being an alien, or by reason of his color, or race, than are prescribed for the punishment of citizens, shall be fined under this title

or imprisoned not more than one year, or both; and if bodily injury results from the acts committed in violation of this section or if such acts include the use, attempted use, or threatened use of a dangerous weapon, explosives, or fire, shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than ten years, or both; and if death results from the acts committed in violation of this section or if such acts include kidnapping or an attempt to kidnap, aggravated sexual abuse, or an attempt to commit aggravated sexual abuse, or an attempt to kill, shall be fined under this title, or imprisoned for any term of years or for life, or both, or may be sentenced to death.

(June 25, 1948, ch. 645, 62 Stat. 696; Pub. L. 90-284, title I, § 103(b), Apr. 11, 1968, 82 Stat. 75; Pub. L. 100-690, title VII, § 7019, Nov. 18, 1988, 102 Stat. 4396; Pub. L. 103-322, title VI, § 60006(b), title XXXII, §§ 320103(b), 320201(b), title XXXIII, § 330016(1)(H), Sept. 13, 1994, 108 Stat. 1970, 2109, 2113, 2147; Pub. L. 104-294, title VI, §§ 604(b)(14)(B), 607(a), Oct. 11, 1996, 110 Stat. 3507, 3511.)

Kim is a person under the statute and the courts have stated that one has the right to have an unbiased judge or even any risk of bias to determine the case or controversy. See Rippo v. Baker is 580 U.S. 285 (2017).

NRS 1.235 states in pertinent part:

“6. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 7, the judge against whom an affidavit alleging bias or prejudice is filed SHALL PROCEED NO FURTHER with the matter and shall:

(a) If the judge is a district judge, immediately transfer the case to another department of the court, if there is more than one department of the court in the district, or request the judge of another district court to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter;

(b) If the judge is a justice of the peace, immediately arrange for another justice of the peace to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter as provided pursuant to NRS 4.032, 4.340 or 4.345, as applicable; or

(c) If the judge is a municipal judge, immediately arrange for another municipal judge to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter as provided pursuant to NRS 5.023 or 5.024, as applicable.

7. A judge may challenge an affidavit alleging bias or prejudice by filing a written answer with the clerk of the court within 5

judicial days after the affidavit is served, admitting or denying any or all of the allegations contained in the affidavit and setting forth any additional facts which bear on the question of the judge's disqualification. The question of the judge's disqualification must thereupon be heard and determined by a judge appointed:

(a) If the judge is a district judge, by the presiding judge of the judicial district in judicial districts having more than one judge, or if the presiding judge of the judicial district is sought to be disqualified, by the judge having the greatest number of years of service;

(b) If the judge is a justice of the peace, by the presiding judge of the justice court in justice courts having more than one justice of the peace, or if the presiding judge is sought to be disqualified, by the justice of the peace having the greatest number of years of service;

(c) If the judge is a municipal judge, by the presiding judge of the municipal court in municipal courts having more than one municipal judge, or **if the presiding judge is sought to be disqualified, by the municipal judge having the greatest number of years of service; or**

(d) If there is no presiding judge, by the Supreme Court.

(Added to NRS by 1977, 767; A 1979, 59, 393; 1981, 319, 872; 2011, 9; 2013, 1711; 2017, 272; 2023, 2596)"

OTHER REASONS FOR FILING AS AN EMERGENCY

This latest video of Kim's Feb 18 court appearance has over 125 thousand views in just 1 month with 937 comments <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OLdjoDg6ots&t=316s> . The video of Feb. 10, 2026 has 37 thousand views and 580 comments. See <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o69qTuWdZ-I&t=5s> .

A comment from the Feb 18 appearance from a User called isaned and Kim's reply:

" Whoever made the death threat against Blahblahblahdino better follow through with it , or I will report you to the board of judicial misconduct

Reply Duly noted and recorded"

A comment from the Feb. 10, 2026 video and Kim's reply:

"I don't know if it is the sadist in me, but man, id like to see blandino
bloody
Duly noted and recorded
Reply"

There are many other violent comments and threats made against Kim on these and other videos. Kim is concerned that Kim and/or his family could be a target for extreme violence. The insane hatred that commenters have toward Kim like "lock Kim up and throw away the key" are about 99% of the comments are very similar to a lynch mob mentality or the "Give us Barrabas" chants at Jesus' trial. Just Feb 28 Kim received a call on his cell while at a Celebration of Life Ceremony for Leah Reesa Campbell at the FOE Federation of eagles. from phone number XXXXXXXX and Kim heard "You are one of the biggest Douche Bags in the world" and then the male caller hung up. LVMPD refused to take a police report.

Kim attempted to serve Giordani in chambers with the motion to disqualify however Giordani blocks anyone from serving champers as the statute requires. Therefore, Kim left the Motion with Marshal Thompson outside the courtroom directly after filing.

Therefore, Kim must have Giordani obey the statute and the case law and acknowledge that after a motion to disqualified is filed the judge must do nothing further with the case and then reassign the case unless the judge Since Giordani refused to challenge the Motion to disqualify withing 5 judicial days. That the City notified that court they were dismissing charges without prejudice filed on Feb. 26 2026. Kim filed an emergency motion to reopen the case on March 2, 2026. This was set for hearing. However, that same day Giordani at 1:48 p.m. willfully and unlawfully ruled on the case which she was mandated not to act in and made findings and vacated Kim's hearing.

Kim then on March 9, 2026 kim filed **EMERGENCY MOTION TO VACATE THE ORDER OF MARCH 2, 2026 BY JUDGE GIORDANI AS VOID AND TO REOPEN CASE AS ORIGINALLY MOTIONED FOR** at 7:08 a.m. and was set for hearing 'on March 19,

2026 Again, Giordani willfully and unlawfully issued another order in the matter at 2:57 p.m. vacating the hearing on the 19th. That all of the facts and points herein point to why emergency action is needed. Kim had no judge to take any action once the motion was filed.

Kim must have the complaint dismissed with prejudice.

As shown above that abuse of an older person includes:

(c) Infliction of psychological or emotional anguish, pain or distress on an older person or a vulnerable person through any act, including, without limitation:

Giordani is inflicting this anguish, pain and distress upon Kim. Kim is suffering the effects of Giordani's repeated and repeated and repeated refusal to not step away from this case. Kim is now over 845 months old (70 years five-months) the strain on Kim is discernable even by other people.

Giordani is inflicting continued pain and suffering upon Kim under color of law. She knows that once the motion was filed she must do nothing further in the case but Giordani like the monstrous criminals before her, only care about the power and control that they have or might gain. Giordani has now most certainly seen the video mentioned above of Kim's appearance before her on Feb 18, 2026 where in violation of the Revised Code of Judicial Conduct (Code) she would not let Kim make a record in the least. It was at that hearing that for the first time Giordani announced that she was assigning the case to herself.

These types of comments below of unknowing ignorant people that believe Kim to be the

criminal and/or trouble maker and not Giordani:

" @lorrainemacgillivray4722

13 hours ago

He's still trying to intimidate the judge , threatening her with disqualification, assuming that the minute he mentions that threat , the judge can not go any further , of course he's following his own usual pattern , so far most of the judges have placated him way way too much , you can't deal with Blandino the same way you would deal with any other defendant, this one will wear you down , he will rant and rave about his rights and **bore you with his knowledge of the law**, sovereign citizens like him project the law as they see it ,not as it really is and the Israel nonsense is pure bullshit" (emphasis added please excuse the language)

@lorrainemacgillivray4722

1 day ago

"Of all the videos I have seen on this guy , this is by far the only ,ONLY judge that knows how to handle him, I love how this judge manages to shut him down at his every attempt to derail this hearing , he's always up to his old tricks but she knows him well , he claims she is bullying him , perfect , he threatens to disqualify her , great , love this judge and please please, make sure she is the only judge that handles his hearings , that should really piss him off " (emphasis added)

@christophersequeira4155

5 days ago

Dismissed on 26 Feb, without prejudice, allowing it to be refiled for 1 year, if they so choose. Sadly, no further drama scheduled at this time! But, I have faith in Kim Denis...he'll provide other amusement soon enough...schizotypal narcissism is a reliable driver...

@KEVZZ-DAD-OF-TWO-BOYZ

8 days ago

"Another idiot Trumper who thinks rules don't apply to them... shocker"

@LVGaryD1

8 days ago

"As a person who often gets called for jury duty in Las Vegas, if the court puts me on this man's jury, he is guilty. I do not care what he says or does, he is one irritating s.o.b. For this reason your honor, please keep excuse me from all future jury duty."

@randyhoobler9654

"2 weeks ago



ABSOLUTELY BULL
jail for CONTEMPT!! “

this circus clown should be in

“[@lindapeterson7997](#)

3 weeks ago

He wants the court to proceed his way with a judge that agrees with him. The man is a fool. He's hostile and uncooperative and trying to manipulate the system. **Just throw him in jail and give him a baloney sandwich.**” (emphasis added)

“[@stkhnds](#)

3 weeks ago

I'd thrown the idiot in jail for wasting court's time and taxpayer money”

“[@DocLaw1](#)

3 weeks ago

Find this idiot in contempt, **jail him** and start again in a few days. See if he figures it out.” (emphasis added)

“[@scottcampbell4678](#)

3 weeks ago

Throw that **frigging bastard is jail for 1000 years in solitary confinement** so he will STFU” (emphasis added)

“[@robbietiz1702](#)

3 weeks ago

As soon as he talked. 2 seconds and you can tell he's an absolute



end. Guarantee, he's arrogant, entitled and misinformed. Its absolute idiots like him who are absolutely decimating this world. I feel for his wife, and pray hes never had children. Best thing you could do for us all. Is **put him in jail and accidentally loose the key to his door. I wholeheartedly promise you. We will not complain. Ever.**” (emphasis added)

@goodcitizen3027

3 weeks ago

I despise him. I really do. I hope he rots in jail. (emphasis added)

@Hdtvjii

3 weeks ago

Just throw his ass **in jail**. Jesus.(emphasis added)

These comments only show the tip of the vitriol that Kim experiences in these comments

That Kim experiences these comments because Kim is an unpaid volunteer [which means unofficial] investigator working with the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline reading these comments are part of Kim's duty in addition to Kim being an investigative journalist.

This monstrous refusal of Giordani to stop moving forward with the case as the law below shows has only aggravated the injury to Kim.

FACTS AND ARGUMENT

Debiparshad v. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct. in & for Cnty. of Clark, 137 Nev. 691, 499 P.3d 597

(2021) demands that another judge other than Giordani vacate this void order immediately.

"We conclude that once a motion to disqualify is filed by a party, the subject judge can take no further action in the case until the motion to disqualify is resolved. The NCJC requires a judge to "act at all times in a manner that promotes public confidence in the independence, integrity, and impartiality of the judiciary and [to] avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety." NCJC Rule 1.2. When a "judge's impartiality might reasonably be questioned," *696 the judge must disqualify himself or herself from the proceeding. NCJC Rule 2.11(A). Any motion for disqualification filed pursuant to NCJC Rule 2.11 after the deadline established by NRS 1.235(1) must be timely under *Towbin Dodge* and based on new information learned or observed after the cutoff date, information which was not otherwise known or ascertainable by the moving party. **602 *Towbin Dodge*, 121 Nev. at 260-61, 112 P.3d at 1069-70, **The disqualification motion must be adjudicated before the trial proceedings may continue. Consistent with his or her duties under the NCJC to avoid the appearance of impropriety, a judge should suspend proceedings and refrain from taking further substantive action in the case once a party moves to** **disqualify** **the** **judge.**

Debiparshad v. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct. in & for Cnty. of Clark, 137 Nev. 691, 695–96, 499 P.3d 597, 601–02 (2021) (emphasis added)

NRS1.235 speaks for itself yet the case law solidifies that Giordani acted illegally in ruling on Kim's three motions that were filed above.

Even so, there is even further evidence as to a judge not acting after a motion to disqualify has been filed. District Court judge Erika Ballou is still on a suspension from even entering the courthouse in part for violating The Revised Code of Judicial Conduct ("CODE")

"Count III alleges Respondent violated the Code of Judicial Conduct by failing to follow the law and take no action on a matter after the State filed motions to recuse or disqualify Respondent from the Christman matters. As to this charge. Respondent contends she was not required to stay the case as she was never properly served with the State's affidavit. This is an incorrect statement of the law. A filed affidavit seeking disqualification must be served on the judge sought to be disqualified. NRS 1.235(5). While failure to properly serve a Judge with the affidavit may be sufficient grounds for a reviewing judge (other than the judge sought to be disqualified) to dismiss the motion to disqualify, it does not follow that Respondent has the authority to make that ruling herself. Indeed, once a motion to disqualify is filed, a judge must proceed no further with the case. NRS 1.235(6) (emphasis added). The statute requires only filing of the affidavit, not the service of it, to trigger the requirement that the Judge pause the proceedings. Additionally, the Commission notes Respondent had actual notice of the pending recusal motion because it was the subject of Respondent's minute order striking the motion. Respondent further alleges she did not commit misconduct because it is her duty to rule on motions before the court and the attorney in the Christman case filed a motion to strike the State's motion to disqualify. Respondent's argument is unpersuasive. It is axiomatic that a judge must follow the law. See Canon 1, Rule 1.1. As such, when the law requires a judge to halt proceedings pending resolution of a motion to disqualify, that is what a judge must do, irrespective of other pending motions. Furthermore, the Commission notes Respondent granted Christman's motion to strike the day after it was filed. The record does not reflect any opportunity to be heard or to cure the alleged defective document given by Respondent to the State prior to her ruling. Although this is a likely violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.6(A) (providing a judge shall accord every person who has a legal interest in a proceeding the right to be heard), this charge was not formally before

the Commission. By a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds that Special Counsel proved by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent violated the Code as alleged in Count III of the FSOC. Specifically, that Respondent, Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.1 (requiring a judge to comply with the law, including the Code itself); Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.2, (requiring a judge to act at all times in a manner that promotes public confidence in the independence, integrity, and impartiality of the judiciary and to avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety); Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.2 (requiring a judge to uphold and apply the law and perform all duties of judicial office fairly and impartially); and Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.5 (requiring a judge to perform judicial and administrative duties competently and diligently). Furthermore, by a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent's violations were knowing and deliberate under NRS 1.4653(5)(b)(2). Exhibit A count III"

Kim has a right to have an impartial judge to determine that the case should be reopened and that Kim be allowed show that the matter should be dismissed with prejudice.

Kim is having real world prejudice from these charges hanging over Kim's head. Judge Reynolds of District Court dept 29 learned of the false battery claim and has apparently presumed Kim's guilt as judge Reynolds referenced it in an order issued Jan 8, 2026. See Exhibit B of the last emergency motion Kim filed attached footnote 2 which states:

"2 Mr. Blandino has essentially been civil, though disobedient to the Court's Orders. The Court has now learned that while the Court was drafting this Order Mr. Blandino went to the main courthouse and was cited for Battery against one of the District Court Clerk workers when Mr. Blandino was trying to enter somewhere and tried to push past her. Mr. Blandino came back to the Phoenix Building with the citation and the two marshals at security were made aware of it. Event # 20260108-005." Page 3 Ex. B

Therefore, prejudice is not hypothetical this is real world prejudice by a sitting judge and Kim has a hearing with judge Reynolds on April 2. Judge Reynolds is treating this citation alone as an established fact of guilt. This matter must be dismissed with prejudice before this date so that

Kim can inform judge Reynolds and judge Reynolds will not hold this against Kim and judge Reynolds can apologize to Kim in open court for PRE-JUDGING Kim.

1. **Ballou was a district court judge and Giordani is a Municipal Court Judge However**

NRS1.235 is equally applicable to Municipal Court Judges

NRS 1.235 clearly states:

5. At the time the affidavit is filed, a copy must be served upon the judge sought to be disqualified. Service must be made by delivering the copy to the judge personally or by leaving it at the judge's chambers with some person of suitable age and discretion employed therein.

6. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 7, the judge against whom an affidavit alleging bias or prejudice is filed shall proceed no further with the matter and shall:

(a) If the judge is a district judge, immediately transfer the case to another department of the court, if there is more than one department of the court in the district, or request the judge of another district court to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter;

(b) If the judge is a justice of the peace, immediately arrange for another justice of the peace to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter as provided pursuant to NRS 4.032, 4.340 or 4.345, as applicable; or

(c) **If the judge is a municipal judge, immediately arrange for another municipal judge to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter as provided pursuant to NRS 5.023 or 5.024, as applicable.**

7. **A judge may challenge an affidavit alleging bias or prejudice by filing a written answer with the clerk of the court within 5 judicial days after the affidavit is served**, admitting or denying any or all of the allegations contained in the affidavit and setting forth any additional facts which bear on the question of the judge's disqualification. **The question of the judge's disqualification must thereupon be heard and determined by a judge appointed:**

(a) If the judge is a district judge, by the presiding judge of the judicial district in judicial districts having more than one judge, or if the presiding judge of the judicial district is sought to be disqualified, by the judge having the greatest number of years of service;

(b) If the judge is a justice of the peace, by the presiding judge of the justice court in justice courts having more than one justice of the peace, or if the presiding judge is sought to be disqualified, by the justice of the peace having the greatest number of years of service;

(c) If the judge is a municipal judge, by the presiding judge of the municipal court in municipal courts having more than one municipal judge, or if the presiding judge is sought to be disqualified, by the municipal judge having the greatest number of years of service; or

(d) If there is no presiding judge, by the Supreme Court.

There can be no confusion whatsoever Kim filed for disqualification against Giordani and served Giordani's Marshal (Thompson) with a copy of the Motion right after filing on Feb. 24 2026. See Exhibit C attached to previous emergency motion In accord with clear statute, case law and an adjudication with the NCJD against Ballou. Giordani had no authority whatsoever to do anything further in Case # 26-005437 and yet like Ballou has willfully and unlawfully violated the law and failed to uphold the law. Only, unlike Ballou Giordani has done this over and over and over again.

Kim had no choice since Giordani is the chief or presiding judge, Kim sought relief from the judge having the most years of service who is Bert Brown.

Had Giordani filed a challenge the matter of disqualification would under NRS1.235(7) (c) would have been decided by judge Bert Brown. Kim filed and served the disqualify motion and Giordani declined to challenge this therefore she was obligated by statute and case law and the decision the NCJD issued against Ballou to act no further in the case.

2. Kim Has no Immediate or Speedy Remedy to pursue except by invoking the implied power of NRS1.235(7) (c) Or appealing to Giordani's conscience once again

Debiparshad "states that the motion to disqualify must be adjudicated..." However the statute says that the judge must immediately arrange to proceed **immediately arrange for another municipal judge to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter as provided pursuant to NRS 5.023 or 5.024, as applicable.** (emphasis added)

Or the judge can challenge the motion to disqualify. Yet this has to be done within 5 judicial days which Giordani refused to do

Since Giordani much like Ballou arrogantly, willfully, and unlawfully refuses to follow the law and not once but twice and three times rules on a case she has no authority to rule on Kim has no option but to use the statute to get relief if possible.

Kim must have the transcripts of the Feb. 10 and 18 hearings so that Kim can petition a higher court and file an emergency complaint with the NCJD, so that Giordani can be suspended without pay pending removal permanently as a judge and have the title honorable removed from her forever.

Kim is IFP and cannot pay for these transcripts. Even the wicked Giordani acknowledged this on Feb 18 as she was prepared to appoint the public attorney for Kim.

CONCLUSION

For the above reasons this motion must be heard immediately by someone other than Giordani. Kim must have these transcripts at no cost so any reviewing body can see that Kim is deserving of relief and that Giordani is deserving of being disciplined and/or removed as a judge in Nevada forever.

Therefore Kim requests the following.

1. Giordani must do her duty and by no means rule on this motion and arrange for another judge to be assigned to this case.
2. That an order be given that allows Kim to have the aforementioned transcripts prepared and given to Kim at no cost to Kim.
3. That the judge hearing this matter report Giordani to the NCJD Rule 2.15:

Rule 2.15. Responding to Judicial and Lawyer Misconduct.

(A) A judge having knowledge that another judge has committed a violation of this Code that raises a substantial question regarding the judge's honesty, trustworthiness, or fitness as a judge in other respects shall inform the appropriate authority.

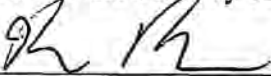
(B) A judge having knowledge that a lawyer has committed a violation of the Nevada Rules of Professional Conduct that raises a substantial question regarding the lawyer's honesty, trustworthiness, or fitness as a lawyer in other respects shall inform the appropriate authority.

(C) A judge who receives information indicating a substantial likelihood that another judge has committed a violation of this Code shall take appropriate action.

(D) A judge who receives information indicating a substantial likelihood that a lawyer has committed a violation of the Nevada Rules of Professional Conduct shall take appropriate action. (emphasis added).

4. In the alternative to grant such other relief as is proper and just.

DATED this 31st day of March , 2026.



Kim Blandino
C/O 441 N 16th
Las Vegas Nevada 89101
702 219-5657
Kim 43792@earthlink.net

ASSEVERATION IN SUPPORT OF MOTION

I Kim Blandino state under penalty of perjury that I am over 70 years of age (outside the womb) and have read the foregoing and the same is true and correct except as to those matters of belief and belief and as to those matters Kim believes them to be true. And that:

1. That this filing is not made to vex, harass, delay or made in bad faith nor for any improper purpose and anyone who says or claims differently is lying through their teeth.
2. That any and all exhibits are true and correct and authentic according to FRE 901 and the state rules of evidence.
3. That Kim is preparing this motion under the most extreme conditions and suffering because of Giordani and under great time pressure as the court closes today at or about 5 p.m. So please excuse any and all spelling and grammar errors and any other errors.

I declare under penalty of perjury that I have read the foregoing and the same is true and correct.

DATED this 31st day of March, 2026,



KIM BLANDINO PRO SE #363075
C/O 441 N 16TH ST
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
(702) 219-5657
No Fax
Kim43792@earthlink.net

LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CITY OF LAS VEGAS,

Plaintiff,

vs.

KIM BLANDINO,
ID No.:363075

Defendant.

CASE NOS.: 26-00547
DEPT.: 6

ORDER

FILED

11:24

A.M.

P.M.

4.1

20

2026

Dep. Court Clerk, Municipal Court

On March 31st, 2026, Defendant filed **Emergency Motion for the Transcripts of Feb. 10 and 18 at No Cost Because Kim is In Forma Pauperis so that Kim can Seek Relief at a Higher Court and Prosecute a Complaint with the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline Against the Dishonorable Judge Giordani and This Emergency Motion Must be Docketed Before a Judge Other than Giordani.**

The instant case was voluntarily dismissed pursuant to NRS 174.085(5) by the Las Vegas City Attorney's Office on February 26, 2026, in compliance with the statute. Nothing contained within the motion, legal or factual, give reason to reopen a closed case that was properly dismissed. As such, the instant motion is DENIED and all future dates scheduled to address this issue are VACATED.

DATED April 1st, 2026.

Kelly Giordani

Chief Judge Kelly Giordani
Las Vegas Municipal Court, Dept. 6

Exhibit 8

ORIGINAL

IN THE MUNICIPAL COURT OF THE CITY OF LAS VEGAS
COUNTY OF CLARK, STATE OF NEVADA

FILED

MAR 19 2026

LV MUNICIPAL COURT

IN RE:

Kim Blandino

Case No.: 26-029641

Department: 6

Date: 05/06/2026

Time: 10:00 am

Petition to Declare Kim Blandino a Vexatious Litigant

The Las Vegas Municipal Court, through its Court Administrator, Hans Jessup petitions to have the defendant Kim Blandino (hereinafter referred to as 'Defendant', Case #26-005437) declared a vexatious litigant. This motion comes as a result of the Court's desire to save the Court from repetitive, unnecessary and time-consuming actions, as well as from the Court's desire to protect the public and staff from repeated disruption and unwanted interaction.

A review of the Defendant's interactions with the Court will reveal that the Defendant is vexatious due to numerous and repetitive motions that have been consistently denied by the Court; Defendant's repetitive, discourteous, and unwanted behavior with the public and court staff; and Defendant has a history of vexatious behavior in other jurisdictions. The standard for determining a Defendant as a vexatious litigant is cited in *Jordan v. State of Nevada*, 121 Nev. 44, 100 P3rd 30 (2005) and established in *Goad v. Rollins*, 921 F.2d 69 (5th Cir.), cert. denied, 500 U.S. 905, 111 S. St. 1684 (1991). The Court in the Goad case noted:

...Plaintiff's conduct in this Court has deprived the Court of the time desperately needed for legitimate complaints. This Court and the attorneys for the Defendant have expended long hours and a considerable amount of money on this case. The taxpayers should not have to bear the cost incurred as a result of the Plaintiff's frivolous pleadings and motions in this Court. Plaintiff's pro se status does not give

1 him a "license to harass others, clog the judicial machinery with meritless litigation,
2 and abuse already overloaded court dockets." *Ferguson v. MBank Houston, N.A.*,
3 808 F.2d 358, 359 (5th Cir. 1986).

4
5 As established in *Jordan v. State of Nevada*, the process for determining a person to be a vexatious litigant
6 includes the following process: (1) ensuring proper notice to the individual and providing an opportunity
7 for the person to oppose the order; (2) the provision of adequate record of findings of frivolousness or
8 harassment; (3) a Court's determination that the defendant's actions are frivolous and (4) an order
9 tailored and not overly broad in order to address the issue. In the instant case, the satisfaction of the test
10 is outlined below.

11 **Record of Frivolousness and Unruly Behavior**

12 Defendant has filed multiple repetitive motions to reopen, reconsider, and vacate orders, after a notice of
13 dismissal was entered and the case closed. The Court has subsequently entered multiple orders denying
14 the motions and finding that the Notice of dismissal was properly done. In filing the continual motions
15 with the court, the Defendant has at times been discourteous and rude to other court patrons by not
16 waiting his turn and interrupting services being provided to those that preceded him. When corrected by
17 staff and asked to wait his turn, Defendant became disruptive and difficult with staff and supervisors.

18
19 On January 16, 2026, the court received a citation charging the Defendant with battery. The case went
20 through a random case assignment and was assigned to Judge Walker. Judge Walker entered an order of
21 recusal on February 17, 2026, and the matter was assigned to Chief Judge Giordani.

22
23 On February 18, 2026, a motion by the Defendant was filed to stay the case and pending an application
24 for an extraordinary writ with the Supreme Court. A hearing was held that same day where defendant
25 asked to represent himself and have standby counsel, which was granted by the Court. A hearing for the
26 motion was scheduled out for March 18, 2026. To the Court Administrators' knowledge, no writ has been
27 filed by the defendant.
28

1 On February 24, 2026, Defendant attempted to have ex parte communication in violation of Nevada Code
2 of Judicial Conduct (NCJC) Rule 2.9 with Chief Judge Giordani by waiting on the first floor to discuss his
3 case and serve her with a motion to disqualify. During this time multiple court personnel tried to assist
4 and direct the Defendant, but Defendant refused assistance and direction by telling them that he was
5 trying to talk with Judge Giordani and that he needed to serve her (with a motion to disqualify her).
6 Defendant was given instruction several times on how to properly file documents with the court. Later,
7 Defendant approached the customer service windows to file a motion and was advised that he needed to
8 provide a copy of the filing to the City Attorney's Office. Defendant indicated that the City Attorney had
9 nothing to do with the matter and that he would wait to serve Chief Judge Giordani in the courtroom.
10 Defendant was told that his attempt to serve her would not be appropriate. Defendant then told staff he
11 would wait to serve the Chief Judge on the way back from lunch. Again, the Defendant was advised of the
12 proper way to file matters with the Court. That afternoon, Defendant tried to enter the courtroom to
13 provide personal service on the judge and was stopped by Court Marshals. Defendant placed papers
14 against a Marshal and then dropped them on the floor while stating, "You have been served."

15 On February 26, 2026, the Court received a notice of dismissal filed by the City Attorney to dismiss the
16 case pursuant to NRS 174.085(5). Accordingly, that matter was dismissed without prejudice as allowed in
17 the law and the case was closed. As a result, the Defendant no longer had an active or open case with the
18 Las Vegas Municipal Court.

19
20 On March 2, 2026, the Defendant filed a motion to reopen the case after notice of the order for dismissal.
21 The Court entered an order denying the motion to reopen on March 2, 2026, and further found that the
22 Notice of Dismissal was proper.

23
24 On March 9, 2026, the Defendant filed a subsequent emergency motion to vacate the order denying the
25 motion to reopen on March 2, 2026. The Court denied the emergency motion on the same day.

26
27 On March 12, 2026, the Defendant filed another emergency motion to declare that Judge Giordani is
28 disqualified and to reopen the case. During the filing process, Defendant tried to direct staff to file the
document for a hearing before Judge Brown. Defendant was reminded by the Court Administrator that

1 the Defendant does direct courts staff on who should hear court proceedings. Defendant ultimately filed
2 the document after getting a receipt of copy from the City Attorney's Office. The Chief Judge Giordani
3 entered an order on March 15, 2026, denying the motion.

4 On March 19, 2026, Defendant filed additional motions. One for requesting transcripts as he alludes to an
5 appeal. The other motion is seeking to have another judge hear the matter. Pleadings that seem to be
6 repetitive or intended to harass or take up the courts resources and time unnecessarily as the case is
7 dismissed.

9 Defendant's Disruptive Behavior

10 On February 12, 2026, Defendant was at the court attending a hearing as an observer. Also on that day,
11 school children from a local school were visiting and touring the court. While waiting for court to begin,
12 Defendant engaged in unwanted interaction by trying to talk with the school children and provide them
13 with unsolicited materials.

14
15 On February 24, 2026, as previously mentioned had a negative interaction with the Court Staff, Municipal
16 Court Marshals, and Supervisors and did not follow established filing practices.

17
18 On March 2, 2026, Defendant came to the customer service windows to file a motion and was advised of
19 the need to provide a Receipt of Copy from the City Attorney's Office. Defendant went to the City
20 Attorney's Office and then returned to the customer service area. Rather than waiting in line, Defendant
21 went directly to the window and began to ask questions, even though the clerk was assisting another
22 customer. The clerk advised Defendant that he would have to wait while she assisted the other customer.
23 Due to the distractive nature of the conversation, a supervisor was alerted to the issue and had to ask the
24 Defendant to please step back so that the first customer could be helped. The supervisor had to explain
25 further that the Defendant was invading the other customer's space. The Defendant took a very small
26 step back and asked in a patronizing manner "is this good enough." Defendant was asked again to step
27 back, Defendant took another very small step asking if this was good enough in a loud and disruptive
28 manner. He proceeded to continue to create disruptive scenes by repeating the behavior, but never
completely removed himself from space. The other customer hurriedly concluded their business and due

1 to Defendant's disruptive behavior, staff were forced to bring the Defendant to the front of the queue,
2 despite other customers waiting.

3 While Defendant has had other reasonable interactions with court staff, Defendant's continuous filings,
4 actions, and requests for information, delay the court's ability to serve other members of the public.
5

6 **Defendant's History of Vexatious Litigant Status**

7 In the Eighth Judicial District Court case 18-A775478-J (Exhibit A), a proceeding was held and Defendant
8 was found to be vexatious on July 2, 2018. As a result, Defendant had restrictions related to his entry into
9 and his ability to visit the courthouse placed upon him. On January 8, 2026, the Eighth Judicial District
10 Court case A-25-0932149-W (Exhibit B), Judge Reynolds entered an order indicating that the vexatious
11 designation is still in force, and that due to the Defendant's continued behavior that violated court rules
12 and the law, placed additional restrictions that limited the Defendant's ability to contact staff, judges, and
13 to be present in the courthouse no earlier than 30 minutes before a proceeding for any case specifically
14 related to the Defendant. Defendant's practice and behavior, which resulted in him being declared to be
15 a vexatious litigant at the Eighth Judicial District Court, is similar to his actions and behavior at the Las
16 Vegas Municipal Court.
17

18 **Proper Notice and Request for Hearing**

19 In accordance with the standard for determining a Defendant a vexatious litigant as cited in *Jordan v.*
20 *State*, petitioner has instituted proper notice of the motion and requests that a Show Cause Hearing be
21 scheduled on the matter that the Defendant be required to appear in-person.
22

23 **Conclusion**

24 The Defendant continually filing pleadings that are repetitive and unnecessary expends the Court's
25 valuable time and resources. Additionally, the Defendant's disregard for proper procedure and direction
26 from court staff creates safety issues and potential procedural defects.

27 Defendant has exhibited behavior that disrupts the court process and has refused assistance, direction,
28 while attempting to circumvent or violate rules and laws that are established to ensure proper case
process and the rights of all parties.

1 Accordingly, the Las Vegas Municipal Court, Court Administration, requests that this Court find the
2 Defendant's actions of continually filing actions with the Municipal Court to be frivolous and that the
3 defendant be ordered to withhold any further filings in his criminal case and this case unless approved by
4 the Court. Furthermore, Court Administration requests that the Defendant be declared a vexatious
5 litigant due to the Defendant's failure to follow court rules, laws, and directions from court staff and
6 because the Defendant creates unwanted and unnecessary interactions with members of the public and
7 staff. Additionally, if the Court declares Defendant to be vexatious, petitioner asks that Defendant be
8 ordered to be escorted by a Municipal Court Marshal throughout the building during any future
9 appearances. Furthermore, Court Administration asks that Defendant not be allowed to come into the
10 building until 30 minutes prior to any court proceeding that the Defendant is a named party in and that
11 the Defendant must exit the building within 30 minutes after the court proceeding has concluded.
12 Additionally, Court Administration asks that except as provided in NRS 5.080-5.090, that the Defendant be
13 limited from filing pleadings with the Las Vegas Municipal Court unless the Defendant has an open and
14 active case before the court.

15 Dated: March 19, 2026

16
17
18 By: 

19 Hans Jessup
20 Court Administrator
21 Las Vegas Municipal Court
22 100 E. Clark Ave,
23 Las Vegas, NV 89101
24
25
26
27
28

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on March 19, 2024 I served by certified mail and via email the foregoing document with the Defendant Kim Blandino at 441 N. 16th St., Las Vegas, NV 89101 and at Kim43792@earthlink.net.

Date: March 19, 2024

By: 
Court Clerk

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EXHIBIT A

Steven D. Grierson

1 FFCL

2
3 DISTRICT COURT
4 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

5 KIM BLANDINO.)

6 Complainant,)

7 vs.)

8 DOUGLAS HERNDON.)

9 Real Party in Interest.)
10)

Case No. 18-A775478-J

Department No. XI

11 **ORDER**

12
13 This matter having come on for hearing on June 28, 2018, KIM BLANDINO, having
14 notice of said hearing, having filed a document entitled "Emergency Motion to Quash order to
15 Show Cause or in the Alternative if the Chief Judge Gonzales will Comply with the Mandatory
16 language of NRS 3.02 and Sets Up Procedures that Do Not Require the Filing of a Civil Action
17 Complainant Kim will Voluntarily Dismiss This Suit or in the alternative if Chief Judge
18 Gonzales will not comply with NRS 3.026 Kim Requests that Judge Gonzales Resign as Chief
19 Judge" on June 7, 2018 in response: KIM BLANDINO appearing in proper person; the Court,
20 having read and considered the papers filed by KIM BLANDINO and having heard and carefully
21 considered the demeanor and presentation of KIM BLANDINO, the oral statements made by
22 KIM BLANDINO, and the written materials submitted by KIM BLANDINO,¹ and with the
23 intent of deciding the issue identified in this Court's Order to Show Cause filed on June 5, 2018
24 and the "Emergency Motion to Quash order to Show Cause or in the Alternative if the Chief
25 Judge Gonzales will Comply with the Mandatory language of NRS 3.02 and Sets Up Procedures
26 that Do Not Require the Filing of a Civil Action Complainant Kim will Voluntarily Dismiss This
27 Suit or in the alternative if Chief Judge Gonzales will not comply with NRS 3.026 Kim Requests

28 This includes the materials submitted by KIM BLANDINO in open court marked as Court's Exhibits 2-5.

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27 JUL 02 2018

CLERK OF THE COURT

4/5

1 that Judge Gonzales Resign as Chief Judge" filed on June 7, 2018 (the "Motion to Quash"); the
2 Court makes the following findings of fact and conclusions of law related to whether KIM
3 BLANDINO is a vexatious litigant:

4 1. KIM BLANDINO repeatedly files unmeritorious motions, pleadings, and other
5 papers in this and other cases.

6 2. KIM BLANDINO's filings are repetitive, and appear to be filed merely for the
7 purpose of harassment.

8 3. After evaluation of numerous submissions in this case and in cases C217569,
9 A764148, C302515 and A547536 filed by KIM BLANDINO which were separately evaluated,
10 the Court has determined that the submissions whether a motion, petition or other type of
11 submission are harassing, frivolous and extremely burdensome to the Court.

12 4. KIM BLANDINO's continued attempts to act as counsel for other litigants and as
13 an interloper in cases he is not a party is frivolous, disruptive to the rights of litigants, and
14 extremely burdensome to the Court.

15 5. In Case No. A547536 in denying the second motion to disqualify, the Court found
16 that KIM BLANDINO filed the second motion to disqualify "solely for the purpose of disrupting
17 and delaying the adjudication of the instant case."²

18 6. In Case No. C302515, KIM BLANDINO had limited access to certain portions of
19 the Regional Justice Center due to inappropriate conduct on multiple occasions in Department
20 32.³ This conduct included "sitting at counsel table with multiple in propria persona appellants
21 during their court appearances" where he was not a party⁴ and "attempting to represent the
22 interests of appellants with ongoing cases"⁵ although not licensed as an attorney. The Nevada
23
24

25 ² Exhibit 1 at Page 2, lines 22-23.

26 ³ Exhibit 2, at page 5, lines 11-12.

27 ⁴ Exhibit 2, at page 1, lines 19-20.

28 ⁵ Exhibit 2 at page 1, lines 26-27.

1 Supreme Court denied the petition for extraordinary relief related to that Order by written order
2 filed 06/16/2016 in Case No. 68761.

3 7. In Case No. A764148, the co-plaintiff has alleged that KIM BLANDINO's
4 conduct in that case, as well as in C217569, is for an improper purpose.
5

6 Plaintiff Blandino was attempting a collateral attack on the return of these financial
7 documents through Judge Herndon, by attempting to threaten him into enforcing the
8 order previously made by another sitting judge and has taken off on a tangent and/or
9 personal vendetta against Judge Herndon. He has began (sic) threatening Judge Herndon
10 with similar threats that he has made to this Court. As such, Plaintiff, Gary Walters, has
11 determined that Mr. Blandino's (sic) has completely lost his focus and is now pursuing
12 his own interests instead of the interests of his co-Plaintiff, which is to pursue the return
13 of over 100 million dollars and later even more.

14 Mr. Blandino's pursuit of the tangential issues has taken on a surreal manifestation in this
15 case and now the plaintiff can no longer be associated with this type of ego mania or
16 cocksmanship, which on its face appears to be the manifestation of some kind of menical
17 (sic) or mental defect.

18 Exhibit 3, Ex Parte Motion filed 2/2/18 at page 5, lines 12-25.

19 8. The "Emergency Complaint/Grievance Pursuant to NRS 3.026 and EDCR 1.30
20 and 7.10 Against Judge Douglas Herndon and Other Collateral Matters Directed to Chief Judge
21 Gonzales Including Demand that Chief Judge Gonzales Issue an Administrative Order that Sets
22 Procedures Pursuant to NRS 3.026 or in the Alternative in a Writing Accessible to the Public Set
23 Forth Such Procedures So that the Public and the Parties Can Know How to File Grievances or
24 Complaints as Contemplated by NRS 3.026, or in the Alternative, Any Legal Action That Brings
25 This Filing Before Chief Judge Gonzales in Her Capacity as Chief Judge" ("Complaint") in Case
26 No. A775478-J appears to be filed as a result of this Court's written order filed 03/27/18 denying
27 the "Emergency Ex Parte Notice and Demand By Amicus Curiae Kim Blandino "Kim" for Judge
28 Herndon Pursuant to Ground NRS 1.230 2(c) So that Kim and Judge Herndon Are Free to Settle
the Matter of Judge Herndon's Multiple Violations on 1/18/18 of the Revised Nevada Code of
Judicial Conduct "Code" and of Kim's Civil Rights and to Avoid Having to File a Complaint
with the Commission on Judicial Discipline and/or a Federal Civil Rights Complaint" filed in

1 Case No. C-05-217569-1 on 1/22/18 and the related filings.⁶ As part of Judge Herndon's
2 affidavit in response to that motion, it was reported that KIM BLANDINO "attempted to
3 approach counsel table" although neither a party nor a licensed attorney;⁷ and attempted to
4 appear in the criminal case although neither a party nor a licensed attorney.⁸

5 9. The Court finds after evaluation of the numerous filings made in this and other
6 matters, the materials presented for consideration and argument made during the hearing on the
7 Order to Show Cause, and after considering the demeanor and presentation of KIM BLANDINO
8 in open Court, that KIM BLANDINO is a vexatious litigant.

9 10. To guide courts in determining whether to declare a litigant vexatious, the Nevada
10 Supreme Court in Jordan v. State, Department of Motor Vehicles, 121 Nev. 44, 110 P.3d 30
11 (2005) adopted a four-factor analysis as originally set forth by the Ninth Circuit: 1) the litigant
12 must be provided reasonable notice and an opportunity to respond (Show Cause Hearing); 2) an
13 adequate record illustrating specific cases, documents, and reasons in support of a vexatious
14 litigant classification must be created; 3) substantive findings as to the frivolous and harassing
15 nature of the litigant's actions must be made; and 4) the restrictive order must be narrowly drawn
16 so as to protect the litigant's constitutional rights.⁹ In detailing this four-step process, the
17 Nevada Supreme Court carefully noted the purpose of this approach was to curb flagrant abuse
18 of the judicial process while ensuring litigants' right of access to the courts. Because vexatious
19 litigant orders restrict this right, they must be based on adequate justification supported in the
20 record and narrowly tailored to address the specific abuse.¹⁰ The Court further noted the
21 appropriate standard of review for restrictive orders is the abuse of discretion standard.¹¹

23 ⁶ Exhibit "4".

24 ⁷ Exhibit "5" at paragraph 35.

25 ⁸ Exhibit "5" at paragraph 44-45.

26 ⁹ *Jordan*, 121 Nev. at 60-63.

27 ¹⁰ *Jordan*, 121 Nev. at 63.

28 ¹¹ *Id.*

1 11. KIM BLANDINO has been provided reasonable notice and an opportunity to
2 respond.

3 12. KIM BLANDINO's request that this Court voluntary recuse itself is denied, as no
4 basis for recusal exists.

5 13. KIM BLANDINO's request that this Court disqualify itself based upon his oral
6 request is denied, as there is no pending written motion for disqualification and no basis for
7 disqualification exists.

8 14. KIM BLANDINO's request that this Court adjourn these proceedings so that he
9 may file a written motion for disqualification is denied, as the issues raised by KIM BLANDINO
10 have been known to him since at least June 7, 2018, when he filed the Motion to Quash.

11 15. KIM BLANDINO's request that this Court stay these proceedings so that he may
12 seek extraordinary relief is denied, as the issues raised by KIM BLANDINO have been known to
13 him since at least June 7, 2018, when he filed the Motion to Quash.

14 16. KIM BLANDINO's request that this Court adjourn these proceedings so that he
15 may file a written motion for disqualification is denied, as the issues raised by KIM BLANDINO
16 have been known to him since at least June 7, 2018, when he filed the Motion to Quash.

17 17. The Motion to Quash is denied, as there is no good faith basis raised by KIM
18 BLANDINO to quash the Order to Show Cause.

19 18. KIM BLANDINO's submissions are made for an improper purpose.

20 19. The materials submitted by KIM BLANDINO in this matter are designed to
21 harass.

22 20. It is hereby ordered that in the Eighth Judicial District Court, KIM BLANDINO
23 may not stand in front of the bar in any hearing in which he is not a party nor may he sit at
24 counsel table in any hearing in which he is not a party.¹²

25
26
27
28 ¹² This restriction will not apply if KIM BLANDINO is subpoenaed as a witness or summoned as a juror. In those two situations, KIM BLANDINO may specifically be directed to a location by the presiding judge or marshal of the department to which he has been summoned. If KIM BLANDINO should become licensed to practice law in the State of Nevada he may seek a modification of this Order.

1 21. It is hereby ordered that in the Eighth Judicial District Court, KIM BLANDINO
2 may not file any new materials in this case as a proper person without first obtaining leave of the
3 Chief Judge of the Eighth Judicial District Court.

4 22. It is hereby ordered that in the Eighth Judicial District Court, KIM BLANDINO
5 may not file any new litigation as a proper person without first obtaining leave of the Chief
6 Judge of the Eighth Judicial District Court.

7 23. It is further ordered that if KIM BLANDINO believes he has a meritorious claim
8 or action that he wishes to file in the Eighth Judicial District Court, KIM BLANDINO may
9 obtain permission from the Chief Judge of the Eighth Judicial District Court, pursuant to the
10 following procedure:

11 a. All communications between KIM BLANDINO and the Eighth Judicial District
12 Court must be in writing and contain appropriate content.

13 b. KIM BLANDINO may submit in writing, by hand delivery or mail, the petition,
14 motion, claim or complaint which he seeks to file to the Chief Judge of the Eighth Judicial
15 District Court by delivery to the Eighth Judicial District Court Clerk's Office.

16 c. The Chief Judge of the Eighth Judicial District Court, or the Chief Judge's
17 designee, will review the submission.

18 d. If the Chief Judge of the Eighth Judicial District Court, or the Chief Judge's
19 designee, determines that the submission is non-frivolous and made in good faith, the submission
20 may be provided to the Eighth Judicial District Court Clerk's Office for filing upon presentation
21 of any applicable filing fee by KIM BLANDINO.

22 e. If the submission is rejected, or if KIM BLANDINO does not follow the submittal
23 procedure, KIM BLANDINO may be sanctioned by this Eighth Judicial District Court in the
24 amount of \$100 per violation payable to Legal Aid Center of Southern Nevada. The Eighth
25 Judicial District Court determines that this is the amount which is the minimum to ensure that
26 future frivolous filings are not made. If the Eighth Judicial District Court determines in the future
27 that this amount does not deter KIM BLANDINO, the Eighth Judicial District Court may make a
28 determination that the sanction amount is insufficient to deter this conduct, may sanction KIM

1 BLANDINO further in accordance with the provisions of NRCP 11, and/or that KIM
2 BLANDINO may be held in contempt pursuant to NRS Chapter 22.

3 24. This ruling does not apply to any appeal of this order or appeal of any of the
4 orders entered in this case or in Case No. C-05-217569-1 or Case No. A764148.

5 25. This ruling does not apply to any filing on his own behalf as an individual party in
6 Case No. A764148.

7 26. It is further ordered that violation of this order may result in sanctions pursuant to
8 the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure Rule 11 and/or a finding contempt of court pursuant to NRS
9 Chapter 22 punishable by a fine or imprisonment.

10 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Complaint be dismissed as frivolous with no basis
11 in fact or law for the relief requested.

12
13 DATED this 28th day of June 2018.

14
15 
16 ELIZABETH GONZALEZ,
17 DISTRICT JUDGE

18 **Certificate of Service**

19 I hereby certify that on or about the date filed, I mailed a copy of this Order to:

20
21 Kim Blandino, in Proper Person
22 c/o 441 N. 16th Street
23 Las Vegas, NV 89101
24 702-219-5657

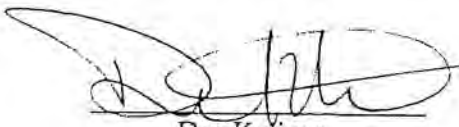
25 
26 Dan Kulinac
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EXHIBIT 1

7
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CLERK OF THE COURT

DISTRICT COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

A547536

1 ORD
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9 KIM BLANDINO,

10 Plaintiff,

CASE NO. A540717

11 vs.

DEPT. XXII

(Consolidated)

12 PENELOPE CARR and PHOENIX RISING
13 APPRAISAL SERVICE,

14 Defendants.

15
16 KIM BLANDINO,

17 Plaintiff,

CASE NO. A547536

18 vs.

DEPT. NO. XXII

19 PENELOPE CARR and JOHN KELLEHER,

20 Defendants.
21
22

**ORDER STRIKING PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO DISQUALIFY JUDGE KATHY
HARDCASTLE FROM HEARING THE MATTER OF THE DISQUALIFICATION OF
JUDGE SUSAN JOHNSON and DENYING PLAINTIFF'S SECOND MOTION TO
DISQUALIFY JUDGE SUSAN JOHNSON**

WHEREAS, Plaintiff filed his first Motion to Disqualify Judge Susan Johnson on June 30,

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CLERK OF THE COURT

1 2008; and

2 WHEREAS, this Court denied Plaintiff's first Motion to Disqualify Judge Susan Johnson
3 on July 9, 2008; and

4 WHEREAS, Plaintiff filed a second Motion to Disqualify Judge Susan Johnson on July 21,
5 2008; and

6 WHEREAS, Plaintiff also filed a Motion to Disqualify Judge Kathy Hardcastle from
7 hearing the hearing the second Motion to Disqualify Judge Susan Johnson; and

8 WHEREAS, this Court finds that Plaintiff's Motions filed on July 21, 2008 are motivated
9 by his discontent with this Court's decision on the first Motion to Disqualify Judge Johnson; and

10 WHEREAS, this Court finds that Plaintiff's Motions are being filed solely for the purpose
11 of disrupting and delaying the adjudication of the instant case; and

12 WHEREAS, District Court Department IV is not the department assigned to this case; and

13 WHEREAS, Plaintiff may not create his own grounds for disqualification by filing multiple
14 motions to disqualify; and

15 WHEREAS, Plaintiff's Motion to Disqualify Judge Hardcastle was filed after Judge
16 Hardcastle made a ruling on the first Motion to Disqualify Judge Johnson; and

17 WHEREAS, Plaintiff's second Motion to Disqualify Judge Susan Johnson fails to set forth
18 any cognizable grounds to warrant a disqualification; therefore

19
20 **ORDER**

21 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Plaintiff's Motion to Disqualify Judge Kathy Hardcastle
22 from Hearing the Matter of the Disqualification of Judge Susan Johnson, having been filed solely for
23 the purpose of disrupting and delaying the adjudication of the instant case, is STRICKEN as being
24 untimely and improperly filed after Judge Hardcastle made a ruling on Plaintiff's first Motion to
25 Disqualify, and the hearing set for this matter on August 21, 2008 is VACATED.

1 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Plaintiff's second Motion to Disqualify Judge Susan
2 Johnson is hereby DENIED, as this Court has previously ruled on this issue and Plaintiff failed to
3 present any new facts that warrant a disqualification. Further, the hearing set for this matter on
4 August 22, 2008 is hereby VACATED.

5 Further, if Plaintiff continues to file groundless Motions to Disqualify for the purpose of
6 disrupting or delaying the adjudication of the instant case, Plaintiff may be held in contempt of court,
7 subjecting Plaintiff to fines and/or jail time.

8
9 DATED this 7 day of August, 2008

10
11 KATHY A. HARDCASTLE

12 DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
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Certificate of Mailing

I hereby certify that on the date filed, I FAXED, MAILED, or otherwise had DELIVERED
copies of this Order to the following:

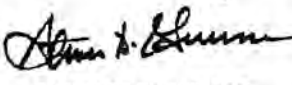
Judge Susan Johnson (702) 671-0571 (fax)

John T. Kelleher, Esq. (702) 384-7545 (fax)

Kim Blandino
C/O 825 Clarice Lane
Boulder City, NV 89005


Jeffrey J. Todd

EXHIBIT 2


CLERK OF THE COURT

1 ORDR
2
3
4

DISTRICT COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

5 *****

6
7 Kim Blandino,
8 Appellant,
9 vs.
10 City of Las Vegas,
11 Respondent.
12

CASE NO.: C-14-302515-A

DEPT. NO. 32

13
14 CONTEMPT AND RECUSAL ORDER

15
16 **Factual Background**

17 Kim Blandino (hereinafter "Blandino") committed the following acts in the
18 immediate view and presence of the court:

19 On July 22, 2015, Blandino proceeded to sit at counsel table with multiple in
20 propria persona appellants during their court appearances, despite being repeatedly
21 told to stay in the gallery until his case was called. Specifically, Blandino sat with
22 appellants during Steven Bryant Dempsey vs. State of Nevada, C-14-300100;
23 Lawrence Sparks vs. Henderson Municipal Court, C-15-305849; and Donald E
24 Clausen vs. City of Las Vegas, C-15-306563. Blandino was warned multiple times to
cease his disruptive behavior or he could be banned from the courtroom.

Additionally, on August 12, 2015, Blandino attempted to represent the interest
of appellants with ongoing cases. Specifically, Blandino came in prior to court and
addressed the clerk of court, Billie Jo Craig, on page ten of the Court's calendar,

1 Darcie Lee Aggen vs. City of Las Vegas, C-15-307950, and on page twelve of the
2 Court's calendar, Jermaine Gomes vs. City of Las Vegas, C-15-307960. Blandino
3 walked through the gallery, past the bar and podium, and addressed the clerk of court,
4 who is situated next to the judicial bench. The clerk of court checks in individuals
5 that appear in propria persona and attorneys representing clients by writing their name
6 on the calendar next to the party they represent. When Blandino approached the clerk
7 of court and addressed her regarding appellants Darcie Lee Aggen and Jermaine
8 Gomes, she believed Blandino was there to represent these appellants in a lawyer
9 capacity. The clerk of court wrote "Kim Blandino" under the attorney section of the
10 calendar on both page ten and page twelve. See attached. Blandino is not a lawyer
11 and therefore cannot represent appellants. Even if Blandino was not attempting to
12 represent the appellants, at a minimum, his activities interrupted the judicial
13 proceedings in a way that this Court felt was a disturbance. These actions are
14 concerning to this Court. This Court cannot condone Blandino's actions and finds
15 that he committed acts constituting contempt of court when he came into court as a
16 nonlawyer, addressed the clerk of court regarding cases that are pending, and
17 attempted to act as a representative to an individual, even if these actions are only
18 procedural in nature.

19 Moreover, on August 4, 2015, during a Motion to Continue Trial hearing in
20 Felipa Garza vs. Danny Myers, A-12-657287, Blandino entered the courtroom, sat
21 down, loudly laughed, and exited the courtroom.

22 **Conclusions of Law**

23 Courtroom and courthouse premises are subject to control of court. Sheppard
24 v. Maxwell, 384 U.S. 333, 86 S. Ct. 1507, 16 L. Ed. 2d 600 (1966). A court has
25 inherent power to protect the dignity and decency of its proceedings and to enforce its
26 decrees, and thus it may issue contempt orders. Halverson v. Hardcastle, 123 Nev.
27 245, 261, 163 P.3d 428, 440 (2007). A court also has inherent power to preserve the
28

1 integrity of the judicial process. Id. Courts have power to hold individuals in
2 contempt and exclude them from the courtroom. Mayberry v. Pennsylvania, 400 U.S.
3 455, 463, 91 S. Ct. 499, 504, 27 L. Ed. 2d 532 (1971).

4 A breach of the peace, boisterous conduct or violent disturbance in the presence
5 of the court, or in its immediate vicinity, tending to interrupt the due course of the trial
6 or other judicial proceedings constitutes contempt. NRS 22.010(2). NRS 22.030(1)
7 declares that when a contempt is committed in the immediate view and presence of
8 the court or judge at chambers, it may be punished summarily, for which an order
9 shall be made, reciting the facts as occurring in such immediate view and presence,
10 adjudging that the person proceeded against is thereby guilty of a contempt and that
11 he be punished as therein prescribed.

12 NRS 22.100 allows this Court to fine an individual who is found guilty of
13 contempt an amount of \$500.00 or imprisonment of that person for a period not to
14 exceed 25 days. At this time, this Court will impose neither a fine nor imprisonment;
15 however, this Court feels it is appropriate, in light of the ongoing contempt, to ban
16 Blandino's further presence from this courtroom. It is with internal reservation for
17 this Court to close the courtroom doors to anyone.

18 Many jurisdictions have upheld court orders banning individuals from
19 courtrooms. See United States v. Mourad, 289 F.3d 174, 179 (1st Cir. 2002) (the
20 Court upheld the order in question, which barred defendant from entering floor of
21 building on which bankruptcy court was located); Gumbs v. Martinis, 40 A.D.2d 194,
22 338 N.Y.S.2d 817 (1972) (the Court upheld contempt order relating to defendant's
23 return to courtroom after presiding justice had banned defendant from the courtroom).
24 This penalty is appropriate because of Blandino's demonstrated course of conduct in
25 disrupting and interrupting the due course of judicial proceedings in this Court, which
26 this Court finds is a breach of peace, boisterous conduct, and a violent disturbance in
27 the presence of this Court and its personnel.
28

1 Specifically, this Court bans Blandino from further involvement in courtroom
2 3C or the area right outside the courtroom. If Blandino comes into courtroom 3C or if
3 it comes to this Court's attention that Blandino is within twenty-five feet of the outer
4 doors to courtroom 3C, that will constitute further contempt, and this Court will
5 impose punishment that contempt law allows, which includes ordering Blandino's
6 incarceration for up to 25 days.

7 Therefore, considering all the facts this Court addressed on the record and in
8 this Order, Blandino's actions constitute contempt, which occurred in the immediate
9 view and presence of the Court.

10 A judge has a general duty to sit and preside to the conclusion of all
11 proceedings, unless a judicial canon, statute, or rule requires the judge's
12 disqualification. Millen v. Eighth Judicial Dist. ex rel. Cnty. of Clark, 122 Nev. 1245,
13 1253, 148 P.3d 694, 700 (2006). Disqualification for personal bias or prejudice will
14 depend on the circumstances of each case. Millen v. Eighth Judicial Dist. ex rel.
15 Cnty. of Clark, 122 Nev. 1245, 1255, 148 P.3d 694, 701 (2006). Recusal is
16 appropriate when a judge's impartiality might reasonably be questioned. PETA v.
17 Bobby Berosini, Ltd., 111 Nev. 431, 436, 894 P.2d 337, 340 (1995), overruled in part
18 on other grounds by Towbin Dodge, LLC v. Dist. Ct., 121 Nev. 251, 112 P.3d 1063
19 (2005). A judge shall disqualify himself in any proceeding in which the judge's
20 impartiality might reasonably be questioned, including when the judge has a personal
21 bias or prejudice concerning a party. Nev. Sup. Ct. R. CJC Canon 2, Rule 2.11. A
22 judge is disqualified whenever the judge's impartiality might reasonably be
23 questioned, regardless of whether any of the specific provisions of Rule 2.11,
24 paragraphs (A)(1) through (6) apply. Nev. Sup. Ct. R. CJC Canon 2, Commentary
25 cmt. 1. A judge, upon the judge's own motion, may disqualify himself or herself from
26 acting in any matter upon the ground of actual or implied bias. NRS 1.230(3).
27
28

1 In this case, it would be inappropriate to preside over Blandino's appeal after
2 this Court has banned Blandino from further involvement in courtroom 3C or the area
3 right outside the courtroom. Therefore, this Court disqualifies itself from Kim
4 Blandino vs. City of Las Vegas, C-14-302515.

5
6 Based on the foregoing Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, it is hereby:
7 ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that Blandino is found guilty of
8 contempt. And it is further:

9 ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the penalty for said
10 contempt shall be as follows:

11 Blandino shall refrain from entering courtroom 3C or being within twenty-five
12 feet of the outer doors to courtroom 3C.

13 It is further ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED this Court disqualifies
14 itself from Kim Blandino vs. City of Las Vegas, C-14-302515.

15
16
17 Dated this 1 day of September, 2015.

18
19 

20 Rob Bare

21 Judge, District Court, Department 32

22 ///

23 ///

24 ///

25 ///

26 ///

27 ///

28

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on the date filed, I placed a copy of this Order in the attorney's folder in the Clerk's Office, or mailed or faxed a copy to:

Kim Blandino
C/O 441 N. 16th Street
Las Vegas, NV 89101
Appellant Pro Per

Carlene Helbert, Esq.
Deputy City Attorney
200 Lewis Avenue, Suite 2327
Las Vegas, NV 89127
Attorney for Respondent



Tara Duenas

Judicial Executive Assistant, Dept. 32

2015

District Court, Criminal Division

Print Time: 12:24:08 PM

The Honorable Rob Bare [Dept 32]

Department 32

Wednesday, August 12, 2015 @ 10:00 AM

Case Information

Case Number: C-15-307950-A

Type: Criminal Appeal

Darcie Lee Aggen, Appellant(s)

vs

Las Vegas City Of, Respondent(s)

Party Information

Party

Las Vegas City Of

Aggen, Darcie Lee

Role

Respondent

Appellant

Attorney

Jerbic, Bradford Robert

No Attorney

Carlene Herbert

Kim Blandino

Related Cases

No Related Cases

Matters

Appeal From Lower Court

Future Hearings

No Future Hearings

09/11/2015

District Court, Criminal Division

Print Time: 12:24:08 PM

The Honorable Rob Bare [Dept 32]

Department 32

Wednesday, August 12, 2015 @ 10:00 AM

Case Information

Case Number: C-15-307960-A

Jermaine Gomes, Appellant(s)

Type: Criminal Appeal

VS

Las Vegas City Of, Respondent(s)

Party Information

Party

Las Vegas City Of
Gomes, Jermaine

Role

Respondent
Appellant

Attorney

Jerbic, Bradford Robert
No Attorney

Herbert

Related Cases

No Related Cases

Matters

Appeal From Lower Court

Future Hearings

09/02/2015

10:00 AM - Department 32

Appellant's Motion to Provide all Possible Basis of Recusal Points and Authorities United States Constitution
The State of Nevada Constitution Legal Argument
Appellant's Motion for Order to Show Cause
Appellant's Motion in Limine

09/09/2015

10:00 AM - Department 32

Motion for Surety Bond Pending Appeal/ Bond Reduction
Motion for Discovery
Motion for New Trial
Motion for Dismissal

Kim Blandino

EXHIBIT 3

FILED

FEB 02 2018

John J. Williams
CLERK OF COURT

1 MOT
2 GARY W. WALTERS, PRO SE
3 2981 Bel Air Drive
4 Las Vegas, Nevada 89109
5 Tel: (702) 888-5878

6 KIM BLANDINO, PRO SE
7 C/O 441 N. 16th Street
8 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
9 (702) 219-5657

**DISTRICT COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

10 GARY WALTERS, KIM BLANDINO,

Case No.: A-17-764148-C

11 Plaintiffs,

Dept. No.: XIV

12 vs.

13 ROBERT WEATHERFORD,

Defendant.

**EX PARTE MOTION OF PLAINTIFF GARY WALTER
TO SEVER THE PARTIES AND BIFURCATE THE ACTION**

14 COMES NOW the Plaintiff GARY W. WALTERS, Pro Per, and brings his Ex Parte
15 Motion to sever the parties and bifurcate the action. This Motion is based upon the papers and
16 pleadings on file with this Honorable Court and the points and authorities and argument below.

ARGUMENT

17 PLAINTIFF, GARY W. WALTERS, in proper person, moves this Honorable Court Ex
18 Parte to sever the parties and bifurcate the action. The Plaintiff apologizes to this Honorable
19 Court for the tone of his Co-Plaintiff, KIM BLANDINO'S pleadings that he has filed with this
20 Court, threatening this Honorable Court with the filing of Complaints with the Commission on
21 Judicial Discipline, etc.

22 Plaintiff's 10.5 Million dollar Certificate of Deposit, along with other documents needed
23 to retrieve his other six Certificates of Deposit, each of the same value, from a similar conversion

A-17-764148-C
EXMT
Ex Parte Motion
4717728



RECEIVED

FEB 02 2018

CLERK OF THE COURT

1 by a financial institution, were originally entrusted to his retained attorney of record, GARRETT
2 OGATA, ESQ. These certificates and their supporting documentation showing Plaintiff Walters
3 as owner, were either stolen by Robert Weatherford¹ from Attorney OGATA's office or were
4 given to Robert Weatherford by Attorney OGATA without the Plaintiff's permission.
5

6 In all respects they have now been converted by Robert Weatherford, who is now without
7 peer review (State Bar) because he is on "disability status." Because of this disability status the
8 Plaintiff is unable to seek the assistance of the State Bar in disciplining Mr. Weatherford or
9 ordering him to return the documents or so they say. The Nevada Rules of Professional Conduct
10 Rule 1.15 states as follows:
11

12 **1.15. Safekeeping Property.**

13 (a) A lawyer shall hold funds or other property of clients or third persons that is in a
14 lawyer's possession in connection with a representation separate from the lawyer's own
15 property. All funds received or held for the benefit of clients by a lawyer or firm, including
16 advances for costs and expenses, shall be deposited in one or more identifiable bank
17 accounts designated as a trust account maintained in the state where the lawyer's office is
18 situated, or elsewhere with the consent of the client or third person. Other property in
19 which clients or third persons hold an interest shall be identified as such and appropriately
20 safeguarded. Complete records of such account funds and other property shall be kept by
21 the lawyer and shall be preserved for a period of seven years after termination of the
22 representation.

23 Garrett Ogata and Robert Weatherford, former law partners, have both failed abismially
24 to to comply with Rule 1.15 of the professional rules of conduct. Not only has Robert
25 Weatherford failed to keep WALTERS financial instruments separate from his own personal or
26 professional property, he refsues to return the property without being remunerated in the amount
27 of \$250,000.00 cash. The Plaintiff, Gary Walters, does not have \$250,000.00 in CASH and was
28 just released from prison only 15 months ago on a charge that he was innocent of and his attorney,
Robert Weatherford, got him convicted of.

¹ A now disgraced former attorney, currently on disability status of his State Bar License

1 The Plaintiff, Gary Walters has attempted to obtain the release of his financial instruments
2 from Mr. Weatherford - FOR YEARS, however, he will not release these financial instruments
3 to the Plaintiff paying him \$250,000.00 CASH. This remuneration is essentially extortion.
4 Unfortunately the LMVPD will not allow a report to be filed because it has been deemed a civil
5 matter.
6

7 Defendant, Robert Weatherford has absolutely no financial interest in any of the proceeds
8 from this CD and proximately caused the Plaintiff to be convicted on a false forgery charge by
9 failing to file a Notice of Witnesses list with the Court listing over 24+ witnesses that the Plaintiff
10 had scheduled and provided to Counsel Weatherford for his trial, including a graphologist who
11 would have testified that the Plaintiff's signature on the documents used to prosecute him were
12 foregeries and not his signature.
13

14 Because of Weatherford's professional failures the Plaintiff was given a life sentence for
15 a paper crime. The Plaintiff suffered incarceration in the Nevada State Department of Corrections
16 for over 8 years while he waited for the ultimate relief of his Habeas proceeding and his conviction
17 was overturned.
18

19 The Plaintiff, was successful in obtaining a reversal of his conviction on a Writ of Habeas
20 Corpus for Ineffective Assistance of Counsel (which speaks volumes toward Robert Weatherford's
21 ineffectiveness, since only about 1% of these types of writs are granted). In addition, Mr.
22 Weatherford was also being prosecuted by the District Attorney's Office for criminal acts at the
23 same time that he was representing the Plaintiff and failed to disclose same. It is the Plaintiff's
24 sincerely held belief that Robert Weatherford took a dive in the Plaintiff's criminal case and threw
25 him under the bus in order to gain favor with the District Attorney's Office for lenience on his
26 own criminal charges.
27
28

1 Because Plaintiff's post-conviction counsel improperly advised him that he could
2 potentially be incarcerated for another 3 years pending a new trial, the Plaintiff was forced to take
3 an *Alford* Plea to a non-existent crime, with credit for time served. This so-called "deal" would
4 allow him to be released almost immediately. The only reason that the Plaintiff took this deal is
5 because he had been a financial consultant for many years and had been hired by financial giants
6 like John DeLorean, Wrangler Jeans, Ted Turner of Turner Broadcasting and many more multi-
7 million/billion dollar companies. As a result Plaintiff, WALTERS, had accumulated enormous
8 wealth prior to his incarceration, obtained all through legal means, literally in the billions of
9 dollars and was one of the richest men in America at the time. The Petitioner controlled
10 corporations worth hundreds if not billions of dollars.
11

12 Because of the life sentence that the Plaintiff received, people that were familiar with the
13 Plaintiff's wealth stole it, believing that he was never going to get out of prison. They stole major
14 corporations owned by the Plaintiff worth billions, they stole stock, they stole Petitioner's
15 vehicles and gutted his house of eighty thousand dollar painting and a plethora of expensive
16 personal property. Plaintiff's bank accounts were emptied by unknown thieves.
17

18 Your Honor, not only have I been wronged by my attorney Robert Weatherford, he now
19 has stolen what will ultimately amount to One Hundred and Fifty Million dollars from me. It is
20 bad enough that I have been locked up for over eight years and caged with animals, but now I
21 have to fight for what is mine all over again. I implore this Court, I need this Court's help. I have
22 been ordered by the court to pay restitution, restitution of funds which I never received. I will
23 gladly pay them back because the old people that were frauded by the gifters actually committed
24 the crimes that I was accused of, will never do it. The amounts owed are insignificant compared
25 to the wealth stolen from me by Robert Weatherford.
26
27
28

1 Robert Weatherford is preventing me from gaining access not just to the \$150,000,000.00
2 dollars in Certificates of Deposits, but is also preventing my from recovering the vast wealth that
3 I need these funds to hire attorney to regain hundreds of other millions stolen from me. To make
4 matters worse, while on parole, I receive good time. Now, that good time is been taken away
5 from me because I cannot pay the restitution. It is enough to drive a weak man insane.

6
7 Previously, the sitting judge on the Plaintiff's criminal case gave Robert Weaterford a
8 direct Order to return the Plaintiff's financial instruments and Weatherford blatantly refused to
9 do so. Currently, the Honorable Herndon, J., has made a judicial determination that the Criminal
10 Court does not have the authority to order Robert Weatherford to return the Plaintiff's documents.

11
12 Plaintiff BLANDINO was attempting a collateral attack on the return of these financial
13 documents through Judge Herndon, by attempting to threaten him into enforcing the order
14 previously made by another sitting judge and has taken off on a tangent and/or personal vendetta
15 against Judge Herdon. He has began threatening Judge Herndon with similar threats that he has
16 made to this Court. As such, Plaintiff, GARY W. WALTERS, has determined that Mr.
17 Blandino's has completley lost his focus and is now persuing his own interests instead of the
18 interest of his Co-Plaintiff, which is to pursue the return of over 100 million dollars and later even
19 more.
20

21 Mr. Blandino's pursuit of these tangental issues has taken on a surreal manifestation in
22 this case and now the Plaintiff can no longer be associated with this type of ego mania or
23 cocksmanship, which on its face appears to be the manifestation of some kind of menical or
24 mental defect.
25

26 Mr. Blandino's conduct is counter-productive, does nothing to achieve the mutual goals
27 of the parties, it is a waste of the judicial resources of the court, and is embarassing and
28

1 humiliating to the Plaintiff. The Plaintiff cannot tolerate such conduct which is alleged to be
2 conducted in his name and interests.

3 The Plaintiff no longer wishes to persue his mutual interests jointly with Mr. Blandino
4 and has determined that it is in his own best interests to sever the parties and bifurcate the action,
5 where the Plaintiff can respectfully use the resources of the judicial system, in a manner that
6 generates mutual respect from the bench. The clock is ticking and the Plaintiff needs to recover
7 his financial interests and supporting documents before they become unrecoverable.
8

9 Were this not the case, the Plantwiff would NEVER have even taken an Alford Plea. The
10 men who committed the crimes in my case were the very men who testified against me and they
11 have since fled the Country one step ahead of the FBI and Police. I took that plea so that I could
12 get my vast wealth back before I was timed out by the statute of limitations or the doctrine of
13 laches buried me. It is of the greatest urgency and importance to me to pursue this money so that
14 I can pay the Court Ordered restitution, make these poor elderly people whole (who by the way
15 refused to testify against me at Sentencing, believing that I had nothing to do with it) before they
16 die from old age and have the opportunity to bring these criminals/grifters to justice. All
17 prevented, Your Honor, by Robert Weatherford. He will NEVER comply. He will do everything
18 within his power to delay, prolong and stretch this thing out until he either destroys these
19 documents as part of his sick revenge or I simply go away.
20
21
22
23
24

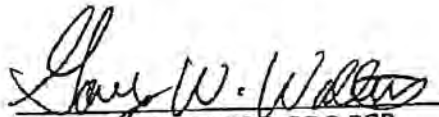
25 WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, GARY W. WALTERS, in proper person, requests that this
26 Honorable Court sever the parties and bifurcate the case, as the Plaintiff can no longer participate
27
28

1 in his co-plaintiff's disrespectfull conduct towards the bench and wishes to proceed by himself.

2 The Plaintiff has spoken to some licensed attorneys and will have one on his case shortly.

3 DATED this 2nd day of February, 2018.

4 Respectfully submitted,

5
6
7 

8 GARY W. WALTERS, PRO PER

9 2981 Bel Air Drive

10 Las Vegas, Nevada 89109

11 Tel: (702) 888-5878

EXHIBIT 4

Steven D. Grierson

1 ORDR

2
3 EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT
4 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

5 THE STATE OF NEVADA,

6 Plaintiff,

7 vs.

8 GARY W. WALTERS,

9 Defendant.

Case No. C-05-217569-1

Dept. No. III

10 ORDER DENYING MOTION FILED 01/22/18

11
12 This Court, having considered all pleadings filed in relation to the MOTION filed January
13 22, 2018 by nonparty Kim Blandino and Judge Herndon's Affidavit; decides this limited matter
14 assigned to it upon the pleadings and without oral argument.

15
16 NRS1.235 provides that statutory procedure for disqualifying a judge.¹ Kim Blandino is not a
17 party and does not have any legal basis to request disqualification. The Defendant has asked that
18 Judge Herndon not be disqualified.² There is no basis for the nonparty's request to be entertained.

19
20
21
22 ¹ That statute provides in pertinent part:

23 1. Any party to an action or proceeding pending in any court other than the Supreme Court or the Court of Appeals,
24 who seeks to disqualify a judge for actual or implied bias or prejudice must file an affidavit specifying the facts upon
25 which the disqualification is sought. The affidavit of a party represented by an attorney must be accompanied by a
certificate of the attorney of record that the affidavit is filed in good faith and not interposed for delay. Except as
otherwise provided in subsections 2 and 3, the affidavit must be filed:

- (a) Not less than 20 days before the date set for trial or hearing of the case; or
(b) Not less than 3 days before the date set for the hearing of any pretrial matter.
(emphasis added.)

² Exhibit "1" to Judge Herndon's Affidavit.

1 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Motion to Disqualify Judge Herndon is denied.

2 DATED this 26th day of March, 2018.

3
4 
5 ELIZABETH GONZALEZ, CHIEF DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
6

7 Certificate of Service

8 I hereby certify that on or about the date filed, this document was served on the parties
9 identified on Wiznet's e-service list, a copy of this Order was placed in the attorney's folder on the
10 1st Floor of the RJC or mailed as follows:
11

12 Kim Blandino
13 441 N. 16th Street
14 Las Vegas, NV 89101

15 Gary W Walters
16 2981 Bel Air Drive
17 Las Vegas, NV 89119

18 Taleen K Pandukht, Esq. (CCDA)

19 Judge Douglas W Herndon, Dept III
20

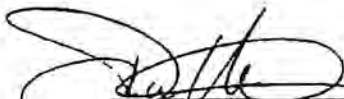
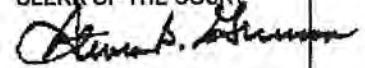
21 
22 Dan Kutinac
23
24
25
26
27
28

EXHIBIT 5



DISTRICT COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Plaintiff,

-vs-

GARY WALTERS,

Defendant.

CASE NO: C217569

DEPT NO: III

AFFIDAVIT IN ANSWER TO NON-PARTY KIM BLANDINO'S REQUEST TO
RECUSE TRIAL COURT

1
2 AFFIDAVIT

3 STATE OF NEVADA }
4 COUNTY OF CLARK } ss:
5

6 JUDGE DOUGLAS W. HERNDON, being first duly sworn, deposes and says:

- 7 1. On December 7, 2005, an Indictment was filed in Eighth Judicial District
8 Court (hereinafter EJDC) Case # C217569 against defendant Gary Walters
9 (hereinafter Walters).
10 2. The case was assigned to District Court (hereinafter DC) Department 6.
11 3. Defendant Walters was charged with 19 felony counts of various financial
12 crimes, including Forgery, Theft, Offering False Instrument for Filing or
13 Record and Attempt Theft.
14 4. On April 29, 2007, Walters' case was transferred to DC 17 during a normal
15 caseload re-assignment within the EJDC.
16 5. During the pendency of his case, Walters had been represented by numerous
17 different attorneys. Ultimately, Robert Weatherford was Walters' trial
18 counsel.
19 6. In February, 2008, Walters' case proceeded to trial.
20 7. On February 7, 2008, Walters was found guilty on 17 out of the 19 felony
21 counts he faced.
22 8. On June 3, 2008, Walters was sentenced in DC 17 on each of the 17 counts
23 he was convicted on. Judge Villani sentenced Walters to multiple
24 consecutive sentences.
25 9. Although sentencing aggregation orders were not required in 2008, the
26 extent of the overall sentence is best understood by reference to the total
27 aggregate sentenced imposed. Walters was sentenced to a total of 304
28

1 months minimum and 768 months maximum, or 25.3 years to 64 years in
2 prison.

3 10. On December 28, 2008, Walters' case was transferred to the instant
4 department, DC 3, during a normal caseload re-assignment within the EJDC.

5 11. At that time, Walters' case was in direct appeal status.

6 12. On February 3, 2010, a written order was filed by the Nevada Supreme
7 Court affirming Walters' convictions.

8 13. Thereafter, Walters' case began traveling a lengthy and convoluted post-
9 conviction journey.

10 14. Walters filed numerous pro per pleadings while also having some pleadings
11 filed by attorneys.

12 15. Eventually, this court appointed Josh Tomsheck to represent Walters and try
13 and coordinate the variety of pro per filings and post-conviction claims
14 being made by Walters.

15 16. It was lengthy process because of the need to gather an extensive amount of
16 discovery and work through the various claims being made and it was made
17 more difficult by the fact that Walters continued to file a multitude of pro
18 per motions despite being represented by attorney Tomsheck.

19 17. Eventually, on December 10, 2013, attorney Tomsheck filed a Supplemental
20 Brief in Support of Defendant's Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus.

21 18. On May 22, 2014, this Court granted Walters an evidentiary hearing on a
22 variety of ineffective assistance of counsel claims revolving around attorney
23 Weatherford's pre-trial and trial conduct and the allegation that attorney
24 Weatherford was being prosecuted for felony crimes by the District
25 Attorney's Office at the same time that he was trying Walters' case against
26 the District Attorney's Office.

27 19. On February 8, 2016, at a point well into the evidentiary hearing, the Court
28

1 made the parties aware that it had heard sufficient evidence to find
2 ineffective assistance of counsel such that Walters' conviction was ripe for
3 reversal.

4 20. Due in large part to the amount of time Walters had already served, Walters,
5 attorney Tomsheck and the State requested an opportunity to discuss
6 negotiating the case.

7 21. Thereafter, on February 8, 2016, the parties entered into a Guilty Plea
8 Agreement whereby Walters pled guilty to two felony counts of
9 Establishing or Possessing a Financial Forgery Lab and stipulated to a 96-
10 240 month sentence on each count with the two counts running concurrent.

11 22. The parties requested to proceed to sentencing that same day utilizing the
12 previously prepared PSI and Walters was sentenced in accordance with his
13 stipulated agreement.

14 23. Walters was given 2060 days of credit for time served and therefore was
15 almost immediately eligible for parole.

16 24. Walters was granted parole after a hearing on June 22, 2016, and was
17 released shortly thereafter.

18 25. On May 1, 2017, Walters filed a pro per motion in the instant criminal case
19 wherein he sought to have this court order his former attorney, Weatherford,
20 to give to Walters certain financial documents, including Certificates of
21 Deposit (CDs) that were, according to Walters, "worth millions."

22 26. Because the property sought was not the subject of the instant criminal case
23 and did not involve criminal discovery items, Walters was informed that this
24 court lacked jurisdiction to grant the relief he sought and his request was
25 more properly brought as a civil and/or State Bar matter.

26 27. On November 6, 2017, Walters, along with criminal case non-party Kim
27 Blandino, filed a civil case in proper person against attorney Weatherford.

- 1 28. That case is A764148 and is assigned to Judge Escobar in DC 14.
- 2 29. On December 28, 2017, Walters again filed in the instant criminal case a pro
- 3 per motion seeking the return of the same items that were the subject of the
- 4 May 1, 2017, motion.
- 5 30. In the December 28, 2017, motion Walters references the same arguments as
- 6 before while adding that he filed a State Bar complaint that did not result in
- 7 any relief and that he filed the aforementioned civil case in DC 14.
- 8 31. Walters stated that Judge Escobar in DC 14 has made certain favorable
- 9 rulings and findings, but he was clearly frustrated at the inability to secure
- 10 from her a civil arrest warrant which he felt was necessary to get compliance
- 11 from attorney Weatherford.
- 12 32. On January 18, 2018, Walters' motion came before the instant court for
- 13 hearing.
- 14 33. It should be noted that throughout the pendency of his instant criminal case,
- 15 at least so long as it has resided in DC3, Walters has been nothing but
- 16 respectful, polite and professional in his dealings with the instant court.
- 17 34. He acted in the very same gentlemanly manner on January 18, 2018.
- 18 35. When Walters' case was called toward the end of a very lengthy law and
- 19 motion calendar, another gentleman attempted to approach counsel table
- 20 with Walters. I would come to learn this was criminal case non-party Kim
- 21 Blandino.
- 22 36. The court marshal stopped Mr. Blandino as the marshal, correctly it turned
- 23 out, realized Mr. Blandino was not a party to the case and was not an
- 24 attorney.
- 25 37. Walters and I, as can be seen/read in the hearing/transcript exchanged
- 26 pleasantries and began discussing his current motion.
- 27 38. As I was discussing the matter with Walters, Mr. Blandino had positioned
- 28

1 himself a few feet away, behind Walters, by the pony wall leading into the
2 well of the courtroom. He was standing there appearing to stare towards
3 myself and want to involve himself in the case.

4 39. His positioning was not one that gives great comfort to the marshal staff as
5 they are always on alert for individuals attempting to get at attorneys,
6 defendants and/or court staff and the marshals routinely keep individuals
7 seated in the many seats provided to the public.

8 40. Because I do not currently have a full time marshal on my staff, I allow
9 administrative marshals to rotate through my courtroom in order to gain
10 courtroom experience. Some of the administrative marshals have worked in
11 courtrooms while others have not.

12 41. The marshal assigned to my court that day did not immediately ask Mr.
13 Blandino to take a seat.

14 42. After a couple minutes of discussion with Walters, I realized Mr. Blandino
15 was continuing to stare towards me and had not sat down.

16 43. I informed Mr. Blandino that he needed to sit down.

17 44. He stated that he wanted to appear in Walters' criminal case and make a
18 record.

19 45. I ascertained that he was not an attorney and told him that since he was not
20 an attorney and was not a party to my case he was not allowed to make a
21 record and he needed to sit down and be quiet.

22 46. He then sat down in the audience but then moved himself to a different seat
23 wherein he was in my line of sight as I tried to continue speaking with
24 Walters about his case.

25 47. As I explained that I still did not have jurisdiction to grant Walters the relief
26 he sought and that I understood his frustration with having to work through
27 the civil case process, Mr. Blandino began to demonstrably shake his head
28

1 in disagreement with my statements, aggressively enough that it kept
2 distracting me.

3 48. At that point, I had to again stop my discussion with Walters about his own
4 criminal case, which he was in court to discuss, and address Mr. Blandino's
5 conduct.

6 49. As I had prepared for court that day, I had read some of the pleadings in the
7 civil case and was troubled by what I considered to be very unprofessional
8 comments in the pleadings.

9 50. As I began to address Mr. Blandino, Walters indicated that Mr. Blandino
10 was the one who had authored those comments and I told Mr. Blandino that
11 it was inappropriate to threaten the civil judge in his pleadings and it was
12 also inappropriate to demonstrably act like he was in my court as I was
13 trying to engage in a professional conversation with Walters.

14 51. I then ordered him out of the courtroom so that I could finish Walters' case
15 without any further distractions or interruptions.

16 52. Thereafter, Walters and I and the prosecutor finished with his case in the
17 same polite and professional way that we started it, with Walters
18 apologizing for Mr. Blandino's conduct and me making sure to let him
19 know that he (Walters) had always acted appropriately in court and not to
20 worry.

21 53. On January 22, 2018, Mr. Blandino filed, in Walters' criminal case, a
22 request to have this court recused off the case.

23 54. On January 29, 2018, Mr. Blandino filed a Supplement to his request.

24 55. This court also received a letter faxed to us from Walters, attached as
25 Exhibit 1.

26 56. In that letter, Walters expresses his apologies for Mr. Blandino's conduct
27 and states that he has asked Mr. Blandino to not threaten this court or file
28

1 anything further.

2 57. Walters's letter shows that he clearly does not wish to have this court
3 recused off of his case.

4 58. Thereafter, this court received a second letter from Walters, dated February
5 2, 2018, (Attached as Exhibit 2) in which Walters reiterates his desire to
6 remove himself from Mr. Blandino, including in their civil case, A764148.

7 59. Walters included with that letter a copy of a Motion to Sever Parties and
8 Bifurcate the Action he filed that same date in the civil case.

9 60. To date, Mr. Blandino has never filed a notice requesting a hearing on the
10 motion to recuse this court that he filed in Walters' criminal case on January
11 22, 2018.

12 61. The failure to file a notice requesting hearing coupled with Walters'
13 communications to the court expressing that he was asking Mr. Blandino to
14 abandon his attempts to recuse this court off of Walters' criminal case, has
15 left me unclear on whether Mr. Blandino is still even pursuing the motion to
16 recuse.

17 62. However, out of an abundance of caution, I am filing this affidavit rather
18 than waiting any longer to see if a request for hearing is filed.

19 63. To begin, Mr. Blandino is not a party to this case, he is not a victim, he is
20 not a witness and he is not an attorney. As such, he has no standing in the
21 case to make the request he now makes and his request should be summarily
22 denied.

23 64. Secondly, as can be seen by the unsolicited fax letter this court received
24 from Walters, attached as Exhibit 1, on January 23, 2018, Walters did not
25 request or authorize anyone to seek this court's removal from his case.

26 65. To the contrary, Walters has always been pleased with my involvement with
27 his case.
28

- 1 66. During the time his case has resided in DC 3, his 25.3 year to 64 year
2 sentence was vacated under this court's rulings in his post-conviction
3 proceedings and he was able to achieve a negotiation that allowed him to
4 become almost immediately eligible for parole and then to be released.
- 5 67. As he states in his fax letter, Walters does not agree with what Mr. Blandino
6 is doing, refused to participate in it and begged him not to file what he has
7 filed.
- 8 68. Mr. Blandino took the time in his motion to point out how well I handled all
9 of my cases in a lengthy 2 ½ hour court session that was at times, very
10 emotional, before the Walters matter was called, pointing out how he was
11 "very impressed" with the court.
- 12 69. In sum, according to Mr. Blandino, I handled everything except Mr.
13 Blandino exceptionally well.
- 14 70. While I greatly disagree with Mr. Blandino's statement that I was "red-
15 faced" and resentful towards Mr. Blandino and "violently" ordered him out
16 of the courtroom, I do apologize if he felt disrespected.
- 17 71. It was not by pure luck that, as he noted, I handled all the other cases very
18 well that day, rather, I strive to be professional and appropriate with
19 everyone, every day, and I hope that everyone who comes to court, be they a
20 party, a witness, an attorney or a member of the public, will also strive to be
21 respectful and appropriate.
- 22 72. In this case, as I always do, I have consistently considered all evidence that
23 was available to me, through documents and oral presentations, regardless
24 of which side produced it. I do not ignore anything provided to me and I
25 have fairly and impartially presided over all aspects of the case.
- 26 73. And I have no animosity towards the defendant and do not have any biases
27 or prejudices against him or, for that matter, Mr. Blandino either.
- 28

1 74. Every decision that has been rendered in the instant case has been rendered
2 after a thorough review of the issues and evidence presented and each
3 decision has been unbiased in nature and based solely on the facts and law
4 applicable to the issues presented.

5 75. In sum, I have presided, and will continue to preside, over the instant case in
6 an impartial and unbiased fashion, complying with all of my ethical and
7 legal obligations under the Judicial Canons and the statutory and case law of
8 the State of Nevada.

9
10 I declare under penalty of perjury under the law of the State of Nevada that the
11 foregoing is true and correct.
12

13
14 Executed on March 20, 2013
15 (Date)

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JUDGE DOUGLAS W. HERNDON

Gary W. Walters
2981 Bel Air Drive
Las Vegas, Nevada 89119
702-588-5878

Honorable Douglas Herndon, J.
District Court Department 3,
200 Lewis Avenue
Las Vegas, Nevada 89155

By Facsimile: (702) 671-4311

Re: Kim Blandino / Conduct & Filings by him.

Honorable Judge Herndon:

Please accept my humblest apologies regarding the incident with Mr. Blandino in Court on January 18, 2018. Unfortunately, Mr. Blandino has a beneficial interest in the Certificate of Deposit that I am seeking to have returned to me from my former and now disgraced attorney Robert Weatherford.

I recently received on my voice mail a message from your department stating that I had left papers with the Court. I want this Court to know that I did not leave, nor did I drop off any papers with the Court. If there were some papers left or dropped off, those were Mr. Blandino's doings - not mine. As this Court is well aware, I have always been respectful to this Court and every court for that matter. I think this Court knows that I would not knowingly or intentionally take part in any act or actions that would attempt to bring dishonor or shame to a the Court or a Judge. Mr. Blandino asked me to be present at *his* motion before this Court in his attempt to secure the documents.

I did not have anything to do with the drafting or writing of any of Mr. Blandino's documents. Regrettably, after the incident in Court, Mr. Blandino informed me that he intended to file documents threatening this Court with a complaint to the Judicial Commission. I informed him that I would have no part in such an action and begged him not to file anything. I do not want my good name to be tainted by the actions of this man. I build bridges, I don't burn them. I have always conducted myself like a gentleman and always will. I had no idea that Mr. Blandino was advancing our mutual goal with such an offensive and bitter approach. After Court I obtained and read his pleadings and I believe that he may need some professional help. I have severed all ties with Mr. Blandino and stand by this Court's position.

Please do not allow Mr. Blandino's abrasive behavior to cast a shadow over the respectful and professional relationship that has always existed between this Court and myself.

Sincerely,

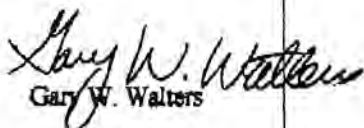

Gary W. Walters

EXHIBIT 1

The Honorable Douglas Herndon, J.

Dated: February 2, 2018

Attention: Molly Free C-217569

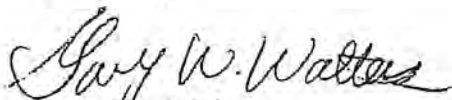
Department III

Dear Honorable Judge:

I wanted the Court to know that I am separating myself from Mr. Blandino. Now he is attacking me. I believe that he is going to be working to try to revoke me on my probation in retaliation for stepping away from him.

Please find attached the document I am filing to remove myself from this clown. Thank you for your repeated kindness toward me and for your understanding that, but for, Robert Weatherford, I would be a free man today.

Sincerely,



Gary W. Walters

702-888-5878

EXHIBIT 2

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EXHIBIT B

Heather S. Smith
CLERK OF THE COURT

1 **ORDR**

2
3 **DISTRICT COURT**
4 **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

5 * * * *

6 KIM BLANDINO,

7 Plaintiff,

8 vs.

9 L.V.M.P.D.,

10 Defendant.

CASE NO.: A-25-932149-W

DEPARTMENT 29

11 **ORDER**

12 Rule 2.9 of the Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct states:

13 **Rule 2.9. Ex Parte Communications.**

14 (A) A judge shall not initiate, permit, or consider ex parte
15 communications, or consider other communications made to the judge outside
16 the presence of the parties or their lawyers, concerning a pending or impending
17 matter...

18 (D) A judge shall make reasonable efforts, including providing appropriate
19 supervision, to ensure that this Rule is not violated by court staff, court
20 officials, and others subject to the judge's direction and control.

21 (NCJC Rule 2.9)(emphasis added)

22 On November 14, 2025, the Court issued an Order that stated:

23
24 On 11/14/25, Blandino filed a 16-page brief seeking an extension. Blandino has
25 also called the Court many times seeking help. These calls are inappropriate and
26 violate rules of ethics, the Eighth Judicial District Court Rules on ex parte
27 communications. If Blandino continues to call the Court he will be sanctioned,
28 communications must be in writing and filed on the docket of the Court. The
Court is not allowed to have contact with parties or to give legal advice.

(See Order 11/14/25 at 1:22-2:1.)

1 Since that time the Court has continued to warn Mr. Blandino that the Court cannot have
2 any discussions about active cases with Mr. Blandino outside the presence of opposing counsel.
3 Mr. Blandino is well familiar with litigation and knows this rule. Mr. Blandino has been
4 designated a vexatious litigant many years ago and that Order is still in force today. Mr.
5 Blandino has significant experience as a litigant. Still, the Court has been accommodating and
6 allowed Mr. Blandino to come to Court to watch any proceeding he likes. Now he has told the
7 Marshal he wants to watch how the Judges do things, he wants to know how the Court and staff
8 enter and leave their rooms.
9

10 Mr. Blandino has tried contacting staff by phone, email, and also tried waiting in the hall
11 to speak with them as they go to the restroom or try to fulfill their duties in the courthouse.¹
12 Staff intentionally attempts to avoid Mr. Blandino because of the law, rules of ethics, and this
13 Court's prior orders specifically on point.
14

15 Despite Mr. Blandino's familiarity with the rules and having been admonished
16 previously, on January 8, 2026, Mr. Blandino came to Court to speak to the Court directly
17 outside the presence of opposing counsel regarding pending matters in this case.
18

19 Specifically, when I, Judge Reynolds, arrived today Mr. Blandino was waiting outside the
20 elevator on the 11th floor and tried to engage me regarding the above-captioned case. He was
21 blocked at security by the Marshal who had to raise his voice and directly told Blandino he was
22 not allowed to discuss his case with the Court. Blandino asserted that he could and attempted to
23 get my attention with a raised voice anyway, to which the Marshal appropriately responded. I
24

25 ¹ The Court notes that this building only has two elevators which are shared by the public and court staff. The
26 building only has two courtrooms, one for Department 11 and one for Department 29, both on the 11th floor. There is
27 less than 200 sqft of space from the public elevators to the security check-in point on this floor. This small space
28 also includes the court staff entrance from the elevators, and the public drop box for the court. Court staff share
restroom facilities with the public as well on the 11th floor. Accordingly, if Mr. Blandino is allowed to come to the
11th floor at all he can continue to accost members of staff with pleas about his case, which is inappropriate and
unlawful.

1 continued to my chambers without any direct discussion with Mr. Blandino.

2 Later this morning, Mr. Blandino waited patiently while the Court conducted its morning
3 calendar. Once calendar was completed Mr. Blandino stated loudly from the gallery, something
4 to the effect that: "This may be out of order Judge but I need to talk to you!" The Court states
5 Mr. Blandino is never angry or attacking in his statements directly to the Court. He is relatively
6 calm but purposeful and direct in addressing things when he wants, despite multiple warnings
7 from the marshals this morning to not speak to the Judges directly. So while there is no hostility
8 being exhibited to the court directly by yelling or physical attacks against the Judge, it is
9 certainly still disorderly, plainly violates this Court's prior orders, and is therefore contemptuous
10 behavior towards the Court and is ground for contempt sanctions. This is particularly true when
11 it happens in the Courthouse and in the Court's presence.
12

13 Mr. Blandino continues to make these comments and efforts to discuss his case directly
14 with the Court despite multiple warnings from the Marshals, and the Court, that he cannot do
15 what he is trying to do.
16

17 Today in response to Mr. Blandino, and pursuant to my governing code, i.e. the Judicial
18 Code of Conduct (Rule 2.9) and NRS 199.340, I stated from the bench that Mr. Blandino is not
19 allowed to discuss his case with me outside the presence of opposing counsel. I reminded him
20 that he had already been warned, and I warned him clearly that continued attempts to do so
21 would be criminal contempt that could lead to prison time.²
22

23 As Mr. Blandino waited until the calendar was completed there was no recording of this
24 interaction so the Court makes its record here. But the Court cannot condone continued attempts
25

26 ² Mr. Blandino has essentially been civil, though disobedient to the Court's Orders. The Court has now learned that
27 while the Court was drafting this Order Mr. Blandino went to the main courthouse and was cited for Battery against
28 one of the District Court Clerk workers when Mr. Blandino was trying to enter somewhere and tried to push past
her. Mr. Blandino came back to the Phoenix Building with the citation and the two marshals at security were made
aware of it. Event # 20260108-005.

1 to circumvent its orders.

2 The contempt statute reads:

3 **NRS 199.340 Criminal contempt.** Every person who shall commit a
4 contempt of court of any one of the following kinds shall be guilty of a
5 misdemeanor:

6 1. Disorderly, contemptuous or insolent behavior committed during the
7 sitting of the court, in its immediate view and presence, and directly tending to
8 interrupt its proceedings or to impair the respect due to its authority;

9 ...

10 4. Willful disobedience to the lawful process or mandate of a court;

11 5. Resistance, willfully offered, to its lawful process or mandate;

12 As prior efforts have been unsuccessful to convince Mr. Blandino that his continued
13 attempts to make contact with staff and the Court outside the presence of opposing counsel is a
14 serious violation of ethics and the law, and constitutes contempt, the Court issues this Order as a
15 final warning and notice and gives additional Orders to comply with NCJC 2.9 and NRS
16 199.340.

17 Accordingly, and for good cause appearing,

18 IT IS ORDERED that any future attempts to contact the Court ex-parte, meaning outside
19 the presence of opposing counsel, whether by phone, email, in-person (in court, in private, or
20 anywhere in the public) will be weighed for criminal contempt sanctions and can result in jail
21 time and prosecution. All contact with the Court or its staff must be made in writing and filed on
22 the public docket, just as all other litigants are required to do.

23 ///

24 ///

25 ///

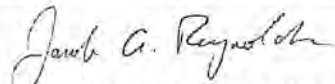
1 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that given Mr. Blandino's efforts to violate the rules of
2 ethics, and consistent refusal to abide by the Court's order to not communicate with the Court or
3 staff, the Court orders that he shall not come to the 11th floor of the Phoenix Building, 330 South
4 3rd St, Las Vegas, NV 89101, for any purpose unless he has a scheduled hearing in Court on the
5 11th floor.
6

7 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Mr. Blandino is not allowed to arrive on the 11th floor
8 more than 30 minutes before the Scheduled Hearing and when he desires to come through
9 security he must wait to be escorted by a marshal to the courtroom where he has his designated
10 hearing.
11

12 This Order shall remain in force while Mr. Blandino has any matter pending before
13 Department 29 or any such matter that was in Department 29 remains active on appeal.

14 DATED: January 8, 2026

Dated this 8th day of January, 2026

15 

16 DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

17 3AA 6DA 734A F24F
18 Jacob A. Reynolds
19 District Court Judge
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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on or about the date signed, a copy of this Order was electronically served to all registered parties in the Eighth Judicial District Court Electronic Filing Program to the proper parties as follows:

(All Parties on the E-Service List)

/s/ Austin De Reis

Austin De Reis
Judicial Law Clerk

1 CSERV

2
3 DISTRICT COURT
4 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

5
6 Kim Blandino, Plaintiff(s)

CASE NO: A-25-932149-W

7 vs.

DEPT. NO. Department 29

8 L.V.M.P.D. Defendant(s)

9
10 **AUTOMATED CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

11 This automated certificate of service was generated by the Eighth Judicial District
12 Court. The foregoing Order was served via the court's electronic eFile system to all
13 recipients registered for e-Service on the above entitled case as listed below:

14 Service Date: 1/8/2026

15 Matthew Christian

m16091c@lvmpd.com

16 Kim Blandino

kim43792@earthlink.net

Exhibit 9

Steven D. Grierson

FFCL

DISTRICT COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

KIM BLANDINO,

Complainant,

vs.

DOUGLAS HERNDON,

Real Party in Interest.

Case No. 18-A775478-J
Department No. XI

ORDER

This matter having come on for hearing on June 28, 2018. KIM BLANDINO, having notice of said hearing, having filed a document entitled "Emergency Motion to Quash order to Show Cause or in the Alternative if the Chief Judge Gonzales will Comply with the Mandatory language of NRS 3.02 and Sets Up Procedures that Do Not Require the Filing of a Civil Action Complainant Kim will Voluntarily Dismiss This Suit or in the alternative if Chief Judge Gonzales will not comply with NRS 3.026 Kim Requests that Judge Gonzales Resign as Chief Judge" on June 7, 2018 in response: KIM BLANDINO appearing in proper person; the Court, having read and considered the papers filed by KIM BLANDINO and having heard and carefully considered the demeanor and presentation of KIM BLANDINO, the oral statements made by KIM BLANDINO, and the written materials submitted by KIM BLANDINO,¹ and with the intent of deciding the issue identified in this Court's Order to Show Cause filed on June 5, 2018 and the "Emergency Motion to Quash order to Show Cause or in the Alternative if the Chief Judge Gonzales will Comply with the Mandatory language of NRS 3.02 and Sets Up Procedures that Do Not Require the Filing of a Civil Action Complainant Kim will Voluntarily Dismiss This Suit or in the alternative if Chief Judge Gonzales will not comply with NRS 3.026 Kim Requests

This includes the materials submitted by KIM BLANDINO in open court marked as Court's Exhibits 2-5.

RECEIVED

JUL 02 2018

CLERK OF THE COURT

4/5

1 that Judge Gonzales Resign as Chief Judge" filed on June 7, 2018 (the "Motion to Quash"); the
2 Court makes the following findings of fact and conclusions of law related to whether KIM
3 BLANDINO is a vexatious litigant:

4 1. KIM BLANDINO repeatedly files unmeritorious motions, pleadings, and other
5 papers in this and other cases.

6 2. KIM BLANDINO's filings are repetitive, and appear to be filed merely for the
7 purpose of harassment.

8 3. After evaluation of numerous submissions in this case and in cases C217569,
9 A764148, C302515 and A547536 filed by KIM BLANDINO which were separately evaluated,
10 the Court has determined that the submissions whether a motion, petition or other type of
11 submission are harassing, frivolous and extremely burdensome to the Court.

12 4. KIM BLANDINO's continued attempts to act as counsel for other litigants and as
13 an interloper in cases he is not a party is frivolous, disruptive to the rights of litigants, and
14 extremely burdensome to the Court.

15 5. In Case No. A547536 in denying the second motion to disqualify, the Court found
16 that KIM BLANDINO filed the second motion to disqualify "solely for the purpose of disrupting
17 and delaying the adjudication of the instant case."²

18 6. In Case No. C302515, KIM BLANDINO had limited access to certain portions of
19 the Regional Justice Center due to inappropriate conduct on multiple occasions in Department
20 32.³ This conduct included "sitting at counsel table with multiple in propria persona appellants
21 during their court appearances" where he was not a party⁴ and "attempting to represent the
22 interests of appellants with ongoing cases"⁵ although not licensed as an attorney. The Nevada
23
24

25 ² Exhibit 1 at Page 2, lines 22-23.

26 ³ Exhibit 2, at page 5, lines 11-12.

27 ⁴ Exhibit 2, at page 1, lines 19-20.

28 ⁵ Exhibit 2 at page 1, lines 26-27.

1 Supreme Court denied the petition for extraordinary relief related to that Order by written order
2 filed 06/16/2016 in Case No. 68761.

3 7. In Case No. A764148, the co-plaintiff has alleged that KIM BLANDINO's
4 conduct in that case, as well as in C217569, is for an improper purpose.
5

6 Plaintiff Blandino was attempting a collateral attack on the return of these financial
7 documents through Judge Herndon, by attempting to threaten him into enforcing the
8 order previously made by another sitting judge and has taken off on a tangent and/or
9 personal vendetta against Judge Herndon. He has began (sic) threatening Judge Herndon
10 with similar threats that he has made to this Court. As such, Plaintiff, Gary Walters, has
11 determined that Mr. Blandino's (sic) has completely lost his focus and is now pursuing
12 his own interests instead of the interests of his co-Plaintiff, which is to pursue the return
13 of over 100 million dollars and later even more.

14 Mr. Blandino's pursuit of the tangential issues has taken on a surreal manifestation in this
15 case and now the plaintiff can no longer be associated with this type of ego mania or
16 cocksmanship, which on its face appears to be the manifestation of some kind of menical
17 (sic) or mental defect.

18 Exhibit 3, Ex Parte Motion filed 2/2/18 at page 5, lines 12-25.

19 8. The "Emergency Complaint/Grievance Pursuant to NRS 3.026 and EDCR 1.30
20 and 7.10 Against Judge Douglas Herndon and Other Collateral Matters Directed to Chief Judge
21 Gonzales Including Demand that Chief Judge Gonzales Issue an Administrative Order that Sets
22 Procedures Pursuant to NRS 3.026 or in the Alternative in a Writing Accessible to the Public Set
23 Forth Such Procedures So that the Public and the Parties Can Know How to File Grievances or
24 Complaints as Contemplated by NRS 3.026, or in the Alternative, Any Legal Action That Brings
25 This Filing Before Chief Judge Gonzales in Her Capacity as Chief Judge" ("Complaint") in Case
26 No. A775478-J appears to be filed as a result of this Court's written order filed 03/27/18 denying
27 the "Emergency Ex Parte Notice and Demand By Amicus Curiae Kim Blandino "Kim" for Judge
28 Herndon Pursuant to Ground NRS 1.230 2(c) So that Kim and Judge Herndon Are Free to Settle
the Matter of Judge Herndon's Multiple Violations on 1/18/18 of the Revised Nevada Code of
Judicial Conduct "Code" and of Kim's Civil Rights and to Avoid Having to File a Complaint
with the Commission on Judicial Discipline and/or a Federal Civil Rights Complaint" filed in

1 Case No. C-05-217569-1 on 1/22/18 and the related filings.⁶ As part of Judge Herndon's
2 affidavit in response to that motion, it was reported that KIM BLANDINO "attempted to
3 approach counsel table" although neither a party nor a licensed attorney;⁷ and attempted to
4 appear in the criminal case although neither a party nor a licensed attorney.⁸

5 9. The Court finds after evaluation of the numerous filings made in this and other
6 matters, the materials presented for consideration and argument made during the hearing on the
7 Order to Show Cause, and after considering the demeanor and presentation of KIM BLANDINO
8 in open Court, that KIM BLANDINO is a vexatious litigant.

9 10. To guide courts in determining whether to declare a litigant vexatious, the Nevada
10 Supreme Court in Jordan v. State, Department of Motor Vehicles, 121 Nev. 44, 110 P.3d 30
11 (2005) adopted a four-factor analysis as originally set forth by the Ninth Circuit: 1) the litigant
12 must be provided reasonable notice and an opportunity to respond (Show Cause Hearing); 2) an
13 adequate record illustrating specific cases, documents, and reasons in support of a vexatious
14 litigant classification must be created; 3) substantive findings as to the frivolous and harassing
15 nature of the litigant's actions must be made; and 4) the restrictive order must be narrowly drawn
16 so as to protect the litigant's constitutional rights.⁹ In detailing this four-step process, the
17 Nevada Supreme Court carefully noted the purpose of this approach was to curb flagrant abuse
18 of the judicial process while ensuring litigants' right of access to the courts. Because vexatious
19 litigant orders restrict this right, they must be based on adequate justification supported in the
20 record and narrowly tailored to address the specific abuse.¹⁰ The Court further noted the
21 appropriate standard of review for restrictive orders is the abuse of discretion standard.¹¹

23 ⁶ Exhibit "4".

24 ⁷ Exhibit "5" at paragraph 35.

25 ⁸ Exhibit "5" at paragraph 44-45.

26 ⁹ *Jordan*, 121 Nev. at 60-63.

27 ¹⁰ *Jordan*, 121 Nev. at 63.

28 ¹¹ *Id.*

1 11. KIM BLANDINO has been provided reasonable notice and an opportunity to
2 respond.

3 12. KIM BLANDINO's request that this Court voluntary recuse itself is denied, as no
4 basis for recusal exists.

5 13. KIM BLANDINO's request that this Court disqualify itself based upon his oral
6 request is denied, as there is no pending written motion for disqualification and no basis for
7 disqualification exists.

8 14. KIM BLANDINO's request that this Court adjourn these proceedings so that he
9 may file a written motion for disqualification is denied, as the issues raised by KIM BLANDINO
10 have been known to him since at least June 7, 2018, when he filed the Motion to Quash.

11 15. KIM BLANDINO's request that this Court stay these proceedings so that he may
12 seek extraordinary relief is denied, as the issues raised by KIM BLANDINO have been known to
13 him since at least June 7, 2018, when he filed the Motion to Quash.

14 16. KIM BLANDINO's request that this Court adjourn these proceedings so that he
15 may file a written motion for disqualification is denied, as the issues raised by KIM BLANDINO
16 have been known to him since at least June 7, 2018, when he filed the Motion to Quash.

17 17. The Motion to Quash is denied, as there is no good faith basis raised by KIM
18 BLANDINO to quash the Order to Show Cause.

19 18. KIM BLANDINO's submissions are made for an improper purpose.

20 19. The materials submitted by KIM BLANDINO in this matter are designed to
21 harass.

22 20. It is hereby ordered that in the Eighth Judicial District Court, KIM BLANDINO
23 may not stand in front of the bar in any hearing in which he is not a party nor may he sit at
24 counsel table in any hearing in which he is not a party.¹²

25
26
27
28 ¹² This restriction will not apply if KIM BLANDINO is subpoenaed as a witness or summoned as a juror. In those two situations, KIM BLANDINO may specifically be directed to a location by the presiding judge or marshal of the department to which he has been summoned. If KIM BLANDINO should become licensed to practice law in the State of Nevada he may seek a modification of this Order.

1 21. It is hereby ordered that in the Eighth Judicial District Court, KIM BLANDINO
2 may not file any new materials in this case as a proper person without first obtaining leave of the
3 Chief Judge of the Eighth Judicial District Court.

4 22. It is hereby ordered that in the Eighth Judicial District Court, KIM BLANDINO
5 may not file any new litigation as a proper person without first obtaining leave of the Chief
6 Judge of the Eighth Judicial District Court.

7 23. It is further ordered that if KIM BLANDINO believes he has a meritorious claim
8 or action that he wishes to file in the Eighth Judicial District Court, KIM BLANDINO may
9 obtain permission from the Chief Judge of the Eighth Judicial District Court, pursuant to the
10 following procedure:

11 a. All communications between KIM BLANDINO and the Eighth Judicial District
12 Court must be in writing and contain appropriate content.

13 b. KIM BLANDINO may submit in writing, by hand delivery or mail, the petition,
14 motion, claim or complaint which he seeks to file to the Chief Judge of the Eighth Judicial
15 District Court by delivery to the Eighth Judicial District Court Clerk's Office.

16 c. The Chief Judge of the Eighth Judicial District Court, or the Chief Judge's
17 designee, will review the submission.

18 d. If the Chief Judge of the Eighth Judicial District Court, or the Chief Judge's
19 designee, determines that the submission is non-frivolous and made in good faith, the submission
20 may be provided to the Eighth Judicial District Court Clerk's Office for filing upon presentation
21 of any applicable filing fee by KIM BLANDINO.

22 e. If the submission is rejected, or if KIM BLANDINO does not follow the submittal
23 procedure, KIM BLANDINO may be sanctioned by this Eighth Judicial District Court in the
24 amount of \$100 per violation payable to Legal Aid Center of Southern Nevada. The Eighth
25 Judicial District Court determines that this is the amount which is the minimum to ensure that
26 future frivolous filings are not made. If the Eighth Judicial District Court determines in the future
27 that this amount does not deter KIM BLANDINO, the Eighth Judicial District Court may make a
28 determination that the sanction amount is insufficient to deter this conduct, may sanction KIM

1 BLANDINO further in accordance with the provisions of NRCP 11, and/or that KIM
2 BLANDINO may be held in contempt pursuant to NRS Chapter 22.

3 24. This ruling does not apply to any appeal of this order or appeal of any of the
4 orders entered in this case or in Case No. C-05-217569-1 or Case No. A764148.

5 25. This ruling does not apply to any filing on his own behalf as an individual party in
6 Case No. A764148.

7 26. It is further ordered that violation of this order may result in sanctions pursuant to
8 the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure Rule 11 and/or a finding contempt of court pursuant to NRS
9 Chapter 22 punishable by a fine or imprisonment.

10 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Complaint be dismissed as frivolous with no basis
11 in fact or law for the relief requested.

12
13 DATED this 28th day of June 2018.

14
15 
16 ELIZABETH GONZALEZ,
17 DISTRICT JUDGE

18 **Certificate of Service**

19 I hereby certify that on or about the date filed, I mailed a copy of this Order to:

20 Kim Blandino, in Proper Person
21 c/o 441 N. 16th Street
22 Las Vegas, NV 89101
23 702-219-5657

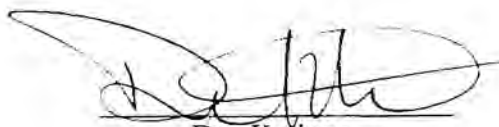
24 
25 Dan Kufinac
26
27
28

EXHIBIT 1

7
FILED

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CLERK OF THE COURT

1 ORD
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DISTRICT COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

9 KIM BLANDINO,

10 Plaintiff,

11 vs.

12 PENELOPE CARR and PHOENIX RISING
13 APPRAISAL SERVICE,

14 Defendants.
15

16 KIM BLANDINO,

17 Plaintiff,

18 vs.

19 PENELOPE CARR and JOHN KELLEHER,
20

21 Defendants.
22

CASE NO. A540717

DEPT. XXII

(Consolidated)

CASE NO. A547536

DEPT. NO. XXII

A547536

**ORDER STRIKING PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO DISQUALIFY JUDGE KATHY
HARDCASTLE FROM HEARING THE MATTER OF THE DISQUALIFICATION OF
JUDGE SUSAN JOHNSON and DENYING PLAINTIFF'S SECOND MOTION TO
DISQUALIFY JUDGE SUSAN JOHNSON**

WHEREAS, Plaintiff filed his first Motion to Disqualify Judge Susan Johnson on June 30,

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CLERK OF THE COURT

MCJ

1 2008; and

2 WHEREAS, this Court denied Plaintiff's first Motion to Disqualify Judge Susan Johnson
3 on July 9, 2008; and

4 WHEREAS, Plaintiff filed a second Motion to Disqualify Judge Susan Johnson on July 21,
5 2008; and

6 WHEREAS, Plaintiff also filed a Motion to Disqualify Judge Kathy Hardcastle from
7 hearing the hearing the second Motion to Disqualify Judge Susan Johnson; and

8 WHEREAS, this Court finds that Plaintiff's Motions filed on July 21, 2008 are motivated
9 by his discontent with this Court's decision on the first Motion to Disqualify Judge Johnson; and

10 WHEREAS, this Court finds that Plaintiff's Motions are being filed solely for the purpose
11 of disrupting and delaying the adjudication of the instant case; and

12 WHEREAS, District Court Department IV is not the department assigned to this case; and

13 WHEREAS, Plaintiff may not create his own grounds for disqualification by filing multiple
14 motions to disqualify; and

15 WHEREAS, Plaintiff's Motion to Disqualify Judge Hardcastle was filed after Judge
16 Hardcastle made a ruling on the first Motion to Disqualify Judge Johnson; and

17 WHEREAS, Plaintiff's second Motion to Disqualify Judge Susan Johnson fails to set forth
18 any cognizable grounds to warrant a disqualification; therefore

19
20 **ORDER**

21 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Plaintiff's Motion to Disqualify Judge Kathy Hardcastle
22 from Hearing the Matter of the Disqualification of Judge Susan Johnson, having been filed solely for
23 the purpose of disrupting and delaying the adjudication of the instant case, is STRICKEN as being
24 untimely and improperly filed after Judge Hardcastle made a ruling on Plaintiff's first Motion to
25 Disqualify, and the hearing set for this matter on August 21, 2008 is VACATED.

1 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Plaintiff's second Motion to Disqualify Judge Susan
2 Johnson is hereby DENIED, as this Court has previously ruled on this issue and Plaintiff failed to
3 present any new facts that warrant a disqualification. Further, the hearing set for this matter on
4 August 22, 2008 is hereby VACATED.

5 Further, if Plaintiff continues to file groundless Motions to Disqualify for the purpose of
6 disrupting or delaying the adjudication of the instant case, Plaintiff may be held in contempt of court,
7 subjecting Plaintiff to fines and/or jail time.

8
9 DATED this 7 day of August, 2008

10
11 **KATHY A. HARDCASTLE**

12 DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
13
14
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25

Certificate of Mailing

I hereby certify that on the date filed, I FAXED, MAILED, or otherwise had DELIVERED
copies of this Order to the following:

Judge Susan Johnson (702) 671-0571 (fax)

John T. Kelleher, Esq. (702) 384-7545 (fax)

Kim Blandino
C/O 825 Clarice Lane
Boulder City, NV 89005

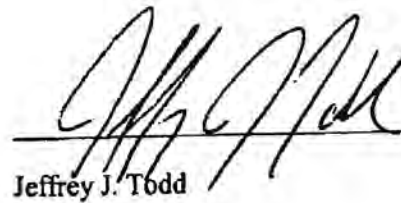
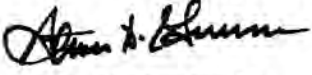

Jeffrey J. Todd

EXHIBIT 2


CLERK OF THE COURT

1 ORDR

2
3 DISTRICT COURT
4 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

5 *****

6
7 Kim Blandino,
8 Appellant,
9 vs.
10 City of Las Vegas,
11 Respondent.
12

CASE NO.: C-14-302515-A

DEPT. NO. 32

13
14 **CONTEMPT AND RECUSAL ORDER**

15
16 **Factual Background**

17 Kim Blandino (hereinafter "Blandino") committed the following acts in the
18 immediate view and presence of the court:

19 On July 22, 2015, Blandino proceeded to sit at counsel table with multiple in
20 propria persona appellants during their court appearances, despite being repeatedly
21 told to stay in the gallery until his case was called. Specifically, Blandino sat with
22 appellants during Steven Bryant Dempsey vs. State of Nevada, C-14-300100;
23 Lawrence Sparks vs. Henderson Municipal Court, C-15-305849; and Donald E
24 Clausen vs. City of Las Vegas, C-15-306563. Blandino was warned multiple times to
25 cease his disruptive behavior or he could be banned from the courtroom.

26 Additionally, on August 12, 2015, Blandino attempted to represent the interest
of appellants with ongoing cases. Specifically, Blandino came in prior to court and
addressed the clerk of court, Billie Jo Craig, on page ten of the Court's calendar,

1 Darcie Lee Aggen vs. City of Las Vegas, C-15-307950, and on page twelve of the
2 Court's calendar, Jermaine Gomes vs. City of Las Vegas, C-15-307960. Blandino
3 walked through the gallery, past the bar and podium, and addressed the clerk of court,
4 who is situated next to the judicial bench. The clerk of court checks in individuals
5 that appear in propria persona and attorneys representing clients by writing their name
6 on the calendar next to the party they represent. When Blandino approached the clerk
7 of court and addressed her regarding appellants Darcie Lee Aggen and Jermaine
8 Gomes, she believed Blandino was there to represent these appellants in a lawyer
9 capacity. The clerk of court wrote "Kim Blandino" under the attorney section of the
10 calendar on both page ten and page twelve. See attached. Blandino is not a lawyer
11 and therefore cannot represent appellants. Even if Blandino was not attempting to
12 represent the appellants, at a minimum, his activities interrupted the judicial
13 proceedings in a way that this Court felt was a disturbance. These actions are
14 concerning to this Court. This Court cannot condone Blandino's actions and finds
15 that he committed acts constituting contempt of court when he came into court as a
16 nonlawyer, addressed the clerk of court regarding cases that are pending, and
17 attempted to act as a representative to an individual, even if these actions are only
18 procedural in nature.

19 Moreover, on August 4, 2015, during a Motion to Continue Trial hearing in
20 Felipa Garza vs. Danny Myers, A-12-657287, Blandino entered the courtroom, sat
21 down, loudly laughed, and exited the courtroom.

22 **Conclusions of Law**

23 Courtroom and courthouse premises are subject to control of court. Sheppard
24 v. Maxwell, 384 U.S. 333, 86 S. Ct. 1507, 16 L. Ed. 2d 600 (1966). A court has
25 inherent power to protect the dignity and decency of its proceedings and to enforce its
26 decrees, and thus it may issue contempt orders. Halverson v. Hardcastle, 123 Nev.
27 245, 261, 163 P.3d 428, 440 (2007). A court also has inherent power to preserve the
28

1 integrity of the judicial process. Id. Courts have power to hold individuals in
2 contempt and exclude them from the courtroom. Mayberry v. Pennsylvania, 400 U.S.
3 455, 463, 91 S. Ct. 499, 504, 27 L. Ed. 2d 532 (1971).

4 A breach of the peace, boisterous conduct or violent disturbance in the presence
5 of the court, or in its immediate vicinity, tending to interrupt the due course of the trial
6 or other judicial proceedings constitutes contempt. NRS 22.010(2). NRS 22.030(1)
7 declares that when a contempt is committed in the immediate view and presence of
8 the court or judge at chambers, it may be punished summarily, for which an order
9 shall be made, reciting the facts as occurring in such immediate view and presence,
10 adjudging that the person proceeded against is thereby guilty of a contempt and that
11 he be punished as therein prescribed.

12 NRS 22.100 allows this Court to fine an individual who is found guilty of
13 contempt an amount of \$500.00 or imprisonment of that person for a period not to
14 exceed 25 days. At this time, this Court will impose neither a fine nor imprisonment;
15 however, this Court feels it is appropriate, in light of the ongoing contempt, to ban
16 Blandino's further presence from this courtroom. It is with internal reservation for
17 this Court to close the courtroom doors to anyone.

18 Many jurisdictions have upheld court orders banning individuals from
19 courtrooms. See United States v. Mourad, 289 F.3d 174, 179 (1st Cir. 2002) (the
20 Court upheld the order in question, which barred defendant from entering floor of
21 building on which bankruptcy court was located); Gumbs v. Martinis, 40 A.D.2d 194,
22 338 N.Y.S.2d 817 (1972) (the Court upheld contempt order relating to defendant's
23 return to courtroom after presiding justice had banned defendant from the courtroom).
24 This penalty is appropriate because of Blandino's demonstrated course of conduct in
25 disrupting and interrupting the due course of judicial proceedings in this Court, which
26 this Court finds is a breach of peace, boisterous conduct, and a violent disturbance in
27 the presence of this Court and its personnel.
28

1 Specifically, this Court bans Blandino from further involvement in courtroom
2 3C or the area right outside the courtroom. If Blandino comes into courtroom 3C or if
3 it comes to this Court's attention that Blandino is within twenty-five feet of the outer
4 doors to courtroom 3C, that will constitute further contempt, and this Court will
5 impose punishment that contempt law allows, which includes ordering Blandino's
6 incarceration for up to 25 days.

7 Therefore, considering all the facts this Court addressed on the record and in
8 this Order, Blandino's actions constitute contempt, which occurred in the immediate
9 view and presence of the Court.

10 A judge has a general duty to sit and preside to the conclusion of all
11 proceedings, unless a judicial canon, statute, or rule requires the judge's
12 disqualification. Millen v. Eighth Judicial Dist. ex rel. Cnty. of Clark, 122 Nev. 1245,
13 1253, 148 P.3d 694, 700 (2006). Disqualification for personal bias or prejudice will
14 depend on the circumstances of each case. Millen v. Eighth Judicial Dist. ex rel.
15 Cnty. of Clark, 122 Nev. 1245, 1255, 148 P.3d 694, 701 (2006). Recusal is
16 appropriate when a judge's impartiality might reasonably be questioned. PETA v.
17 Bobby Berosini, Ltd., 111 Nev. 431, 436, 894 P.2d 337, 340 (1995), overruled in part
18 on other grounds by Towbin Dodge, LLC v. Dist. Ct., 121 Nev. 251, 112 P.3d 1063
19 (2005). A judge shall disqualify himself in any proceeding in which the judge's
20 impartiality might reasonably be questioned, including when the judge has a personal
21 bias or prejudice concerning a party. Nev. Sup. Ct. R. CJC Canon 2, Rule 2.11. A
22 judge is disqualified whenever the judge's impartiality might reasonably be
23 questioned, regardless of whether any of the specific provisions of Rule 2.11,
24 paragraphs (A)(1) through (6) apply. Nev. Sup. Ct. R. CJC Canon 2, Commentary
25 cmt. 1. A judge, upon the judge's own motion, may disqualify himself or herself from
26 acting in any matter upon the ground of actual or implied bias. NRS 1.230(3).
27
28

1 In this case, it would be inappropriate to preside over Blandino's appeal after
2 this Court has banned Blandino from further involvement in courtroom 3C or the area
3 right outside the courtroom. Therefore, this Court disqualifies itself from Kim
4 Blandino vs. City of Las Vegas, C-14-302515.

5
6 Based on the foregoing Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, it is hereby:
7 ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that Blandino is found guilty of
8 contempt. And it is further:

9 ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the penalty for said
10 contempt shall be as follows:

11 Blandino shall refrain from entering courtroom 3C or being within twenty-five
12 feet of the outer doors to courtroom 3C.

13 It is further ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED this Court disqualifies
14 itself from Kim Blandino vs. City of Las Vegas, C-14-302515.

15
16
17 Dated this 1 day of September, 2015.

18
19 

20 Rob Bare

21 Judge, District Court, Department 32

22 ///

23 ///

24 ///

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26 ///

27 ///

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on the date filed, I placed a copy of this Order in the attorney's folder in the Clerk's Office, or mailed or faxed a copy to:

Kim Blandino
C/O 441 N. 16th Street
Las Vegas, NV 89101
Appellant Pro Per

Carlene Helbert, Esq.
Deputy City Attorney
200 Lewis Avenue, Suite 2327
Las Vegas, NV 89127
Attorney for Respondent



Tara Duenas
Judicial Executive Assistant, Dept. 32

8/2015

District Court, Criminal Division

Print Time: 12:24:08 PM

The Honorable Rob Bare [Dept 32]

Department 32

Wednesday, August 12, 2015 @ 10:00 AM

Case Information

Case Number: C-15-307950-A

Type: Criminal Appeal

Darcie Lee Aggen, Appellant(s)

vs

Las Vegas City Of, Respondent(s)

Party Information

Party

Las Vegas City Of

Aggen, Darcie Lee

Role

Respondent

Appellant

Attorney

Jerbic, Bradford Robert

No Attorney

Carlene Herbert

Kim Blandino

Related Cases

No Related Cases

Matters

Appeal From Lower Court

Future Hearings

No Future Hearings

08/11/2015

District Court, Criminal Division

Print Time: 12:24:08 PM

The Honorable Rob Bare [Dept 32]

Department 32

Wednesday, August 12, 2015 @ 10:00 AM

Case Information

Case Number: **C-15-307960-A**

Type: **Criminal Appeal**

Jermaine Gomes, Appellant(s)

VS

Las Vegas City Of, Respondent(s)

Party Information

Party

Las Vegas City Of
Gomes, Jermaine

Role

Respondent
Appellant

Attorney

Herbert
Jerbic, Bradford Robert
No Attorney

Related Cases

No Related Cases

Matters

Appeal From Lower Court

Future Hearings

09/02/2015

10:00 AM - Department 32

*Appellant's Motion to Provide all Possible Basis of Recusal Points and Authorities United States Constitution
The State of Nevada Constitution Legal Argument*

Appellant's Motion for Order to Show Cause

Appellant's Motion in Limine

09/09/2015

10:00 AM - Department 32

Motion for Surety Bond Pending Appeal/ Bond Reduction

Motion for Discovery

Motion for New Trial

Motion for Dismissal

EXHIBIT 3

FILED

FEB 02 2018

[Signature]
CLERK OF COURT

1 MOT
2 GARY W. WALTERS, PRO SE
3 2981 Bel Air Drive
4 Las Vegas, Nevada 89109
5 Tel: (702) 888-5878

6 KIM BLANDINO, PRO SE
7 C/O 441 N. 16th Street
8 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
9 (702) 219-5657

DISTRICT COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

10 GARY WALTERS, KIM BLANDINO,

Case No.: A-17-764148-C

11 Plaintiffs,

Dept. No.: XIV

12 vs.

13 ROBERT WEATHERFORD,

14 Defendant.

EX PARTE MOTION OF PLAINTIFF GARY WALTER
TO SEVER THE PARTIES AND BIFURCATE THE ACTION

15 COMES NOW the Plaintiff GARY W. WALTERS, Pro Per, and brings his Ex Parte
16 Motion to sever the parties and bifurcate the action. This Motion is based upon the papers and
17 pleadings on file with this Honorable Court and the points and authorities and argument below.

ARGUMENT

18 PLAINTIFF, GARY W. WALTERS, in proper person, moves this Honorable Court Ex
19 Parte to sever the parties and bifurcate the action. The Plaintiff apologizes to this Honorable
20 Court for the tone of his Co-Plaintiff, KIM BLANDINO'S pleadings that he has filed with this
21 Court, threatening this Honorable Court with the filing of Complaints with the Commission on
22 Judicial Discipline, etc.

23 Plaintiff's 10.5 Million dollar Certificate of Deposit, along with other documents needed
24 to retrieve his other six Certificates of Deposit, each of the same value, from a similar conversion
25

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FEB 02 2018

CLERK OF THE COURT

A-17-764148-C
EXMT
Ex Parte Motion
4717728



1 by a financial institution, were originally entrusted to his retained attorney of record, GARRETT
2 OGATA, ESQ. These certificates and their supporting documentation showing Plaintiff Walters
3 as owner, were either stolen by Robert Weatherford¹ from Attorney OGATA's office or were
4 given to Robert Weatherford by Attorney OGATA without the Plaintiff's permission.
5

6 In all respects they have now been converted by Robert Weatherford, who is now without
7 peer review (State Bar) because he is on "disability status." Because of this disability status the
8 Plaintiff is unable to seek the assistance of the State Bar in disciplining Mr. Weatherford or
9 ordering him to return the documents or so they say. The Nevada Rules of Professional Conduct
10 Rule 1.15 states as follows:
11

12 **1.15. Safekeeping Property.**

13 (a) A lawyer shall hold funds or other property of clients or third persons that is in a
14 lawyer's possession in connection with a representation separate from the lawyer's own
15 property. All funds received or held for the benefit of clients by a lawyer or firm, including
16 advances for costs and expenses, shall be deposited in one or more identifiable bank
17 accounts designated as a trust account maintained in the state where the lawyer's office is
18 situated, or elsewhere with the consent of the client or third person. Other property in
19 which clients or third persons hold an interest shall be identified as such and appropriately
20 safeguarded. Complete records of such account funds and other property shall be kept by
21 the lawyer and shall be preserved for a period of seven years after termination of the
22 representation.

23 Garrett Ogata and Robert Weatherford, former law partners, have both failed abismially
24 to to comply with Rule 1.15 of the professional rules of conduct. Not only has Robert
25 Weatherford failed to keep WALTERS financial instruments separate from his own personal or
26 professional property, he refuses to return the property without being remunerated in the amount
27 of \$250,000.00 cash. The Plaintiff, Gary Walters, does not have \$250,000.00 in CASH and was
28 just released from prison only 15 months ago on a charge that he was innocent of and his attorney,
Robert Weatherford, got him convicted of.

¹ A now disgraced former attorney, currently on disability status of his State Bar License

1 The Plaintiff, Gary Walters has attempted to obtain the release of his financial instruments
2 from Mr. Weatherford - FOR YEARS, however, he will not release these financial instruments
3 to the Plaintiff paying him \$250,000.00 CASH. This remuneration is essentially extortion.
4 Unfortunately the LMVPD will not allow a report to be filed because it has been deemed a civil
5 matter.
6

7 Defendant, Robert Weatherford has absolutely no financial interest in any of the proceeds
8 from this CD and proximately caused the Plaintiff to be convicted on a false forgery charge by
9 failing to file a Notice of Witnesses list with the Court listing over 24+ witnesses that the Plaintiff
10 had scheduled and provided to Counsel Weatherford for his trial, including a graphologist who
11 would have testified that the Plaintiff's signature on the documents used to prosecute him were
12 forgeries and not his signature.
13

14 Because of Weatherford's professional failures the Plaintiff was given a life sentence for
15 a paper crime. The Plaintiff suffered incarceration in the Nevada State Department of Corrections
16 for over 8 years while he waited for the ultimate relief of his Habeas proceeding and his conviction
17 was overturned.
18

19 The Plaintiff, was successful in obtaining a reversal of his conviction on a Writ of Habeas
20 Corpus for Ineffective Assistance of Counsel (which speaks volumes toward Robert Weatherford's
21 ineffectiveness, since only about 1% of these types of writs are granted). In addition, Mr.
22 Weatherford was also being prosecuted by the District Attorney's Office for criminal acts at the
23 same time that he was representing the Plaintiff and failed to disclose same. It is the Plaintiff's
24 sincerely held belief that Robert Weatherford took a dive in the Plaintiff's criminal case and threw
25 him under the bus in order to gain favor with the District Attorney's Office for lenience on his
26 own criminal charges.
27
28

1 Because Plaintiff's post-conviction counsel improperly advised him that he could
2 potentially be incarcerated for another 3 years pending a new trial, the Plaintiff was forced to take
3 an *Alford* Plea to a non-existent crime, with credit for time served. This so-called "deal" would
4 allow him to be released almost immediately. The only reason that the Plaintiff took this deal is
5 because he had been a financial consultant for many years and had been hired by financial giants
6 like John DeLorean, Wrangler Jeans, Ted Turner of Turner Broadcasting and many more multi-
7 million/billion dollar companies. As a result Plaintiff, WALTERS, had accumulated enormous
8 wealth prior to his incarceration, obtained all through legal means, literally in the billions of
9 dollars and was one of the richest men in America at the time. The Petitioner controlled
10 corporations worth hundreds if not billions of dollars.
11

12 Because of the life sentence that the Plaintiff received, people that were familiar with the
13 Plaintiff's wealth stole it, believing that he was never going to get out of prison. They stole major
14 corporations owned by the Plaintiff worth billions, they stole stock, they stole Petitioner's
15 vehicles and gutted his house of eighty thousand dollar painting and a plethora of expensive
16 personal property. Plaintiff's bank accounts were emptied by unknown thieves.
17

18 Your Honor, not only have I been wronged by my attorney Robert Weatherford, he now
19 has stolen what will ultimately amount to One Hundred and Fifty Million dollars from me. It is
20 bad enough that I have been locked up for over eight years and caged with animals, but now I
21 have to fight for what is mine all over again. I implore this Court, I need this Court's help. I have
22 been ordered by the court to pay restitution, restitution of funds which I never received. I will
23 gladly pay them back because the old people that were frauded by the grifters actually committed
24 the crimes that I was accused of, will never do it. The amounts owed are insignificant compared
25 to the wealth stolen from me by Robert Weatherford.
26
27
28

1 Robert Weatherford is preventing me from gaining access not just to the \$150,000,000.00
2 dollars in Certificates of Deposits, but is also preventing my from recovering the vast wealth that
3 I need these funds to hire attorney to regain hundreds of other millions stolen from me. To make
4 matters worse, while on parole, I receive good time. Now, that good time is been taken away
5 from me because I cannot pay the restitution. It is enough to drive a weak man insane.

7 Previously, the sitting judge on the Plaintiff's criminal case gave Robert Weatherford a
8 direct Order to return the Plaintiff's financial instruments and Weatherford blatantly refused to
9 do so. Currently, the Honorable Herndon, J., has made a judicial determination that the Criminal
10 Court does not have the authority to order Robert Weatherford to return the Plaintiff's documents.

12 Plaintiff BLANDINO was attempting a collateral attack on the return of these financial
13 documents through Judge Herndon, by attempting to threaten him into enforcing the order
14 previously made by another sitting judge and has taken off on a tangent and/or personal vendetta
15 against Judge Herndon. He has began threatening Judge Herndon with similar threats that he has
16 made to this Court. As such, Plaintiff, GARY W. WALTERS, has determined that Mr.
17 Blandino's has completely lost his focus and is now pursuing his own interests instead of the
18 interest of his Co-Plaintiff, which is to pursue the return of over 100 million dollars and later even
19 more.
20

21 Mr. Blandino's pursuit of these tangential issues has taken on a surreal manifestation in
22 this case and now the Plaintiff can no longer be associated with this type of ego mania or
23 cocksmanship, which on its face appears to be the manifestation of some kind of menical or
24 mental defect.
25

26 Mr. Blandino's conduct is counter-productive, does nothing to achieve the mutual goals
27 of the parties, it is a waste of the judicial resources of the court, and is embarrassing and
28

1 humiliating to the Plaintiff. The Plaintiff cannot tolerate such conduct which is alleged to be
2 conducted in his name and interests.

3 The Plaintiff no longer wishes to pursue his mutual interests jointly with Mr. Blandino
4 and has determined that it is in his own best interests to sever the parties and bifurcate the action,
5 where the Plaintiff can respectfully use the resources of the judicial system, in a manner that
6 generates mutual respect from the bench. The clock is ticking and the Plaintiff needs to recover
7 his financial interests and supporting documents before they become unrecoverable.
8

9 Were this not the case, the Plaintiff would NEVER have even taken an Alford Plea. The
10 men who committed the crimes in my case were the very men who testified against me and they
11 have since fled the Country one step ahead of the FBI and Police. I took that plea so that I could
12 get my vast wealth back before I was timed out by the statute of limitations or the doctrine of
13 laches buried me. It is of the greatest urgency and importance to me to pursue this money so that
14 I can pay the Court Ordered restitution, make these poor elderly people whole (who by the way
15 refused to testify against me at Sentencing, believing that I had nothing to do with it) before they
16 die from old age and have the opportunity to bring these criminals/grifters to justice. All
17 prevented, Your Honor, by Robert Weatherford. He will NEVER comply. He will do everything
18 within his power to delay, prolong and stretch this thing out until he either destroys these
19 documents as part of his sick revenge or I simply go away.
20
21
22
23
24

25 WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, GARY W. WALTERS, in proper person, requests that this
26 Honorable Court sever the parties and bifurcate the case, as the Plaintiff can no longer participate
27
28

1 in his co-plaintiff's disrespectfull conduct towards the bench and wishes to proceed by himself.

2 The Plaintiff has spoken to some licensed attorneys and will have one on his case shortly.

3 DATED this 2nd day of February, 2018.

4 Respectfully submitted,

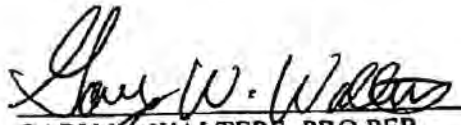
5
6
7 
8 GARY W. WALTERS, PRO PER
9 2981 Bel Air Drive
10 Las Vegas, Nevada 89109
11 Tel: (702) 888-5878
12
13
14
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17
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19
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23
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25
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27
28

EXHIBIT 4

Steven D. Grierson

1 ORDR

2
3 EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT
4 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

5 THE STATE OF NEVADA,

6 Plaintiff,

7 vs.

8 GARY W. WALTERS,

9 Defendant.

Case No. C-05-217569-1

Dept. No. III

10 ORDER DENYING MOTION FILED 01/22/18

11
12 This Court, having considered all pleadings filed in relation to the MOTION filed January
13 22, 2018 by nonparty Kim Blandino and Judge Herndon's Affidavit; decides this limited matter
14 assigned to it upon the pleadings and without oral argument.

15 NRS1.235 provides that statutory procedure for disqualifying a judge.¹ Kim Blandino is not a
16 party and does not have any legal basis to request disqualification. The Defendant has asked that
17 Judge Herndon not be disqualified.² There is no basis for the nonparty's request to be entertained.
18

19
20
21
22 That statute provides in pertinent part:

23 1. Any party to an action or proceeding pending in any court other than the Supreme Court or the Court of Appeals,
24 who seeks to disqualify a judge for actual or implied bias or prejudice must file an affidavit specifying the facts upon
25 which the disqualification is sought. The affidavit of a party represented by an attorney must be accompanied by a
certificate of the attorney of record that the affidavit is filed in good faith and not interposed for delay. Except as
otherwise provided in subsections 2 and 3, the affidavit must be filed:

- (a) Not less than 20 days before the date set for trial or hearing of the case; or
(b) Not less than 3 days before the date set for the hearing of any pretrial matter.
(emphasis added.)

² Exhibit "1" to Judge Herndon's Affidavit.

RECEIVED
MAR 27 2018
CLERK OF THE COURT
50

1 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Motion to Disqualify Judge Herndon is denied.

2 DATED this 26th day of March, 2018.

3
4 
5 ELIZABETH GONZALEZ, CHIEF DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
6

7 **Certificate of Service**

8 I hereby certify that on or about the date filed, this document was served on the parties
9 identified on Wiznet's e-service list, a copy of this Order was placed in the attorney's folder on the
10 1st Floor of the RJC or mailed as follows:
11

12 Kim Blandino
13 441 N. 16th Street
14 Las Vegas, NV 89101

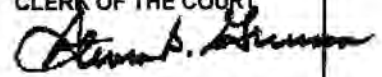
15 Gary W Walters
16 2981 Bel Air Drive
17 Las Vegas, NV 89119

18 Taleen K Pandukht, Esq. (CCDA)

19 Judge Douglas W Herndon, Dept III
20

21 
22 Dan Kutinac
23
24
25
26
27
28

EXHIBIT 5



DISTRICT COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Plaintiff,

-vs-

GARY WALTERS,

Defendant.

CASE NO: C217569

DEPT NO: III

AFFIDAVIT IN ANSWER TO NON-PARTY KIM BLANDINO'S REQUEST TO
RECUSE TRIAL COURT

1
2 AFFIDAVIT

3 STATE OF NEVADA }
4 COUNTY OF CLARK } ss:
5

6 JUDGE DOUGLAS W. HERNDON, being first duly sworn, deposes and says:

- 7 1. On December 7, 2005, an Indictment was filed in Eighth Judicial District
8 Court (hereinafter EJDC) Case # C217569 against defendant Gary Walters
9 (hereinafter Walters).
10 2. The case was assigned to District Court (hereinafter DC) Department 6.
11 3. Defendant Walters was charged with 19 felony counts of various financial
12 crimes, including Forgery, Theft, Offering False Instrument for Filing or
13 Record and Attempt Theft.
14 4. On April 29, 2007, Walters' case was transferred to DC 17 during a normal
15 caseload re-assignment within the EJDC.
16 5. During the pendency of his case, Walters had been represented by numerous
17 different attorneys. Ultimately, Robert Weatherford was Walters' trial
18 counsel.
19 6. In February, 2008, Walters' case proceeded to trial.
20 7. On February 7, 2008, Walters was found guilty on 17 out of the 19 felony
21 counts he faced.
22 8. On June 3, 2008, Walters was sentenced in DC 17 on each of the 17 counts
23 he was convicted on. Judge Villani sentenced Walters to multiple
24 consecutive sentences.
25 9. Although sentencing aggregation orders were not required in 2008, the
26 extent of the overall sentence is best understood by reference to the total
27 aggregate sentenced imposed. Walters was sentenced to a total of 304
28

1 months minimum and 768 months maximum, or 25.3 years to 64 years in
2 prison.

3 10. On December 28, 2008, Walters' case was transferred to the instant
4 department, DC 3, during a normal caseload re-assignment within the EJDC.

5 11. At that time, Walters' case was in direct appeal status.

6 12. On February 3, 2010, a written order was filed by the Nevada Supreme
7 Court affirming Walters' convictions.

8 13. Thereafter, Walters' case began traveling a lengthy and convoluted post-
9 conviction journey.

10 14. Walters filed numerous pro per pleadings while also having some pleadings
11 filed by attorneys.

12 15. Eventually, this court appointed Josh Tomsheck to represent Walters and try
13 and coordinate the variety of pro per filings and post-conviction claims
14 being made by Walters.

15 16. It was lengthy process because of the need to gather an extensive amount of
16 discovery and work through the various claims being made and it was made
17 more difficult by the fact that Walters continued to file a multitude of pro
18 per motions despite being represented by attorney Tomsheck.

19 17. Eventually, on December 10, 2013, attorney Tomsheck filed a Supplemental
20 Brief in Support of Defendant's Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus.

21 18. On May 22, 2014, this Court granted Walters an evidentiary hearing on a
22 variety of ineffective assistance of counsel claims revolving around attorney
23 Weatherford's pre-trial and trial conduct and the allegation that attorney
24 Weatherford was being prosecuted for felony crimes by the District
25 Attorney's Office at the same time that he was trying Walters' case against
26 the District Attorney's Office.

27 19. On February 8, 2016, at a point well into the evidentiary hearing, the Court
28

1 made the parties aware that it had heard sufficient evidence to find
2 ineffective assistance of counsel such that Walters' conviction was ripe for
3 reversal.

4 20. Due in large part to the amount of time Walters had already served, Walters,
5 attorney Tomsheck and the State requested an opportunity to discuss
6 negotiating the case.

7 21. Thereafter, on February 8, 2016, the parties entered into a Guilty Plea
8 Agreement whereby Walters pled guilty to two felony counts of
9 Establishing or Possessing a Financial Forgery Lab and stipulated to a 96-
10 240 month sentence on each count with the two counts running concurrent.

11 22. The parties requested to proceed to sentencing that same day utilizing the
12 previously prepared PSI and Walters was sentenced in accordance with his
13 stipulated agreement.

14 23. Walters was given 2060 days of credit for time served and therefore was
15 almost immediately eligible for parole.

16 24. Walters was granted parole after a hearing on June 22, 2016, and was
17 released shortly thereafter.

18 25. On May 1, 2017, Walters filed a pro per motion in the instant criminal case
19 wherein he sought to have this court order his former attorney, Weatherford,
20 to give to Walters certain financial documents, including Certificates of
21 Deposit (CDs) that were, according to Walters, "worth millions."

22 26. Because the property sought was not the subject of the instant criminal case
23 and did not involve criminal discovery items, Walters was informed that this
24 court lacked jurisdiction to grant the relief he sought and his request was
25 more properly brought as a civil and/or State Bar matter.

26 27. On November 6, 2017, Walters, along with criminal case non-party Kim
27 Blandino, filed a civil case in proper person against attorney Weatherford.
28

- 1 28. That case is A764148 and is assigned to Judge Escobar in DC 14.
- 2 29. On December 28, 2017, Walters again filed in the instant criminal case a pro
- 3 per motion seeking the return of the same items that were the subject of the
- 4 May 1, 2017, motion.
- 5 30. In the December 28, 2017, motion Walters references the same arguments as
- 6 before while adding that he filed a State Bar complaint that did not result in
- 7 any relief and that he filed the aforementioned civil case in DC 14.
- 8 31. Walters stated that Judge Escobar in DC 14 has made certain favorable
- 9 rulings and findings, but he was clearly frustrated at the inability to secure
- 10 from her a civil arrest warrant which he felt was necessary to get compliance
- 11 from attorney Weatherford.
- 12 32. On January 18, 2018, Walters' motion came before the instant court for
- 13 hearing.
- 14 33. It should be noted that throughout the pendency of his instant criminal case,
- 15 at least so long as it has resided in DC3, Walters has been nothing but
- 16 respectful, polite and professional in his dealings with the instant court.
- 17 34. He acted in the very same gentlemanly manner on January 18, 2018.
- 18 35. When Walters' case was called toward the end of a very lengthy law and
- 19 motion calendar, another gentleman attempted to approach counsel table
- 20 with Walters. I would come to learn this was criminal case non-party Kim
- 21 Blandino.
- 22 36. The court marshal stopped Mr. Blandino as the marshal, correctly it turned
- 23 out, realized Mr. Blandino was not a party to the case and was not an
- 24 attorney.
- 25 37. Walters and I, as can be seen/read in the hearing/transcript exchanged
- 26 pleasantries and began discussing his current motion.
- 27 38. As I was discussing the matter with Walters, Mr. Blandino had positioned
- 28

1 himself a few feet away, behind Walters, by the pony wall leading into the
2 well of the courtroom. He was standing there appearing to stare towards
3 myself and want to involve himself in the case.

4 39. His positioning was not one that gives great comfort to the marshal staff as
5 they are always on alert for individuals attempting to get at attorneys,
6 defendants and/or court staff and the marshals routinely keep individuals
7 seated in the many seats provided to the public.

8 40. Because I do not currently have a full time marshal on my staff, I allow
9 administrative marshals to rotate through my courtroom in order to gain
10 courtroom experience. Some of the administrative marshals have worked in
11 courtrooms while others have not.

12 41. The marshal assigned to my court that day did not immediately ask Mr.
13 Blandino to take a seat.

14 42. After a couple minutes of discussion with Walters, I realized Mr. Blandino
15 was continuing to stare towards me and had not sat down.

16 43. I informed Mr. Blandino that he needed to sit down.

17 44. He stated that he wanted to appear in Walters' criminal case and make a
18 record.

19 45. I ascertained that he was not an attorney and told him that since he was not
20 an attorney and was not a party to my case he was not allowed to make a
21 record and he needed to sit down and be quiet.

22 46. He then sat down in the audience but then moved himself to a different seat
23 wherein he was in my line of sight as I tried to continue speaking with
24 Walters about his case.

25 47. As I explained that I still did not have jurisdiction to grant Walters the relief
26 he sought and that I understood his frustration with having to work through
27 the civil case process, Mr. Blandino began to demonstrably shake his head
28

1 in disagreement with my statements, aggressively enough that it kept
2 distracting me.

3 48. At that point, I had to again stop my discussion with Walters about his own
4 criminal case, which he was in court to discuss, and address Mr. Blandino's
5 conduct.

6 49. As I had prepared for court that day, I had read some of the pleadings in the
7 civil case and was troubled by what I considered to be very unprofessional
8 comments in the pleadings.

9 50. As I began to address Mr. Blandino, Walters indicated that Mr. Blandino
10 was the one who had authored those comments and I told Mr. Blandino that
11 it was inappropriate to threaten the civil judge in his pleadings and it was
12 also inappropriate to demonstrably act like he was in my court as I was
13 trying to engage in a professional conversation with Walters.

14 51. I then ordered him out of the courtroom so that I could finish Walters' case
15 without any further distractions or interruptions.

16 52. Thereafter, Walters and I and the prosecutor finished with his case in the
17 same polite and professional way that we started it, with Walters
18 apologizing for Mr. Blandino's conduct and me making sure to let him
19 know that he (Walters) had always acted appropriately in court and not to
20 worry.

21 53. On January 22, 2018, Mr. Blandino filed, in Walters' criminal case, a
22 request to have this court recused off the case.

23 54. On January 29, 2018, Mr. Blandino filed a Supplement to his request.

24 55. This court also received a letter faxed to us from Walters, attached as
25 Exhibit 1.

26 56. In that letter, Walters expresses his apologies for Mr. Blandino's conduct
27 and states that he has asked Mr. Blandino to not threaten this court or file
28

1 anything further.

2 57. Walters's letter shows that he clearly does not wish to have this court
3 recused off of his case.

4 58. Thereafter, this court received a second letter from Walters, dated February
5 2, 2018, (Attached as Exhibit 2) in which Walters reiterates his desire to
6 remove himself from Mr. Blandino, including in their civil case, A764148.

7 59. Walters included with that letter a copy of a Motion to Sever Parties and
8 Bifurcate the Action he filed that same date in the civil case.

9 60. To date, Mr. Blandino has never filed a notice requesting a hearing on the
10 motion to recuse this court that he filed in Walters' criminal case on January
11 22, 2018.

12 61. The failure to file a notice requesting hearing coupled with Walters'
13 communications to the court expressing that he was asking Mr. Blandino to
14 abandon his attempts to recuse this court off of Walters' criminal case, has
15 left me unclear on whether Mr. Blandino is still even pursuing the motion to
16 recuse.

17 62. However, out of an abundance of caution, I am filing this affidavit rather
18 than waiting any longer to see if a request for hearing is filed.

19 63. To begin, Mr. Blandino is not a party to this case, he is not a victim, he is
20 not a witness and he is not an attorney. As such, he has no standing in the
21 case to make the request he now makes and his request should be summarily
22 denied.

23 64. Secondly, as can be seen by the unsolicited fax letter this court received
24 from Walters, attached as Exhibit 1, on January 23, 2018, Walters did not
25 request or authorize anyone to seek this court's removal from his case.

26 65. To the contrary, Walters has always been pleased with my involvement with
27 his case.
28

- 1 66. During the time his case has resided in DC 3, his 25.3 year to 64 year
2 sentence was vacated under this court's rulings in his post-conviction
3 proceedings and he was able to achieve a negotiation that allowed him to
4 become almost immediately eligible for parole and then to be released.
- 5 67. As he states in his fax letter, Walters does not agree with what Mr. Blandino
6 is doing, refused to participate in it and begged him not to file what he has
7 filed.
- 8 68. Mr. Blandino took the time in his motion to point out how well I handled all
9 of my cases in a lengthy 2 ½ hour court session that was at times, very
10 emotional, before the Walters matter was called, pointing out how he was
11 "very impressed" with the court.
- 12 69. In sum, according to Mr. Blandino, I handled everything except Mr.
13 Blandino exceptionally well.
- 14 70. While I greatly disagree with Mr. Blandino's statement that I was "red-
15 faced" and resentful towards Mr. Blandino and "violently" ordered him out
16 of the courtroom, I do apologize if he felt disrespected.
- 17 71. It was not by pure luck that, as he noted, I handled all the other cases very
18 well that day, rather, I strive to be professional and appropriate with
19 everyone, every day, and I hope that everyone who comes to court, be they a
20 party, a witness, an attorney or a member of the public, will also strive to be
21 respectful and appropriate.
- 22 72. In this case, as I always do, I have consistently considered all evidence that
23 was available to me, through documents and oral presentations, regardless
24 of which side produced it. I do not ignore anything provided to me and I
25 have fairly and impartially presided over all aspects of the case.
- 26 73. And I have no animosity towards the defendant and do not have any biases
27 or prejudices against him or, for that matter, Mr. Blandino either.
- 28

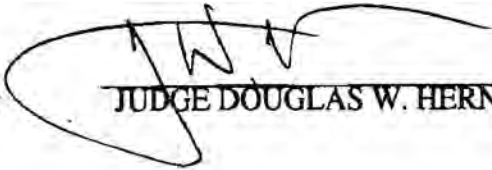
1 74. Every decision that has been rendered in the instant case has been rendered
2 after a thorough review of the issues and evidence presented and each
3 decision has been unbiased in nature and based solely on the facts and law
4 applicable to the issues presented.

5 75. In sum, I have presided, and will continue to preside, over the instant case in
6 an impartial and unbiased fashion, complying with all of my ethical and
7 legal obligations under the Judicial Canons and the statutory and case law of
8 the State of Nevada.

9
10 I declare under penalty of perjury under the law of the State of Nevada that the
11 foregoing is true and correct.
12

13
14 Executed on

March 20, 2012
(Date)


JUDGE DOUGLAS W. HERNDON

Gary W. Walters
2981 Bel Air Drive
Las Vegas, Nevada 89119
702-888-5898

Honorable Douglas Herndon, J.
District Court Department 3,
200 Lewis Avenue
Las Vegas, Nevada 89155

By Facsimile: (702) 671-4311

Re: Kim Blandino / Conduct & Filings by him.

Honorable Judge Herndon:

Please accept my humblest apologies regarding the incident with Mr. Blandino in Court on January 18, 2018. Unfortunately, Mr. Blandino has a beneficial interest in the Certificate of Deposit that I am seeking to have returned to me from my former and now disgraced attorney Robert Weatherford.

I recently received on my voice mail a message from your department stating that I had left papers with the Court. I want this Court to know that I did not leave, nor did I drop off any papers with the Court. If there were some papers left or dropped off, those were Mr. Blandino's doings - not mine. As this Court is well aware, I have always been respectful to this Court and every court for that matter. I think this Court knows that I would not knowingly or intentionally take part in any act or actions that would attempt to bring dishonor or shame to a the Court or a Judge. Mr. Blandino asked me to be present at *his* motion before this Court in his attempt to secure the documents.

I did not have anything to do with the drafting or writing of any of Mr. Blandino's documents. Regrettably, after the incident in Court, Mr. Blandino informed me that he intended to file documents threatening this Court with a complaint to the Judicial Commission. I informed him that I would have no part in such an action and begged him not to file anything. I do not want my good name to be tainted by the actions of this man. I build bridges, I don't burn them. I have always conducted myself like a gentleman and always will. I had no idea that Mr. Blandino was advancing our mutual goal with such an offensive and bitter approach. After Court I obtained and read his pleadings and I believe that he may need some professional help. I have severed all ties with Mr. Blandino and stand by this Court's position.

Please do not allow Mr. Blandino's abrasive behavior to cast a shadow over the respectful and professional relationship that has always existed between this Court and myself.

Sincerely,


Gary W. Walters

EXHIBIT 1

The Honorable Douglas Herndon, J.

Dated: February 2, 2018

Attention: Molly Free C-217569

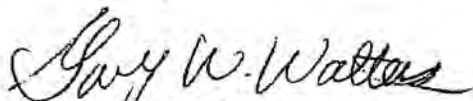
Department III

Dear Honorable Judge:

I wanted the Court to know that I am separating myself from Mr. Blandino. Now he is attacking me. I believe that he is going to be working to try to revoke me on my probation in retaliation for stepping away from him.

Please find attached the document I am filing to remove myself from this clown. Thank you for your repeated kindness toward me and for your understanding that, but for, Robert Weatherford, I would be a free man today.

Sincerely,



Gary W. Walters

702-888-5878

EXHIBIT 2

Exhibit 10

Alvin S. Smith
CLERK OF THE COURT

1 ORDR

2
3 DISTRICT COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

4 ***

5
6 KIM BLANDINO,
7 Plaintiff,
8 vs.
9 L.V.M.P.D.,
10 Defendant.

CASE NO.: A-25-932149-W

DEPARTMENT 29

11 ORDER

12 Rule 2.9 of the Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct states:

13 Rule 2.9. Ex Parte Communications.

14 (A) A judge shall not initiate, permit, or consider ex parte
15 communications, or consider other communications made to the judge outside
16 the presence of the parties or their lawyers, concerning a pending or impending
17 matter...

18 (D) A judge shall make reasonable efforts, including providing appropriate
19 supervision, to ensure that this Rule is not violated by court staff, court
20 officials, and others subject to the judge's direction and control.

21 (NCJC Rule 2.9)(emphasis added)

22 On November 14, 2025, the Court issued an Order that stated:

23 On 11/14/25, Blandino filed a 16-page brief seeking an extension. Blandino has
24 also called the Court many times seeking help. These calls are inappropriate and
25 violate rules of ethics, the Eighth Judicial District Court Rules on ex parte
26 communications. If Blandino continues to call the Court he will be sanctioned,
27 communications must be in writing and filed on the docket of the Court. The
28 Court is not allowed to have contact with parties or to give legal advice.

(See Order 11/14/25 at 1:22-2:1.)

JACQUELYN REYNOLDS
DISTRICT JUDGE
Department 29
Las Vegas, NV 89155

1 Since that time the Court has continued to warn Mr. Blandino that the Court cannot have
2 any discussions about active cases with Mr. Blandino outside the presence of opposing counsel.
3 Mr. Blandino is well familiar with litigation and knows this rule. Mr. Blandino has been
4 designated a vexatious litigant many years ago and that Order is still in force today. Mr.
5 Blandino has significant experience as a litigant. Still, the Court has been accommodating and
6 allowed Mr. Blandino to come to Court to watch any proceeding he likes. Now he has told the
7 Marshal he wants to watch how the Judges do things, he wants to know how the Court and staff
8 enter and leave their rooms.

10 Mr. Blandino has tried contacting staff by phone, email, and also tried waiting in the hall
11 to speak with them as they go to the restroom or try to fulfill their duties in the courthouse.¹
12 Staff intentionally attempts to avoid Mr. Blandino because of the law, rules of ethics, and this
13 Court's prior orders specifically on point.

15 Despite Mr. Blandino's familiarity with the rules and having been admonished
16 previously, on January 8, 2026, Mr. Blandino came to Court to speak to the Court directly
17 outside the presence of opposing counsel regarding pending matters in this case.

19 Specifically, when I, Judge Reynolds, arrived today Mr. Blandino was waiting outside the
20 elevator on the 11th floor and tried to engage me regarding the above-captioned case. He was
21 blocked at security by the Marshal who had to raise his voice and directly told Blandino he was
22 not allowed to discuss his case with the Court. Blandino asserted that he could and attempted to
23 get my attention with a raised voice anyway, to which the Marshal appropriately responded. 1

24
25 ¹ The Court notes that this building only has two elevators which are shared by the public and court staff. The
26 building only has two courtrooms, one for Department 11 and one for Department 29, both on the 11th floor. There is
27 less than 200 sqft of space from the public elevators to the security check-in point on this floor. This small space
28 also includes the court staff entrance from the elevators, and the public drop box for the court. Court staff share
restroom facilities with the public as well on the 11th floor. Accordingly, if Mr. Blandino is allowed to come to the
11th floor at all he can continue to accost members of staff with pleas about his case, which is inappropriate and
unlawful.

1 continued to my chambers without any direct discussion with Mr. Blandino.

2
3 Later this morning, Mr. Blandino waited patiently while the Court conducted its morning
4 calendar. Once calendar was completed Mr. Blandino stated loudly from the gallery, something
5 to the effect that: "This may be out of order Judge but I need to talk to you!" The Court states
6 Mr. Blandino is never angry or attacking in his statements directly to the Court. He is relatively
7 calm but purposeful and direct in addressing things when he wants, despite multiple warnings
8 from the marshals this morning to not speak to the Judges directly. So while there is no hostility
9 being exhibited to the court directly by yelling or physical attacks against the Judge, it is
10 certainly still disorderly, plainly violates this Court's prior orders, and is therefore contemptuous
11 behavior towards the Court and is ground for contempt sanctions. This is particularly true when
12 it happens in the Courthouse and in the Court's presence.

13
14 Mr. Blandino continues to make these comments and efforts to discuss his case directly
15 with the Court despite multiple warnings from the Marshals, and the Court, that he cannot do
16 what he is trying to do.

17
18 Today in response to Mr. Blandino, and pursuant to my governing code, i.e. the Judicial
19 Code of Conduct (Rule 2.9) and NRS 199.340, I stated from the bench that Mr. Blandino is not
20 allowed to discuss his case with me outside the presence of opposing counsel. I reminded him
21 that he had already been warned, and I warned him clearly that continued attempts to do so
22 would be criminal contempt that could lead to prison time.²

23
24 As Mr. Blandino waited until the calendar was completed there was no recording of this
25 interaction so the Court makes its record here. But the Court cannot condone continued attempts

26 ² Mr. Blandino has essentially been civil, though disobedient to the Court's Orders. The Court has now learned that
27 while the Court was drafting this Order Mr. Blandino went to the main courthouse and was cited for Battery against
28 one of the District Court Clerk workers when Mr. Blandino was trying to enter somewhere and tried to push past
her. Mr. Blandino came back to the Phoenix Building with the citation and the two marshals at security were made
aware of it. Event # 20260108-005.

1 to circumvent its orders.

2 The contempt statute reads:

3
4 **NRS 199.340 Criminal contempt.** Every person who shall commit a
5 contempt of court of any one of the following kinds shall be guilty of a
6 misdemeanor:

7 1. Disorderly, contemptuous or insolent behavior committed during the
8 sitting of the court, in its immediate view and presence, and directly tending to
9 interrupt its proceedings or to impair the respect due to its authority;

10 4. Willful disobedience to the lawful process or mandate of a court;

11 5. Resistance, willfully offered, to its lawful process or mandate;

12 As prior efforts have been unsuccessful to convince Mr. Blandino that his continued
13 attempts to make contact with staff and the Court outside the presence of opposing counsel is a
14 serious violation of ethics and the law, and constitutes contempt, the Court issues this Order as a
15 final warning and notice and gives additional Orders to comply with NCJC 2.9 and NRS
16 199.340.

17 Accordingly, and for good cause appearing.

18
19 IT IS ORDERED that any future attempts to contact the Court ex-parte, meaning outside
20 the presence of opposing counsel, whether by phone, email, in-person (in court, in private, or
21 anywhere in the public) will be weighed for criminal contempt sanctions and can result in jail
22 time and prosecution. All contact with the Court or its staff must be made in writing and filed on
23 the public docket, just as all other litigants are required to do.

24 ///

25 ///

26 ///

27 ///

1 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that given Mr. Blandino's efforts to violate the rules of
2 ethics, and consistent refusal to abide by the Court's order to not communicate with the Court or
3 staff, the Court orders that he shall not come to the 11th floor of the Phoenix Building, 330 South
4 3rd St, Las Vegas, NV 89101, for any purpose unless he has a scheduled hearing in Court on the
5 11th floor.
6

7 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Mr. Blandino is not allowed to arrive on the 11th floor
8 more than 30 minutes before the Scheduled Hearing and when he desires to come through
9 security he must wait to be escorted by a marshal to the courtroom where he has his designated
10 hearing.
11

12 This Order shall remain in force while Mr. Blandino has any matter pending before
13 Department 29 or any such matter that was in Department 29 remains active on appeal.
14

15 DATED: January 8, 2026

Dated this 8th day of January, 2026

Jacob A. Reynolds

DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

3AA 6DA 734A F24F

Jacob A. Reynolds
District Court Judge

1
2
3 CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
4

5 I hereby certify that on or about the date signed, a copy of this Order was
6 electronically served to all registered parties in the Eighth Judicial District Court Electronic
7 Filing Program to the proper parties as follows:
8

9 (All Parties on the E-Service List)
10

11 */s/ Austin De Reis*
12

13 Austin De Reis
14 Judicial Law Clerk
15
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25
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28

1 CSERV

2 DISTRICT COURT
3 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

4
5
6 Kim Blandino, Plaintiff(s)

CASE NO: A-25-932149-W

7 vs.

DEPT. NO. Department 29

8 L.V.M.P.D. Defendant(s)

9
10 AUTOMATED CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

11 This automated certificate of service was generated by the Eighth Judicial District
12 Court. The foregoing Order was served via the court's electronic eFile system to all
13 recipients registered for e-Service on the above entitled case as listed below:

14 Service Date: 1/8/2026

15 Matthew Christian

m16091c@lvmpd.com

16 Kim Blandino

kim43792@earthlink.net

17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28

Exhibit 11

ORIGINAL

KIM BLANDINO PECULIAR PRO SE
Nevada Bar No. None
C/O 441 N. 16th St
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
(702) 219-5657
No Fax
Kim43792@earthlink.net

FILED

APR 06 2026

LV MUNICIPAL COURT

LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CITY OF LAS VEGAS

Plaintiff,

-vs

KIM BLANDINO

Defendant

Case No. 26-029641

Dept. No. 6

~~4/16/26~~ 9:30 AM
4/20/24

**FIRST MOTION TO DISQUALIFY JUDGE GIORDANI IN CASE 26-029641 IN
ACCORD WITH NRS 1.230, 1.235 AND/OR RULE 2.11 IN OF THE NEVADA REVISED
CODE OF JUDICIAL CONDUCT (REASONABLE MINDS WOULD QUESTION
STANDARD)AND/OR *Rippo v. Baker*, 580 U.S. 285, 137 S. Ct. 905, 197 L. Ed. 2d 376
(2017) (RISK OF BIAS STANDARD) AND/OR (THE DEEP SEATED ANTAGONISM
STANDARD)**

COMES NOW, Kim Blandino ("Kim") appearing specially and not generally who under threat of a Bench warrant appeared in Las Vegas Municipal Court Department 1 Matthew Walker ("Walker") presiding ON Feb. 10, 2026. Kim appeared by special appearance because of a green colored post card that Kim received in the U.S Mail at C/O 441 N16th Street L.V. Nv. 89101.

CITY ATTORNEY
CRIMINAL DIVISION
RECEIVED APR - 6 2026

Kim was set for a calendaring hearing by Walker's order and again under threat of a bench warrant should Kim not appear on Feb. 18, 2026.

Because Judge Giordani ("Giordani") did not assign herself to the actual case until Feb. 18, 2026 Kim was well within the time frame of NRS 1.235(motion must be filed within 10 days of assignment). Kim told Giordani in open court on Feb 18 that a motion to disqualify her would be filed against her.

INTRODUCTION

God(also called the Creator or Elohim, Elohim being both singular and plural like the words, sheep, fish or deer) created the Universe around 6,000 years ago he created light and spacetime in 5 days on the 6th day God made Man called Adam. God saw that it was not good for Man to be alone so he created out of man a companion called Eve who was his helpmate (not playboy "sex mate"). Adam and Eve were perfect and eternal and there was no death in this world.

God had to give at least one thing that Adam and Eve could not do. Otherwise, if God said they could do anything they wanted, there could be no disobedience, and therefore no demonstration of love. Adam and Eve ate of the forbidden tree of the knowledge of good and evil and lost their eternal nature. Therefore, God had a choice to destroy both Adam and Eve or give a second chance to allow them to continue as fallen beings with a promise of a redeemer and allow them to procreate by sexual relations so the redeemer could come by the "offspring of the woman." See Genesis Chapter 1-3.

Had man not fallen they would never have had sexually created children. See Book of Mormon 2 Nephi 2: 21-25(as well as other apocryphal sources).

God gave the promise to Adam and Eve that Eve's offspring would crush the offspring of the

serpent:

“And I will put enmity between you and the woman, and between your offspring and hers; he will crush your head, and you will strike his heel.” Genesis 3:15 NIV version

This is the promise that God gave mankind that the savior or Son of God would come through Eve and he would redeem man to God. This savior as nearly all of the world knows is the historical Jesus and millions believe in him to this day and that he in fact rose from the dead. The great flood occurred and only Noah and his sons and their wives survived this flooding of the earth through the ark God commanded Noah to build. Land based animals also were spared on that ark.

Kim is the 140th great-grandson of Noah. And every human on the earth is descended from Noah. And all land-based animal life descends from the animals that went onto the Ark with Noah. The variations of life are all due to the miracle of DNA and the Billions upon billions of possible different combinations of that DNA. A Great Dane, the poodle and the Dachshund and many others all come from the same two male and female dogs that were on the ark.

Kim was born in the U.S. at Malmstrom Air Base in Montana in 1955. In 1993, in part, from seeing a modern day Ahab and Jezebel elected to their “joint presidency” Kim was motivated to act, Kim relinquished his U.S. citizenship and became a citizen and subject of Elohim’s Kingdom of Israel. Kim became an Ambassador for Jesus the Christ and to be reconciled to the Almighty God. See 2 Corinthians 5:20:

“We are therefore **Christ’s ambassadors**, as though **God were making his appeal through us**. We implore you on Christ’s behalf: Be **reconciled to God**.” NIV (emphasis added)

Kim became part of what is known as the “Great Commission”:

“Then the eleven disciples went to Galilee, to the mountain where Jesus had told them to go. ¹⁷ When they saw him, they worshiped him; but some doubted. Then Jesus came to them and said, “All authority in heaven and on earth has been given to me.” ¹⁹ Therefore go and make disciples of all nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father and of the Son and of the Holy Spirit, ²⁰ and teaching them to obey everything I have commanded you. And surely I am with you always, to the very end of the age.” Matthew 28:16-20

Obviously these eleven disciples could not live for thousands of years. So, this Great Commission depends on passing the mission on to generations upon generations. Please note that Jesus commands that the “baptizing in the name of the Father, and of the Son and of the Holy Spirit”. This is the plural Elohim as described above, Elohim is both plural and singular.

Kim was also called by the Creator to investigate judicial corruption in the Eighth Judicial District Court (“EJDC”). Kim therefore became a volunteer unpaid investigator [which means unofficial] with or for the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline (NCJD”). In this God given role Kim obtained letters of caution from the NCJD against former district judge Rob Bare and former district court judge Douglas Herndon (now justice of the Nevada Supreme Court).

Kim is also an investigative journalist and currently is part of the new media with a Youtube channel and an X(formerly twitter) Kim in fact has a media request before this court.

Kim has been retaliated against for decades because of exercising his rights that are guaranteed under the Constitution of the United States. Especially first amendment rights.

The complaining witness in this matter is an unbalanced woman that has resentment toward Kim and has been looking for an opportunity to vindictively and willfully, retaliate against Kim.

This is one who sees evil as good and good as evil:

Isaiah 5 “²⁰ Woe unto them that call evil good, and good evil; that put darkness for light, and light for darkness; that put bitter for sweet, and sweet for bitter!”

FACTS AND ARGUMENT

As stated above Kim was before judge Walker on Feb. 10, 2026. At the hearing before Walker in which the electronic Media was recording, Walker announced that he would be disqualifying himself due to the fact that Walker some many years ago prosecuted Kim as a then City Attorney, under the standard in the Nevada Revised Code of Judicial Conduct 2.11 (The reasonable minds would question a judge's impartiality standard) . Kim objected and represented that Kim believed that Walker would be impartial and waived any rights to challenge Walker's impartiality in the future. This hearing is viewable at Our Nevada Judges <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o69qTuWdZ-I> where there are more than 32 thousand views after nine days.

On Feb 24 kim filed a First **MOTION TO DISQUALIFY JUDGE GIORDANI IN ACCORD WITH NRS 1.230, 1.25 AND/OR RULE 2.11 IN OF THE NEVADA REVISED CODE OF JUDICIAL CONDUCT (REASONABLE MINDS WOULD QUESTION STANDARD/AND/OR Rinno V. Baker. 580 U.S. 285. 137 S. Ct. 905. 197 L. Ed. 2d 376 (2017) TRISK OF BIAS STANDARD) AND/OR THE DEEP SEATED ANTAGONISM STANDARDS** This is attached with its own Exhibits. So for clarity and to avoid confusion Kim designates this as Exhibit 1. This Exhibit 1 has itself Exhibits A- F.

Kim told Walker that if he did disqualify Kim would challenge this disqualification to a higher court on Mandamus, as Kim had successfully done some 25 years ago in Kim's family court case where Judge Ritchie (who is still on the family court bench) wrongfully disqualified himself and the Nevada Supreme Court agreed, ordered the writ granted and ordered Ritchie back onto Kim's family court case in 2001. See Exhibit A attached to Exhibit 1. Writ ordered

granted. Sadly, because Kim had no family court judge while the mandamus action was pending Kim had months of no visitation with Kim's children of tender years and Kim's children suffered greatly.

Kim further knowing how the Las Vegas Municipal Court seems to have a aversion to writing and signing and filing written orders demanded at the hearing on the 10th that Walker do a written order so that a reviewing court could know with certainty what Kim was challenging with findings of fact and conclusions of law. At first, Walker "balked" then he granted Kim's demand. Walker agreed after Kim pressed Walker to have the order filed before the calendaring on Feb 18, 2026. Kim just received this today Feb.17, 2026 one day before the Feb. 18, 2026 date. See Exhibit C attached to Exhibit 1. This transfer was for calendaring only.

Kim has been on the other side of the equation arguing for disqualification of then Justice Jansen(who also still presides in justice court as a senior judge at the age of 90). Kim obtained the writ of Mandamus from the District Court.on Jansen in January of 1987 some 39 years ago. See Exhibit B attached to Exhibit 1.

Kim therefore has much experience in disqualification law both state and federal. Just as judge Ritchie was proven to have wrongfully disqualified himself Kim believes that Walker has wrongfully disqualified himself. The most important part of the Supreme' Court's ruling in the Ritchie mandamus is this passage from exhibit A attached to Exhibit 1.:

“Given the lack of grounds for disqualification, **Judge Ritchie's sworn statement that he has no personal bias** against Blandino, and **Blandino's request that the case be returned to Judge Ritchie because he is in fact objective and impartial, we perceive no reason why Judge Ritchie cannot or should not preside over the matter.** Accordingly, since Blandino has no other plain, speedy and adequate remedy at law, we grant his petition. The clerk of the court shall issue a writ of mandamus compelling Judge Ritchie to preside over the district court proceedings.

It is so ORDERED.” (emphasis added)

Kim received the written order just the afternoon before the Feb. 18th hearing. See Exhibit C attached to Exhibit 1. Walker's order was clear that the instant case was being reassigned to the Chief Judge for **further calendaring**. Kim appeared before Giordani on Feb 18 at 1:00 p.m.

Kim told Giordani that he was appearing specially and not generally. Giordani refused to allow Kim to make a complete record. Giordani ran the proceeding in violation of the Nevada revised Code of Judicial Conduct ("Code") violating:

Rule 1.1. Compliance With the Law. A judge shall comply with the law, including the Code of Judicial Conduct.

Rule 1.2. Promoting Confidence in the Judiciary. A judge shall act at all times in a manner that promotes public confidence in the independence, integrity, and impartiality of the judiciary and shall avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety.

“ In this opinion, we emphasize that a *Faretta* canvass must ensure that a defendant decides whether to waive counsel with eyes open. The canvass must safeguard against the unacceptable danger that defendants would choose to represent themselves with an incomplete understanding of the risks they face. Inadequate warnings harm not only the defendant, but also the credibility of our justice system. *Miles v. State*, 137 Nev. 747, 747, 500 P.3d 1263, 1266 (2021)

When a criminal defendant desires to waive the right to counsel, ~~the trial~~ **court must ensure that decision is made knowingly and voluntarily. The trial court must conduct a careful canvass** and ensure that a defendant understands the risks and disadvantages of self-representation. While no specific questions are constitutionally required, a trial court that learns during the canvass that the defendant may not understand the charges or the potential sentences should address that lack of understanding. *Miles v. State*, 137 Nev. 747, 754, 500 P.3d 1263, 1271 (2021) (emphasis added)

Most of all violated Rule 2.8:

“Rule 2.8. Decorum, Demeanor, and Communication With Jurors.

(A) A judge shall require order and decorum in proceedings before the court.

(B) A judge shall be **patient, dignified, and courteous** to litigants, jurors, witnesses, lawyers, court staff, court officials, and others with whom the judge deals in an official capacity and shall require similar conduct of lawyers, court staff, court officials, and others subject to the judge's direction and control.

(C) A judge shall not commend or criticize jurors for their verdict other than in a court order or opinion in a proceeding." (emphasis added)

Giordani refused to even look at the file because of her bias and deep seated antagonism . If Giordani had looked at the file she would have seen that the court has no jurisdiction in this matter . Yet Giordani's deep seated antagonism and bias against Kim would not allow her to see. This type of delusion is prophesied in the Bible:

⁸ And then shall that Wicked be revealed, whom the Lord shall consume with the spirit of his mouth, and shall destroy with the brightness of his coming:

⁹ Even him, whose coming is after the **working of Satan** with all power and signs and **lying wonders**,

¹⁰ And with all deceivableness of unrighteousness in them that perish; because they received not the love of the truth, that they might be saved.

¹¹ And **for this cause God shall send them strong delusion**, that they should **believe a lie**:

¹² That they all might be damned who **believed not the truth**, but **had pleasure in unrighteousness**." 2 Thessalonians 2: 8-12

Kim told the judge that Kim was going to file to disqualify Giordani yet she continued with the hearing as though Kim had said nothing. Giordani tried to bully and rush through the hearing as though she had a wedding to go to or her son's soccer game.

Kim had to "pry out" from Giordani that she was assigning herself to the matter and then did not stop when Kim announced that he would be filing a motion to disqualify her.

NRS 1.235 is clear:

“NRS 1.235 Procedure for disqualifying judges other than Supreme Court justices or judges of the Court of Appeals.

1. Any party to an action or proceeding pending in any court other than the Supreme Court or the Court of Appeals, who seeks to disqualify a judge for actual or implied bias or prejudice must file an affidavit specifying the facts upon which the disqualification is sought. The affidavit must contain a statement that the affidavit is filed in good faith and is not:

- (a) Interposed for delay;
- (b) Intended to harass a judge; or
- (c) Filed for the purpose of:
 - (1) Unnecessarily increasing the costs of litigation; or
 - (2) Attempting to prevent prosecution.

2. Except as otherwise provided in subsections 3 and 4, the affidavit must be filed:

- (a) Not less than 20 days before the date set for trial or hearing of the case; or
- (b) Not less than 3 days before the date set for the hearing of any pretrial matter.

3. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection and subsection 4, if a case is not assigned to a judge before the time required under subsection 2 for filing the affidavit, the affidavit must be filed:

(a) Within 10 days after the party or the party’s attorney is notified that the case has been assigned to a judge;

(b) Before the hearing of any pretrial matter; or

(c) Before the jury is empaneled, evidence taken or any ruling made in the trial or hearing,

whichever occurs first. If the facts upon which disqualification of the judge is sought are not known to the party before the party is notified of the assignment of the judge or before any pretrial hearing is held, the affidavit may be filed not later than the commencement of the trial or hearing of the case.”

Here Giordani tried to short circuit the process and assign herself to the case on the 18th and to bully or trick Kim into not filing the motion to disqualify and proceeding forward with a judge

that is compromised and not impartial.

The violations of the code by Giordani are too numerous to list here in totality. Kim has been before almost all of the current municipal court judges over the years and has observed all of them as a volunteer unpaid investigator [which means unofficial] working with or for the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline which God called Kim to do. In that capacity Kim has had letters of caution issued by the NCJD against former district court judges Herndon (now Nev. Sup. Ct. justice) and Rob Bare (defeated by current judge Christy Craig).

In the federal Courts there are two avenues to disqualify a federal judge 28 U.S.C. § 455(a), and 28 U.S.C. § 144. 28 U.S.C. § 144 states this taken from *Liteky v. United States*, 510 U.S. 540, 544 (1994):

Whenever a party to any proceeding in a district court makes and files a timely and sufficient affidavit that the judge before whom the matter is pending has a personal bias or prejudice either against him or in favor of any adverse party, such judge shall proceed no further therein, but another judge shall be assigned to hear such proceeding.

"The affidavit shall state the facts and the reasons for the belief that bias or prejudice exists, and shall be filed not less than ten days before the beginning of the term at which the proceeding is to be heard, or good cause shall be shown for failure to file it within such time. A party may file only one such affidavit in any case. It shall be accompanied by a certificate of counsel of record stating that it is made in good faith." *Liteky v. United States*, 510 U.S. 540, 544 (1994)

And 28 U.S.C. § 455(a) stated here in *Liteky*:

"The 1974 revision made massive changes, so that § 455 now reads as follows:

"(a) Any justice, judge, or magistrate of the United States shall disqualify himself in any proceeding in which his impartiality might reasonably be questioned.

"(b) He shall also disqualify himself in the following circumstances:

"(1) Where he has a personal bias or prejudice concerning a party, or personal knowledge of disputed evidentiary facts concerning the proceeding *Liteky v. United States*, 510 U.S. 540, 546-47 (1994)"

And:

It is enough for present purposes to say the following: first, judicial rulings alone **almost never** constitute a valid basis for a bias or partiality motion. *See United States v. Grinnell Corp.*, 384 U.S. 563, 583 (1966). In and of themselves (*i.e.*, apart from surrounding comments or accompanying opinion), they cannot possibly show reliance upon an extrajudicial source, and can only in the rarest circumstances **evidence the degree of favoritism or antagonism** required (as discussed below) when no extrajudicial source is involved. Almost invariably, they are proper grounds for appeal, not for recusal. **Second, opinions formed by the judge on the basis of facts introduced or events occurring in the course of the current proceedings, or of prior proceedings, do not constitute a basis for a bias or partiality motion unless they display a deep-seated favoritism or antagonism that would make fair judgment impossible.** *Liteky v. United States*, 510 U.S. 540, 555 (1994) (emphasis added)

Kim cites the federal case law because the Nevada Supreme Court addressed the Federal case law in *Towbin Dodge, LLC v. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct. of State ex rel. Cnty. of Clark*, 121 Nev. 251, 112 P.3d 1063 (2005) did exactly that as to motions to disqualify:

Federal law contains two separate, independent methods for seeking a judge's disqualification. 28 U.S.C. § 144¹⁶ bears similarities to both NRS 1.235 and SCR 48.1, which governs peremptory challenges. Like NRS 1.235, § 144 applies specifically to the district *259 court and requires the party seeking to disqualify a judge to file an affidavit setting forth the facts and reasons supporting the allegation of bias. But unlike NRS 1.235, which permits the challenged judge to respond, and which requires another judge to determine whether actual or implied bias or prejudice exists, § 144 operates like SCR 48.1, in that the matter is automatically transferred to another judge.¹⁷

The other federal statute concerning judicial disqualification, 28 U.S.C. § 455, is substantially similar to NCJC Canon 3E.¹⁸ Like **1069 Canon 3E, § 455 applies to all justices and judges, and it contains no procedural mechanism for enforcement.¹⁹ Nevertheless, the federal *260 courts follow a procedure whereby a party may move to disqualify a federal judge based on the grounds listed in § 455.²⁰ The federal courts have generally required that such motions be filed as soon as possible after the moving party learns of the grounds for disqualification.²¹ Additionally, the motion should allege facts demonstrating that "the judge's impartiality might reasonably be questioned."²² The motion's allegations are not deemed to be true and may be controverted by the challenged judge.²³ Finally, the challenged judge may elect to decide the motion or to refer the motion to another judge.²⁴

We conclude that the federal procedure provides a convenient method for enforcing Canon 3E in situations when NRS 1.235 does not apply. Thus, if

new grounds for a judge's disqualification are discovered after the time limits in NRS 1.235(1) have passed, then a party may file a motion to disqualify based on Canon 3E as soon as possible after becoming aware of the new information. The motion must set forth facts and reasons sufficient to cause a reasonable person to question the judge's impartiality, and the challenged judge may contradict the motion's allegations. **We deviate from federal practice in one respect, however. While the federal procedure permits the challenged judge to hear the motion, we share the concerns identified by some federal courts when the challenged judge decides the motion.**²⁵ **Thus, the motion must be referred to another judge.** To the extent that our opinion in *PETA* suggests that motions under the ****1070 NCJC must meet timelines contained in other provisions, such as NRS 1.235 or NRAP 35, it is *261 overruled.**²⁶ Similarly, our decision in *Master of Parental Rights as to Oren* is overruled to the extent that it held the disqualification affidavit in that case timely under NRS 1.235.²⁷ **Towbin Dodge, LLC v. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct. of State ex rel. Cnty. of Clark,** 121 Nev. 251, 258–61, 112 P.3d 1063, 1068–70 (2005) (emphasis added)

Canon 3 E was changed to Rule 2.11 in the revised code.

In *Rippo v. Baker*, 137 S. Ct. 905 (2017) the court reiterated the standard in “*Withrow v. Larkin*, 421 U.S. 35, 47, 95 S.Ct. 1456, 43 L.Ed.2d 712 (1975) ; see *Williams v. Pennsylvania*, 579 U.S. —, —, 136 S.Ct. 1899, 1905, 195 L.Ed.2d 132 (2016) and stated:

We vacate the Nevada Supreme Court's judgment because it applied the wrong legal standard. Under our precedents, the Due Process Clause **may sometimes demand recusal even when a judge** “ha[s] no actual bias.” “*Aetna Life Ins. Co. v. Lavoie*, 475 U.S. 813, 825, 106 S.Ct. 1580, 89 L.Ed.2d 823 (1986) “Recusal is required when, objectively speaking, **the probability of actual bias on the part of the judge or decisionmaker is too high to be constitutionally tolerable.**” *Rippo v. Baker*, 137 S. Ct. 905, 907 (2017) (emphasis added).

And:

“The Nevada Supreme Court did not ask the question our precedents require: whether, considering all the circumstances alleged, **the risk of bias was too high to be constitutionally tolerable**” *Rippo v. Baker*, 137 S. Ct. 905, 907 (2017) (emphasis added)

There are apparently at least three separate standards for disqualification

1. That the judge before whom the matter is pending has a personal bias or prejudice either against him or in favor of any adverse party 144
2. "Any justice, judge, or magistrate of the United States shall disqualify himself in any proceeding in which his impartiality might reasonably be questioned." 455
3. The probability of actual bias on the part of the judge or decisionmaker is too high to be constitutionally tolerable Rippo

Yet the Ninth Circuit even established:

We do not believe that the statutory provisions concerning disqualification are either exhaustive or the exclusive method whereby a judge may be removed from hearing a case. As the Second Circuit decision in United States v. Rob-in indicates, the appellate court's authority to reassign exists apart from the judicial disqualification statutes. See 553 F.2d at 11. There is simply nothing in the disqualification statutes to prohibit this court from taking appropriate action in the first instance. United States v. Sears, Roebuck Co., Inc., 785 F.2d 777, 780-81 (9th Cir. 1986) (emphasis added)

It must be noted that in Rippo the court in one place states that it is the probability of bias and then the risk of bias was too high to be constitutionally tolerable. Yet the court never quantifies what the percentage of risk or probability is too high. Here in Las Vegas a city based on taking in billions of U.S. bucks on probability by the casinos. They have just about perfected probabilities. At some point a court needs to quantify what is too high a probability to be constitutionally tolerable. Because if a party is denied disqualification he should be able to determine if he wishes to walk away from the "dice table" or court and dismiss his case because he does not wish to gamble with a judge and his bias. Rippo states one thing clearly though when it states:

"the Due Process Clause may sometimes demand recusal even when a judge " 'ha[s] no actual bias.' " Aetna Life Ins. Co. v. Lavoie, 475 U.S. 813, 825, 106 S.Ct. 1580, 89 L.Ed.2d 823 (1986)" Rippo v. Baker, 137 S. Ct. 905, 907 (2017)

Asseveration which is equivalent to Unsworn Declaration in lieu of an

affidavit in support of Motion to Disqualify under NRS 1.235

I Kim Blandino do hereby declare under penalty of perjury that this filing is filed in good faith and is not:

- (a) Interposed for delay;
- (b) Intended to harass a judge; or
- (c) Filed for the purpose of :
 - (1) Unnecessarily increasing the costs of litigation; or
 - (2) Attempting prosecution

GIORDANI PREVIOUSLY PROSECUTED KIM AND KIM SPENT TIME IN JAIL IN THAT MATTER AND HAS SHOWN DEEP SEATED ANTAGONISM TOWARD KIM THAT DID COME OUT DURING THIS FEB 18 HEARING

Exhibit D attached is the Case Docket Search for Case # XO1152672 where it clearly shows that there were three different prosecutors assigned to this case against defendant Kim Blandino. On 9/13/2018 prosecutor John Cory filed an opposition. On 10/3/2018 prosecutor Trisha Chapman filed a Motion to extend time to respond. On 10/29/ 2018 Trisha Chapman filed the City's opposition to Emergency Motion

Then on 1/8/2019 Kelly Giordani Bar # 12072 filed an Opposition to Defendant Motion to Disqualify. So contrary to what Giordani said in court that she had not prosecuted Kim she was prosecuting Kim in Case # XO1152672 A/B/C/D/E in 2018-2019. Warrants were later issued and Kim was arrested and jailed. At all times while Giordani was assigned to the case against Kim Giordani had the discretion to drop the prosecution against Kim yet did not because of her bias and deep seated antagonism toward Kim as a prosecutor. Giordani demonstrated that she had disgust for Kim's religious beliefs and practices.

This prior experience Giordani had with Kim is extra judicial. As a prosecutor prosecuting for a Corporate entity called the City of Las Vegas she was required to have favoritism toward the City and Kim contends that Giordani has not in any way lost this favoritism and desires to see Kim prosecuted despite the lack of jurisdiction.

Under any of the standards listed above Giordani must be disqualified. Kim knows with all certainty that Giordani wants Kim in jail no matter what and will do so even though Kim is actually innocent of any crime.

GIORDANI BECAUSE OF HER BIAS AND ANTAGONISM TOWARD KIM FILED AN OPPOSITION TO KIM'S MOTION TO DISQUALIFY IN CASE XO1152672A/B/C/D/E AND THEREFORE IMPERSONATED A RESPONDING JUDGE OR COUNSEL FOR THE JUDGE AS MOTIONS TO DISQUALIFY ARE BETWEEN THE MOVING PARTY AND THE JUDGE

NRS 1.235 and all the case law is clear. A motion to disqualify is a collateral action within the action itself between the judge and the moving party and therefore the City has no standing whatsoever to oppose such a motion. Prosecutor Giordani did not ask for leave to file this opposition or to intervene. Had Kim as a pro se filed an opposition to a City's motion to disqualify a judge Kim would likely have been sanctioned or declared a vexatious litigant or at the least reprimanded!

• This filing of an opposition is and was motivated by bias and deep seated antagonism toward Kim and his right to challenge a judge's impartiality without interference by the party in the main case that is not a party to the disqualification action. The parties to a disqualification action is the party filing the motion to disqualify and the judge sought to be disqualified. If the judge does not oppose they must leave the case.

Giordani not only filed the opposition to Kim's motion to disqualify the transcript Exhibit E shows that Giordani argued for it and stated a jurisdictional argument against Kim's motion to disqualify. See page 5 lines 10-17 of Exhibit E attached to Exhibit 1.

THE TRANSCRIPT OF JANUARY 8 2019 SHOWS THAT PROSECUTOR KELLY GIORDANI WAS ACTIVELY INVOLVED IN THE PROSECUTION AGAINST KIM

Kim has a certified copy of the transcript of January 8, 2019 for the case mentioned above this was filed as a supplement to the appeal in district court. This is attached as Exhibit E. Here Prosecutor Giordani admits she filed an opposition.

Again, if prosecutor Giordani was impartial she could have dropped the prosecution in the case in 2019.

Judge Giordani demonstrated that she wished to prosecute Kim and with this Feb 18 hearing showed that she wishes to be a prosecutor judge against Kim and give Kim only an appearance of being an impartial judge. The deep seated antagonism could not be hidden as Giordani refused to let Kim make a complete record and even ask to continue the matter pending a motion to disqualify. Any impartial judge would say something akin to this at that hearing

Mr. Blandino with the issues you bring up as to you moving to disqualify me and that I was a prosecutor against you some years ago, I will continue this matter for 10 days since I just notified you today that I was assigning myself to this case. Obviously according to case law once a motion to disqualify is filed and served upon me I can not act in the case while the motion to disqualify is pending

The very fact that Giordani did not do this itself points to bias and Giordani's desire to be partial against Kim. Any average judge would have continued the matter. Yet Giordani doubled down and set the matter for pretrial on March 18, 2026 .

KIM HAD ONE OR MORE CONVERSATIONS OUTSIDE THE COURTROOM

WHERE GIORDANI DEMONSTRATED DEEP SEATED ANTAGONISM AND BIAS AGAINST KIM AND HIS RELIGIOUS BELIEFS AND PRACTICES

Kim had one or more conversations outside the courtroom where Kim told prosecutor Giordani that she would run for judge and win because she was so pretty. That God gave Kim to see this future with Giordani and this future was proven true as Giordani did become judge. During the conversation Kim could see that prosecutor Giordani had deep seated bias and antagonism toward Kim in her eyes.

Kim had verbal interchanges with prosecutor Walker and Cory and these interchanges were much different. Kim could tell that Walker and Cory were just doing the job and no such antagonism or bias was present in them and were polite and respectful.

Kim indicated to prosecutor Giordani that she should have babies and not be a judge since Kim knew the Code requires:

“Rule 2.1. Giving Precedence to the Duties of Judicial Office. The duties of judicial office, as prescribed by law, shall take precedence over all of a judge’s personal and extrajudicial activities.

COMMENT

[1] To ensure that judges are available to fulfill their judicial duties, judges must **conduct their personal** and extrajudicial activities to minimize the risk of conflicts that would result in frequent disqualification. See Canon 3.

[2] Although it is not a duty of judicial office unless prescribed by law, judges are **encouraged to participate in activities that promote public understanding of and confidence in the justice system.**

Ai query indicates that Judge Giordani has at least one child, a son and Kim’s religious beliefs and insight indicates that Giordani is neglecting her duty and duties as a mother and wife because of rule 2.1 to some or greater degree. Only Giordani knows the extent of her neglect for her child or children and for that matter neglecting the importance of her marriage.

As many in the court system know Kim must speak and write as the holy spirit gives Kim to speak and write:

Luke 12:11 NIV When you are brought before synagogues, rulers and authorities, do not worry about how you will defend yourselves or what you will say, ¹² for the Holy Spirit will teach you at that time what you should say.”

Giordani needs to resign being a judge and take care of her children and make more babies or adopt if that is not possible and fulfill a role that God set for her and not be neglectful of any of her children. Kim's ex wife did not work outside the home as raising children is not a job that should be contracted out. Kim takes raising and protecting of children very seriously personally and spiritually.

Kim prays that Giordani will see that being a full time wife and mother is the most fulfilling role and that it would be so beneficial to all that she resign to fulfill this most important role to the benefit of all

A case in point of the collision between judge and caretaker or mother is Valorie Vega and the discipline imposed on her. See Exhibit F attached to Exhibit 1.(**FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER IMPOSING DISCIPLINE**) Valorie Vega was disciplined for **not** putting her daughter second to her judicial duties. The NCJD stated:

“That during the course of the retrial of Case Number 08-C-249790 described herein, you recessed court in the early afternoon on approximately six (6) occasions; specifically, on or about November 29, December 1, December 6, December 8, 17 December 13 and December 15, 2010; that you did so to enable you to attend your daughter's high school soccer games.

Valorie Vega should have resigned as judge so as not to neglect her daughter and her welfare. Although the NCJD could have charged fod violation of 2.1 they only charged 2.8.

Justice Abbi Silver is quite a contrast to the selfishness of Vega and Giordani. An Ai query shows that Abbi Silver resigned so as to take care of her husband in 2022. This is from Grok.

Yes, Nevada Supreme Court Justice Abbi Silver (often spelled "Abbi Silver") resigned in August 2022 to care for her husband, who was diagnosed with ALS (Lou Gehrig's disease). At the time of her resignation announcement, she cited "unforeseen circumstances" and a desire to spend more time with her family in her letter to Gov. Steve Sisolak. She stepped down effective September 29, 2022, after nearly four years on the high court. She had previously served as a judge at every level of Nevada's judiciary: Las Vegas Municipal Court (elected 2003), Las Vegas Justice Court (2006), Clark County District Court (2008 and reelected 2014), and the Nevada Court of Appeals before her Supreme Court appointment in 2019. Subsequent reports (including a 2025 lawsuit she filed) clarified that her husband, Kirk Jaster, was diagnosed with ALS in February 2022, and she resigned specifically to care for him amid his illness. Jaster passed away in September 2024 from complications of ALS. In September 2025, Silver sued the now-defunct alkaline water company Real Water, alleging its product (which was recalled for containing a toxin) caused or contributed to his ALS and death. This aligns with her public statements and court filings emphasizing family caregiving as a key reason for leaving the bench. No other prominent Nevada figure named Abby/Abby Silver appears tied to a similar resignation story. If this relates to your ongoing court matters (e.g., context on judicial backgrounds or family priorities in Nevada courts), let me know for more details!

This was and is admirable and noble. Had Silver stayed on the bench she would have been in conflict with the Code. God does reward integrity and unselfishness that Abbi demonstrated this.

Kim points out because the holy spirit prompts Kim to write this. Kim can now see God's purpose in the series of events that brought this wrongful charge of battery then assigned to Walker who wrongfully disqualified himself and then brought to Giordani's court so that Kim could plead for Giordani's children and potential children. You Giordani must resign your judicial office as soon as possible and take care of your loved ones. A search on the internet shows that you are married to John Giordani who is a long time prosecutor with the Clark County District Attorney's office and in 2022 made 143,811.20 bucks regular pay and total pay and benefits were 192,5441.10 bucks. Therefore John is well capable of supporting the family

Judge Andres Tobiasson (“Tobiasson”) committed suicide because she rejected God’s prompting and committed a crime only one rung short of murder. That being self murder.

Kim saw Tobiasson at the Omlet House after attorney Bill Terry had left her defense of NCJD charges and tried to talk sense to Tobiasson. Yet she closed her ears. God had choreographed this meeting before Tobiasson committed suicide.

Both judge Tobiasson and Judge Michelle Leavitt have had trouble with their children. An Ai Grok query shows this:

- “Yes, two Nevada state court judges—Melanie Andress-Tobiasson (former Las Vegas Justice of the Peace) and Michelle Leavitt (Clark County District Court Judge)—faced public scrutiny and controversy involving their daughters’ alleged connections to prostitution and related issues in Las Vegas around 2015–2018. These matters were widely reported in local media (e.g., Nevada Current, Las Vegas Review-Journal, KLAS-TV) and tied into broader scandals involving alleged underage sex trafficking, pimping, and judicial ethics probes. Here’s a breakdown: Melanie Andress-Tobiasson (often referred to as Melanie Tobiasson)
- Her teenage daughter (Sarah, then 16) began frequenting and briefly working at a hip-hop clothing store called Top Knotch (or Top Notch), which Tobiasson alleged was a front for an unlicensed club involving underage drinking, drugs, and prostitution.
 - Tobiasson claimed a pimp named Shane Valentine attempted to recruit her daughter into his prostitution ring. She reported this to police (LVMPD Vice), but felt they were unresponsive or corrupt.
 - This led Tobiasson to personally investigate, including staking out locations, threatening Valentine, and allegedly interfering in related cases (e.g., a 2016 double homicide at Top Knotch where Valentine was a person of interest).
 - The situation escalated into ethics complaints against her by the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline (charges filed around 2018–2020), accusing her of abusing judicial prestige, allowing family interests to influence her conduct, and improper involvement in investigations.
 - Tobiasson went public in 2018 (e.g., KLAS-TV interview), alleging pimps targeted daughters of judges and law enforcement. She resigned in 2021 to settle the ethics probe (avoiding a full hearing) and died by suicide in 2023.
- Michelle Leavitt (Clark County District Court Judge)
- Her daughter (Morgan Leavitt, also known as Morgan Fitzpatrick or Morgan Leavitt-Fitzpatrick) was reportedly involved with the same alleged pimp, Shane Valentine, and connected to the Top Knotch scene.

- Reports (e.g., Nevada Current 2018 article) described Morgan as part of Valentine's "stable" (group of women in prostitution), including her testifying in a domestic violence case involving Valentine (where she alleged being beaten).
- This connection was raised in a 2018–2019 criminal case (Marlon Brown trial, where Leavitt presided), with defense attorneys alleging bias due to her daughter's ties to Valentine (who knew Brown) and a related domestic violence incident. Leavitt later recused herself from a related matter citing "appearance of impropriety."
- Leavitt and her family (including brother Andrew Leavitt) denied or called the allegations "blatantly false and defamatory." No formal judicial discipline resulted directly from the daughter issues, though Leavitt had a prior 2015 public reprimand for unrelated conduct (improperly jailing someone). Both cases overlapped around the Top Knotch/Valentine ring, with Tobiasson publicly referencing Leavitt's daughter in interviews and police memos (warning that pimps targeted judges' kids). These were high-profile Las Vegas stories involving sex trafficking concerns, but also led to significant backlash against the judges for how they handled (or publicized) family matters."

Therefore, Kim pleads that Giordani not neglect her child or children and the God given role that she has been given. It is much better to resign now and do that most important job as full time wife and mother. Please Giordani do not end up with troubled and wayward children and a suffering soul.

"What good is it for someone to gain the whole world, yet forfeit their soul? ³⁷ Or what can anyone give in exchange for their soul?" Mark 8:36

At present Giordani because Kim holds and held this position of religious belief that Giordani has deep seated antagonism toward Kim and/or the risk of bias is too great because of Giordani's vindictive prosecution of Kim must not challenge this motion to disqualify and let this case be transferred at the very least. However, should Giordani immediately resign and do her full duty to her family then the Angels in Heaven will rejoice as they most likely did when Abbi chose to resign to take care of her husband and leave her judgeship behind. Kim knows that Giordani's conscience must trouble her for neglecting her family. Please Giordani fulfill your God

given duties.

Kim still has to file for an extraordinary writ petition to challenge Walker's disqualification so the case will go back to Walker as Kim's family Court Case went back to Ritchie in 2001 when Kim had mandamus granted.

This deep seated antagonism and/or bias of the past being carried into the future as seen in the Feb 18, hearing is obvious. Kim has no resentment nor hatred of Giordani and wishes her well and that she will do the most right and decent thing especially for her child and future children.

Kim filed four separate motions after the Motion to Disqualify was filed and served in the 26-005437 case and Giordani ruled on each one of them and signed and filed orders in violation of NRS 1.235 and case law. Exhibit 2 is an **EMERGENCY MOTION TO VACATE THE ORDER OF MARCH 2, 2026 BY JUDGE GIORDANI AS VOID AND TO REOPEN CASE AS ORIGINALLY MOTIONED FOR MUST BE DOCKETED TO JUDGE BERT BROWN WHO IS THE MUNICIPAL JUDGE HAVING THE GREATEST NUMBER OF YEARS OF SERVICE PURSUANT TO NRS 1.235 (7) (c)** that was filed in the 005437 case and Kim outlined how Giordani could not continue to rule in that case according to statute and case law and a decision by the NCJD who ignored a filing of a motion to disqualify her and she was suspended physically from the courthouse without pay. She has now permanently abandoned her judgeship

CONCLUSION

Kim pleads that Giordani will take care of her child and children to be and resign her judgeship and do the most important job in the world that of wife and full time mother. If done

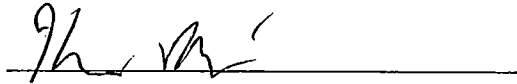
you would not in any way regret this decision.

Yet in any event Giordani cannot proceed forward in this case against Kim. Giordani refused to challenge Kim's filing of the motion to disqualify in the 005437 and was required to do nothing else with that case yet four times she did. For this reason alone Giordani must be disqualified because she violated the law and refusing to challenge that Motion to disqualify must be taken as an admission that disqualification was based on one of the four standards above

and must be disqualified at the least Giordani must allow the case this case to be transferred pending a reviewing court ordering Walker back on the case as originally assigned.

In the alternative such other relief as is proper and just must be done.

DATED this 6th day of April, 2026.



Kim Blandino
C/O 441 N 16th
Las Vegas Nevada 89101
702 219-5657
Kim 43792@earthlink.net

Asseveration which is equivalent to Unsworn Declaration in lieu of an affidavit in support of Motion to Disqualify under NRS 1.235

I Kim Blandino state under penalty of perjury that I am over 70 years of age (outside the womb) and have read the foregoing and the same is true and correct except as to those matters of belief and belief and as to those matters Kim believes them to be true. And that:

I Kim Blandino do hereby declare under penalty of perjury that this filing is filed in good faith and is not:

(d) Interposed for delay;

(e) Intended to harass a judge; or

(f) Filed for the purpose of :

(3) Unnecessarily increasing the costs of litigation; or

(4) Attempting prosecution

1. That this filing is not made to vex, harass, delay or made in bad faith nor for any improper purpose. Anyone saying any differently is lying through their teeth.
2. That any and all exhibits are true and correct and authentic according to FRE 901 and the state rules of evidence.
3. Kim prepared this at breakneck speed and would ask that any spelling and or grammar issues are excuse.
4. That Kim did not receive the petition nor the summons until April 4 and this is the first that Kim was aware that Giordani was assigned to this case and therefore Kim is within the 10 days per NRS 1.235.

I declare under penalty of perjury that I have read the foregoing and the same is true and correct.

DATED this 6th day of April, 2026.

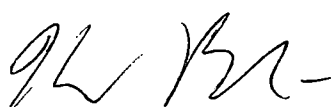


KIM BLANDINO PRO SE #363075
C/O 441 N 16TH ST
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
(702) 219-5657
No Fax

Kim43792@earthlink.net

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY certify that service of the **MOTION TO DISQUALIFY JUDGE GIORDANI**
IN ACCORD WITH NRS 1.230, 1.25 AND/OR RULE 2.11 IN OF THE NEVADA
REVISED CODE OF JUDICIAL CONDUCT (REASONABLE MINDS WOULD
QUESTION STANDARD)AND/OR *Rippo v. Baker*, 580 U.S. 285, 137 S. Ct. 905, 197 L. Ed.
2d 376 (2017) (RISK OF BIAS STANDARD) AND/OR (THE DEEP SEATED
ANTAGONISM STANDARD) was accomplished on April 6, 2026 by delivering a copy to:



Kim Blandino
C/O 441 N 16th
Las Vegas Nevada 89101
702 219-5657
Kim 43792@earthlink.net

EXHIBIT 1

ORIGINAL

KIM BLANDINO PECULIAR PRO SE
Nevada Bar No. None
C/O 441 N. 16th St
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
(702) 219-5657
No Fax
Kim43792@earthlink.net

FILED

FEB 24 2026

5L
LV MUNICIPAL COURT

LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CITY OF LAS VEGAS

Plaintiff,

Case No. 26-005437
Dept. No. 6

-vs

3/12/26 9:30 AM

KIM BLANDINO

Defendant

MOTION TO DISQUALIFY JUDGE GIORDANI IN ACCORD WITH NRS
1.230, 1.25 AND/OR RULE 2.11 IN OF THE NEVADA REVISED CODE OF JUDICIAL
CONDUCT (REASONABLE MINDS WOULD QUESTION STANDARD) AND/OR *Rippo*
v. Baker, 580 U.S. 285, 137 S. Ct. 905, 197 L. Ed. 2d 376 (2017) (RISK OF BIAS
STANDARD) AND/OR (THE DEEP SEATED ANTAGONISM STANDARD)

COMES NOW, Kim Blandino ("Kim") appearing specially and not generally who under threat of a Bench warrant appeared in Las Vegas Municipal Court Department 1 Matthew Walker ("Walker") presiding ON Feb. 10, 2026. Kim appeared by special appearance because of a green colored post card that Kim received in the U.S Mail at C/O 441 N16th Street L.V. Nv. 89101. Kim was set for a calendaring hearing by Walker's order and again under threat of a bench

CITY ATTORNEY
CRIMINAL DIVISION

1
RECEIVED FEB 24 2026

warrant should Kim not appear on Feb. 18, 2026.

Because Judge Giordani ("Giordani") did not assign herself to the actual case until Feb. 18, 2026 Kim is well within the time frame of NRS 1.235(motion must be filed within 10 days of assignment). Kim told Giordani in open court that this Motion would be filed.

INTRODUCTION

God(also called the Creator or Elohim, Elohim being both singular and plural like the words, sheep, fish or deer) created the Universe around 6,000 years ago he created light and spacetime in 5 days on the 6th day God made Man called Adam. God saw that it was not good for Man to be alone so he created out of man a companion called Eve who was his helpmate (not playboy "sex mate"). Adam and Eve were perfect and eternal and there was no death in this world.

God had to give at least one thing that Adam and Eve could not do. Otherwise, if God said they could do anything they wanted, there could be no disobedience, and therefore no demonstration of love. Adam and Eve ate of the forbidden tree of the knowledge of good and evil and lost their eternal nature. Therefore, God had a choice to destroy both Adam and Eve or give a second chance to allow them to continue as fallen beings with a promise of a redeemer and allow them to procreate by sexual relations so the redeemer could come by the "offspring of the woman" See Genesis Chapter 1-3.

Had man not fallen they would never have had sexually created children. See Book of Mormon 2 Nephi 2: 21-25(as well as other apocryphal sources).

God gave the promise to Adam and Eve that Eve's offspring would crush the offspring of the serpent:

“And I will put enmity between you and the woman, and between your offspring and hers; he will crush your head, and you will strike his heel.” Genesis 3:15 NIV version

This is the promise that God gave mankind that the savior or Son of God would come through Eve and he would redeem man to God. This savior as nearly all of the world knows is the historical Jesus and millions believe in him to this day and that he in fact rose from the dead. The great flood occurred and only Noah and his sons and their wives survived this flooding of the earth through the ark God commanded Noah to build. Land based animals also were spared on that ark.

Kim is the 140th great-grandson of Noah. And every human on the earth is descended from Noah. And all land-based animal life descends from the animals that went onto the Ark with Noah. The variations of life are all due to the miracle of DNA and the Billions upon billions of possible different combinations of that DNA. A Great Dane, the poodle and the Dachshund and many others all come from the same two male and female dogs that were on the ark.

Kim was born in the U.S. at Malmstrom Air Base in Montana in 1955. In 1993, in part, from seeing a modern day Ahab and Jezebel elected to their “joint presidency” Kim was motivated to act, Kim relinquished his U.S. citizenship and became a citizen and subject of Elohim’s Kingdom of Israel. Kim became an Ambassador for Jesus the Christ and to be reconciled to the Almighty God. See 2 Corinthians 5:20:

“We are therefore Christ’s ambassadors, as though God were making his appeal through us. We implore you on Christ’s behalf: Be reconciled to God.” NIV (emphasis added)

Kim became part of what is known as the “Great Commission”:

“Then the eleven disciples went to Galilee, to the mountain where Jesus had told them to go.¹⁷ When they saw him, they worshiped him; but some doubted

Then Jesus came to them and said, "All authority in heaven and on earth has been given to me."¹⁹ Therefore go and make disciples of all nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father and of the Son and of the Holy Spirit,²⁰ and teaching them to obey everything I have commanded you. And surely I am with you always, to the very end of the age." Matthew 28:16-20

Obviously these eleven disciples could not live for thousands of years. So, this Great Commission depends on passing the mission on to generations upon generations. Please note that Jesus commands that that the "baptizing in the name of the Father, and of the Son and of the Holy Spirit". This is the plural Elohim as described above, Elohim is both plural and singular.

Kim was also called by the Creator to investigate judicial corruption in the Eighth Judicial District Court ("EJDC"). Kim therefore became a volunteer unpaid investigator [which means unofficial] with or for the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline (NCJD"). In this God given role Kim obtained letters of caution from the NCJD against former district judge Rob Bare and former district court judge Douglas Herndon (now justice of the Nevada Supreme Court).

Kim is also an investigative journalist and currently is part of the new media with a Youtube channel and an X(formerly twitter) Kim in fact has a media request before this court.

Kim has been retaliated against for decades because of exercising his rights that are guaranteed under the Constitution of the United States. Especially first amendment rights.

The complaining witness in this matter is an unbalanced woman that has resentment toward Kim and has been looking for an opportunity to vindictively and willfully, retaliate against Kim.

This is one who sees evil as good and good as evil:

Isaiah 5 ^{"20} Woe unto them that call evil good, and good evil; that put darkness for light, and light for darkness; that put bitter for sweet, and sweet for bitter!"

FACTS AND ARGUMENT

As stated above Kim was before judge Walker on Feb. 10, 2026. At the hearing before Walker in which the electronic Media was recording, Walker announced that he would be disqualifying himself due to the fact that Walker some many years ago prosecuted Kim as a then City Attorney, under the standard in the Nevada Revised Code of Judicial Conduct 2.11 (The reasonable minds would question a judge's impartiality standard) . Kim objected and represented that Kim believed that Walker would be impartial and waived any rights to challenge Walker's impartiality in the future. This hearing is viewable at Our Nevada Judges <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o69qTuWdZ-I> where there are more than 32 thousand views after nine days.

Kim told Walker that if he did disqualify Kim would challenge this disqualification to a higher court on Mandamus, as Kim had successfully done some 25 years ago in Kim's family court case where Judge Ritchie (who is still on the family court bench) wrongfully disqualified himself and the Nevada Supreme Court agreed, ordered the writ granted and ordered Ritchie back onto Kim's family court case in 2001. See Exhibit A attached. Writ ordered granted. Sadly, because Kim had no family court judge while the mandamus action was pending Kim had months of no visitation with Kim's children of tender years and Kim's children suffered greatly.

Kim further knowing how the Las Vegas Municipal Court seems to have a aversion to writing and signing and filing written orders demanded at the hearing on the 10th that Walker do a written order so that a reviewing court could know with certainty what Kim was challenging with findings of fact and conclusions of law. At first, Walker "balked" then he granted Kim's demand. Walker agreed after Kim pressed Walker to have the order filed before the calendaring on Feb 18, 2026. Kim just received this today Feb.17, 2026 one day before the Feb. 18, 2026

date. See Exhibit C attached

Kim has been on the other side of the equation arguing for disqualification of then Justice Jansen (who also still presides in justice court as a senior judge at the age of 90). Kim obtained the writ of Mandamus on Jansen in January of 1987 some 39 years ago. See Exhibit B attached from the District Court.

Kim therefore has much experience in disqualification law both state and federal. Just as judge Ritchie was proven to have wrongfully disqualified himself Kim believes that Walker has wrongfully disqualified himself. The most important part of the Supreme Court's ruling in the Ritchie mandamus is this passage from exhibit A:

"Given the lack of grounds for disqualification, Judge Ritchie's sworn statement that he has no personal bias against Blandino, and Blandino's request that the case be returned to Judge Ritchie because he is in fact objective and impartial, we perceive no reason why Judge Ritchie cannot or should not preside over the matter. Accordingly, since Blandino has no other plain, speedy and adequate remedy at law, we grant his petition. The clerk of the court shall issue a writ of mandamus compelling Judge Ritchie to preside over the district court proceedings.

It is so ORDERED." (emphasis added)

Kim received the written order just the afternoon before the Feb. 18th hearing. See Exhibit C attached. Walker's order was clear that the instant case was being reassigned to the Chief Judge for further calendaring. Kim appeared before Giordani on Feb 18 at 1:00 p.m.

Kim told Giordani that he was appearing specially and not generally. Giordani refused to allow Kim to make a complete record. Giordani ran the proceeding in violation of the Nevada revised Code of Judicial Conduct ("Code") violating:

Rule 1.1. Compliance With the Law. A judge shall comply with the law, including the Code of Judicial Conduct,

Rule 1.2. Promoting Confidence in the Judiciary. A judge shall act at all times in a manner that promotes public confidence in the independence,

integrity, and impartiality of the judiciary and shall avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety.

“ In this opinion, we emphasize that a *Faretta* canvass must ensure that a defendant decides whether to waive counsel with eyes open. The canvass must safeguard against the unacceptable danger that defendants would choose to represent themselves with an incomplete understanding of the risks they face. Inadequate warnings harm not only the defendant, but also the credibility of our justice system. *Miles v. State*, 137 Nev. 747, 747, 500 P.3d 1263, 1266 (2021)

When a criminal defendant desires to waive the right to counsel, the trial court must ensure that decision is made knowingly and voluntarily. The trial court must conduct a careful canvass and ensure that a defendant understands the risks and disadvantages of self-representation. While no specific questions are constitutionally required, a trial court that learns during the canvass that the defendant may not understand the charges or the potential sentences should address that lack of understanding. *Miles v. State*, 137 Nev. 747, 754, 500 P.3d 1263, 1271 (2021) (emphasis added)

Most of all violated Rule 2.8:

“Rule 2.8. Decorum, Demeanor, and Communication With Jurors.

(A) A judge shall require order and decorum in proceedings before the court.

(B) A judge shall be patient, dignified, and courteous to litigants, jurors, witnesses, lawyers, court staff, court officials, and others with whom the judge deals in an official capacity and shall require similar conduct of lawyers, court staff, court officials, and others subject to the judge’s direction and control.

(C) A judge shall not commend or criticize jurors for their verdict other than in a court order or opinion in a proceeding.” (emphasis added)

Giordani refused to even look at the file because of her bias and deep seated antagonism . If Giordani had looked at the file she would have seen that the court has no jurisdiction in this matter . Yet Giordani’s deep seated antagonism and bias against Kim would not allow her to see.

This type of delusion is prophesied in the Bible:

⁸ And then shall that Wicked be revealed, whom the Lord shall consume with the spirit of his mouth, and shall destroy with the brightness of his coming:

⁹ Even him, whose coming is after the working of Satan with all power and signs and lying wonders,

¹⁰ And with all deceivableness of unrighteousness in them that perish; because they received not the love of the truth, that they might be saved.

¹¹ And for this cause God shall send them strong delusion, that they should believe a lie:

¹² That they all might be damned who believed not the truth, but had pleasure in unrighteousness." 2 Thessalonians 2: 8-12

Kim told the judge that Kim was going to file to disqualify Giordani yet she continued with the hearing as though Kim had said nothing. Giordani tried to bully and rush through the hearing as though she had a wedding to go to or her son's soccer game.

Kim had to "pry out" from Giordani that she was assigning herself to the matter and then did not stop when Kim announced that he would be filing a motion to disqualify her.

NRS 1.235 is clear:

"NRS 1.235 Procedure for disqualifying judges other than Supreme Court justices or judges of the Court of Appeals.

1. Any party to an action or proceeding pending in any court other than the Supreme Court or the Court of Appeals, who seeks to disqualify a judge for actual or implied bias or prejudice must file an affidavit specifying the facts upon which the disqualification is sought. The affidavit must contain a statement that the affidavit is filed in good faith and is not:

- (a) Interposed for delay;
- (b) Intended to harass a judge; or
- (c) Filed for the purpose of:
 - (1) Unnecessarily increasing the costs of litigation; or

(2) Attempting to prevent prosecution.

2. Except as otherwise provided in subsections 3 and 4, the affidavit must be filed:

(a) Not less than 20 days before the date set for trial or hearing of the case; or

(b) Not less than 3 days before the date set for the hearing of any pretrial matter.

3. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection and subsection 4, if a case is not assigned to a judge before the time required under subsection 2 for filing the affidavit, the affidavit must be filed:

(a) Within 10 days after the party or the party's attorney is notified that the case has been assigned to a judge;

(b) Before the hearing of any pretrial matter; or

(c) Before the jury is empaneled, evidence taken or any ruling made in the trial or hearing,

whichever occurs first. If the facts upon which disqualification of the judge is sought are not known to the party before the party is notified of the assignment of the judge or before any pretrial hearing is held, the affidavit may be filed not later than the commencement of the trial or hearing of the case."

Here Giordani tried to short circuit the process and assign herself to the case on the 18th and to bully or trick Kim into not filing the motion to disqualify and proceeding forward with a judge that is compromised and not impartial.

The violations of the code by Giordani are too numerous to list here in totality. Kim has been before almost all of the current municipal court judges and has observed all of them as a volunteer unpaid investigator [which means unofficial] working with or for the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline which God called Kim to do. In that capacity Kim has had letters of caution issued by the NCJD against former district court judges Herndon (now Nev. Sup. Ct. justice) and Rob Bare (defeated by current judge Christy Craig).

In the federal Courts there are two avenues to disqualify a federal judge 28 U.S.C. § 455(a).

and 28 U.S.C. § 144. 28 U.S.C. § 144 states this taken from Liteky v. United States, 510 U.S. 540, 544 (1994):

Whenever a party to any proceeding in a district court makes and files a timely and sufficient affidavit that the judge before whom the matter is pending has a personal bias or prejudice either against him or in favor of any adverse party, such judge shall proceed no further therein, but another judge shall be assigned to hear such proceeding.

"The affidavit shall state the facts and the reasons for the belief that bias or prejudice exists, and shall be filed not less than ten days before the beginning of the term at which the proceeding is to be heard, or good cause shall be shown for failure to file it within such time. A party may file only one such affidavit in any case. It shall be accompanied by a certificate of counsel of record stating that it is made in good faith." Liteky v. United States, 510 U.S. 540, 544 (1994)

And 28 U.S.C. § 455(a) stated here in Liteky:

"The 1974 revision made massive changes, so that § 455 now reads as follows:

"(a) Any justice, judge, or magistrate of the United States shall disqualify himself in any proceeding in which his impartiality might reasonably be questioned.

"(b) He shall also disqualify himself in the following circumstances:

"(1) Where he has a personal bias or prejudice concerning a party, or personal knowledge of disputed evidentiary facts concerning the proceeding Liteky v. United States, 510 U.S. 540, 546-47 (1994)"

And:

It is enough for present purposes to say the following: first, judicial rulings alone almost never constitute a valid basis for a bias or partiality motion. *See United States v. Grinnell Corp.*, 384 U.S. 563, 583 (1966). In and of themselves (*i.e.*, apart from surrounding comments or accompanying opinion), they cannot possibly show reliance upon an extrajudicial source, and can only in the rarest circumstances evidence the degree of favoritism or antagonism required (as discussed below) when no extrajudicial source is involved. Almost invariably, they are proper grounds for appeal, not for recusal. Second, opinions formed by the judge on the basis of facts introduced or events occurring in the course of the current proceedings, or of prior proceedings, do not constitute a basis for a bias or partiality motion unless they display a deep-seated favoritism or antagonism that would make fair judgment impossible. Liteky v. United States, 510 U.S. 540, 555 (1994) (emphasis added)

Kim cites the federal case law because the Nevada Supreme Court addressed the Federal case law in *Towbin Dodge, LLC v. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct. of State ex rel. Cnty. of Clark*, 121 Nev. 251, 112 P.3d 1063 (2005) did exactly that as to motions to disqualify:

Federal law contains two separate, independent methods for seeking a judge's disqualification. 28 U.S.C. § 144¹⁶ bears similarities to both NRS 1.235 and SCR 48.1, which governs peremptory challenges. Like NRS 1.235, § 144 applies specifically to the district *259 court and requires the party seeking to disqualify a judge to file an affidavit setting forth the facts and reasons supporting the allegation of bias. But unlike NRS 1.235, which permits the challenged judge to respond, and which requires another judge to determine whether actual or implied bias or prejudice exists, § 144 operates like SCR 48.1, in that the matter is automatically transferred to another judge.¹⁷

The other federal statute concerning judicial disqualification, 28 U.S.C. § 455, is substantially similar to NCJC Canon 3E.¹⁸ Like **1069 Canon 3E, § 455 applies to all justices and judges, and it contains no procedural mechanism for enforcement.¹⁹ Nevertheless, the federal *260 courts follow a procedure whereby a party may move to disqualify a federal judge based on the grounds listed in § 455.²⁰ The federal courts have generally required that such motions be filed as soon as possible after the moving party learns of the grounds for disqualification.²¹ Additionally, the motion should allege facts demonstrating that "the judge's impartiality might reasonably be questioned."²² The motion's allegations are not deemed to be true and may be controverted by the challenged judge.²³ Finally, the challenged judge may elect to decide the motion or to refer the motion to another judge.²⁴

We conclude that the federal procedure provides a convenient method for enforcing Canon 3E in situations when NRS 1.235 does not apply. Thus, if new grounds for a judge's disqualification are discovered after the time limits in NRS 1.235(1) have passed, then a party may file a motion to disqualify based on Canon 3E as soon as possible after becoming aware of the new information. The motion must set forth facts and reasons sufficient to cause a reasonable person to question the judge's impartiality, and the challenged judge may contradict the motion's allegations. We deviate from federal practice in one respect, however. While the federal procedure permits the challenged judge to hear the motion, we share the concerns identified by some federal courts when the challenged judge decides the motion.²⁵ Thus, the motion must be referred to another judge. To the extent that our opinion in *PETA* suggests that motions under the **1070 NCJC must meet timelines contained in other provisions, such as NRS 1.235 or NRAP 35, it is *261 overruled.²⁶ Similarly, our decision in *Matter of Parental Rights as to Oren* is overruled to the extent that it held the

disqualification affidavit in that case timely under NRS 1.235.²⁷ Towbin Dodge, LLC v. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct. of State ex rel. Cnty. of Clark, 121 Nev. 251, 258–61, 112 P.3d 1063, 1068–70 (2005) (emphasis added)

Canon 3 E was changed to Rule 2.11 in the revised code.

In Rippo v. Baker, 137 S. Ct. 905 (2017) the court reiterated the standard in “Withrow v. Larkin, 421 U.S. 35, 47, 95 S.Ct. 1456, 43 L.Ed.2d 712 (1975) ; see Williams v. Pennsylvania, 579 U.S. —, —, 136 S.Ct. 1899, 1905, 195 L.Ed.2d 132 (2016) and stated:

We vacate the Nevada Supreme Court's judgment because it applied the wrong legal standard. Under our precedents, the Due Process Clause may sometimes demand recusal even when a judge “ha[s] no actual bias.” “Aetna Life Ins. Co. v. Lavoie, 475 U.S. 813, 825, 106 S.Ct. 1580, 89 L.Ed.2d 823 (1986) “Recusal is required when, objectively speaking, “the probability of actual bias on the part of the judge or decisionmaker is too high to be constitutionally tolerable.” Rippo v. Baker, 137 S. Ct. 905, 907 (2017) (emphasis added)

And:

“The Nevada Supreme Court did not ask the question our precedents require: whether, considering all the circumstances alleged, the risk of bias was too high to be constitutionally tolerable” Rippo v. Baker, 137 S. Ct. 905, 907 (2017) (emphasis added)

There are apparently at least three separate standards for disqualification

1. That the judge before whom the matter is pending has a personal bias or prejudice either against him or in favor of any adverse party 144
2. “Any justice, judge, or magistrate of the United States shall disqualify himself in any proceeding in which his impartiality might reasonably be questioned.” 455
3. The probability of actual bias on the part of the judge or decisionmaker is too high to be constitutionally tolerable Rippo

Yet the Ninth Circuit even established:

We do not believe that the statutory provisions concerning disqualification are either exhaustive or the exclusive method whereby a judge may be removed from hearing a case. As the Second Circuit decision in United States v. Rob-

in indicates, the appellate court's authority to reassign exists apart from the judicial disqualification statutes. See 553 F.2d at 11. There is simply nothing in the disqualification statutes to prohibit this court from taking appropriate action in the first instance. United States v. Sears, Roebuck Co., Inc., 785 F.2d 777, 780-81 (9th Cir. 1986) (emphasis added)

It must be noted that in Rippo the court in one place states that it is the probability of bias and then the risk of bias was too high to be constitutionally tolerable. Yet the court never quantifies what the percentage of risk or probability is too high. Here in Las Vegas a city based on taking in billions of U.S. bucks on probability by the casinos. They have just about perfected probabilities. At some point a court needs to quantify what is too high a probability to be constitutionally tolerable. Because if a party is denied disqualification he should be able to determine if he wishes to walk away from the "dice table" or court and dismiss his case because he does not wish to gamble with a judge and his bias. Rippo states one thing clearly though when it states:

"the Due Process Clause may sometimes demand recusal even when a judge "ha[s] no actual bias." " Aetna Life Ins. Co. v. Lavoie, 475 U.S. 813, 825, 106 S.Ct. 1580, 89 L.Ed.2d 823 (1986)" Rippo v. Baker, 137 S. Ct. 905, 907 (2017)

Asseveration which is equivalent to Unsworn Declaration in lieu of an affidavit in support of Motion to Disqualify under NRS 1.235

I Kim Blandino do hereby declare under penalty of perjury that this filing is filed in good faith and is not:

- (a) Interposed for delay;
- (b) Intended to harass a judge; or
- (c) Filed for the purpose of

(1) Unnecessarily increasing the costs of litigation; or

(2) Attempting Prosecution

GIORDANI PREVIOUSLY PROSECUTED KIM AND KIM SPENT TIME IN JAIL IN THAT MATTER AND HAS SHOWN DEEP SEATED ANTAGONISM TOWARD KIM THAT DID COME OUT DURING THIS FEB 18 HEARING

Exhibit D attached is the Case Docket Search for Case # XO1152672 where it clearly shows that there were three different prosecutors assigned to this case against defendant Kim Blandino. On 9/13/2018 prosecutor John Cory filed an opposition. On 10/3/2018 prosecutor Trisha Chapman filed a Motion to extend time to respond. On 10/29/ 2018 Trisha Chapman filed the City's opposition to Emergency Motion

Then on 1/8/2019 Kelly Giordani Bar # 12072 filed an Opposition to Defendant Motion to Disqualify. So contrary to what Giordani said in court that she had not prosecuted Kim she was prosecuting Kim in Case # XO1152672 A/B/C/D/E in 2018-2019. Warrants were later issued and Kim was arrested and jailed. At all times while Giordani was assigned to the case against Kim Giordani had the discretion to drop the prosecution against Kim yet did not because of her bias and deep seated antagonism toward Kim as a prosecutor. Giordani demonstrated that she had disgust for Kim's religious beliefs and practices.

This prior experience Giordani had with Kim is extra judicial. As a prosecutor prosecuting for a Corporate entity called the City of Las Vegas she was required to have favoritism toward the City and Kim contends that Giordani has not in any way lost this favoritism and desires to see Kim prosecuted despite the lack of jurisdiction.

Under any of the standards listed above Giordani must be disqualified. Kim knows with all certainty that Giordani wants Kim in jail no matter what and will do so even though Kim is actually innocent of any crime.

GIORDANI BECAUSE OF HER BIAS AND ANTAGONISM TOWARD KIM FILED AN OPPOSITION TO KIM'S MOTION TO DISQUALIFY IN CASE XO1152672A/B/C/D/E AND THEREFORE IMPERSONATED A RESPONDING JUDGE OR COUNSEL FOR THE JUDGE AS MOTIONS TO DISQUALIFY ARE BETWEEN THE MOVING PARTY AND THE JUDGE

NRS 1.235 and all the case law is clear. A motion to disqualify is a collateral action within the action itself between the judge and the moving party and therefore the City has no standing whatsoever to oppose such a motion. Prosecutor Giordani did not ask for leave to file this opposition or to intervene. Had Kim as a pro se filed an opposition to a City's motion to disqualify a judge, Kim would likely have been sanctioned or declared a vexatious litigant or at the least reprimanded!

This filing of an opposition is and was motivated by bias and deep seated antagonism toward Kim and his right to challenge a judge's impartiality without interference by the party in the main case that is not a party to the disqualification action. The parties to a disqualification action is the party filing the motion to disqualify and the judge sought to be disqualified. If the judge does not oppose they must leave the case.

Giordani not only filed the opposition to Kim's motion to disqualify the transcript Exhibit E shows that Giordani argued for it and stated a jurisdictional argument against Kim's motion to disqualify. See page 5 lines 10-17 of Exhibit E.

THE TRANSCRIPT OF JANUARY 8 2019 SHOWS THAT PROSECUTOR KELLY GIORDANI WAS ACTIVELY INVOLVED IN THE PROSECUTION AGAINST KIM

Kim has a certified copy of the transcript of January 8, 2019 for the case mentioned above this was filed as a supplement to the appeal in district court. This is attached as Exhibit E. Here

Prosecutor Giordani admits she filed an opposition.

Again, if prosecutor Giordani was impartial she could have dropped the prosecution in the case in 2019.

Judge Giordani demonstrated that she wished to prosecute Kim and with this Feb 18 hearing showed that she wishes to be a prosecutor judge against Kim and give Kim only an appearance of being an impartial judge. The deep seated antagonism could not be hidden as Giordani refused to let Kim make a complete record and even ask to continue the matter pending a motion to disqualify. Any impartial judge would say something akin to this at that hearing

Mr. Blandino with the issues you bring up as to you moving to disqualify me and that I was a prosecutor against you some years ago, I will continue this matter for 10 days since I just notified you today that I was assigning myself to this case. Obviously according to case law once a motion to disqualify is filed and served upon me I can not act in the case while the motion to disqualify is pending

The very fact that Giordani did not do this itself points to bias and Giordani's desire to be partial against Kim. Any average judge would have continued the matter. Yet Giordani doubled down and set the matter for pretrial on March 18, 2026 .

**KIM HAD ONE OR MORE CONVERSATIONS OUTSIDE THE COURTROOM
WHERE GIORDANI DEMONSTRATED DEEP SEATED ANTAGONISM AND BIAS
AGAINST KIM AND HIS RELIGIOUS BELIEFS AND PRACTICES**

Kim had one or more conversations outside the courtroom where Kim told prosecutor Giordani that she would run for judge and win because she was so pretty. That God gave Kim to see this future with Giordani and this future was proven true as Giordani is judge. During the conversation Kim could see that prosecutor Giordani had deep seated bias and antagonism toward Kim in her eyes.

Kim had verbal interchanges with prosecutor Walker and Cory and these interchanges were much different. Kim could tell that Walker and Cory were just doing the job and no such antagonism or bias was present in them and were polite and respectful.

Kim indicated to prosecutor Giordani that she should have babies and not be a judge since Kim knew the Code requires:

"Rule 2.1. Giving Precedence to the Duties of Judicial Office. The duties of judicial office, as prescribed by law, shall take precedence over all of a judge's personal and extrajudicial activities.

COMMENT

[1] To ensure that judges are available to fulfill their judicial duties, judges must **conduct their personal** and extrajudicial activities to minimize the risk of conflicts that would result in frequent disqualification. See Canon 3.

[2] Although it is not a duty of judicial office unless prescribed by law, judges are **encouraged to participate in activities that promote public understanding of and confidence in the justice system.**

Ai query indicates that Judge Giordani has at least one child a son and Kim's religious beliefs and insight indicates that Giordani is neglecting her duty and duties as a mother and wife because of rule 2.1 to some or greater degree. Only Giordani knows the extent of her neglect for her child or children and for that matter neglecting the importance of her marriage.

As many in the court system know Kim must speak and write as the holy spirit gives Kim to speak and write:

Luke 12:11 NIV When you are brought before synagogues, rulers and authorities, do not worry about how you will defend yourselves or what you will say, ¹² for the Holy Spirit will teach you at that time what you should say."

Giordani needs to resign being a judge and take care of her children and make more babies or adopt if that is not possible and fulfill a role that God set for her and not be neglectful of any of

her children. Kim's ex wife did not work outside the home as raising children is not a job that should be contracted out. Kim takes raising and protecting of children very seriously.

Kim prays that Giordani will see that being a full time wife and mother is the most fulfilling role and that it would be so beneficial to all that she resign to fulfill this most important role

A case in point of the collision between judge and caretaker or mother is Valorie Vega and the discipline imposed on her. See Exhibit F attached (**FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER IMPOSING DISCIPLINE**) Valorie Vega was disciplined for **not** putting her daughter second to her judicial duties. The NCJD stated:

"That during the course of the retrial of Case Number 08-C-249790 described herein, you recessed court in the early afternoon on approximately six (6) occasions; specifically, on or about November 29, December 1, December 6, December 8, 17 December 13 and December 15, 2010; **that you did so to enable you to attend your daughter's high school soccer games.**

Valorie Vega should have resigned as judge so as not to neglect her daughter and her welfare.

Justice Abbi Silver is quite a contrast to the selfishness of Vega and Giordani. An Ai query shows that Abbi Silver resigned so as to take care of her husband in 2022. This is from Grok.

Yes, Nevada Supreme Court Justice Abbi Silver (often spelled "Abbi Silver") resigned in August 2022 to care for her husband, who was diagnosed with ALS (Lou Gehrig's disease). At the time of her resignation announcement, she cited "unforeseen circumstances" and a desire to spend more time with her family in her letter to Gov. Steve Sisolak. She stepped down effective September 29, 2022, after nearly four years on the high court. She had previously served as a judge at every level of Nevada's judiciary: Las Vegas Municipal Court (elected 2003), Las Vegas Justice Court (2006), Clark County District Court (2008 and reelected 2014), and the Nevada Court of Appeals before her Supreme Court appointment in 2019. Subsequent reports (including a 2025 lawsuit she filed) clarified that her husband, Kirk Jaster, was diagnosed with ALS in February 2022, and she resigned specifically to care for him amid his illness. Jaster passed away in September 2024 from complications of ALS. In September 2025, Silver sued the now-defunct alkaline water company Real Water, alleging its product (which was recalled for containing a toxin) caused or contributed to his ALS and death. This

aligns with her public statements and court filings emphasizing family caregiving as a key reason for leaving the bench. No other prominent Nevada figure named Abby/Abby Silver appears tied to a similar resignation story. If this relates to your ongoing court matters (e.g., context on judicial backgrounds or family priorities in Nevada courts), let me know for more details!

This was and is admirable and noble. Had Silver stayed on the bench she would have been in conflict with the Code. God does reward integrity and unselfishness that Abbi demonstrated.

Kim points out because the holy spirit prompts Kim to write this. Kim can now see God's purpose in the series of events that brought this wrongful charge then assigned to Walker who wrongfully disqualified himself and then brought to Giordani's court so that Kim could plead for Giordani's children and potential children. You Giordani must resign your judicial office as soon as possible and take care of your loved ones. Judge Andres Tobiasson ("Tobiasson") committed suicide because she rejected God's prompting and committed a crime only one rung short of murder. That being self murder.

Kim saw Tobiasson at the Omlet House after attorney Bill Terry had left her defense of NCJD charges and tried to talk sense to Tobiasson. Yet she closed her ears. God had choreographed this meeting before Tobiasson committed suicide.

Both judge Tobiasson and Judge Michelle Leavitt have had trouble with their children. An AI Grok query shows this:

"Yes, two Nevada state court judges—Melanie Andress-Tobiasson (former Las Vegas Justice of the Peace) and Michelle Leavitt (Clark County District Court Judge)—faced public scrutiny and controversy involving their daughters' alleged connections to prostitution and related issues in Las Vegas around 2015–2018. These matters were widely reported in local media (e.g., Nevada Current, Las Vegas Review-Journal, KLAS-TV) and tied into broader scandals involving alleged underage sex trafficking, pimping, and judicial ethics probes. Here's a breakdown: Melanie Andress-Tobiasson (often referred to as Melanie Tobiasson)

- Her teenage daughter (Sarah, then 16) began frequenting and briefly working at a hip-hop clothing store called Top Knotch (or Top Notch), which

- Tobiasson alleged was a front for an unlicensed club involving underage drinking, drugs, and prostitution.
- Tobiasson claimed a pimp named Shane Valentine attempted to recruit her daughter into his prostitution ring. She reported this to police (LVMPD Vice), but felt they were unresponsive or corrupt.
- This led Tobiasson to personally investigate, including staking out locations, threatening Valentine, and allegedly interfering in related cases (e.g., a 2016 double homicide at Top Knotch where Valentine was a person of interest).
- The situation escalated into ethics complaints against her by the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline (charges filed around 2018–2020), accusing her of abusing judicial prestige, allowing family interests to influence her conduct, and improper involvement in investigations.
- Tobiasson went public in 2018 (e.g., KLAS-TV interview), alleging pimps targeted daughters of judges and law enforcement. She resigned in 2021 to settle the ethics probe (avoiding a full hearing) and died by suicide in 2023. Michelle Leavitt (Clark County District Court Judge)
- Her daughter (Morgan Leavitt, also known as Morgan Fitzpatrick or Morgan Leavitt-Fitzpatrick) was reportedly involved with the same alleged pimp, Shane Valentine, and connected to the Top Knotch scene.
- Reports (e.g., Nevada Current 2018 article) described Morgan as part of Valentine's "stable" (group of women in prostitution), including her testifying in a domestic violence case involving Valentine (where she alleged being beaten).
- This connection was raised in a 2018–2019 criminal case (Marlon Brown trial, where Leavitt presided), with defense attorneys alleging bias due to her daughter's ties to Valentine (who knew Brown) and a related domestic violence incident. Leavitt later recused herself from a related matter citing "appearance of impropriety."
- Leavitt and her family (including brother Andrew Leavitt) denied or called the allegations "blatantly false and defamatory." No formal judicial discipline resulted directly from the daughter issues, though Leavitt had a prior 2015 public reprimand for unrelated conduct (improperly jailing someone). Both cases overlapped around the Top Knotch/Valentine ring, with Tobiasson publicly referencing Leavitt's daughter in interviews and police memos (warning that pimps targeted judges' kids). These were high-profile Las Vegas stories involving sex trafficking concerns, but also led to significant backlash against the judges for how they handled (or publicized) family matters."

Therefore, Kim pleads that Giordani not neglect her children and the God given role that she has been given. It is much better to resign now and do that most important job as full time wife and

mother. Please Giordani do not end up with troubled and wayward children and a suffering soul.

"What good is it for someone to gain the whole world, yet forfeit their soul? ³⁷ Or what can anyone give in exchange for their soul?"

At present Giordani because Kim holds and held this position of deep seated antagonism toward Kim and/or the risk of bias is too great because of your vindictive prosecution of Kim must not challenge this motion to disqualify and let this case be transferred at the very least. However, should Giordani immediately resign and do her full duty to her family then the Angels in Heaven will rejoice as they most likely did when Abbi chose to resign to take care of her husband and leave her judgeship behind. Kim knows that Giordani's conscience must trouble her for neglecting her family. Please Giordani fulfill your God given duties.

Kim still has to file for an extraordinary writ petition to challenge Walker's disqualification so the case will go back to Walker as Kim's family Court Case went back to Ritchie in 2001 when Kim had mandamus granted.

This deep seated antagonism and/or bias of the past being carried into the future as seen in the Feb 18, hearing is obvious. Kim has no resentment nor hatred of Giordani and wishes her well and that she will do the most right and decent thing.

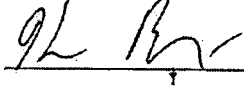
CONCLUSION

Kim pleads that Giordani will take care of her child and children to be and resign her judgeship and do the most important job in the world that of wife and full time mother. If done you would not in any way regret this decision.

Yet in any event Giordani cannot proceed forward in this case against Kim and must be disqualified at the least Giordani must allow the case this case to be transferred pending a reviewing court ordering Walker back on the case as originally assigned.

In the alternative such other relief as is proper and just must be done.

DATED this 24th day of February, 2026.



Kim Blandino
C/O 441 N 16th
Las Vegas Nevada 89101
702 219-5657
Kim,43792@earthlink.net

Asseveration which is equivalent to Unsworn Declaration in lieu of an affidavit in support of Motion to Disqualify under NRS 1.235

I Kim Blandino state under penalty of perjury that I am over 70 years of age (outside the womb) and have read the foregoing and the same is true and correct except as to those matters of belief and belief and as to those matters Kim believes them to be true. And that:

I Kim Blandino do hereby declare under penalty of perjury that this filing is filed in good faith and is not:

(d) Interposed for delay;

(e) Intended to harass a judge; or

(f) Filed for the purpose of :

(3) Unnecessarily increasing the costs of litigation; or

(4) Attempting prosecution

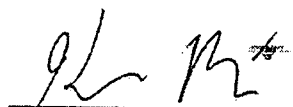
1. That this filing is not made to vex, harass, delay or made in bad faith nor for any improper purpose. Anyone saying any differently is lying through their teeth.

2. That any and all exhibits are true and correct and authentic according to FRE 901 and the state rules of evidence.

3. Kim prepared this at breakneck speed and would ask that any spelling and or grammar issues are excuse

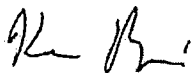
I declare under penalty of perjury that I have read the foregoing and the same is true and correct.

DATED this 24th day of February, 2026.


KIM BLANDINO PRO SE #363075
C/O 441 N 16TH ST
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
(702) 219-5657
No Fax
Kim43792@earthlink.net

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY certify that service of the MOTION TO DISQUALIFY JUDGE GIORDANI
IN ACCORD WITH NRS 1.230, 1.25 AND/OR RULE 2.11 IN OF THE NEVADA
REVISED CODE OF JUDICIAL CONDUCT (REASONABLE MINDS WOULD
QUESTION STANDARD)AND/OR Rippo v. Baker, 580 U.S. 285, 137 S. Ct. 905, 197 L. Ed.
2d 376 (2017) (RISK OF BIAS STANDARD) AND/OR (THE DEEP SEATED
ANTAGONISM STANDARD) was accomplished on February 24, 2026 by delivering a copy
to:



Kim Blandino
C/O 441 N 16th
Las Vegas Nevada 89101
702 219-5657
Kim 43792@earthlink.net

EXHIBIT A

EXHIBIT A

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

KIM BLANDINO,

Petitioner,

vs.

THE EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT
COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA,
IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF
CLARK, AND THE HONORABLE T.
ARTHUR RITCHIE, JR., DISTRICT
JUDGE, FAMILY COURT DIVISION,

Respondents.

ORDER GRANTING PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDAMUS

Kim Blandino, through this proper person petition for a writ of mandamus or prohibition, challenges Judge Ritchie's refusal of himself in the underlying family court case. In response to this court's October 10, 2001 order, Judge Ritchie has filed an answer giving his reasons for refusing himself. Having considered the petition, answer and other documents submitted by the parties,¹ we conclude that our intervention is warranted.

As a general rule, judges have a duty to preside over matters assigned to them to the conclusion of all proceedings, absent a statute, court rule, ethical standard or other compelling reason to the contrary.² A judge is presumed to be impartial, and here, Judge Ritchie asserts that he is in fact impartial. Judge Ritchie recused himself "[t]o avoid the appearance of impartiality and implied bias."

Judge Ritchie's first reason is derived from the Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct's directive, in Canon 2, that "a judge shall avoid impartiality and the appearance of impartiality in all of the judge's

Although petitioner was not granted leave to file papers in proper person, see NRAP 46(b), we have considered all documents received from petitioner.

²Las Vegas Downtown Redevelopment, 116 Nev. 640, 5 P.3d 1059 (2000); Ham v. District Court, 93 Nev. 409, 566 P.2d 420 (1977); NCJC Canon 3(B)(1).

61-21127

DEC 17 2001

FILED

JANETTE M. BLOOM
CLERK OF SUPREME COURT
CHIEF DEPUTY CLERK

No. 38531

activities." However, we have held that NCJC Canon 2 does not in and of itself serve as grounds for a judge's disqualification.³ Instead, we must consider whether there are grounds to disqualify the judge under NCJC Canon 3(E)(1).⁴

NCJC Canon 3(E)(1) requires that a judge disqualify himself "in a proceeding in which the judge's impartiality might reasonably be questioned," such as when the judge has a personal bias or prejudice concerning a party or a party's lawyer, or personal knowledge of disputed facts, or has served as a lawyer or material witness in the matter, or has a specific conflict from which bias may be implied. The Commentary explains that a judge is disqualified whenever the judge's impartiality might reasonably be questioned, regardless whether any of the specific rules in Canon 3E(1) apply. The Commentary further explains that a judge should disclose on the record information that the judge believes the parties or their lawyers might reasonably consider relevant to the question of disqualification, even if the judge believes there is no real basis for disqualification. Here, none of the specific rules in Canon 3(E)(1) apply. Judge Ritchie states that he is impartial, and no party has questioned his impartiality—even after he disclosed that he had heard unfavorable comments about Blandino. There is no basis for disqualification under NCJC Canon 3(E)(1).

Judge Ritchie's second reason is derived from NRS 1.230(2), which disqualifies a judge for implied bias if the judge (a) is a party to or interested in the matter, (b) is related to a party, (c) has represented a party in the matter, or (d) is related to a party's attorney, and NRS 1.230(3), which permits a judge to disqualify himself for implied bias. However, Judge Ritchie has not identified any reason for implying bias under the statute.

Given the lack of grounds for disqualification, Judge Ritchie's sworn statement that he has no personal bias against Blandino, and Blandino's request that the case be returned to Judge Ritchie because he is in fact objective and impartial, we perceive no reason why Judge Ritchie cannot or should not preside over the matter. Accordingly, since Blandino

³Las Vegas Downtown Redev., 116 Nev. at 644, 5 P.3d at 1061-62.

⁴Id. at 644, 5 P.3d at 1062.

has no other plain, speedy and adequate remedy at law, we grant his petition. The clerk of the court shall issue a writ of mandamus compelling Judge Ritchie to preside over the district court proceedings.⁵

It is so ORDERED.⁶

Young J.
Young

Agosti J.
Agosti

Leavitt J.
Leavitt

cc: Hon. T. Arthur Ritchie Jr., District Judge, Family Court Division
Clark County District Attorney
Kim Blandino
Peter J. Bellon
Clark County Clerk

⁵We vacate the administrative order assigning this case to Judge Papez.

⁶We deny petitioner's motions for other relief. We decline to publish our decision in this matter. Because the filing fee was waived, petitioner's motion to proceed in forma pauperis is moot. The motion to expedite is also moot. Finally, the motion for visitation should be addressed to the district court.

EXHIBIT B

EXHIBIT B

1 CASE NO.

2 DEPT NO.

FILED

JAN 23 1987

3
4 IN THE EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF
5 NEVADA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF CLARK
6

7 KIM BLANDINO,

8 PETITIONER,

9 vs.

10 JUDGE WILLIAM JANSEN

11 JUSTICE COURT DEPT. 5

12 RESPONDENT.

WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

13
14 The District Court of the State of Nevada to the
15 Justice Court of Las Vegas Township County of Clark Dept 5
16 and to the Honorable William Jansen Judge thereof,
17 GREETING:

18 WHEREAS, the petitioner in the above entitled action
19 having duly filed its Petition for a Writ of Habeas Corpus, with
20 points, authorities and allegations before this Court on
21 the ____ day of JAN 23 1987, 19____, Petitioner alleges
22 you have not transferred the matter of reckless driving and
23 unlawful use of drivers license case 2380-86t to another
24 dept of court or to request another justice to proceed
25 with the matter as required by N.R.S. 1.235.

26 NOW, THEREFORE, we, being willing that justice
27 should be done in this behalf to petitioner, do command
28

29

30

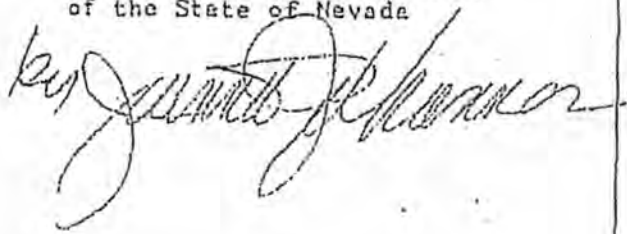
31



1 you to proceed no further with the above-mentioned matters
2 or any other matters surrounding the petitioner or
3 connected to this case and to transfer to another dept.
4 of the court or to request the judge of another court to
5 preside at any further hearings about the above-mentioned
6 charges, case no. 238D-86t, Or in the alternative to
7 appear before this Court with this writ on the 9TH day
8 of Feb 1987 and show cause why this matter
9 should not be transferred to another Dept. of the court or
10 another judge be requested by you to hear this matter.

11 ~~this matter on the _____ day of _____, 1987~~ 
12 WITNESS the Honorable EABLE W. WHITE, JR.
13 Justice of the Eighth Judicial District Court of the State
14 of Nevada in and for the County of Clark and attested by
15 my hand and seal this _____ day of JAN 23 1987, 19_____.

16 **LORETTA BOWMAN**
17 Clerk of the district Court
18 of the State of Nevada

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CERTIFIED COPY
DOCUMENT ATTACHED IS A
TRUE AND CORRECT COPY
OF THE ORIGINAL ON FILE
Sherrill S. Spenser
CLERK OF THE COURT

JUL 24 2010

EXHIBIT C

EXHIBIT C

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**LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

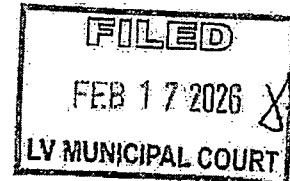
CITY OF LAS VEGAS,
Plaintiff,

vs.

KIM BLANDINO
ID # 0363075

Defendant,

CASE NO. 26-005437
DEPT.: 1



**ORDER DISQUALIFYING JUDGE WALKER AND ASSIGNING THE
MATTER TO CHIEF JUDGE FOR FURTHER CALENDARING**

The above captioned matter was brought before this court for arraignment on February 10, 2026. The Plaintiff, City of Las Vegas, was represented by Deputy City Attorney Christopher Jones, and the Defendant, Kim Blandino (hereinafter the Defendant) appeared pro se.

The Court advised both parties that while it did not harbor any actual bias or prejudice concerning the defendant, that it had previously represented the City of Las Vegas in a criminal prosecution against the Defendant which proceeded to trial resulting in the Defendant's conviction.

The Court further noted that the Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct Rule 2.11 requires that "a judge shall disqualify himself or herself in any proceeding in which the judge's impartiality might reasonably be questioned";

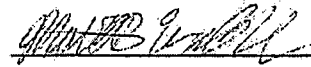
THE COURT HEREBY FINDS that its impartiality might reasonably be questioned given its prior prosecution of the Defendant;

///

///

1 THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that pursuant to the Nevada Code
2 of Judicial Conduct Rule 2.11, Judge Walker is disqualified from hearing this matter
3 and the matter shall be reassigned to Chief Judge Giordani for further calendaring.
4

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6 DATED this 17th day of February, 2026
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10 JUDGE MATTHEW WALKER
11 LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT, Dept. 1
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EXHIBIT D

EXHIBIT D

Case Docket Search



Las Vegas Municipal Court
100 E. Clark Ave.
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
38-COURT (702-382-6878)

Mailing Address:
P.O. Box 3920
Las Vegas, Nevada 89127

DOCKET

THE CITY OF LAS VEGAS

Plaintiff,

vs.

KIM BLANDINO

Defendant

Case Number: **X01152672**
History Number: **65295**
SCOPE: **0363075**
Violation Date: **3/8/2018**
Case Status: **CLOSED**
Status Date: **6/18/2019**
Next Court Date: **N/A**

Case Proceeding

Date	Proceeding
4/23/2018 8:00 AM	Dept 1 19 Counters - Translation
4/23/2018 8:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 04/23/2018 08:00 - 19 Counters - Arraignment
5/3/2018 2:35 PM	Scheduled: Dept 1 05/03/2018 14:35 - - Arraignment
5/3/2018 2:35 PM	Dept 1 - Translation
6/4/2018 8:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 06/04/2018 08:00 - 19 Counters - Arraignment
6/4/2018 8:00 AM	Dept 1 19 Counters - Translation
6/11/2018 10:00 AM	Dept 1 - Translation
6/11/2018 10:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 06/11/2018 10:00 - - Arraignment
7/25/2018 9:00 AM	Dept 1 Trial - Traffic - Translation
7/25/2018 9:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 07/25/2018 09:00 - Trial - Traffic - Trial
8/27/2018 11:29 AM	Miscellaneous: MOTION TO DISMISS Submitted by Defendant
8/28/2018 9:00 AM	Dept 1 Trial - Traffic - Translation
8/28/2018 9:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 08/28/2018 09:00 - Trial - Traffic - Trial
8/28/2018 9:40 AM	Correction: MOTIONS DENIED
8/28/2018 1:58 PM	Miscellaneous: EMERGENCY NOTICE OF CORRECTION Submitted by Defendant

2/11/26, 7:36 PM

City of Las Vegas > Government > Municipal Court > Case Docket Search

Date	Proceeding
8/29/2018 7:24 AM	Miscellaneous: EMERGENCY MOTION TO DISQUALIFY JUDGE FEDERICO Submitted by Defendant
9/11/2018 8:00 AM	Dept 1 Motion - Translation
9/11/2018 8:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 09/11/2018 08:00 - Motion - Motion
9/13/2018 8:58 AM	Miscellaneous: OPPOSITION Submitted by City Attorney CORY, JOHN Bar# 13089
9/18/2018 8:13 AM	Miscellaneous: 2nd notice of Appeal Submitted by Defendant
9/26/2018 12:18 PM	Miscellaneous: DEMAND THE COURT COMPLY Submitted by Defendant
9/26/2018 12:19 PM	Miscellaneous: DEMAND ISSUE PROPER JUDGEMENT Submitted by Defendant
9/27/2018 2:35 PM	Dept 1 - Translation
9/27/2018 2:35 PM	Scheduled: Dept 1 09/27/2018 14:35 - - Execution of Judgement
10/3/2018 11:12 AM	Miscellaneous: MTN TO ESTEND TIME TO RESPOND Submitted by City Attorney CHAPMAN, TRISHA Bar# 12716
10/3/2018 2:44 PM	* MOTION TO EXTEND TIME TO RESPOND
10/10/2018 8:17 AM	Correction: MOTION TO CONTINUE BY CA GRANTED
10/29/2018 2:41 PM	Miscellaneous: CITYS OPPO TO EMERG MOTION Submitted by City Attorney CHAPMAN, TRISHA Bar# 12716
11/6/2018 8:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 11/06/2018 08:00 - Motion - Motion
11/6/2018 8:00 AM	Dept 1 Motion - Translation
12/6/2018 8:00 AM	Dept 1 19 Counters - Translation
12/6/2018 8:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 12/06/2018 08:00 - 19 Counters - Execution of Judgement
12/10/2018 2:35 PM	Scheduled: Dept 1 12/10/2018 14:35 - - Execution of Judgement
12/10/2018 2:35 PM	Dept 1 - Translation
1/8/2019 8:21 AM	Miscellaneous: OPP TO DEF MOTION TO DISQUALIFY Submitted by City Attorney GIORDANI, KELLY Bar# 12072
1/8/2019 8:27 AM	Correction: MOTION TO DISQUALIFY HEARING COMMISSIONER
1/8/2019 2:35 PM	Scheduled: Dept 1 01/08/2019 14:35 - - Status Check
1/8/2019 2:35 PM	Dept 1 - Translation
1/23/2019 8:30 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 01/23/2019 08:30 - Status Check - Status Check
1/23/2019 8:30 AM	Dept 1 Status Check - Translation
1/23/2019 8:46 AM	Motion: Place on Calendar Denied
1/23/2019 8:47 AM	Correction: MOTION DENIED
1/23/2019 9:15 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 01/23/2019 09:15 - Motion - Motion

2/11/26, 7:36 PM

City of Las Vegas > Government > Municipal Court > Case Docket Search

Date	Proceeding
1/23/2019 9:15 AM	Dept 1 Motion - Translation
3/26/2019 8:43 AM	Motion to Place on Calendar Submitted by City Attorney CHAPMAN, TRISHA Bar# 12716
4/4/2019 10:47 AM	Miscellaneous: MOT TO DISQUALIFY HEARING COMMISSIONER Submitted by Defendant
4/8/2019 8:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 04/08/2019 08:00 - Motion - Motion
4/8/2019 8:00 AM	Dept 1 Motion - Translation
4/8/2019 8:49 AM	Motion: Place on Calendar Granted
4/8/2019 9:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 04/08/2019 09:00 - - Status Check
4/8/2019 9:00 AM	Dept 1 - Translation
5/9/2019 8:00 AM	Dept 1 Video/48 hr BH - Translation
5/9/2019 8:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 05/09/2019 08:00 - Video/48 hr BH - Status Check
5/9/2019 4:24 PM	Motion to Place on Calendar Submitted by Defendant
5/29/2019 10:41 AM	Warrant Issued
5/29/2019 10:41 AM	Warrant Issued
5/29/2019 10:41 AM	Warrant Issued
5/29/2019 10:42 AM	Warrant Issued
5/29/2019 10:42 AM	Warrant Issued
5/29/2019 10:42 AM	Reason for removing multiple calendared event: Motion-Filer No Show
6/6/2019 3:27 PM	Warrant Cancelled (ARRESTED)
6/6/2019 3:27 PM	Warrant Cancelled (ARRESTED)
6/10/2019 8:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 06/10/2019 08:00 - Video/48 hr BH - Status Check
6/10/2019 8:00 AM	Dept 1 Video/48 hr BH - Translation
6/10/2019 8:31 AM	ATTORNEY ASSIGNED: YANEZ, ABEL - BAR No 7566

Count 1

Original Violation	Current/Final Violation	Disposition	Disposed Date
Unlawful Use Of Cell Phone Or Handheld Device (Civil-484B.165)	Unlawful Use Of Cell Phone Or Handheld Device (Civil-484B.165)	Liabe	8/28/2018 12:00 AM
Date	Proceedings		
3/12/2018 7:53 AM	Charge Filed		
3/12/2018 7:53 AM	Case Created		
6/11/2018 12:00 AM	Plea Added - Not Guilty		

Date	Proceedings
8/28/2018 12:00 AM	Disposition: Uncontested - Civil Traffic Before Hearing Liable
9/5/2018 11:46 AM	Misdemeanor Appeal Form Filed Accepted

Count 2

Original Violation	Current/Final Violation	Disposition	Disposed Date
Driving Without Valid License (Traffic-10.02.010)	Driving Without Valid License (Traffic-10.02.010)	Found Guilty	8/28/2018 12:00 AM

Date	Proceedings
3/12/2018 7:53 AM	Charge Filed
3/12/2018 7:53 AM	Case Created
6/11/2018 12:00 AM	Plea Added - Not Guilty
8/28/2018 12:00 AM	Disposition: Before Trial Found Guilty
9/5/2018 11:46 AM	Misdemeanor Appeal Form Filed Accepted

Count 3

Original Violation	Current/Final Violation	Disposition	Disposed Date
No Nv Lic Plts W/In 30 Days Residency (Traffic-482.385)	No Nv Lic Plts W/In 30 Days Residency (Traffic-482.385)	Found Guilty	8/28/2018 12:00 AM

Date	Proceedings
3/12/2018 7:53 AM	Case Created
3/12/2018 7:53 AM	Charge Filed
6/11/2018 12:00 AM	Plea Added - Not Guilty
8/28/2018 12:00 AM	Disposition: Before Trial Found Guilty
9/5/2018 11:46 AM	Misdemeanor Appeal Form Filed Accepted

Count 4

Original Violation	Current/Final Violation	Disposition	Disposed Date
No Nevada Drivers Lic Within 30 Days (Civil-10.02.020)	No Nevada Drivers Lic Within 30 Days (Civil-10.02.020)	Liable	8/28/2018 12:00 AM

Date	Proceedings
3/12/2018 7:53 AM	Charge Filed
3/12/2018 7:53 AM	Case Created
6/11/2018 12:00 AM	Plea Added - Not Guilty

Date	Proceedings
8/28/2018 12:00 AM	Disposition: Uncontested - Civil Traffic Before Hearing Liable
9/5/2018 11:46 AM	Misdemeanor Appeal Form Filed Accepted

Count 5

Original Violation	Current/Final Violation	Disposition	Disposed Date
Operator - Proof of Insurance Required (Traffic-10.02.010)	Operator - Proof of Insurance Required (Traffic-10.02.010)	Found Guilty	8/28/2018 12:00 AM

Date	Proceedings
3/12/2018 7:53 AM	Case Created
3/12/2018 7:53 AM	Charge Filed
6/11/2018 12:00 AM	Plea Added - Not Guilty
8/28/2018 12:00 AM	Disposition: Before Trial Found Guilty
9/5/2018 11:46 AM	Misdemeanor Appeal Form Filed Accepted

Fines, Fees & Sentencing

Item Name	Due	Status/Paid	Balance	Completed Date
Fine	\$115.00	Imposed	0	6/10/2019
Fine	\$308.00	Imposed	0	6/10/2019
Fine	\$750.00	Imposed	0	6/10/2019
Fine	\$208.00	Imposed	0	6/10/2019
Fine	\$478.00	Imposed	0	6/10/2019
Jail (5 Days CTS)	5 - Days	Imposed	0	6/18/2019
Jail (5 Days CTS)	5 - Days	Imposed	0	6/18/2019
Jail (5 Days CTS)	5 - Days	Imposed	0	6/18/2019
Jail (5 Days CTS)	5 - Days	Imposed	0	6/18/2019
Jail (5 Days CTS)	5 - Days	Imposed	0	6/18/2019

EXHIBIT E

EXHIBIT E

Electronically Filed
01/29/2019

Heather S. Levin
CLERK OF THE COURT

**DISTRICT COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

CITY OF LAS VEGAS

)
PLAINTIFF,)

VS.)

BLANDINO, KIM DENNIS)

DEFENDANT.)
)

CASE: C-18-334876-A

DEPARTMENT: 2

DOCKET:

SUPPLEMENT TO APPEAL

2019 JAN 22 AM 7:08
cel
MUNICIPAL COURT
LAS VEGAS
FILED

MUNICIPAL COURT
LAS VEGAS, NEVADA

THE CITY OF LAS VEGAS) CASE NO. X01152672A/B/C/D/E
Plaintiff,) DEPT. 20
vs.)
KIM BLANDINO,)
Defendant.)

BEFORE THE HONORABLE SHANNON NORSTROM,
TRAFFIC COMMISSIONER

TRANSCRIPT RE: STATUS CHECK

JANUARY 8, 2010

APPEARANCES:

The Plaintiff: THE CITY OF LAS VEGAS
For the Plaintiff: KELLY GIORDANI, ESQ.
200 Lewis Avenue
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

The Defendant: KIM BLANDINO
Pro Se

1 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA

JANUARY 8, 2010

2
3 P R O C E E D I N G S
4

5 (AREAS INDISCERNIBLE DUE TO SIMULTANEOUS SPEAKING.)
6

7 THE CLERK: On record.

8 City versus Kim Blandino, Case No.

9 X01152672A/B/C/D and E.

10 THE DEFENDANT: Kim Blandino --

11 THE COURT: Thank you.

12 THE DEFENDANT: -- appearing pro se for Kim
13 Blandino.

14 I'd like to make note administratively that the
15 sign had alternate judge up there last time I was in this
16 courtroom, and now that it's been changed properly to
17 hearing commissioner.

18 THE COURT: Well, Sir, you know, it just so
19 happens that the hearing commissioner one took a little bit
20 longer to come in.

21 THE DEFENDANT: Okay.

22 THE COURT: So, that's all.

23 THE DEFENDANT: Um, can I --

24 THE COURT: So --

1 THE DEFENDANT: -- I --
2 THE COURT: No, I'm --
3 THE DEFENDANT: -- I understand that some --
4 THE COURT: -- I'm going to start. Thank you.
5 THE DEFENDANT: Okay.
6 THE COURT: So, Sir, you have a Motion to
7 Disqualify me as the hearing commissioner. I cannot hear a
8 Motion to Disqualify me.
9 THE DEFENDANT: True.
10 THE COURT: So your matter is going to be sent up
11 to Department 1 to be resolved up there.
12 THE DEFENDANT: And the two thirty-five, ah,
13 schedule that we have for today -- a two thirty-five, that's
14 vacated?
15 THE COURT: What's your two thirty-five for?
16 THE DEFENDANT: It was a status check.
17 MS. GIORDANI: And, Judge, I --
18 THE COURT: Well, that probably --
19 MS. GIORDANI: -- (indiscernible) --
20 THE COURT: -- related to the --
21 MS. GIORDANI: -- on appeal.
22 THE COURT: -- to the appeal.
23 What's the status of your appeal upstairs?
24 I recall --

1 THE DEFENDANT: They're -- they're still --
2 THE COURT: -- last time --
3 THE DEFENDANT: -- they're still waiting.
4 MS. GIORDANI: Judge, it's my --
5 THE COURT: Okay.
6 THE DEFENDANT: (Indiscernible) --
7 MS. GIORDANI: -- understanding --
8 THE DEFENDANT: -- (indiscernible) scuse.
9 MS. GIORDANI: -- he'll have a court date here
10 pretty soon.
11 He has yet to order transcripts, which is
12 something that needs to be taken care --
13 THE DEFENDANT: No, I did --
14 MS. GIORDANI: -- of upstairs.
15 THE DEFENDANT: -- the (indiscernible)
16 transcripts.
17 THE COURT: Please don't --
18 MS. GIORDANI: Okay.
19 THE COURT: -- argue with the City Attorney.
20 THE DEFENDANT: Just --
21 MS. GIORDANI: Ah --
22 THE DEFENDANT: -- correcting the record.
23 THE COURT: You can have a seat. Just have a
24 seat.

1 THE DEFENDANT: Okay.

2 THE COURT: Right there. You can sit at the
3 table.

4 Counsel, go ahead.

5 MS. GIORDANI: Judge, I have filed -- just to step
6 back a few -- I did file an opposition this morning. I will
7 provide a stamped copy -- they're still being stamped right
8 now -- to Mr. Blandino.

9 THE COURT: Okay.

10 MS. GIORDANI: Um, as The Court's aware, the five
11 cases, ah, before Your Honor, in reference to that Motion to
12 Disqualify, are currently on appeal.

13 So it is the City's position, which we will
14 reiterate upstairs now in Department 1, that This Court and
15 Department 1 lacks jurisdiction to hear this motion, um, as
16 the cases are currently up on appeal. However, I did
17 include an argument to all the points that were raised by --

18 THE COURT: Okay.

19 MS. GIORDANI: -- Mr. Blandino.

20 THE COURT: And that is why we put it out, because
21 it was still pending upstairs.

22 MS. GIORDANI: Yes --

23 THE COURT: But given --

24 MS. GIORDANI: -- it is.

1 THE COURT: -- the motion that has been filed, I
2 would not hear Mr. Blandino's matter until after the motion
3 is resolved in any event.

4 So, Mr. Blandino, your status check this afternoon
5 is vacated. You will be given notice when it is reset.

6 THE DEFENDANT: Can I just reply --

7 THE COURT: You're all done.

8 THE DEFENDANT: -- to what the City Attorney said?

9 THE COURT: No. She gave me a factual update on
10 the status of --

11 THE DEFENDANT: I need to enter --

12 THE COURT: -- what's --

13 THE DEFENDANT: -- an objection.

14 THE COURT: -- going on.

15 I -- I don't believe you do.

16 THE DEFENDANT: Well, I object to --

17 THE COURT: I don't believe you do.

18 THE DEFENDANT: -- you not being -- giving me time
19 to make a record.

20 THE COURT: Sir, this isn't even really a formal
21 hearing. Your -- I can't hear your motion. She verified
22 that your --

23 THE DEFENDANT: Oh, I understand that.

24 THE COURT: -- your appeal is still pending, so

1 there's nothing more really to talk about --

2 THE DEFENDANT: But I need to --

3 THE COURT: -- right now.

4 THE DEFENDANT: -- object to what she represented.

5 Every time there's a -- it goes in threes. There's the --

6 the moving party and then we have a response and then have a

7 reply. And if you're not going to allow me to make a reply

8 --

9 THE COURT: This --

10 THE DEFENDANT: -- I think that's not -- not

11 proper.

12 THE COURT: Sir, you just made your reply.

13 THE DEFENDANT: I want it directly to the points

14 that she made.

15 THE COURT: Was there something she said that's

16 inaccurate? Is your appeal still not -- is it not pending

17 right now?

18 THE DEFENDANT: She said that I had not -- I had

19 not ordered the transcript.

20 (MS. GIORDANI HANDS DOCUMENTATION TO DEFENDANT.)

21 And I did demand a transcript (indiscernible) to

22 the statute. So to use a term of art --

23 THE COURT: Well, it hasn't --

24 THE DEFENDANT: -- it's ordered --

1 THE COURT: -- been submitted yet. So the
2 information --
3 THE DEFENDANT: Okay. Then that's --
4 THE COURT: -- she has --
5 THE DEFENDANT: -- correct. Then that's --
6 THE COURT: -- is that there --
7 THE DEFENDANT: -- actually correct.
8 THE COURT: -- is no transcript filed at this
9 time.
10 THE DEFENDANT: That's true.
11 THE COURT: The bottom line, Sir, is your appeal
12 is still pending.
13 THE DEFENDANT: True.
14 THE COURT: So there will be no hearing today.
15 THE DEFENDANT: True.
16 THE COURT: Okay. We are done.
17 THE DEFENDANT: Okay.
18 THE COURT: Thank you.
19 THE DEFENDANT: Thank you.
20 THE COURT: You're welcome.
21 MS. GIORDANI: This one's for you.
22 May I give this to you, Judge? This one --
23 THE COURT: Uh-huh.
24 MS. GIORDANI: -- will just be with the file.

1 This is that opposition that I just served upon Mr.
2 Blandino.

3 (DEFENDANT EXITS COURTROOM.)

4 THE COURT: Ah, all right.

5 There you go (indiscernible).

6 (THE COURT HANDS DOCUMENTATION TO COURT CLERK.)

7
8 * * * * *

9
10 ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and
11 correctly transcribed the video proceedings in the above-
12 entitled case to the best of my ability.

13 /s/CHARLENE BARRA
14 TRANSCRIPTIONIST
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CERTIFIED COPY
DOCUMENT ATTACHED IS A
TRUE AND CORRECT COPY
OF THE ORIGINAL ON FILE

Cheryl A. Barrera
CLERK OF THE COURT

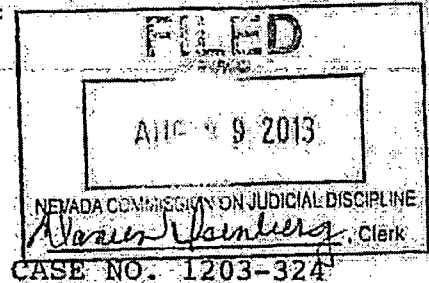
APR - 1 2019

EXHIBIT F

EXHIBIT F

1 BEFORE THE NEVADA COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL DISCIPLINE

2 STATE OF NEVADA



4 In The Matter of the)
5)
6 HONORABLE VALORIE VEGA,)
7 DISTRICT COURT JUDGE,)
8 County of Clark,)
9 State of Nevada,)
Respondent.)

10 FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER
11 IMPOSING DISCIPLINE

12 Pursuant to prior written notice, the above-entitled
13 matter came on for public (formal) hearing (hereinafter "the
14 hearing") in Las Vegas Nevada, pursuant to NRS 1.467(3)(C) and
15 Commission Rule 18 on February 11, 2013, before the Nevada
16 Commission on Judicial Discipline (hereinafter "the
17 Commission"). Mary E. Boetsch, Esq., served as Special Counsel
18 to the Commission and was present. The Respondent, the
19 Honorable Valorie Vega (hereinafter "the Respondent") appeared
20 and was represented by James J. Jimmerson, Esq., and James M.
21 Jimmerson, Esq., who were present.

22
23 At the hearing the Special Counsel and Respondent's
24 Counsel presented a Stipulation regarding disposition of a
25 Complaint against the Respondent, as well as an Amended
26 Statement of Formal Charges, both of which had previously been
27 filed with the Commission. The Stipulation eliminated the need
28 for a contested hearing.

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A. Preface

I. On February 5, 2013 Special Counsel, Mary E. Boetsch, Esq., and the Respondent, personally and through her Counsel, James J. Jimmerson, Esq., and James M. Jimmerson, Esq., entered into a written Stipulation which was filed with the Commission. In that Stipulation, the Respondent admitted to the factual allegations contained in Counts One and Two of the Amended Statement of Formal Charges which had been filed with the Commission. The Amended Statement of Formal Charges alleges:

COUNT ONE

1. That at all times relevant hereto, you were the District Court Judge assigned to Department Two of the Eighth Judicial District Court of Clark County, Nevada.

2. That in that capacity you presided over the trial of Victor O. Fakoya, Case Number 08-C-249790, an individual charged with First Degree Murder in the death of a child; that this trial ended on or about March 10, 2010, with a mistrial due to a hung jury.

3. That you thereafter presided over the retrial of Mr. Fakoya, who remained in custody during the pendency of these charges; that the retrial began on or about November 8, 2010; and ended with a jury acquittal on or about December 17, 2010.

4. That in the course of the retrial, you required the jury, the attorneys and staff to conduct proceedings for a continuous period of time from approximately 1:12 p.m. on

December 16, 2010 until the jury returned with its verdict at approximately 6:57 a.m. December 17, 2010; that you did so for various reasons, including but not limited to, your personal schedule, and thus, you were not courteous to the individuals involved at trial.

5. That your conduct as described herein constitutes a violation of Rule 2.8, of the Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct.

COUNT TWO

6. That the allegations in paragraphs 1 through 5 are incorporated herein by reference as though fully set forth herein.

7. That during the course of the retrial of Case Number 08-C-249790 described herein, you recessed court in the early afternoon on approximately six (6) occasions; specifically, on or about November 29, December 1, December 6, December 8, December 13 and December 15, 2010; that you did so to enable you to attend your daughter's high school soccer games.

8. That your conduct as described herein constitutes a violation of Rule 2.8 of the Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct.

II. In the Stipulation the Respondent specifically acknowledged and agreed that her conduct as set forth in the Amended Statement of Formal Charges, and stated above, constituted clear and convincing evidence that she violated the named provision of the Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct and that the evidence supported the imposition of discipline by the Commission.

1 III. In the Stipulation the Respondent agreed to the
2 imposition of a public reprimand, a form of discipline
3 authorized by Article 6, Section 21(5) of the Nevada
4 Constitution and NRS 1.4294.

5 IV. The Respondent further agreed in the Stipulation
6 that by accepting the terms of the Stipulation, she waived her
7 right to appeal to the Nevada Supreme Court pursuant to Rule 3D
8 of the Nevada Rules of Appellate Procedure all issues, save and
9 except that she was permitted to appeal the propriety of any
10 discipline imposed which was more severe than the form of
11 discipline proposed by the Special Counsel and accepted by the
12 Respondent, as stated herein, after a mitigation and traverse
13 hearing before the Commission.
14

15 V. The Commission has considered the Stipulation
16 and respective statements proffered by the Special Counsel and
17 Counsel for the Respondent at the public hearing. After being
18 fully advised of its obligations and duties, the Commission
19 finds that the hearing was conducted according to the statutes,
20 rules and procedures required by law. Following private
21 deliberations, the Commission announced its unanimous decision
22 as to the appropriate sanction to be imposed which is
23 consistent with the terms of the Stipulation. The Commission
24 hereby issues the following Findings of Fact, Conclusions of
25 Law and Order Imposing Discipline pursuant to Commission Rules
26 27 and 28, and NRS 1.4673 and 1.4677.
27

28 ///

1 **B. FINDINGS OF FACT**

2 The Commission finds that the Stipulation establishes by
3 clear and convincing evidence each of the following facts:

4 1. The Respondent was, at all times applicable to
5 the events in this case, a District Court Judge of the Eighth
6 Judicial District Court, Clark County, Nevada. Therefore, the
7 Respondent was a judicial officer whose conduct was subject to
8 the provisions of the Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct, and

9 2. The Respondent violated the provision of the
10 Code of Judicial Conduct as stipulated in the Stipulation and
11 as specified in paragraph A (I), above.
12

13 **C. CONCLUSIONS OF LAW**

14 1. The Commission has both personal jurisdiction
15 over the Respondent and subject matter jurisdiction over the
16 violations of the Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct at issue in
17 the case.

18 2. The Commission unanimously concludes that the
19 Stipulation suffices as proof of violations of the Nevada Code
20 of Judicial Conduct in effect as of March 2010, as stated
21 herein.
22

23 3. The Respondent has waived her right to appeal to
24 the Nevada Supreme Court, as the form of discipline imposed is
25 not more severe than the form of discipline stipulated to by
26 the Respondent.

27 ///
28

1 **D. IMPOSITION OF DISCIPLINE**

2 The Commission concludes that the appropriate discipline
3 under Commission Rule 28 as to said violations shall be as
4 follows:

5 By unanimous vote of the Commission, pursuant to
6 subsections 5(a) and (b) of Article 6, Section 21 of the
7 Constitution of the State of Nevada, the version of NRS 1.4653
8 (2) in effect on the dates in question, and Commission Rule 28,
9 the Respondent be, and she hereby is, publically reprimanded
10 for having committed the acts as specified in the Stipulation
11 and fully set forth above.
12

13 **E. ORDER**

14 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED by unanimous vote of Commissioners
15 Chairman Doug Jones, Judge Jerome Polaha, Judge Richard Wagner,
16 Karl Armstrong, Wayne Chimarusti, May Lau and Gary Vause that
17 the Respondent should be and hereby is publically reprimanded
18 for violations of Current Rule 2.8 of the Nevada Code of
19 Judicial Conduct.
20

21 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED by unanimous vote that the Chairman
22 is authorized to sign this document on behalf of all voting
23 Commissioners.

24 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED pursuant to the consent of the
25 Respondent, that the Executive Director of the Judicial
26 Discipline Commission take the necessary steps to file this
27
28

document in the appropriate records of the Commission and with
the Clerk of the Nevada Supreme Court.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Clerk's Certificate of
Mailing, found below, shall constitute the notice of the Entry
of this document pursuant to Commission Rule 34; and the
Clerk shall promptly serve it on the Respondent's Counsel and
the Special Counsel.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED this 29th day of August 2013.

NEVADA COMMISSION ON
JUDICIAL DISCIPLINE
P. O. Box 48
Carson City, Nevada 89702

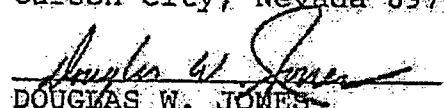

DOUGLAS W. JONES
COMMISSION CHAIRMAN

EXHIBIT 2

EMOT
KIM BLANDINO PECULIAR PRO SE
Nevada Bar No. None
C/O 441 N. 16th St
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
(702) 219-5657
No Fax
Kim43792@earthlink.net

FILED

MAR 09 2026

LV MUNICIPAL COURT

LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CITY OF LAS VEGAS

Plaintiff,

Case No. 26-005437

Dept. No. 6

-VS-

3/19/2026 9:30am

KIM BLANDINO

Defendant

EMERGENCY MOTION TO VACATE THE ORDER OF MARCH
2,2026 BY JUDGE GIORDANI AS VOID AND TO REOPEN CASE AS ORIGINALLY
MOTIONED FOR

COMES NOW Kim Blandino ("Kim") listed as Defendant appearing specially and not generally who under threat of a Bench warrant appeared in Las Vegas Municipal Court Department 1 Matthew Walker ("Walker") presiding ON Feb. 10, 2026. Kim appeared by special appearance because of a green colored post card that Kim received in the U.S Mail at C/O 441 N16th Street L.V. Nv. 89101. The video of this hearing is at published by Our Nevada Judges ("ONJ") at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o69qTuWdZ-I&t=189s> Kim was set for a calendaring hearing by Walker's order and again under threat of a bench warrant should Kim not

RECEIVED MAR - 9 2026

CITY ATTORNEY
CRIMINAL DIVISION

appear on Feb. 18, 2026.

Because Judge Giordani ("Giordani") did not assign herself to the actual case until Feb. 18, 2026 Kim filed a motion to disqualify within the time frame of NRS 1.235(motion must be filed within 10 days of assignment). Kim told Giordani in open court that this Motion would be filed on Feb 18 the video of this by ONJ is at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OLdjoDg6ots>. Kim appeared specially and not generally. Kim was also threatened with warrant for not showing up on Feb. 18, 2026.

REASON FOR FILING AS AN EMERGENCY

This latest video of Kim's Feb 18 court appearance has over 118 thousand views in just 2 weeks with 893 comments. See The City of Las Vegas vs Kim Blandino. February 18, 2026. The video of Feb. 10, 2026 has 35 thousand views and 572 comments. See <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o69qTuWdZ-I&t=5s>.

A comment from the Feb 18 appearance from a User called isaned and Kim's reply:

"Whoever made the death threat against Blahblahblahdino better follow through with it, or I will report you to the board of judicial misconduct
Reply Duly noted and recorded"

A comment from the Feb. 10, 2026 video and Kim's reply:

"I don't know if it is the sadist in me, but man, id like to see blandino bloody
Duly noted and recorded
Reply"

There are many other violent comments and threats made against Kim on these and other videos. Kim is concerned that Kim and/or his family could be a target for extreme violence. The insane hatred that commenters have toward Kim like "lock Kim up and throw away the key" are about 99% of the comments are very similar to a lynch mob mentality or the "Give us Barrabas"

chants at Jesus' trial. Just Feb 28 Kim received a call on his cell while at a Celebration of Life Ceremony for Leah Reesa Campbell at the FOE Federation of eagles. from phone number XXXXXXXX and Kim heard "You are one of the biggest Douche Bags in the world" and then the male caller hung up. LVMPD refused to take a police report.

Kim attempted to serve Giordani in chambers with the motion to disqualify however Giordani blocks anyone from serving chambers as the statute requires. Therefore, Kim left the Motion with Marshal Thompson outside the courtroom directly after filing.

Therefore, Kim must have Giordani obey the statute and the case law and acknowledge that after a motion to disqualify is filed the judge must do nothing further with the case and then reassign the case unless the judge Since Giordani refused to challenge the Motion to disqualify within 5 judicial days. That all of the facts and points herein point to why emergency action is needed.

INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND

God(also called the Creator or Elohim, Elohim being both singular and plural like the words, sheep, fish or deer) created the Universe around 6,000 years ago he created light and spacetime in 5 days on the 6th day God made Man called Adam. God saw that it was not good for Man to be alone so he created out of man a companion called Eve who was his helpmate (not playboy "sex mate"). Adam and Eve were perfect and eternal and there was no death in this world.

God had to give at least one thing that Adam and Eve could not do. Otherwise, if God said they could do anything they wanted, there could be no disobedience, and therefore no demonstration of love. Adam and Eve ate of the forbidden tree of the knowledge of good and evil and lost their eternal nature. Therefore, God had a choice to destroy both Adam and Eve or give a second chance to allow them to continue as fallen beings and allow them to procreate by sexual

relations See Genesis Chapter 1-3.

Had man not fallen they would never have had sexually created children. See Book of Mormon 2 Nephi 2: 21-25(as well as other apocryphal sources).

~~God gave the promise to Adam and Eve that Eve's offspring would crush the offspring of the~~
serpent:

“And I will put enmity between you and the woman, and between your offspring and hers; he will crush your head, and you will strike his heel.” Genesis 3:15 NIV version

This is the promise that God gave mankind that the savior or Son of God would come through Eve and he would redeem man to God. This savior as nearly all of the world knows is the historical Jesus and millions believe in him to this day. The great flood occurred and only Noah and his sons and their wives survived this flooding of the earth through the ark God commanded Noah to build. Land based animals also were spared on that ark.

Kim is the 140th great-grandson of Noah. And everyone on the earth is descended from Noah. And all land- based animal life descends from the animals that went onto the Ark with Noah. The variations of life are all due to the miracle of DNA and the Billions upon billions of possible different combinations of that DNA. A Great Dane, the poodle and the Dachshund and many others all come from the same two male and female dogs that were on the ark.

Kim was born in the U.S. at Malmstrom Air Base in Montana in 1955. In 1993, in part, from seeing a modern day Ahab and Jezebel elected to their “joint presidency” Kim was motivated to act. Kim relinquished his U.S. citizenship and became a citizen and subject of Elohim's Kingdom of Israel. Kim became an Ambassador for Jesus the Christ and to be reconciled to the Almighty God. See 2 Corinthians 5:20:

"We are therefore Christ's ambassadors, as though God were making his appeal through us. We implore you on Christ's behalf: Be reconciled to God." NIV (emphasis added)

Kim became part of what is known as the "Great Commission":

"Then the eleven disciples went to Galilee, to the mountain where Jesus had told them to go. ¹⁷ When they saw him, they worshiped him; but some doubted. Then Jesus came to them and said, "All authority in heaven and on earth has been given to me. ¹⁹ Therefore go and make disciples of all nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father and of the Son and of the Holy Spirit, ²⁰ and teaching them to obey everything I have commanded you. And surely I am with you always, to the very end of the age." Matthew 28:16-20

Obviously these eleven disciples could not live for thousands of years. So this Great Commission depends on passing the mission on to generations upon generations. Please note that Jesus commands that that the "baptizing in the name of the Father, and of the Son and of the Holy Spirit". This is the plural Elohim as described above, Elohim is both plural and singular.

Kim was also called by the Creator to investigate judicial corruption in the Eighth Judicial District Court ("EJDC"). Kim therefore became a volunteer unpaid investigator [which means unofficial] with or for the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline (NCJD"). In this God given role Kim obtained letters of caution from the NCJD against former district judge Rob Bare and former district court judge Douglas Herndon (now justice of the Nevada Supreme Court).

Kim is also an investigative journalist and currently is part of the new media with a Youtube channel and an X(formerly twitter) Kim in fact has a media request before this court.

Kim has been retaliated against for decades because of exercising his rights that are guaranteed under the Constitution of the United States. Especially first amendment rights

FACTS AND ARGUMENT

Debiparshad v. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct. in & for Cnty. of Clark, 137 Nev. 691, 499 P.3d 597

(2021) demands that another judge other than Giordani vacate this void order immediately. NRS1.235 speaks for itself yet the case law solidifies that Giordani acted illegally in ruling on Kim's motion to reopen. See NCJD decision A attached

Even so, there is even further evidence as to not acting after a motion to disqualify has been filed. District Court judge Erika Ballou is still on a suspension from even entering the courthouse in part for violating The Revised Code of Judicial Conduct ("CODE")

"Count III alleges Respondent violated the Code of Judicial Conduct by failing to follow the law and take no action on a matter after the State filed motions to recuse or disqualify Respondent from the Christman matters. As to this charge, Respondent contends she was not required to stay the case as she was never properly served with the State's affidavit. This is an incorrect statement of the law. A filed affidavit seeking disqualification must be served on the judge sought to be disqualified. NRS 1.235(5). While failure to properly serve a Judge with the affidavit may be sufficient grounds for a reviewing judge (other than the judge sought to be disqualified) to dismiss the motion to disqualify, it does not follow that Respondent has the authority to make that ruling herself. Indeed, once a motion to disqualify is filed, a judge must proceed no further with the case. NRS 1.235(6) (emphasis added). The statute requires only the filing of the affidavit, not the service of it, to trigger the requirement that the Judge pause the proceedings. Additionally, the Commission notes Respondent had actual notice of the pending recusal motion because it was the subject of Respondent's minute order striking the motion. Respondent further alleges she did not commit misconduct because it is her duty to rule on motions before the court and the attorney in the Christman case filed a motion to strike the State's motion to disqualify. Respondent's argument is unpersuasive. It is axiomatic that a judge must follow the law. See Canon 1, Rule 1.1. As such, when the law requires a judge to halt proceedings pending resolution of a motion to disqualify, that is what a judge must do, irrespective of other pending motions. Furthermore, the Commission notes Respondent granted Christman's motion to strike the day after it was filed. The record does not reflect any opportunity to be heard or to cure the alleged defective document given by Respondent to the State prior to her ruling. Although this is a likely violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.6(A) (providing a judge shall accord every person who has a legal interest in a proceeding the right to be heard), this charge was not formally before the Commission. By a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds that Special Counsel proved by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent violated the Code

as alleged in Count III of the FSOC. Specifically, that Respondent, Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.1 (requiring a judge to comply with the law, including the Code itself); Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.2, (requiring a judge to act at all times in a manner that promotes public confidence in the independence, integrity, and impartiality of the judiciary and to avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety); Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.2 (requiring a judge to uphold and apply the law and perform all duties of judicial office fairly and impartially); and Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.5 (requiring a judge to perform judicial and administrative duties competently and diligently). Furthermore, by a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent's violations were knowing and deliberate under NRS 1.4653(5)(b)(2). Exhibit A count III"

Kim has a right to have an impartial judge to determine that the case should be reopened and that Kim be allowed show that the matter should be dismissed with prejudice.

Kim is having real world prejudice from these charges hanging over Kim's head. Judge Reynolds of District Court dept 29 learned of the false battery claim and has apparently presumed Kim's guilt as judge Reynolds referenced it in an order issued Jan 8, 2026. See Exhibit B attached footnote 2 which states:

"2 Mr. Blandino has essentially been civil, though disobedient to the Court's Orders. The Court has now learned that while the Court was drafting this Order Mr. Blandino went to the main courthouse and was cited for Battery against one of the District Court Clerk workers when Mr. Blandino was trying to enter somewhere and tried to push past her. Mr. Blandino came back to the Phoenix Building with the citation and the two marshals at security were made aware of it. Event # 20260108-005." Page 3 Ex. B

Therefore, prejudice is not hypothetical this is real world prejudice by a sitting judge and Kim has a hearing with judge Reynolds on April 2. Judge Reynolds is treating this as an established fact of guilt. This matter must be dismissed with prejudice before this date so that Kim can inform judge Reynolds and judge Reynolds will not hold this against Kim and judge Reynolds

can apologize to Kim in open court for PRE-JUDGING Kim.

Unless this court dismisses immediately with prejudice Kim will be further prejudiced.

In any event Kim must have emergency relief. As judge Giordani cannot proceed further on this matter another judge must rule on this emergency motion

CONCLUSION

For the above reasons this motion must be heard immediately. Kim's very life is imminently threatened. This latest caller or others could at this moment be planning to Kill Kim as Charlie Kirk was killed. A complete dismissal with prejudice can stop horrors from happening.

1. This court and a different judge must declare the March 2, 2026 order void and vacate it in its entirety.

~~2. Because Giordani did not challenge Kim's motion to disqualify Giordani must take no~~
further action in this case or for that matter take any action in any case regarding Kim Blandino

3. Judge Giordani must be directed to report herself to the NCJD and any judge hearing this matter must report Giordani to the NCJD in accord with Rule 2.15

Rule 2.15. Responding to Judicial and Lawyer Misconduct.

(A) A judge having knowledge that another judge has committed a violation of this Code that raises a substantial question regarding the judge's honesty, trustworthiness, or fitness as a judge in other respects shall inform the appropriate authority.

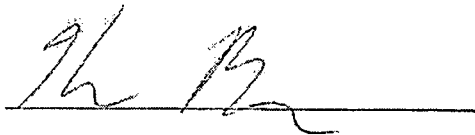
(B) A judge having knowledge that a lawyer has committed a violation of the Nevada Rules of Professional Conduct that raises a substantial question regarding the lawyer's honesty, trustworthiness, or fitness as a lawyer in other respects shall inform the appropriate authority.

(C) A judge who receives information indicating a substantial likelihood that another judge has committed a violation of this Code shall take appropriate action.

(D) A judge who receives information indicating a substantial likelihood that a lawyer has committed a violation of the Nevada Rules of Professional Conduct shall take appropriate action. (emphasis added).

4. Because of the immense trouble Kim has been put through this matter this court should be reopened and then the charge dismissed with prejudice sua sponte by an impartial judge assigned. Or in the alternative reopened and allowed to have an evidentiary hearing to show conclusively that a fraud upon the court has been perpetrated and that leaving this "sword of Damocle"'s hanging over Kim's head for a year
5. In the alternative to grant such other relief as is proper and just.

DATED this 9th day of March, 2026.



Kim Blandino
C/O 441 N-16th
Las Vegas Nevada 89101
702 219-5657
Kim 43792@earthlink.net

ASSEVERATION IN SUPPORT OF MOTION

I Kim Blandino state under penalty of perjury that I am over 70 years of age (outside the womb) and have read the foregoing and the same is true and correct except as to those matters of belief and belief and as to those matters Kim believes them to be true. And that:

1. That this filing is not made to vex, harass, delay or made in bad faith nor for any improper purpose and anyone who says or claims differently is lying through their teeth.

2. That any and all exhibits are true and correct and authentic according to FRE 901 and the state rules of evidence.

I declare under penalty of perjury that I have read the foregoing and the same is true and correct.

DATED this 9th day of March, 2026.



KIM BLANDINO PRO SE #363075

C/O 441 N 16TH ST

Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

(702) 219-5657

No Fax

Kim43792@earthlink.net

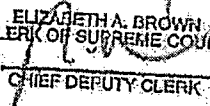
EXHIBIT A

EXHIBIT A

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

FILED

SEP 22 2025

ELIZABETH A. BROWN
CLERK OF SUPREME COURT
BY  CHIEF DEPUTY CLERK

In the Matter of
THE HONORABLE ERIKA BALLOU,
District Court Judge, Eighth Judicial District
Court, Clark County, State of Nevada,

CASE NO. 91339

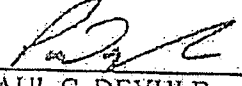
Respondent.

CERTIFIED COPY OF FINDINGS OF FACT,
CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND IMPOSITION OF DISCIPLINE

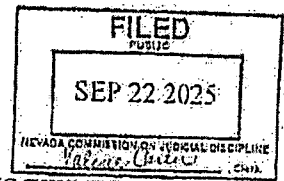
Pursuant to Commission Procedural Rule 28.2, I hereby certify that the document attached hereto is a true and correct copy of the FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND IMPOSITION OF DISCIPLINE filed with the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline on September 22, 2025.

DATED this 22nd day of September, 2025.

STATE OF NEVADA
COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL DISCIPLINE
P.O. Box 18123
Reno, NV 89511

By: 
PAUL C. DEYHLE
General Counsel and Executive Director
Nevada Bar No. 6954

25-41379



BEFORE THE NEVADA COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL DISCIPLINE

STATE OF NEVADA

In the Matter of

THE HONORABLE ERIKA BALLOU,
District Court Judge, Eighth Judicial District
Court, Clark County, State of Nevada,

Respondent.

CASE NOS. 2024-103-P & 2024-105-P

FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND IMPOSITION OF DISCIPLINE

On April 24, 2025, Special Counsel for the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline ("Commission") filed Formal Statement of Charges ("FSOC") against the Honorable Erika Ballou, District Judge for the Eighth Judicial District Court, Clark County, Nevada ("Respondent") pursuant to NRS 1.467(5) alleging knowing or unknowing violations of the Revised Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct ("Code"). Respondent filed her Answer on May 14, 2025.

On May 20, 2025, the Commission's presiding officer issued a Prehearing Order establishing the rules and procedure for the handling of pre-trial issues, motions, and the submission of exhibits and evidence. On July 22nd and 23rd, 2025, Special Counsel filed his Prehearing Brief and Exhibits. Respondent failed to file her Prehearing Brief or her exhibits in accordance with the Prehearing Order. The day before the public hearing, Respondent submitted her exhibit list of 18 exhibits and 243 pages of documents.

On August 7, 2025, pursuant to NRS 1.4673 and PRJDC 18, the Commission conducted a public hearing on the FSOC at the office of the Nevada State Bar in Las Vegas, Nevada. Thomas C. Bradley, Esq. appeared as Special Counsel. Thomas F. Pitaro, Esq. appeared on behalf of Respondent, who was also present. Without objection, exhibits submitted by the Special Counsel were admitted into evidence. Special Counsel objected to the admission of Respondent's exhibits. The objection was sustained as to all exhibits except one as the exhibits were not submitted in accordance with the Prehearing Order.

///

1 Pursuant to PRJDC 28, the Commission sets forth the following findings of fact and conclusions
2 of law.

3 A. JURISDICTION

4 The Commission has jurisdiction to discipline a justice of the supreme court, a judge of the
5 court of appeals, a district court judge, a justice of the peace, or a municipal judge for violations of the
6 Code. *See Nev. Const. art. 6, § 21, NRS 1.425 et seq.; See also Canon 1, Rule 1.1.* Respondent was
7 sworn in as a district court judge on or about January 4, 2021, and continues to serve in that capacity.
8 All actions of Respondent alleged in the FSOC occurred while Respondent was serving as a district
9 court judge.

10 B. FACTS

11 The facts in this matter were proven by clear and convincing evidence through the Special
12 Counsel's exhibits, which were admitted by stipulation into evidence, and through testimony of
13 Respondent and Betsy Allen, Esq.

14 In 2021, Respondent conducted an evidentiary hearing on a Petition for a Writ of Habeas
15 Corpus ("Christman Petition") that had been filed by a criminal defendant named Mia Christman
16 ("Christman"). Christman had pleaded guilty to a felony offense in 2017 and was sentenced to a term of
17 imprisonment. In the Christman Petition, Christman asserted that she received ineffective assistance of
18 counsel during the sentencing phase of her case. Following the Christman Petition hearing, Respondent
19 granted the Christman Petition and ordered her released from custody on her own recognizance. The
20 State of Nevada appealed. On August 11, 2022, the Nevada Supreme Court reversed Respondent's
21 decision and ruled that the record did not support a finding that counsel performed ineffectively at
22 sentencing and that Christman had, therefore, failed to show relief was warranted. The Supreme Court
23 ordered the judgment of the district court be reversed and remanded the matter back to Respondent's
24 court for proceedings consistent with that order. Rather than enter an order denying the postconviction
25 habeas petition, however, Respondent scheduled another evidentiary hearing to allow Christman the
26 opportunity to present additional evidence.

27 On January 25, 2023, the State filed a Petition for a Writ of Mandamus ("State's Petition")
28 seeking an order directing Respondent to vacate the scheduled evidentiary hearing, enter judgment in

1 favor of the State, and to remand Christman into custody. On October 12, 2023, the Supreme Court
2 granted the State's Petition and ruled that Respondent failed to follow the Supreme Court's mandate.
3 The Supreme Court specifically ordered Respondent to enter judgment in favor of the State.
4 Respondent did not follow the Supreme Court's direct.

5 On April 24, 2024, the State filed a motion before the Supreme Court to enforce its previous
6 mandates. While that motion was pending in the Supreme Court, the State filed a motion in the district
7 court to recuse Respondent in Christman's underlying criminal case. In response, Christman filed a
8 motion to strike the recusal motion claiming that the motion should have been filed in her post-
9 conviction case. Without conceding that point or withdrawing the motion from the underlying criminal
10 case, on May 2, 2024, the State filed an additional motion to recuse Respondent in the post-conviction
11 case. While the State's motions to recuse were pending, Respondent granted Christman's motion to
12 strike the State's recusal motion.

13 On May 3, 2024, the Supreme Court directed the Chief Judge of the Eighth Judicial District
14 Court to reassign Christman's postconviction and underlying criminal case to a different district court
15 judge. The Supreme Court stated that upon reassignment of those cases, the newly appointed district
16 court judge should promptly comply with the Supreme Court's mandate outlined in its two prior
17 Christman orders. The Christman cases were reassigned to District Court Judge Johnson who
18 immediately entered judgment in favor of the State and remanded Christman into custody.

19 C. DISCUSSION

20 In the FSOC, Respondent is accused in six (6) counts of committing judicial misconduct under
21 the Code. Each count will be discussed in turn.

22 COUNT 1

23 Count I alleges Respondent violated the Code of Judicial Conduct by failing or refusing to enter
24 judgment in favor of the State and by failing or refusing to remand defendant Christman into custody
25 after the Supreme Court reversed Respondent's Christman Petition ruling on August 11, 2022.

26 To this charge, Respondent claims she believed that she had the authority under the order of
27 remand to schedule an evidentiary hearing as the Supreme Court's use of the words "ORDER the
28 judgment of the district court REVERSED AND REMAND this matter to the district court for

1 proceedings consistent with this order" "could mean a lot of things." The Commission finds this
2 argument unpersuasive, particularly given testimony adduced at the hearing established that
3 Respondent was a seasoned criminal defense attorney prior to taking the bench and, therefore,
4 understood criminal procedure. As the Supreme Court stated in its subsequent Order granting the
5 State's Petition, "the district court manifestly abused its discretion by clearly erring in interpreting this
6 court's mandate, and it capriciously exercised its discretion by acting contrary to well established rule
7 of law." See Special Counsel's Exhibit 5, *Order Granting Petition*, p.5.

8 By a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds that Special Counsel proved by clear and convincing
9 evidence that Respondent violated the Code as alleged in Count I of the FSOC. Specifically, that
10 Respondent,

11 Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.1 (requiring a judge to comply with the
12 law, including the Code itself);

13 Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.2, (requiring a judge to act at all times in
14 a manner that promotes public confidence in the independence, integrity, and impartiality of the
15 judiciary and to avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety);

16 Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.2 (requiring a judge to uphold and apply
17 the law and perform all duties of judicial office fairly and impartially); and

18 Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.5 (requiring a judge to perform judicial
19 and administrative duties competently and diligently).

20 Furthermore, by a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds by clear and convincing evidence that
21 Respondent's violations were knowing and deliberate under NRS 1.4653(5)(b)(2).

22 COUNT II

23 Count II alleges Respondent violated the Code of Judicial Conduct by failing to enter judgement
24 in favor of the State and remand defendant Christman into custody after the Supreme Court granted the
25 State's Petition on October 12, 2023.

26 To this charge, Respondent claims the Supreme Court's order was clear but did not say by when
27 Respondent must do so. The Commission finds this unpersuasive. As the Supreme Court noted in its
28 Order directing the removal of Respondent from the Christman cases, "although the writ of mandamus

1 issued in this matter did not state a specific time for the district court to enter a judgment in the state's
2 favor, that writ was peremptory in nature and thus NRS 34.190(2) and (3) contemplate that the district
3 court would do the act required by the writ immediately after receipt of the writ." See Special Counsel's
4 Exhibit 10, *Order Denying Motion*, p.3.

5 By a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds that Special Counsel proved by clear and convincing
6 evidence that Respondent violated the Code as alleged in Count II of the FSOC. Specifically, that
7 Respondent,

8 Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.1 (requiring a judge to comply with the
9 law, including the Code itself);

10 Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.2, (requiring a judge to act at all times in
11 a manner that promotes public confidence in the independence, integrity, and impartiality of the
12 judiciary and to avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety);

13 Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.2 (requiring a judge to uphold and apply
14 the law and perform all duties of judicial office fairly and impartially); and

15 Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.5 (requiring a judge to perform judicial
16 and administrative duties competently and diligently).

17 Furthermore, by a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds by clear and convincing evidence that
18 Respondent's violations were knowing and deliberate under NRS 1.4653(5)(b)(2).

19 COUNT III

20 Count III alleges Respondent violated the Code of Judicial Conduct by failing to follow the law
21 and take no action on a matter after the State filed motions to recuse or disqualify Respondent from the
22 Christman matters.

23 As to this charge, Respondent contends she was not required to stay the case as she was never
24 properly served with the State's affidavit. This is an incorrect statement of the law. A filed affidavit
25 seeking disqualification must be served on the judge sought to be disqualified. NRS 1.235(5). While
26 failure to properly serve a judge with the affidavit may be sufficient grounds for a reviewing judge
27 (other than the judge sought to be disqualified) to dismiss the motion to disqualify, it does not follow
28 that Respondent has the authority to make that ruling herself. Indeed, once a motion to disqualify is

1 filed, a judge must proceed no further with the case. NRS 1.235(6) (*emphasis added*). The statute
2 requires only the *filing* of the affidavit, not the *service* of it, to trigger the requirement that the judge
3 pause the proceedings. Additionally, the Commission notes Respondent had actual notice of the
4 pending recusal motion because it was the subject of Respondent's minute order striking the motion.

5 Respondent further alleges she did not commit misconduct because it is her duty to rule on
6 motions before the court and the attorney in the Christman case filed a motion to strike the State's
7 motion to disqualify. Respondent's argument is unpersuasive. It is axiomatic that a judge must follow
8 the law. *See* Canon 1, Rule 1.1. As such, when the law requires a judge to halt proceedings pending
9 resolution of a motion to disqualify, that is what a judge must do, irrespective of other pending motions.

10 Furthermore, the Commission notes Respondent granted Christman's motion to strike the day
11 after it was filed. The record does not reflect any opportunity to be heard or to cure the alleged
12 defective document given by Respondent to the State prior to her ruling. Although this is a likely
13 violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.6(A) (providing a judge shall accord every person who has a
14 legal interest in a proceeding the right to be heard), this charge was not formally before the
15 Commission.

16 By a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds that Special Counsel proved by clear and convincing
17 evidence that Respondent violated the Code as alleged in Count III of the FSOC. Specifically, that
18 Respondent,

19 Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.1 (requiring a judge to comply with the
20 law, including the Code itself);

21 Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.2, (requiring a judge to act at all times in
22 a manner that promotes public confidence in the independence, integrity, and impartiality of the
23 judiciary and to avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety);

24 Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.2 (requiring a judge to uphold and apply
25 the law and perform all duties of judicial office fairly and impartially); and

26 Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.5 (requiring a judge to perform judicial
27 and administrative duties competently and diligently).

28 ///

1 Furthermore, by a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent's
2 violations were knowing and deliberate under NRS 1.4653(5)(b)(2).

3 COUNT IV

4 Count IV alleges Respondent violated the Code of Judicial Conduct by ruling on defendant
5 Christman's motion to modify sentence after the State had filed its motion to recuse Respondent.

6 Special Counsel conceded this Count was not proven by clear and convincing evidence due to
7 issues related to the timing of Respondent's minute order on Christman's motion to modify sentence
8 and the alleged lack of notice of the affidavit on Respondent.

9 By a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds that Special Counsel did not prove by clear and convincing
10 evidence that Respondent violated the Code as alleged in Count IV of the FSOC.

11 COUNT V

12 Count V alleges Respondent violated the Code of Judicial Conduct by exhibiting clear bias in
13 the Christman matters. To this charge, Respondent attests she was not biased but rather showed
14 compassion in her rulings and in not wanting Christman's baby to be placed in the custody of Child
15 Protective Services if it were avoidable.

16 Where the alleged bias originates from a judge's performance of her judicial duties, rather than
17 from an external source, the party alleging bias must show the judge's opinion displays a deep-seated
18 favoritism or antagonism that would make fair judgment impossible. *Canarelli v. Eighth Judicial*
19 *District Court*, 138 Nev. 104, 108 (2022) citing *Eliteky v. United States*, 510 U.S. 540, 555 (1994).

20 While proof of Respondent's repeated failure to follow the law was clear and convincing in this
21 matter, evidence that her actions were driven by such a deep-seated favoritism as to constitute
22 impermissible bias was not. That said, while compassion may be a virtue to a judicial officer, it should
23 never be used as a license or an excuse to violate the law.

24 By a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds that Special Counsel did not prove by clear and convincing
25 evidence that Respondent violated the Code as alleged in Count V of the FSOC.

26 COUNT VI

27 Count VI alleges Respondent violated the Code of Judicial Conduct by failing to cooperate with
28 the Commission's investigator and timely schedule an in-person interview. To this charge, Respondent

1 attests she was not being uncooperative. Respondent testified she was in a jury trial when the
2 investigator called and upon the trial's conclusion, Respondent immediately went on a pre-scheduled
3 vacation for two weeks. Based on the evidence submitted, the Commission does not find this to
4 constitute failure to cooperate under the Code.

5 By a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds that Special Counsel did not prove by clear and convincing
6 evidence that Respondent violated the Code as alleged in Count VI of the FSOC.

7 **D. IMPOSITION OF DISCIPLINE**

8 The Commission may remove a judge, publicly censure a judge, or impose other forms of
9 discipline on a judge if the Commission determines that the judge has committed willful misconduct.
10 NRS 1.4653(1)(a). Willful misconduct, as it applies in this matter, is a knowing or deliberate violation
11 of one or more of the provisions of the Revised Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct. NRS
12 1.4653(5)(b)(2). The Commission may publicly censure a judge or impose other forms of discipline on
13 a judge if the Commission determines that the judge has violated one or more of the provisions of the
14 Code in a manner that is not knowing or deliberate. NRS 1.4653(2). Other forms of discipline include:
15 public admonishment, reprimand or censure of a judge; imposition of a fine; suspension from office
16 without pay; requiring a judge to complete a probationary period, attend training or educational courses,
17 follow a remedial course of action, issue a public apology, comply with conditions or limitations on
18 future conduct, or seek medical, psychiatric or psychological care or counseling; bar the judge from
19 serving in a judicial office in the future or impose any other reasonable disciplinary action or
20 combination of disciplinary actions that the Commission determines will curtail or remedy the
21 misconduct of the judge. NRS 1.4677(1).

22 NOW THEREFORE, pursuant to subsections 5(a) and (b) of Article 6, Section 21 of the
23 Constitution of the State of Nevada, NRS 1.4653(1)(a), NRS 1.4677, and PRJDC 28, after due
24 deliberation and consideration of the evidence presented and taking into consideration the totality of
25 Respondent's actions, by a 7 to 0 vote, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED:

- 26 1. Respondent is **SUSPENDED** from the exercise of judicial office, without salary, for
27 a period of eighteen (18) months.

28 ///

1 2. Imposition of twelve (12) months of that sanction is hereby suspended and
2 Respondent is placed on probation for a period of two (2) years on the following terms and
3 conditions:

4 a. Respondent shall be SUSPENDED from the exercise of judicial office,
5 without salary, for a period of six (6) months effective as of 12:01 a.m. on
6 September 23, 2025.

7 b. Before returning to the bench, Respondent shall complete, at her own
8 expense, a specialized remedial training program with the National Judicial College
9 ("NJC"). This training program will be developed and administered by NJC staff
10 and/or associated professionals and specifically customized and tailored to
11 Respondent's misconduct and Code violations as set forth in this Order.
12 Respondent shall make herself available and fully cooperate with the NJC in
13 completing this training program in a timely manner.

14 c. Respondent shall have no further violations of the law or of the Code of
15 Judicial Conduct while on probation.

16 In Favor: Commissioner Chair Stefanie Humphrey, Commissioner Vice-Chair John Krmpotic,
17 Presiding Officer Hon. David Hardy, Commissioner Karl Armstrong, Esq., Commissioner Hon.
18 Thomas Gregory, Commissioner Patricia Halstead, Esq., and Commissioner Joseph Sanford

19 Opposed: None

20 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Commission Chair is authorized to sign this document on
21 behalf of all voting Commissioners.

22 DATED this 22nd day of September, 2025.

23 STATE OF NEVADA
24 COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL DISCIPLINE
25 P.O. Box 18123
26 Reno, NV 89511

26 By: Stefanie Humphrey
27 STEFANIE HUMPHREY
28 COMMISSION CHAIR

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Tom Pitaro, Esq.
Attorney at Law
601 S. Las Vegas Blvd. South
Las Vegas, NV 89101
pitaro@gmail.com
Respondent's Counsel

Valerie Carter
Valerie Carter, Commission Clerk

EXHIBIT B

EXHIBIT B

Robert B. Smith
CLERK OF THE COURT

1 ORDER

2 DISTRICT COURT
3 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

4 * * * *

5
6 KIM BLANDINO,

7 Plaintiff,

8 vs.

9 L.V.M.P.D.,

10 Defendant.

CASE NO.: A-25-932149-W

DEPARTMENT 29

11 ORDER

12 Rule 2.9 of the Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct states:

13 Rule 2.9. Ex Parte Communications.

14 (A) A judge shall not initiate, permit, or consider ex parte
15 communications, or consider other communications made to the judge outside
16 the presence of the parties or their lawyers, concerning a pending or impending
17 matter...

18 (D) A judge shall make reasonable efforts, including providing appropriate
19 supervision, to ensure that this Rule is not violated by court staff, court
20 officials, and others subject to the judge's direction and control.

21 (NCJC Rule 2.9)(emphasis added)

22 On November 14, 2025, the Court issued an Order that stated:

23 On 11/14/25, Blandino filed a 16-page brief seeking an extension. Blandino has
24 also called the Court many times seeking help. These calls are inappropriate and
25 violate rules of ethics, the Eighth Judicial District Court Rules on ex parte
26 communications. If Blandino continues to call the Court he will be sanctioned,
27 communications must be in writing and filed on the docket of the Court. The
28 Court is not allowed to have contact with parties or to give legal advice.

(See Order 11/14/25 at 1:22-2:1.)

1 Since that time the Court has continued to warn Mr. Blandino that the Court cannot have
2 any discussions about active cases with Mr. Blandino outside the presence of opposing counsel.
3 Mr. Blandino is well familiar with litigation and knows this rule. Mr. Blandino has been
4 designated a vexatious litigant many years ago and that Order is still in force today. Mr.
5 Blandino has significant experience as a litigant. Still, the Court has been accommodating and
6 allowed Mr. Blandino to come to Court to watch any proceeding he likes. Now he has told the
7 Marshal he wants to watch how the Judges do things, he wants to know how the Court and staff
8 enter and leave their rooms.
9

10 Mr. Blandino has tried contacting staff by phone, email, and also tried waiting in the hall
11 to speak with them as they go to the restroom or try to fulfill their duties in the courthouse.
12 Staff intentionally attempts to avoid Mr. Blandino because of the law, rules of ethics, and this
13 Court's prior orders specifically on point.
14

15 Despite Mr. Blandino's familiarity with the rules and having been admonished
16 previously, on January 8, 2026, Mr. Blandino came to Court to speak to the Court directly
17 outside the presence of opposing counsel regarding pending matters in this case.
18

19 Specifically, when I, Judge Reynolds, arrived today Mr. Blandino was waiting outside the
20 elevator on the 11th floor and tried to engage me regarding the above-captioned case. He was
21 blocked at security by the Marshal who had to raise his voice and directly told Blandino he was
22 not allowed to discuss his case with the Court. Blandino asserted that he could and attempted to
23 get my attention with a raised voice anyway, to which the Marshal appropriately responded.
24

25 ¹ The Court notes that this building only has two elevators which are shared by the public and court staff. The
26 building only has two courtrooms, one for Department 11 and one for Department 29, both on the 11th floor. There is
27 less than 200 sqft of space from the public elevators to the security check-in point on this floor. This small space
28 also includes the court staff entrance from the elevators, and the public drop box for the court. Court staff share
restroom facilities with the public as well on the 11th floor. Accordingly, if Mr. Blandino is allowed to come to the
11th floor at all he can continue to accost members of staff with pleas about his case, which is inappropriate and
unlawful.

1 continued to my chambers without any direct discussion with Mr. Blandino.

2 Later this morning, Mr. Blandino waited patiently while the Court conducted its morning
3 calendar. Once calendar was completed Mr. Blandino stated loudly from the gallery, something
4 to the effect that: "This may be out of order Judge but I need to talk to you!" The Court states
5 Mr. Blandino is never angry or attacking in his statements directly to the Court. He is relatively
6 calm but purposeful and direct in addressing things when he wants, despite multiple warnings
7 from the marshals this morning to not speak to the Judges directly. So while there is no hostility
8 being exhibited to the court directly by yelling or physical attacks against the Judge, it is
9 certainly still disorderly, plainly violates this Court's prior orders, and is therefore contemptuous
10 behavior towards the Court and is ground for contempt sanctions. This is particularly true when
11 it happens in the Courthouse and in the Court's presence.
12

13 Mr. Blandino continues to make these comments and efforts to discuss his case directly
14 with the Court despite multiple warnings from the Marshals, and the Court, that he cannot do
15 what he is trying to do.
16

17 Today in response to Mr. Blandino, and pursuant to my governing code, i.e. the Judicial
18 Code of Conduct (Rule 2.9) and NRS 199.340, I stated from the bench that Mr. Blandino is not
19 allowed to discuss his case with me outside the presence of opposing counsel. I reminded him
20 that he had already been warned, and I warned him clearly that continued attempts to do so
21 would be criminal contempt that could lead to prison time.²
22

23 As Mr. Blandino waited until the calendar was completed there was no recording of this
24 interaction so the Court makes its record here. But the Court cannot condone continued attempts
25

26 ² Mr. Blandino has essentially been civil, though disobedient to the Court's Orders. The Court has now learned that
27 while the Court was drafting this Order Mr. Blandino went to the main courthouse and was cited for Battery against
28 one of the District Court Clerk workers when Mr. Blandino was trying to enter somewhere and tried to push past
her. Mr. Blandino came back to the Phoenix Building with the citation and the two marshals at security were made
aware of it. Event # 20260108-005.

1 to circumvent its orders.

2 The contempt statute reads:

3 NRS 199.340 Criminal contempt. Every person who shall commit a
4 contempt of court of any one of the following kinds shall be guilty of a
5 misdemeanor:

6 1. Disorderly, contemptuous or insolent behavior committed during the
7 sitting of the court, in its immediate view and presence, and directly tending to
8 interrupt its proceedings or to impair the respect due to its authority;

9 ...

10 4. Willful disobedience to the lawful process or mandate of a court;

11 5. Resistance, willfully offered, to its lawful process or mandate;

12 As prior efforts have been unsuccessful to convince Mr. Blandino that his continued
13 attempts to make contact with staff and the Court outside the presence of opposing counsel is a
14 serious violation of ethics and the law, and constitutes contempt, the Court issues this Order as a
15 final warning and notice and gives additional Orders to comply with NCJC 2.9 and NRS
16 199.340.

17 Accordingly, and for good cause appearing,

18 IT IS ORDERED that any future attempts to contact the Court ex-parte, meaning outside
19 the presence of opposing counsel, whether by phone, email, in-person (in court, in private, or
20 anywhere in the public) will be weighed for criminal contempt sanctions and can result in jail
21 time and prosecution. All contact with the Court or its staff must be made in writing and filed on
22 the public docket, just as all other litigants are required to do.

23 ///

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27 ///

1 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that given Mr. Blandino's efforts to violate the rules of
2 ethics, and consistent refusal to abide by the Court's order to not communicate with the Court or
3 staff, the Court orders that he shall not come to the 11th floor of the Phoenix Building, 330 South
4 3rd St, Las Vegas, NV 89101, for any purpose unless he has a scheduled hearing in Court on the
5 11th floor.
6

7 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Mr. Blandino is not allowed to arrive on the 11th floor
8 more than 30 minutes before the Scheduled Hearing and when he desires to come through
9 security he must wait to be escorted by a marshal to the courtroom where he has his designated
10 hearing.
11

12 This Order shall remain in force while Mr. Blandino has any matter pending before
13 Department 29 or any such matter that was in Department 29 remains active on appeal.

14 DATED: January 8, 2026

Dated this 8th day of January, 2026

Jacob A. Reynolds

DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

3AA 6DA 734A F24F
Jacob A. Reynolds
District Court Judge

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on or about the date signed, a copy of this Order was electronically served to all registered parties in the Eighth Judicial District Court Electronic Filing Program to the proper parties as follows:

(All Parties on the E-Service List)

/s/ Austin De Reis

Austin De Reis
Judicial Law Clerk

1 CSERV

2 DISTRICT COURT
3 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA
4

5
6 Kim Blandino, Plaintiff(s)

CASE NO: A-25-932149-W

7 vs.

DEPT. NO. Department 29

8 L.V.M.P.D, Defendant(s)
9

10 **AUTOMATED CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

11 This automated certificate of service was generated by the Eighth Judicial District
12 Court. The foregoing Order was served via the court's electronic eFile system to all
13 recipients registered for e-Service on the above entitled case as listed below:

14 Service Date: 1/8/2026

15 Matthew Christian

m16091c@lvmpd.com

16 Kim Blandino

kim43792@carthlink.net
17
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Exhibit 12

FILED

11:21

A.M.

P.M.

4-14

20 26

LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Dep. Court Clerk, Municipal Court

CITY OF LAS VEGAS,

Plaintiff,

CASE NO.: 26-029641

vs.

DEPT. NO: 4

BLANDINO, KIM,
ID #0363075

Defendant.

ORDER

Defendant, KIM BLANDINO ("BLANDINO"), filed a First Motion to Disqualify Judge Giordani in Case 26-029641 in Accord with NRS 1.230, 1.235 and/or Rule 2.11 in of the Nevada Revised Code of Judicial Conduct (Reasonable Minds Would Question Standard) and/or *Rippo v. Baker*, 580 U.S. 285, 137 S. Ct. 905, 197 L. Ed. 2d 376 (2017) (Risk of Bias Standard) and/or (The Deep Seated Antagonism Standard) ("MOTION TO DISQUALIFY").

The MOTION TO DISQUALIFY is scheduled for Hearing on April 20, 2026 at 9:30 a.m. in Las Vegas Municipal Court, Department 4 before Judge Bert Brown. All other Motions and proceedings for this case are hereby paused and will not be considered until after the Hearing on April 20, 2026.

DATED April 14, 2026.



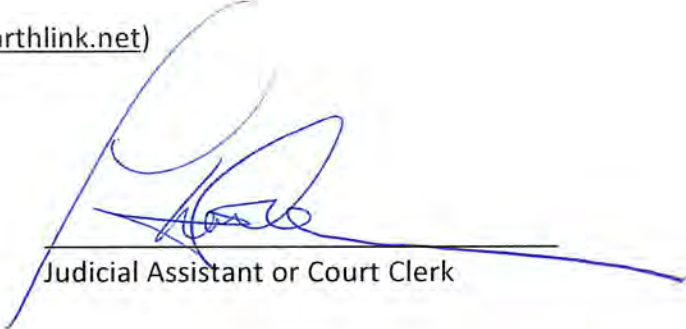
Judge Bert Brown
Las Vegas Municipal Court, Dept. 4

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on April 14, 2026, I forwarded a true and correct copy of the foregoing ORDER to the following:

Ryan Andersen, Esq.
City Attorney
(Via E-Mail: randersen@lasvegasnevada.gov)

Kim Blandino
Defendant
(Via E-Mail: kim43792@earthlink.net)



Judicial Assistant or Court Clerk

Tamara Aguilera

From: Department 4
Sent: Tuesday, April 14, 2026 11:31 AM
To: Ryan Andersen; 'kim43792@earthlink.net'
Subject: Kim Blandino, 26-029641
Attachments: 04142026 112843.pdf

Good morning,

Attached please find an Order regarding the above-referenced case.

Thank you,



Las Vegas Municipal Court

Department 4

lvmcdept4@lasvegasnevada.gov

100 E. Clark Ave. | Las Vegas, NV 89101

www.lasvegasnevada.gov

Exhibit 13

LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

IN RE: KIM BLANDINO

CASE NO.: 26-029641
DEPT.: 6

AFFIDAVIT

FILED
3:31 A.M.
4:9 P.M.
20 26
Dep. Court Clerk, Municipal Court

AFFIDAVIT IN ANSWER TO KIM BLANDINO'S REQUEST TO DISQUALIFY PURSUANT TO

NRS 1.235(7)

JUDGE KELLY GIORDANI, being first duly sworn, deposes and says;

1. On January 8th, 2026, Kim Blandino (hereafter Mr. Blandino) was cited for simple battery under citation 20260108-005 out of an event alleged to have occurred at the Regional Justice Center. (hereafter RJC).
2. The citation was submitted to the Las Vegas City Attorney's Office and was approved for prosecution under case 26-005437. The case was randomly assigned to Las Vegas Municipal Court (hereafter LVMC) Department 1 in front of Judge Matthew Walker
3. On February 10th, 2026, Mr. Blandino appeared for initial arraignment in LVMC Dept. 1. During the arraignment Judge Walker recounted the fact he previously worked as a prosecutor for the Las Vegas City Attorney's Office and, in that capacity, prosecuted a case against Mr. Blandino which resulted in conviction. Based on this, Judge Walker elected to recuse as the presiding Judge. On February 17, 2026, Judge Walker filed an Order of Disqualification outlining his reasons for recusal. (See **Exhibit 1**)
4. Based on the recusal of Judge Walker, the case was set in the instant department due to the fact I am the Chief Judge of LVMC. I elected to keep the case, as opposed to randomly reassigning it, as I could not think of any reason that I would be required to recuse.

- 1 5. On February 18th, 2026, Mr. Blandino appeared for continued arraignment in the instant
2 court. A variety of issues were discussed which included, but were not limited to, why the
3 case was assigned to my department, arraignment procedure, *Faretta* canvas, appointment
4 of the public attorney, misdemeanor sentencing, etc. Additionally, Mr. Blandino stated I
5 had previously prosecuted him and had a deep-seated bias and antagonism towards him. I
6 requested he provide me with any case numbers that he believed reflected those positions,
7 which he could not do at that time. Based on that, the arraignment continued. At the
8 conclusion of the arraignment, Mr. Blandino elected to represent himself and the case was
9 set for pretrial on March 18th, 2026.
- 10
11 6. On February 26th, 2026, the Las Vegas City Attorney's Office issued a Notice of Dismissal
12 Without Prejudice Pursuant to NRS 174.085(5) and voluntarily dismissed, without prejudice,
13 Case 26-005437. (See **Exhibit 2**).
- 14
15 7. Prior to the dismissal Mr. Blandino had filed two motions; **Urgent Notice and Demand to**
16 **Stay or Continue any Reassignment Pending an Application for Extraordinary Writ Petition**
17 **to the Nevada Supreme Court and Motion to Disqualify Judge Giordani in Accord with NRS**
18 **1.230, 1.25 and/or Rule 2.11 in the Nevada Revised Code of Judicial Conduct (Reasonable**
19 **Minds would Question Standard) and/or Rippo v. Baker, 580 U.S. 285, 137 S.Ct. 905, 197**
20 **L.Ed. 2d 376 (2017) (Risk of Bias Standard) and/or (the Deep Seated Antagonism**
21 **Standard).** Due to the fact the case in which they had been filed had been voluntarily
22 dismissed by the Las Vegas City Attorney's Office and thus, the case was closed, the motions
23 were taken off calendar and future dates were vacated.
- 24
25 8. On March 19th, 2026, a **Petition to Declare Kim Blandino a Vexatious Litigant** was filed in
26 Las Vegas Municipal Court (hereinafter LVMC) under case 26-029641 (the instant matter).
27 The case was set in LVMC Department 6.
28

- 1 9. On April 6, 2026, Mr. Blandino filed **First Motion to Disqualify Judge Giordani in Accord**
2 **with NRS 1.230, 1.25 and/or Ruley 2.11 in the Nevada Revised Code of Judicial Conduct**
3 **(Reasonable Minds would Question Standard) and/or Rippo v. Baker, 580 U.S. 285, 137**
4 **S.Ct. 905, 197 L.Ed. 2d 376 (2017) (Risk of Bias Standard) and/or (the Deep Seated**
5 **Antagonism Standard).** (hereafter *Motion to Disqualify*).
- 6 10. In support of Mr. Blandino request to disqualify this court Mr. Blandino outlines roughly
7 three specific reasons the motion should be granted but points out "...the violations by
8 Giordani are too numerous to list in totality". *Motion to Disqualify*, pg. 10.¹ For purposes of
9 this Affidavit, I will address the specific examples provided in Mr. Blandino's motion.
- 10 11. First, Mr. Blandino claims I previously prosecuted him in Case X01152672.
- 11 12. Case X01152672 was a traffic citation that was assigned to Department 20 in 2018.
- 12 13. In LVMC every criminal department (Dept. 1-6) and the traffic department (Dept. 20) are
13 staffed with a Deputy City Attorney (hereafter DCA) from the Las Vegas City Attorney's
14 Office. Each DCA typically does a three-month rotation in each department. While in the
15 department, a DCA is responsible for the daily calendar. Additionally, they are required to
16 respond to any motions filed in their department during their rotation.
- 17 14. Prior to taking the bench, I was a DCA with the Las Vegas City Attorney's Office from August
18 of 2011 until July of 2022.
- 19 15. On May 3, 2018, Case X01152672 was scheduled for arraignment in Dept. 20. That case
20 remained open until June 18, 2019. During that time Mr. Blandino had variety of court dates
21 ranging from Trial to Motions. (See **Exhibit 3**). On each of these dates, a DCA was assigned to
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¹ Due to the fact the Motion to Disqualify is not filed on numerical line stamped paper, I am unable to cite to the specific line.

1 Dept. 20. Specifically, four prosecutors were assigned to Dept. 20 during that time: Matt
2 Walker, John Cory, Trisha Chapman and myself. (See **Exhibit 4**)²

3 16. On August 28, 2018, a trial was held in Dept. 20 for Case X01152672 and was handled by
4 DCA John Cory. Mr. Blandino was ultimately convicted of five traffic infractions: cell phone
5 violation, no drivers license, no Nevada registration with 30 days of residency, no Nevada
6 drivers license within 30 days and no proof of insurance. A timely appeal was filed.
7

8 17. On January 8, 2019, I filed an Opposition to Mr. Blandino's Motion to Disqualify Judge
9 Shannon Nordstrom. (See **Exhibit 5**). It is unclear when the Mr. Blandino initially filed his
10 Motion to Disqualify Judge Nordstrom, but presumptively it was done prior to January 8,
11 2019. I was the DCA that filed this Opposition because I was the DCA assigned to Dept. 20
12 from January of 2019 until the end of March 2019. (See **Exhibit 3**). The Opposition outlines
13 the facts and applicable law.

14 18. This Opposition was the only level of participation I had as a DCA on Case X01152672. I do
15 not remember writing the Opposition or arguing it on January 8, 2019 in Dept. 20. (See
16 **Exhibit 6**).³ As such, I have no bias or prejudice against Mr. Blandino due to this
17 involvement.

18 19. Second, Mr. Blandino argues that because I did not reassign Case 26-005437, the simple
19 battery, I demonstrated a desire to "...be a prosecutor Judge against Kim and give Kim only
20 an appearance of being an impartial judge." *Motion to Disqualify*, pg. 16.

21 20. As previously stated, Case 26-005437 was assigned to my department after the recusal of
22 Judge Walker due to the fact I am the Chief Judge of LVMC. Since I did not have a reason to
23 recuse, I elected to keep the case in my department. To me, this guaranteed efficiency and
24 ensured there was not an additional and unnecessary court date.
25

26
27 ² Names of those were not the assigned Deputy City Attorney to Dept. 20 during the relevant time periods
have been redacted.

28 ³ The transcript appears to have the wrong date listed by the transcriber as "January 8, 2010". As noted in Exhibit
3, the argument date was January 8, 2019. That is supported by the file stamp in the upper right-hand corner of
January 22, 2018.

1 21. Third, Mr. Blandino claims he and I had a variety of conversations outside of the courtroom.

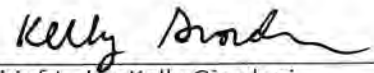
2 While no specific date is provided, Mr. Blandino states that during one of these
3 conversations he "...told prosecutor Giordani that she would run for judge and win because
4 she was so pretty". *Motion to Disqualify*, pg. 17. I do not recall this interaction but
5 appreciate the compliment.

6 22. Mr. Blandino then claims he "...indicated to prosecutor Giordani that she should have babies
7 and not be a Judge...". *Motion to Disqualify*, pg. 17. I do not recall this conversation and
8 question whether it even occurred. Even if it did, I believe everyone is entitled to their own
9 opinion and take no offense to the position that motherhood should take precedence over
10 one's profession. I personally believe it is a privilege to do both.

11 23. In sum, I have presided and will continue to preside over the instant case in an impartial and
12 unbiased fashion, complying with all my ethical and legal obligations under the Judicial
13 Canons and the statutory and case law of the State of Nevada.

14
15 I declare this under penalty or perjury under the law of the State of Nevada that the foregoing is
16 true and correct.

17
18 DATED April 9th, 2026.

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22 Chief Judge Kelly Giordani
23 Las Vegas Municipal Court, Dept. 6
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EXHIBIT 1

**LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

CITY OF LAS VEGAS,
Plaintiff,

vs.

KIM BLANDINO
ID # 0363075

Defendant,

CASE NO. 26-005437

DEPT.: 1



**ORDER DISQUALIFYING JUDGE WALKER AND ASSIGNING THE
MATTER TO CHIEF JUDGE FOR FURTHER CALENDARING**

The above captioned matter was brought before this court for arraignment on February 10, 2026. The Plaintiff, City of Las Vegas, was represented by Deputy City Attorney Christopher Jones, and the Defendant, Kim Blandino (hereinafter the Defendant) appeared pro se.

The Court advised both parties that while it did not harbor any actual bias or prejudice concerning the defendant, that it had previously represented the City of Las Vegas in a criminal prosecution against the Defendant which proceeded to trial resulting in the Defendant's conviction.

The Court further noted that the Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct Rule 2.11 requires that "a judge shall disqualify himself or herself in any proceeding in which the judge's impartiality might reasonably be questioned";

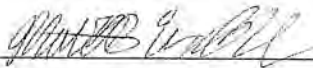
THE COURT HEREBY FINDS that its impartiality might reasonably be questioned given its prior prosecution of the Defendant;

///

///

1 THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that pursuant to the Nevada Code
2 of Judicial Conduct Rule 2.11, Judge Walker is disqualified from hearing this matter
3 and the matter shall be reassigned to Chief Judge Giordani for further calendaring.
4

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6 DATED this 17th day of February, 2026
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10 JUDGE MATTHEW WALKER
11 LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT, Dept. 1
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EXHIBIT 2

ORIGINAL



JEFFRY M. DOROCAK
City Attorney
100 E. Clark Ave., 3rd floor
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CITY OF LAS VEGAS,

Plaintiff,

CASE NO.: 26-005437A

DEPT NO.: 1

vs.

KIM DENNIS BLANDINO
ID#: 363075

Defendant.

**NOTICE OF DISMISSAL WITHOUT
PREJUDICE PURSUANT TO
NRS 174.085(5)**

NRS 174.085(5) provides:

5. The prosecuting attorney, in a case that he has initiated, may voluntarily dismiss a complaint:

(a) Before a preliminary hearing if the crime with which the defendant is charged is a felony or gross misdemeanor; or

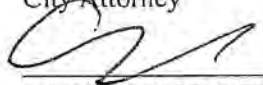
(b) Before trial if the crime with which the defendant is charged is a misdemeanor, *without prejudice* to the right to file another complaint, unless the State of Nevada has previously filed a complaint against the defendant which was dismissed at the request of the prosecuting attorney. After the dismissal, the court shall order the defendant released from custody or, if he is released on bail, exonerate the obligors and release any bail. (Emphasis added).

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the Plaintiff, City of Las Vegas, does hereby voluntarily dismiss the complaint against the above-captioned Defendant. As this is the first such voluntary dismissal against the Defendant, this Dismissal shall be without prejudice to the City's right to file another complaint against the Defendant within the one-year statute of limitations pursuant to NRS 174.085 as applied in Sheriff, Washoe County v. Marcus, 995 P.2d 1016 (2000).

Dated: February 26, 2026

JEFFRY M. DOROCAK
City Attorney

BY:


CARLENE HELBERT
Bar # 9830
DEPUTY CITY ATTORNEY

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on February 26, 2026, I forwarded a true and correct copy of the foregoing NOTICE OF DISMISSAL WITHOUT PREJUDICE PURSUANT TO NRS 174.085(5), via United States Mail, first-class postage prepaid, and via electronic transmission, to:

Kim Blandino
c/o 441 North 16th Street
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
Kim43792@earthlink.net



An employee of the City of Las Vegas

EXHIBIT 3

Case Docket Search



Las Vegas Municipal Court
100 E. Clark Ave.
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
38-COURT (702-382-6878)

Mailing Address:
P.O. Box 3920
Las Vegas, Nevada 89127

DOCKET

THE CITY OF LAS VEGAS

Plaintiff,

vs.

KIM BLANDINO

Defendant

Case Number: X01152672

History Number: 65295

SCOPE: 0363075

Violation Date: 3/8/2018

Case Status: CLOSED

Status Date: 6/18/2019

Next Court Date: N/A

Case Proceeding

Date	Proceeding
4/23/2018 8:00 AM	Dept 1 19 Counters - Translation
4/23/2018 8:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 04/23/2018 08:00 - 19 Counters - Arraignment
5/3/2018 2:35 PM	Scheduled: Dept 1 05/03/2018 14:35 - - Arraignment
5/3/2018 2:35 PM	Dept 1 - Translation
6/4/2018 8:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 06/04/2018 08:00 - 19 Counters - Arraignment
6/4/2018 8:00 AM	Dept 1 19 Counters - Translation
6/11/2018 10:00 AM	Dept 1 - Translation
6/11/2018 10:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 06/11/2018 10:00 - - Arraignment
7/25/2018 9:00 AM	Dept 1 Trial - Traffic - Translation
7/25/2018 9:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 07/25/2018 09:00 - Trial - Traffic - Trial
8/27/2018 11:29 AM	Miscellaneous: MOTION TO DISMISS Submitted by Defendant
8/28/2018 9:00 AM	Dept 1 Trial - Traffic - Translation
8/28/2018 9:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 08/28/2018 09:00 - Trial - Traffic - Trial
8/28/2018 9:40 AM	Correction: MOTIONS DENIED
8/28/2018 1:58 PM	Miscellaneous: EMERGENCY NOTICE OF CORRECTION Submitted by Defendant

2/11/2016, 7:36 PM

City of Las Vegas > Government > Municipal Court > Case Docket Search

Date	Proceeding
8/29/2018 7:24 AM	Miscellaneous: EMERGENCY MOTION TO DISQUALIFY JUDGE FEDERICO Submitted by Defendant
9/11/2018 8:00 AM	Dept 1 Motion - Translation
9/11/2018 8:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 09/11/2018 08:00 - Motion - Motion
9/13/2018 8:58 AM	Miscellaneous: OPPOSITION Submitted by City Attorney CORY, JOHN Bar# 13089
9/18/2018 8:13 AM	Miscellaneous: 2nd notice of Appeal Submitted by Defendant
9/26/2018 12:18 PM	Miscellaneous: DEMAND THE COURT COMPLY Submitted by Defendant
9/26/2018 12:19 PM	Miscellaneous: DEMAND ISSUE PROPER JUDGEMENT Submitted by Defendant
9/27/2018 2:35 PM	Dept 1 - Translation
9/27/2018 2:35 PM	Scheduled: Dept 1 09/27/2018 14:35 - - Execution of Judgement
10/3/2018 11:12 AM	Miscellaneous: MTN TO ESTEND TIME TO RESPOND Submitted by City Attorney CHAPMAN, TRISHA Bar# 12716
10/3/2018 2:44 PM	* MOTION TO EXTEND TIME TO RESPOND
10/10/2018 8:17 AM	Correction: MOTION TO CONTINUE BY CA GRANTED
10/29/2018 2:41 PM	Miscellaneous: CITYS OPPO TO EMERG MOTION Submitted by City Attorney CHAPMAN, TRISHA Bar# 12716
11/6/2018 8:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 11/06/2018 08:00 - Motion - Motion
11/6/2018 8:00 AM	Dept 1 Motion - Translation
12/6/2018 8:00 AM	Dept 1 19 Counters - Translation
12/6/2018 8:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 12/06/2018 08:00 - 19 Counters - Execution of Judgement
12/10/2018 2:35 PM	Scheduled: Dept 1 12/10/2018 14:35 - - Execution of Judgement
12/10/2018 2:35 PM	Dept 1 - Translation
1/8/2019 8:21 AM	Miscellaneous: OPP TO DEF MOTION TO DISQUALIFY Submitted by City Attorney GIORDANI, KELLY Bar# 12072
1/8/2019 8:27 AM	Correction: MOTION TO DISQUALIFY HEARING COMMISSIONER
1/8/2019 2:35 PM	Scheduled: Dept 1 01/08/2019 14:35 - - Status Check
1/8/2019 2:35 PM	Dept 1 - Translation
1/23/2019 8:30 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 01/23/2019 08:30 - Status Check - Status Check
1/23/2019 8:30 AM	Dept 1 Status Check - Translation
1/23/2019 8:46 AM	Motion: Place on Calendar Denied
1/23/2019 8:47 AM	Correction: MOTION DENIED
1/23/2019 9:15 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 01/23/2019 09:15 - Motion - Motion

2/11/26, 7:36 PM

City of Las Vegas > Government > Municipal Court > Case Docket Search

Date	Proceeding
1/23/2019 9:15 AM	Dept 1 Motion - Translation
3/26/2019 8:43 AM	Motion to Place on Calendar Submitted by City Attorney CHAPMAN, TRISHA Bar# 12716
4/4/2019 10:47 AM	Miscellaneous: MOT TO DISQUALIFY HEARING COMMISSIONER Submitted by Defendant
4/8/2019 8:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 04/08/2019 08:00 - Motion - Motion
4/8/2019 8:00 AM	Dept 1 Motion - Translation
4/8/2019 8:49 AM	Motion: Place on Calendar Granted
4/8/2019 9:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 04/08/2019 09:00 - - Status Check
4/8/2019 9:00 AM	Dept 1 - Translation
5/9/2019 8:00 AM	Dept 1 Video/48 hr BH - Translation
5/9/2019 8:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 05/09/2019 08:00 - Video/48 hr BH - Status Check
5/9/2019 4:24 PM	Motion to Place on Calendar Submitted by Defendant
5/29/2019 10:41 AM	Warrant Issued
5/29/2019 10:41 AM	Warrant Issued
5/29/2019 10:41 AM	Warrant Issued
5/29/2019 10:42 AM	Warrant Issued
5/29/2019 10:42 AM	Warrant Issued
5/29/2019 10:42 AM	Reason for removing multiple calendared event: Motion-Filer No Show
6/6/2019 3:27 PM	Warrant Cancelled (ARRESTED)
6/6/2019 3:27 PM	Warrant Cancelled (ARRESTED)
6/10/2019 8:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 06/10/2019 08:00 - Video/48 hr BH - Status Check
6/10/2019 8:00 AM	Dept 1 Video/48 hr BH - Translation
6/10/2019 8:31 AM	ATTORNEY ASSIGNED: YANEZ, ABEL - BAR No 7566

Count 1

Original Violation	Current/Final Violation	Disposition	Disposed Date
Unlawful Use Of Cell Phone Or Handheld Device (Civil-484B.165)	Unlawful Use Of Cell Phone Or Handheld Device (Civil-484B.165)	Liabe	8/26/2018 12:00 AM

Date	Proceedings
3/12/2018 7:53 AM	Charge Filed
3/12/2018 7:53 AM	Case Created
6/11/2018 12:00 AM	Plea Added - Not Guilty

Date	Proceedings
8/28/2018 12:00 AM	Disposition: Uncontested - Civil Traffic Before Hearing Liable
9/5/2018 11:46 AM	Misdemeanor Appeal Form Filed Accepted

Count 2

Original Violation	Current/Final Violation	Disposition	Disposed Date
Driving Without Valid License (Traffic-10.02.010)	Driving Without Valid License (Traffic-10.02.010)	Found Guilty	8/28/2018 12:00 AM

Date	Proceedings
3/12/2018 7:53 AM	Charge Filed
3/12/2018 7:53 AM	Case Created
6/11/2018 12:00 AM	Plea Added - Not Guilty
8/28/2018 12:00 AM	Disposition: Before Trial Found Guilty
9/5/2018 11:46 AM	Misdemeanor Appeal Form Filed Accepted

Count 3

Original Violation	Current/Final Violation	Disposition	Disposed Date
No Nv Lic Plts W/In 30 Days Residency (Traffic-482.385)	No Nv Lic Plts W/In 30 Days Residency (Traffic-482.385)	Found Guilty	8/28/2018 12:00 AM

Date	Proceedings
3/12/2018 7:53 AM	Case Created
3/12/2018 7:53 AM	Charge Filed
6/11/2018 12:00 AM	Plea Added - Not Guilty
8/28/2018 12:00 AM	Disposition: Before Trial Found Guilty
9/5/2018 11:46 AM	Misdemeanor Appeal Form Filed Accepted

Count 4

Original Violation	Current/Final Violation	Disposition	Disposed Date
No Nevada Drivers Lic Within 30 Days (Civil-10.02.020)	No Nevada Drivers Lic Within 30 Days (Civil-10.02.020)	Liable	8/28/2018 12:00 AM

Date	Proceedings
3/12/2018 7:53 AM	Charge Filed
3/12/2018 7:53 AM	Case Created
6/11/2018 12:00 AM	Plea Added - Not Guilty

2/11/26, 7:36 PM

City of Las Vegas > Government > Municipal Court > Case Docket Search

Date	Proceedings
8/28/2018 12:00 AM	Disposition: Uncontested - Civil Traffic Before Hearing Liable
9/5/2018 11:46 AM	Misdemeanor Appeal Form Filed Accepted

Count 5

Original Violation	Current/Final Violation	Disposition	Disposed Date
Operator - Proof of Insurance Required (Traffic-10.02.010)	Operator - Proof of Insurance Required (Traffic-10.02.010)	Found Guilty	8/28/2018 12:00 AM

Date	Proceedings
3/12/2018 7:53 AM	Case Created
3/12/2018 7:53 AM	Charge Filed
6/11/2018 12:00 AM	Plea Added - Not Guilty
8/28/2018 12:00 AM	Disposition: Before Trial Found Guilty
9/5/2018 11:46 AM	Misdemeanor Appeal Form Filed Accepted

Fines, Fees & Sentencing

Item Name	Due	Status/Paid	Balance	Completed Date
Fine	\$115.00	Imposed	0	6/10/2019
Fine	\$308.00	Imposed	0	6/10/2019
Fine	\$750.00	Imposed	0	6/10/2019
Fine	\$208.00	Imposed	0	6/10/2019
Fine	\$478.00	Imposed	0	6/10/2019
Jail (5 Days CTS)	5 - Days	Imposed	0	6/18/2019
Jail (5 Days CTS)	5 - Days	Imposed	0	6/18/2019
Jail (5 Days CTS)	5 - Days	Imposed	0	6/18/2019
Jail (5 Days CTS)	5 - Days	Imposed	0	6/18/2019
Jail (5 Days CTS)	5 - Days	Imposed	0	6/18/2019

EXHIBIT 4

CAO -Criminal Division Deputy City Attorney Rotation 5

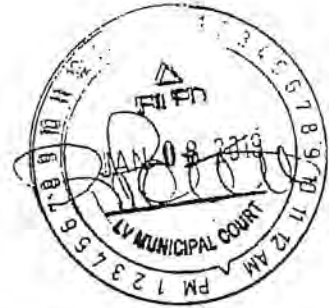
Las Vegas Municipal Court Judges and Departments	04/02/18 - 06/28/18	07/02/18 - 09/27/18	10/01/18 - 12/27/18
Department 1 Judge Cynthia Leung Courtroom 5A	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
Department 2 Judge Susan Rogers Courtroom 5B	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
Department 3 Judge Cara Campbell Courtroom 5C	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
Department 4 Judge Bert Brown Courtroom 6C	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
Department 5 Chief Judge Cadric Kerns Courtroom 6D	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
Department 6 Judge Martin Hastings Courtroom 5D	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
	Matt Walker	John Cory	Trish Chapman
Appeals	[REDACTED]		
Screening	[REDACTED]		
Court Coverage	[REDACTED]		
Code Enforcement	Dave Bailey		

CAO -Criminal Division Deputy City Attorney

Las Vegas Municipal Court Judges and Departments		10/01/18 - 12/27/18	Phone Ext:	1/1/19 - 3/30/19
Department 1 Judge Cynthia Leung Courtroom 5A	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
Department 2 Judge Susan Rogers Courtroom 5B	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
Department 3 Judge Cara Campbell Courtroom 5C	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
Department 4 Judge Bert Brown Courtroom 6C	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
Department 5 Chief Judge Cedric Kerns Courtroom 6D	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
Department 6 Judge Martin Hastings Courtroom 5D	Kelly Giordani	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
Department 20 Traffic Commissioner Courtroom 1C	Trish Chapman	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	Kelly Giordani
Appeals	[REDACTED]			
Screening	[REDACTED]			
Court Coverage	[REDACTED]			
Code Enforcement	[REDACTED]			

EXHIBIT 5

BRADFORD R. JERBIC
City Attorney
KELLY K. GIORDANI
Deputy City Attorney
Nevada Bar No. 12072
Regional Justice Center, 2nd Floor
P.O. Box 3930
Las Vegas, Nevada 89127



LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CITY OF LAS VEGAS,
Plaintiff,

vs.

KIM BLANDINO,
Defendant

CASE NO.: X01152672A-E

REF:

DEPT NO.: 20

OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO DISQUALIFY JUDGE SHANNON
NORDSTROM

COMES NOW, Bradford R. Jerbic, City Attorney, by and through Kelly K. Giordani, Deputy City Attorney, and files the instant Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Disqualify Alternate Judge Shannon Nordstrom (hereafter "Judge Nordstrom"). This pleading is based on the points and authorities outlined below.

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1 POINTS AND AUTHORTIES

2 A.

3 PROCEDURAL HISTORY

4 On March 8, 2018, Defendant was cited for five traffic infractions; Cell Phone Violation,
5 No Driver's License, No Nevada Registration Within 30 Days of Residency, No Nevada Driver's
6 License Within 30 Days and No Proof of Insurance. On August 28, 2018, a trial was held on each
7 of the above-mentioned citations. At the conclusion of that trial, Defendant was found guilty of all
8 five citations and sentenced. On September 18, 2018, Defendant filed a timely notice of appeal.
9 That case is currently on appeal in the Eighth Judicial District Court under case no. C-18-334876-
10 A.

11 Due to the fact the instant case is currently on appeal in District Court this court lacks
12 jurisdiction to hear the instant motion. Assuming, arguendo, the Court finds they have jurisdiction,
13 the City's argument in Opposition to the Defendant's request to Disqualify Judge Nordstrom is
14 below.

15 B.

16 DEFENDANT'S REQUEST TO DISQUALIFY JUDGE NORDSTROM PURSUANT TO
17 NRS 1.230, NRS 1.235(6) AND REVISED NEVADA CODE OF JUDICIAL CONDUCT
18 RULE 2.11 ARE INAPPLICABLE AND THUS, SHOULD BE DENIED

19 Defendant relies upon NRS 1.230 to support his request that Judge Nordstrom be
20 disqualified from presiding over his case. NRS 1.230 states in pertinent part:

21 **NRS 1.230 Grounds for disqualifying judges other than Supreme Court**
22 **justices or judges of the Court of Appeals.**

23 1. A judge shall not act as such in an action or proceeding when the judge
entertains actual bias or prejudice for or against one of the parties to the action.

24 2. A judge shall not act as such in an action or proceeding when implied bias
exists in any of the following respects:

25 (a) When the judge is a party to or interested in the action or proceeding.

26 (b) When the judge is related to either party by consanguinity or affinity
within the third degree.

27 (c) When the judge has been attorney or counsel for either of the parties in the
particular action or proceeding before the court.

28 (d) When the judge is related to an attorney or counselor for either of the
parties by consanguinity or affinity within the third degree. This paragraph does

1 not apply to the presentation of ex parte or uncontested matters, except in fixing
2 fees for an attorney so related to the judge.

3 3. A judge, upon the judge's own motion, may disqualify himself or herself
4 from acting in any matter upon the ground of actual or implied bias.

5 4. A judge or court shall not punish for contempt any person who proceeds
6 under the provisions of this chapter for a change of judge in a case.

7 5. This section does not apply to the arrangement of the calendar or the
8 regulation of the order of business

9 To summarize, Defendant is alleging that because Judge Nordstrom was hired by the City of Las
10 Vegas she is primarily focused on bringing in revenue for the City of Las Vegas so that she may
11 keep her job. Defendant indirectly suggests that due to this focus, Judge Nordstrom will not act
12 as an impartial third party to the traffic matters that come before her and thus, will do whatever it
13 may take to create revenue. Specifically, based on that argument, Defendant is arguing that
14 because Judge Nordstrom was hired by the City she is therefore biased for the City. The mere
15 fact that Judge Nordstrom was hired by the City of Las Vegas does not, in and of itself, offer
16 sufficient evidence to support Defendant's request that Judge Nordstrom be disqualified.
17 Defendant does not provide any additional evidence related to Judge Nordstrom to support his
18 request. As such, Defendant's request that Judge Nordstrom should be disqualified should be
19 denied.

20 Defendant then relies on NRS 1.235(6). That statute states in relevant part:

21 **NRS 1.235 Procedure for disqualifying judges other than Supreme Court**
22 **justices or judges of the Court of Appeals.**

23 6. A judge may challenge an affidavit alleging bias or prejudice by filing a
24 written answer with the clerk of the court within 5 judicial days after the affidavit
25 is filed, admitting or denying any or all of the allegations contained in the
26 affidavit and setting forth any additional facts which bear on the question of the
27 judge's disqualification. The question of the judge's disqualification must
28 thereupon be heard and determined by another judge agreed upon by the parties
or, if they are unable to agree, by a judge appointed:

(a) If the judge is a district judge, by the presiding judge of the judicial
district in judicial districts having more than one judge, or if the presiding judge
of the judicial district is sought to be disqualified, by the judge having the greatest
number of years of service;

(b) If the judge is a justice of the peace, by the presiding judge of the justice
court in justice courts having more than one justice of the peace, or if the
presiding judge is sought to be disqualified, by the justice of the peace having the
greatest number of years of service;

1 (c) If the judge is a municipal judge, by the presiding judge of the municipal
2 court in municipal courts having more than one municipal judge, or if the
3 presiding judge is sought to be disqualified, by the municipal judge having the
4 greatest number of years of service; or

(d) If there is no presiding judge, by the Supreme Court.

5 Defendant does not mention the specific reason for his reliance on this statute. The City presumes
6 this particular statute is included in Defendant's motion as an indirect suggestion that Judge
7 Nordstrom be required to file a written answer in response to Defendant's claim that she is biased.
8 However, as stated above, no relevant or specific evidence has been presented in support of
9 Defendant's claim that Judge Nordstrom is biased with the exception that due to the fact she was
10 hired by the City of Las Vegas she is biased in support of the City of Las Vegas. As such, Judge
11 Nordstrom should not be required to file any response to Defendant's bare and unsupported claims.
12 Moreover, the plain language of the statute, specifically the word "may" found in the first sentence
13 as opposed to any "shall" language suggests that filing an answer is a choice and not a requirement.

14 Finally, Defendant relies on the Revised Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct Rule 2.11 to
15 support his request that Judge Nordstrom be disqualified. That rule states in pertinent part;

16 **Rule 2.11. Disqualification.**

17 (A) A judge shall disqualify himself or herself in any proceeding in which the
18 judge's impartiality might reasonably be questioned, including but not limited to
the following circumstances:

19 (1) The judge has a personal bias or prejudice concerning a party or a party's
lawyer, or personal knowledge of facts that are in dispute in the proceeding.

20 (2) The judge knows that the judge, the judge's spouse or domestic partner, or
a person within the third degree of relationship to either of them, or the spouse or
21 domestic partner of such a person is:

22 (a) a party to the proceeding or an officer, director, general partner,
managing member, or trustee of a party;

23 (b) acting as a lawyer in the proceeding;

24 (c) a person who has more than a de minimis interest that could be
substantially affected by the proceeding; or

(d) likely to be a material witness in the proceeding.

25 (3) The judge knows that he or she, individually or as a fiduciary, or the judge's
spouse, domestic partner, parent, or child, or any other member of the judge's
26 family residing in the judge's household, has an economic interest in the subject
matter in controversy or in a party to the proceeding.

27 (4) [Reserved.]

28 (5) The judge, while a judge or a judicial candidate, has made a public
statement, other than in a court proceeding, judicial decision, or opinion, that

1 commits or appears to commit the judge to reach a particular result or rule in a
2 particular way in the proceeding or controversy.

3 (6) The judge:

4 (a) served as a lawyer in the matter in controversy or was associated with
5 a lawyer who participated substantially as a lawyer in the matter during such
6 association;

7 (b) served in governmental employment and in such capacity participated
8 personally and substantially as a lawyer or public official concerning the
9 proceeding, or has publicly expressed in such capacity an opinion concerning the
10 merits of the particular matter in controversy;

11 (c) was a material witness concerning the matter; or

12 (d) previously presided as a judge over the matter in another court.

13 (B) A judge shall keep informed about the judge's personal and fiduciary
14 economic interests and make a reasonable effort to keep informed about the
15 personal economic interests of the judge's spouse or domestic partner and minor
16 children residing in the judge's household.

17 (C) A judge subject to disqualification under this Rule, other than for bias or
18 prejudice under paragraph (A)(1), may disclose on the record the basis of the
19 judge's disqualification and may ask the parties and their lawyers to consider,
20 outside the presence of the judge and court staff, court officials and others subject
21 to the judge's direction and control, whether to waive disqualification. If, following
22 the disclosure, the parties and lawyers agree, without participation by the judge or
23 court staff, court officials and others subject to the judge's direction and control,
24 that the judge should not be disqualified, the judge may participate in the
25 proceeding. The agreement shall be incorporated into the record of the proceeding.

26 Again, Defendant claims that because Judge Nordstrom was hired by the City of Las Vegas
27 she is biased in favor of the City of Las Vegas. Defendant does not make any additional claims
28 proving specific information relevant to any of the requirements listed above. As such, Defendant's
claim that Judge Nordstrom is biased is claimed without sufficient or specific evidence and, as
such, should be denied.

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C.
CONCLUSION

Defendant's request that Judge Nordstrom be disqualified are not supported by sufficient or specific evidence. As such, the request should be denied.

DATED this 3rd day of January, 2019..

Respectfully Submitted,
BRADFORD R. JERBIC
City Attorney

By: Kelly K. Giordani
Kelly K. Giordani
Deputy City Attorney

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

I hereby certify that on 8th day of January, 2019, I forwarded a true and correct copy of the foregoing Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Disqualify Judge Nordstrom, by mail, first class postage fully prepaid, to:

KIM BLANDINO

441 N. 16TH STREET

LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89101

(702) 219-5657

Kim43792@earthlink.net

Kelly K. Jordan

An Employee of the Office of the City Attorney

EXHIBIT 6

2019 JAN 22 AM 7:08
Cep
MUNICIPAL COURT
LAS VEGAS
FILED

MUNICIPAL COURT
LAS VEGAS, NEVADA

THE CITY OF LAS VEGAS) CASE NO. X01152672A/B/C/D/E
Plaintiff,)
vs.)
KIM BLANDINO,)
Defendant.)

BEFORE THE HONORABLE SHANNON NORSTROM,
TRAFFIC COMMISSIONER

TRANSCRIPT RE: STATUS CHECK

JANUARY 8, 2010

APPEARANCES:

The Plaintiff: THE CITY OF LAS VEGAS
For the Plaintiff: KELLY GIORDANI, ESQ.
200 Lewis Avenue
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

The Defendant: KIM BLANDINO
Pro Se

1 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA

JANUARY 8, 2010

2
3 PROCEEDINGS
4

5 (AREAS INDISCERNIBLE DUE TO SIMULTANEOUS SPEAKING.)
6

7 THE CLERK: On record.

8 City versus Kim Blandino, Case No.

9 X01152672A/B/C/D and E.

10 THE DEFENDANT: Kim Blandino --

11 THE COURT: Thank you.

12 THE DEFENDANT: -- appearing pro se for Kim
13 Blandino.

14 I'd like to make note administratively that the
15 sign had alternate judge up there last time I was in this
16 courtroom, and now that it's been changed properly to
17 hearing commissioner.

18 THE COURT: Well, Sir, you know, it just so
19 happens that the hearing commissioner one took a little bit
20 longer to come in.

21 THE DEFENDANT: Okay.

22 THE COURT: So, that's all.

23 THE DEFENDANT: Um, can I --

24 THE COURT: So --

1 THE DEFENDANT: -- I --
2 THE COURT: No, I'm --
3 THE DEFENDANT: -- I understand that some --
4 THE COURT: -- I'm going to start. Thank you.
5 THE DEFENDANT: Okay.
6 THE COURT: So, Sir, you have a Motion to
7 Disqualify me as the hearing commissioner. I cannot hear a
8 Motion to Disqualify me.
9 THE DEFENDANT: True.
10 THE COURT: So your matter is going to be sent up
11 to Department 1 to be resolved up there.
12 THE DEFENDANT: And the two thirty-five, ah,
13 schedule that we have for today -- a two thirty-five, that's
14 vacated?
15 THE COURT: What's your two thirty-five for?
16 THE DEFENDANT: It was a status check.
17 MS. GIORDANI: And, Judge, I --
18 THE COURT: Well, that probably --
19 MS. GIORDANI: -- (indiscernible) --
20 THE COURT: -- related to the --
21 MS. GIORDANI: -- on appeal.
22 THE COURT: -- to the appeal.
23 What's the status of your appeal upstairs?
24 I recall --

1 THE DEFENDANT: They're -- they're still --
2 THE COURT: -- last time --
3 THE DEFENDANT: -- they're still waiting.
4 MS. GIORDANI: Judge, it's my --
5 THE COURT: Okay.
6 THE DEFENDANT: (Indiscernible) --
7 MS. GIORDANI: -- understanding --
8 THE DEFENDANT: -- (indiscernible) scuse.
9 MS. GIORDANI: -- he'll have a court date here
10 pretty soon.
11 He has yet to order transcripts, which is
12 something that needs to be taken care --
13 THE DEFENDANT: No, I did --
14 MS. GIORDANI: -- of upstairs.
15 THE DEFENDANT: -- the (indiscernible)
16 transcripts.
17 THE COURT: Please don't --
18 MS. GIORDANI: Okay.
19 THE COURT: -- argue with the City Attorney.
20 THE DEFENDANT: Just --
21 MS. GIORDANI: Ah --
22 THE DEFENDANT: -- correcting the record.
23 THE COURT: You can have a seat. Just have a
24 seat.

1 THE DEFENDANT: Okay.

2 THE COURT: Right there. You can sit at the
3 table.

4 Counsel, go ahead.

5 MS. GIORDANI: Judge, I have filed -- just to step
6 back a few -- I did file an opposition this morning. I will
7 provide a stamped copy -- they're still being stamped right
8 now -- to Mr. Blandino.

9 THE COURT: Okay.

10 MS. GIORDANI: Um, as The Court's aware, the five-
11 cases, ah, before Your Honor, in reference to that Motion to
12 Disqualify, are currently on appeal.

13 So it is the City's position, which we will
14 reiterate upstairs now in Department 1, that This Court and
15 Department 1 lacks jurisdiction to hear this motion, um, as
16 the cases are currently up on appeal. However, I did
17 include an argument to all the points that were raised by --

18 THE COURT: Okay.

19 MS. GIORDANI: -- Mr. Blandino.

20 THE COURT: And that is why we put it out, because
21 it was still pending upstairs.

22 MS. GIORDANI: Yes --

23 THE COURT: But given --

24 MS. GIORDANI: -- it is.

1 THE COURT: -- the motion that has been filed, I
2 would not hear Mr. Blandino's matter until after the motion
3 is resolved in any event.

4 So, Mr. Blandino, your status check this afternoon
5 is vacated. You will be given notice when it is reset.

6 THE DEFENDANT: Can I just reply --

7 THE COURT: You're all done.

8 THE DEFENDANT: -- to what the City Attorney said?

9 THE COURT: No. She gave me a factual update on
10 the status of --

11 THE DEFENDANT: I need to enter --

12 THE COURT: -- what's --

13 THE DEFENDANT: -- an objection.

14 THE COURT: -- going on.

15 I -- I don't believe you do.

16 THE DEFENDANT: Well, I object to --

17 THE COURT: I don't believe you do.

18 THE DEFENDANT: -- you not being -- giving me time
19 to make a record.

20 THE COURT: Sir, this isn't even really a formal
21 hearing. Your -- I can't hear your motion. She verified
22 that your --

23 THE DEFENDANT: Oh, I understand that.

24 THE COURT: -- your appeal is still pending, so

1 there's nothing more really to talk about --

2 THE DEFENDANT: But I need to --

3 THE COURT: -- right now.

4 THE DEFENDANT: -- object to what she represented.

5 Every time there's a -- it goes in threes. There's the --

6 the moving party and then we have a response and then have a

7 reply. And if you're not going to allow me to make a reply

8 --

9 THE COURT: This --

10 THE DEFENDANT: -- I think that's not -- not

11 proper.

12 THE COURT: Sir, you just made your reply.

13 THE DEFENDANT: I want it directly to the points
14 that she made.

15 THE COURT: Was there something she said that's
16 inaccurate? Is your appeal still not -- is it not pending
17 right now?

18 THE DEFENDANT: She said that I had not -- I had
19 not ordered the transcript.

20 (MS. GIORDANI HANDS DOCUMENTATION TO DEFENDANT.)

21 And I did demand a transcript (indiscernible) to
22 the statute. So to use a term of art --

23 THE COURT: Well, it hasn't --

24 THE DEFENDANT: -- it's ordered --

1 THE COURT: -- been submitted yet. So the
2 information --

3 THE DEFENDANT: Okay. Then that's --

4 THE COURT: -- she has --

5 THE DEFENDANT: -- correct. Then that's --

6 THE COURT: -- is that there --

7 THE DEFENDANT: -- actually correct.

8 THE COURT: -- is no transcript filed at this
9 time.

10 THE DEFENDANT: That's true.

11 THE COURT: The bottom line, Sir, is your appeal
12 is still pending.

13 THE DEFENDANT: True.

14 THE COURT: So there will be no hearing today.

15 THE DEFENDANT: True.

16 THE COURT: Okay. We are done.

17 THE DEFENDANT: Okay.

18 THE COURT: Thank you.

19 THE DEFENDANT: Thank you.

20 THE COURT: You're welcome.

21 MS. GIORDANI: This one's for you.

22 May I give this to you, Judge? This one --

23 THE COURT: Uh-huh.

24 MS. GIORDANI: -- will just be with the file.

1 This is that opposition that I just served upon Mr.
2 Blandino.

3 (DEFENDANT EXITS COURTROOM.)

4 THE COURT: Ah, all right.

5 There you go (indiscernible).

6 (THE COURT HANDS DOCUMENTATION TO COURT CLERK.)

7

8 * * * * *

9

10 ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and
11 correctly transcribed the video proceedings in the above-
12 entitled case to the best of my ability.

13

/s/CHARLENE BARRA
TRANSCRIPTIONIST

14

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CERTIFIED COPY
DOCUMENT ATTACHED IS A
TRUE AND CORRECT COPY
OF THE ORIGINAL ON FILE
Charlene Barra
CLERK OF THE COURT

9

APR - 1 2019

Exhibit 14

Exhibit 15

Original

FILED

EMOT
 KIM BLANDINO PECULIAR PRO SE
 Nevada Bar No. None
 C/O 441 N. 16th St
 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
 (702) 219-5657
 No Fax
 Kim43792@earthlink.net

APR 13 2026
 LV MUNICIPAL COURT

**LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT
 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

CITY OF LAS VEGAS
 and LAS VEGAS MUNICIPALCOURT

HANS JESSUP
 -vs

Petitioner,
 and Prosecutor

Case No. 26-029641
 Dept. No. 4

4/20/26 9:30 am

KIM BLANDINO

Defendant

**EMERGENCY MOTION TO BE GIVEN CLEAR NOTICE WHO
 THE ASSIGNED JUDGE IS AS TO THE UPCOMING HEARING ON THE MOTION TO
 DISQUALIFY JUDGE GIORDANI SET FOR HEARING IN DEPT 4 AT 9:30 A.M. ON
 4/20/ 2026**

COMES NOW Kim Blandino ("Kim") listed as Defendant appearing specially and not generally comes to file **EMERGENCY MOTION TO BE GIVEN CLEAR NOTICE WHO
 THE ASSIGNED JUDGE IS AS TO THE UPCOMING HEARING ON THE MOTION TO
 DISQUALIFY JUDGE GIORDANI SET FOR HEARING IN DEPT 4 AT 9:30 A.M. ON
 4/20/ 2026**

INTRODUCTION AND REASON FOR FILING AS AN EMERGENCY

COMES NOW Kim Blandino ("Kim") was listed as Defendant in case 26-005437 appearing specially and not generally who under threat of a Bench warrant appeared in Las Vegas Municipal Court Department 1 Matthew Walker ("Walker") presiding ON Feb. 10, 2026. Kim appeared by special appearance because of a green colored post card that Kim received in the U.S. Mail at C/O 441 N16th Street L.V. Nv. 89101. The video of this hearing is at published by Our Nevada Judges ("ONJ") at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o69qTuWdZ-I&t=189s> Kim was set for a calendaring hearing by Walker's order and again under threat of a bench warrant should Kim not appear on Feb. 18, 2026.

Because Judge Giordani ("Giordani") did not assign herself to the actual case until Feb. 18, 2026 Kim filed a motion to disqualify within the time frame of NRS 1.235 (motion must be filed within 10 days of assignment). Kim told Giordani in open court that this Motion would be filed on Feb. 18 the video of this by ONJ is at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OLdjoDg6ots>. Kim appeared specially and not generally. Kim was also threatened with warrant for not showing up on Feb. 18, 2026.

On March 12, 2026 kim filed an **EMERGENCY MOTION TO VACATE THE ORDER OF MARCH 2, 2026 BY JUDGE GIORDANI AS VOID AND TO REOPEN CASE AS ORIGINALLY MOTIONED FOR MUST BE DOCKETED TO JUDGE BERT BROWN WHO IS THE MUNICIPAL JUDGE**

HAVING THE GREATEST NUMBER OF YEARS OF SERVICE PURSUANT TO NRS

1.235 (7) (c)

Again, Giordani willfully, illegally signed and filed an order denying this on March 16, 2026 and the hearing set for March 23 2026 was vacated by Giordani. This has come to the point that Giordani is in violation of the criminal laws as shown below. NRS 200.50091 states:

“NRS 200.5091 Policy of State. It is the policy of this State to provide for the cooperation of law enforcement officials, courts of competent jurisdiction and all appropriate state agencies providing human services in identifying the abuse, neglect, exploitation, isolation and abandonment of older persons and vulnerable persons through the complete reporting of abuse, neglect, exploitation, isolation and abandonment of older persons and vulnerable persons. (emphasis added)

(Added to NRS by 1981, 1334; A 1997, 1348; 2005, 1107; 2015, 804)

Older person is defined as:

“6. “Older person” means a person who is 60 years of age or older.”
NRS200.5092(6)

“2. “Abuse” means willful:

(a) Infliction of pain or injury on an older person or a vulnerable person;

(b) Deprivation of food, shelter, clothing or services which are necessary to maintain the physical or mental health of an older person or a vulnerable person;

(c) Infliction of psychological or emotional anguish, pain or distress on an older person or a vulnerable person through any act, including, without limitation:

(1) Threatening, controlling or socially isolating the older person or vulnerable person;

(2) Disregarding the needs of the older person or vulnerable person; or

(3) Harming, damaging or destroying any property of the older person or vulnerable person, including, without limitation, pets;

(d) Nonconsensual sexual contact with an older person or a vulnerable person, including, without limitation:

(1) An act that the older person or vulnerable person is unable to understand or to which the older person or vulnerable person is unable to communicate his or her objection; or

(2) Intentional touching, either directly or through the clothing, of the genitalia, anus, groin, breast, inner thigh or buttocks of the older person or vulnerable person; or

(e) Permitting any of the acts described in paragraphs (a) to (d), inclusive, to be committed against an older person or a vulnerable person." (emphasis and caps added)

NRS 197.200 states:

NRS 197.200 Oppression under color of office.

1. An officer, or a person pretending to be an officer, who unlawfully and maliciously, under pretense or color of official authority:

(a) Arrests or detains a person against the person's will;

(b) Seizes or levies upon another's property;

(c) Dispossesses another of any lands or tenements; or

(d) Does any act whereby the person, property or rights of another person are injured,

Ê commits oppression.

2. An officer or person committing oppression shall be punished:

(a) Where physical force or the immediate threat of physical force is used, for a category D felony as provided in NRS 193.130.

(b) Where no physical force or immediate threat of physical force is used, for a gross misdemeanor.

[1911 C&P § 541; RL § 6806; NCL § 10487]—(NRS A 1967, 462; 1995, 1172) (emphasis added).

18 U.S.C. Section 242 states:

“Whoever, under color of any law, statute, ordinance, regulation, or custom, willfully subjects any person in any State, Territory, Commonwealth, Possession, or District to the deprivation of any rights, privileges, or immunities secured or protected by the Constitution or laws of the United States, or to different punishments, pains, or penalties, on account of such person being an alien, or by reason of his color, or race, than are prescribed for the punishment of citizens, shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than one year, or both; and if bodily injury results from the acts committed in violation of this section or if such acts include the use, attempted use, or threatened use of a dangerous weapon, explosives, or fire, shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than ten years, or both; and if death results from the acts committed in violation of this section or if such acts include kidnapping or an attempt to kidnap, aggravated sexual abuse, or an attempt to commit aggravated sexual abuse, or an attempt to kill, shall be fined under this title, or imprisoned for any term of years or for life, or both, or may be sentenced to death.

(June 25, 1948, ch. 645, 62 Stat. 696; Pub. L. 90-284, title I, § 103(b), Apr. 11, 1968, 82 Stat. 75; Pub. L. 100-690, title VII, § 7019, Nov. 18, 1988, 102 Stat. 4396; Pub. L. 103-322, title VI, § 60006(b), title XXXII, §§ 320103(b), 320201(b), title XXXIII, § 330016(1)(H), Sept. 13, 1994, 108 Stat. 1970, 2109, 2113, 2147; Pub. L. 104-294, title VI, §§ 604(b)(14)(B), 607(a), Oct. 11, 1996, 110 Stat. 3507, 3511.)

Kim is a person under the statute and the courts, municipal, state and Federal have stated that one has the right to have an unbiased judge or even any risk of bias to determine the case or controversy. See Rippo v. Baker is 580 U.S. 285 (2017).

NRS 1.235 states in pertinent part:

“6. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 7, the judge against whom an affidavit alleging bias or prejudice is filed SHALL PROCEED NO FURTHER with the matter and shall:

(a) If the judge is a district judge, immediately transfer the case to another department of the court, if there is more than one department of the court in the district, or request the judge of another district court to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter;

(b) If the judge is a justice of the peace, immediately arrange for another justice of the peace to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter as provided pursuant to NRS 4.032, 4.340 or 4.345, as applicable; or

(c) If the judge is a municipal judge, immediately arrange for another municipal judge to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter as provided pursuant to NRS 5.023 or 5.024, as applicable.

7. A judge may challenge an affidavit alleging bias or prejudice by filing a written answer with the clerk of the court within 5 judicial days after the affidavit is served, admitting or denying any or all of the allegations contained in the affidavit and setting forth any additional facts which bear on the question of the judge's disqualification. The question of the judge's disqualification must thereupon be heard and determined by a judge appointed:

(a) If the judge is a district judge, by the presiding judge of the judicial district in judicial districts having more than one judge, or if the presiding judge of the judicial district is sought to be disqualified, by the judge having the greatest number of years of service;

(b) If the judge is a justice of the peace, by the presiding judge of the justice court in justice courts having more than one justice of the peace, or if the presiding judge is sought to be disqualified, by the justice of the peace having the greatest number of years of service;

(c) If the judge is a municipal judge, by the presiding judge of the municipal court in municipal courts having more than one municipal judge, or **if the presiding judge is sought to be disqualified, by the municipal judge having the greatest number of years of service; or**

(d) If there is no presiding judge, by the Supreme Court.

(Added to NRS by 1977, 767; A 1979, 59, 393; 1981, 319, 872; 2011, 9; 2013, 1711; 2017, 272; 2023, 2596)”

Kim is being Oppressed by Giordani and now with this petition under this case number Court Administrator Hans Jessup has petitioned for Kim to be declared a vexatious litigant and Hans

seeks to abuse Kim by his filing not only to have kim declared a vexatious litigant but for Kim to be limited from coming into the Las Vegas Municipal Court building:

Defendant has exhibited behavior that disrupts the court process and has refused assistance, direction, while attempting to circumvent or violate rules and laws that are established to ensure proper case process and the rights of all parties. Accordingly, the Las Vegas Municipal Court, Court Administration, requests that this Court find the Defendant's actions of continually filing actions with the Municipal Court to be frivolous and that the defendant be ordered to withhold any further filings in his criminal case and this case unless approved by the Court. Furthermore, Court Administration requests that the Defendant be declared a vexatious litigant due to the Defendant's failure to follow court rules, laws, and directions from court staff and because the Defendant creates unwanted and unnecessary interactions with members of the public and staff. Additionally, if the Court declares Defendant to be vexatious, petitioner asks that Defendant be ordered to be escorted by a Municipal Court Marshal throughout the building during any future appearances. Furthermore, Court Administration asks that Defendant not be allowed to come into the building until 30 minutes prior to any court proceeding that the Defendant is a named party in and that the Defendant must exit the building within 30 minutes after the court proceeding has concluded. Additionally, Court Administration asks that except as provided in NRS 5.080-5.090, that the Defendant be limited from filing pleadings with the Las Vegas Municipal Court unless the Defendant has an open and active case before the court. Petition pages 5-6 lines 27-13

Hans knows that Kim has not been vexatious and Hans is not an attorney. Hans cannot represent a for profit corporation which the City of Las Vegas is or a subdivision thereof being the Las Vegas Municipal Court which could not exist with the City of Las Vegas' incorporation. Since Hans Jessup is a real person and not an attorney the only person Hans Jessup can represent in court is Hans Jessup.

Therefore, Hans Jessup is under color of office is abusing Kim as an older person who is over 10 years older than the threshold 60 years and going way beyond just a declaration that

Kim is a vexatious litigant as shown above. In a conversation with Kim that Kim initiated with Hans Jessup in his own words state and restated:

“I am prosecuting you “

In relation to the Petition to declare.....filed in this case. Hans Jessup therefore under color of law seeks to abuse Kim with no regard whatsoever under Kim's rights that are guaranteed under the first amendment to the U.S. Constitution. Hans Jessup said this in a conversation on Wednesday April 8, 2026

A. Hans Jessup who alleges to be The Court Administrator Refuses to Acknowledge That Kim is an Investigative Journalist And Is an unpaid Volunteer [which means unofficial investigator working with the Nevada Commission On Judicial Discipline

This refusal by Hans to recognize this creates an emergency condition because Hans is seeking to stop Kim from exercising Kim's rights. That this is injuring Kim greatly as Kim is under constant stress and distress that Kim will be denied rights under the U.S. Constitution.

Further Hans refuse to respect that Kim has been called by his Creator to investigate judicial Corruption and that Kim has the free exercise right to religion to obey a calling from Kim's Creator

OTHER REASONS FOR FILING AS AN EMERGENCY

This latest video of Kim's Feb 18 court appearance has over 126 thousand views with 941 comments. See <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OLdjoDg6ots>. The video of Feb. 10, 2026 has over 37 thousand views and over 581 comments. See <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o69qTuWdZ-I&t=5s>.

A comment from the Feb 18 appearance from a User called isaned and Kim's reply:

"Whoever made the death threat against Blahblahblahdino better follow through with it , or I will report you to the board of judicial misconduct
Reply Duly noted and recorded"

A comment from the Feb. 10, 2026 video and Kim's reply:

"I don't know if it is the sadist in me, but man, id like to see blandino bloody
Duly noted and recorded
Reply"

There are many other violent comments and threats made against Kim on these and other videos. Kim is concerned that Kim and/or his family could be a target for extreme violence. The insane hatred that commenters have toward Kim like "lock Kim up and throw away the key" are about 99% of the comments are very similar to a lynch mob mentality or the "Give us Barrabas" chants at Jesus' trial. Just Feb 28 Kim received a call on his cell while at a Celebration of Life Ceremony for Leah Reesa Campbell at the FOE Federation of eagles. from phone number XXXXXXXX and Kim heard "You are one of the biggest Douche Bags in the world" and then the male caller hung up. LVMPD refused to take a police report.

Kim attempted to serve Giordani in chambers with the motion to disqualify however Giordani blocks anyone from serving champers as the statute requires. Therefore, Kim left the Motion with Marshal Thompson outside the courtroom directly after filing.

Therefore, Kim must have Giordani obey the statute and the case law and acknowledge that after a motion to disqualified is filed the judge must do nothing further with the case and then reassign the case unless the judge Since Giordani refused to challenge the Motion to disqualify withing 5 judicial days. That the City notified that court they were dismissing charges without prejudice filed on Feb. 26 2026. Kim filed an emergency motion to reopen the case on March 2,

2026. This was set for hearing. However, that same day Giordani at 1:48 p.m. willfully and unlawfully ruled on the case which she was mandated not to act in and made findings and vacated Kim's hearing.

Kim then on March 9, 2026 kim filed **EMERGENCY MOTION TO VACATE THE ORDER OF MARCH 2, 2026 BY JUDGE GIORDANI AS VOID AND TO REOPEN CASE AS ORIGINALLY MOTIONED FOR** at 7:08 a.m. and was set for hearing on March 19, 2026.

Again, Giordani willfully and unlawfully issued another order in the matter at 2:57 p.m. vacating the hearing on the 19th. That all of the facts and points herein point to why emergency action is needed. Kim had no judge to take any action once the motion was filed.

Kim must have the complaint dismissed with prejudice.

As shown above that abuse of an older person includes:

(c) Infliction of psychological or emotional anguish, pain or distress on an older person or a vulnerable person through any act, including, without limitation:

Giordani is inflicting this anguish, pain and distress upon Kim. Kim is suffering the effects of Giordani's repeated and repeated and repeated refusal to not step away from the battery case. Kim is now almost 846 months old (70 years five months) the strain on Kim is discernable even by other people. In fact Marshal Thompson just stated Wednesday April 8 to Kim in regard to a mental lapse in court:

"I know you look good for 70 but I think you may be losing it"

Kim in fact has noticed this loss of mental acuity which must in part be due to the abuse that Giordani is inflicting on Kim.

Giordani is inflicting continued pain and suffering upon Kim under color of law. She knows

that once the motion was filed she must do nothing further in the case but Giordani like the monstrous criminals before her, only care about the power and control that they have or might gain. Giordani has now most certainly seen the video mentioned above of Kim's appearance before her on Feb 18, 2026 where in violation of the Revised Code of Judicial Conduct (Code) she would not let Kim make a record in the least. It was at that hearing that for the first time Giordani announced that she was assigning the case to herself.

These types of comments below of unknowing ignorant people that believe Kim to be the criminal and/or trouble maker and not Giordani:

" [@lorrainemacgillivray4722](#)

[13 hours ago](#)

He's still trying to intimidate the judge , threatening her with disqualification, assuming that the minute he mentions that threat , the judge can not go any further , of course he's following his own usual pattern , so far most of the judges have placated him way way too much , you can't deal with Blandino the same way you would deal with any other defendant, this one will wear you down , he will rant and rave about his rights and **bore you with his knowledge of the law**, sovereign citizens like him project the law as they see it ,not as it really is and the Israel nonsense is pure bullshit" (emphasis added please excuse the language)

[@lorrainemacgillivray4722](#)

[1 day ago](#)

"Of all the videos I have seen on this guy , this is by far the only ,ONLY judge that knows how to handle him, I love how this judge manages to shut him down at his every attempt to derail this hearing , he's always up to his old tricks but she knows him well , he claims she is bullying him , perfect , he threatens to disqualify her , great , love this judge and please please, make sure she is the only judge that handles his hearings , that should really piss him off " (emphasis added)

[@christophersequeira4155](#)

[5 days ago](#)

Dismissed on 26 Feb, without prejudice, allowing it to be refiled for 1 year, if they so choose. Sadly, no further drama scheduled at this time! But, I have faith in Kim Denis...he'll provide other amusement soon enough...schizotypal narcissism is a reliable driver...

[@KEVZZ-DAD-OF-TWO-BOYZ](#)

8 days ago

"Another idiot Trumper who thinks rules don't apply to them... shocker"

@LVGaryD1

8 days ago

"As a person who often gets called for jury duty in Las Vegas, if the court puts me on this man's jury, he is guilty. I do not care what he says or does, he is one irritating s.o.b. For this reason your honor, please keep excuse me from all future jury duty."

@randyhoobler9654

2 weeks ago



ABSOLUTELY BULL
jail for CONTEMPT!! "

this circus clown should be in

"@lindapeterson7997

3 weeks ago

He wants the court to proceed his way with a judge that agrees with him. The man is a fool. He's hostile and uncooperative and trying to manipulate the system. **Just throw him in jail and give him a baloney sandwich.**" (emphasis added)

"@stkhnds

3 weeks ago

I'd thrown the idiot in jail for wasting court's time and taxpayer money"

"@DocLaw1

3 weeks ago

Find this idiot in contempt, **jail him** and start again in a few days. See if he figures it out." (emphasis added)

"@scottcampbell4678

3 weeks ago

Throw that **frigging bastard is jail for 1000 years in solitary confinement** so he will STFU" (emphasis added)

"@robbietiz1702

3 weeks ago

As soon as he talked, 2 seconds and you can tell he's an absolute



end. Guarantee, he's arrogant, entitled and misinformed. Its absolute idiots like him who are absolutely decimating this world. I feel for his wife, and pray hes never had children. Best thing you could do for us all. Is **put him in jail and accidentally loose the key to his door. I wholeheartedly promise you. We will not complain. Ever.**” (emphasis added)

“@goodcitizen3027

3 weeks ago

I despise him. I really do. I hope he rots in jail.” (emphasis added)

@Hdtviii

3 weeks ago

Just throw his ass **in jail**. Jesus.(emphasis added)

These comments only show the tip of the vitriol that Kim experiences in these comments.

That Kim experiences these comments because Kim is an unpaid volunteer [which means unofficial] investigator working with the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline reading these comments are part of Kim’s duty in addition to Kim being an investigative journalist.

This monstrous refusal of Giordani to stop moving forward with the case as the law below shows has only aggravated the injury to Kim.

PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED FACTS AND ARGUMENT

Debiparshad v. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct. in & for Cnty. of Clark, 137 Nev. 691, 499 P.3d 597

(2021) demands that another judge other than Giordani vacate this void order immediately.

“We conclude that **once a motion to disqualify is filed by a party, the subject judge can take no further action in the case until the motion to disqualify is resolved.** The NCJC requires a judge to “act at all times in a manner that promotes public confidence in the independence, integrity, and impartiality of the judiciary and [to] avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety.” NCJC Rule 1.2. When a “judge’s impartiality might rea-

sonably be questioned,” *696 the judge must disqualify himself or herself from the proceeding. NCJC Rule 2.11(A). Any motion for disqualification filed pursuant to NCJC Rule 2.11 after the deadline established by NRS 1.235(1) must be timely under *Towbin Dodge* and based on new information learned or observed after the cutoff date, information which was not otherwise known or ascertainable by the moving party. **602 *Towbin Dodge*, 121 Nev. at 260-61, 112 P.3d at 1069-70, The disqualification motion must be adjudicated before the trial proceedings may continue. Consistent with his or her duties under the NCJC to avoid the appearance of impropriety, a judge should suspend proceedings and refrain from taking further substantive action in the case once a party moves to disqualify the judge. *Debiparshad v. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct. in & for Cnty. of Clark*, 137 Nev. 691, 695-96, 499 P.3d 597, 601-02 (2021) (emphasis added)

NRS1.235 speaks for itself yet the case law solidifies that Giordani acted illegally in ruling on

~~Kim's three motions that were filed above and then denied another motion for transcripts.~~

Even so, there is even further evidence as to a judge not acting after a motion to disqualify has been filed. District Court judge Erika Ballou is still on a suspension from even entering the courthouse in part for violating The Revised Code of Judicial Conduct (“CODE”)

“Count III alleges Respondent violated the Code of Judicial Conduct by failing to follow the law and take no action on a matter after the State filed motions to recuse or disqualify Respondent from the Christman matters. As to this charge. Respondent contends she was not required to stay the case as she was never properly served with the State's affidavit. This is an incorrect statement of the law. A filed affidavit seeking disqualification must be served on the judge sought to be disqualified. NRS 1.235(5). While failure to properly serve a Judge with the affidavit may be sufficient grounds for a reviewing judge (other than the judge sought to be disqualified) to dismiss the motion to disqualify, it does not follow that Respondent has the authority to make that ruling herself. Indeed, once a motion to disqualify is filed, a judge must proceed no further with the case. NRS 1.235(6) (emphasis added). The statute requires only i\\t filing of the affidavit, not the service of it, to trigger the requirement that the Judge pause the proceedings. Additionally, the Commission notes Respondent had actual notice of the pending recusal motion because it was the subject of Respondent's minute order striking the motion. Respondent further alleges she did not commit misconduct because it is her duty to rule on motions before the court and the attorney in the Christman case filed a motion to strike the State's motion to disqualify. Respondent's argument is

unpersuasive. It is axiomatic that a judge must follow the law. See Canon 1, Rule 1.1. As such, when the law requires a judge to halt proceedings pending resolution of a motion to disqualify, that is what a judge must do, irrespective of other pending motions. Furthermore, the Commission notes Respondent granted Christman's motion to strike the day after it was filed. The record does not reflect any opportunity to be heard or to cure the alleged defective document given by Respondent to the State prior to her ruling. Although this is a likely violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.6(A) (providing a judge shall accord every person who has a legal interest in a proceeding the right to be heard), this charge was not formally before the Commission. By a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds that Special Counsel proved by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent violated the Code as alleged in Count III of the FSOC. Specifically, that Respondent, Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.1 (requiring a judge to comply with the law, including the Code itself); Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.2, (requiring a judge to act at all times in a manner that promotes public confidence in the independence, integrity, and impartiality of the judiciary and to avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety); Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.2 (requiring a judge to uphold and apply the law and perform all duties of judicial office fairly and impartially); and Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.5 (requiring a judge to perform judicial and administrative duties competently and diligently). Furthermore, by a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent's violations were knowing and deliberate under NRS 1.4653(5)(b)(2). count III"

Kim has a right to have an impartial judge to determine that the case should be reopened and that Kim be allowed show that the matter should be dismissed with prejudice.

Kim is having real world prejudice from these charges hanging over Kim's head. Judge Reynolds of District Court dept 29 learned of the false battery claim and has apparently presumed Kim's guilt as judge Reynolds referenced it in an order issued Jan 8, 2026. This says B of the last emergency motion Kim filed attached footnote 2 which states:

"2 Mr. Blandino has essentially been civil, though disobedient to the Court's Orders. The Court has now learned that while the Court was drafting this Order Mr. Blandino went to the main courthouse and was cited for Battery against one of the District Court Clerk workers when Mr. Blandino was trying to enter somewhere and tried to push past her. Mr. Blandino came back to the Phoenix Building with the citation and the two

marshals at security were made aware of it. Event # 20260108-005.”

Therefore, prejudice is not hypothetical this is real world prejudice by a sitting judge and Kim has a hearing with judge Reynolds on April 2. Judge Reynolds is treating this citation alone as an established fact of guilt. This matter must be dismissed with prejudice before this date so that Kim can inform judge Reynolds and judge Reynolds will not hold this against Kim and judge Reynolds can apologize to Kim in open court for PRE-JUDGING Kim.

1. **Ballou was a district court judge and Giordani is a Municipal Court Judge However**

NRS1.235 is equally applicable to Municipal Court Judges

NRS 1.235 clearly states:

5. At the time the affidavit is filed, a copy must be served upon the judge sought to be disqualified. Service must be made by delivering the copy to the judge personally or by leaving it at the judge's chambers with some person of suitable age and discretion employed therein.

6. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 7, the judge against whom an affidavit alleging bias or prejudice is filed shall proceed no further with the matter and shall:

(a) If the judge is a district judge, immediately transfer the case to another department of the court, if there is more than one department of the court in the district, or request the judge of another district court to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter;

(b) If the judge is a justice of the peace, immediately arrange for another justice of the peace to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter as provided pursuant to NRS 4.032, 4.340 or 4.345, as applicable; or

(c) **If the judge is a municipal judge, immediately arrange for another municipal judge to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter as provided pursuant to NRS 5.023 or 5.024, as applicable.**

7. **A judge may challenge an affidavit alleging bias or prejudice by filing a written answer with the clerk of the court within 5 judicial days after the affidavit is served,** admitting or denying any or all of the allegations contained in the affidavit and setting forth any additional facts which bear on the question of the judge's disqualification. **The question of the judge's disqualification must thereupon be heard and determined by a judge appointed:**

(a) If the judge is a district judge, by the presiding judge of the judicial district in judicial districts having more than one judge, or if the presiding judge of the judicial district is sought to be disqualified, by the judge having the greatest number of years of service;

(b) If the judge is a justice of the peace, by the presiding judge of the justice court in justice courts having more than one justice of the peace, or if the presiding judge is sought to be disqualified, by the justice of the peace having the greatest number of years of service;

(c) If the judge is a municipal judge, by the presiding judge of the municipal court in municipal courts having more than one municipal judge, **or if the presiding judge is sought to be disqualified, by the municipal judge having the greatest number of years of service; or**

(d) If there is no presiding judge, by the Supreme Court.

There can be no confusion whatsoever Kim filed for disqualification against Giordani and served Giordani's Marshal (Thompson) with a copy of the Motion right after filing on Feb. 24 2026. See Exhibit C attached to previous emergency motion In accord with clear statute, case law and an adjudication with the NCJD against Ballou. Giordani had no authority whatsoever to do anything further in Case # 26-005437 and yet like Ballou has willfully and unlawfully violated the law and failed to uphold the law. Only, unlike Ballou Giordani has done this over and over and over again.

Kim had no choice since Giordani is the chief or presiding judge, Kim sought relief from the

judge having the most years of service who is Bert Brown.

Had Giordani filed a challenge the matter of disqualification would under NRS1.235(7) (c) would have been decided by judge Bert Brown. Kim filed and served the disqualify motion and Giordani declined to challenge this therefore she was obligated by statute and case law and the decision the NCJD issued against Ballou to act no further in the case.

2. Kim Has no Immediate or Speedy Remedy to pursue except by invoking the implied power of NRS1.235(7) (c) Or appealing to Giordani's conscience once again

Debiparshad "states that the motion to disqualify must be adjudicated....." However the statute says that the judge must immediately arrange to proceed **immediately arrange for another municipal judge to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter as provided pursuant to NRS 5.023 or 5.024, as applicable.** (emphasis added)

Or the judge can challenge the motion to disqualify. Yet this has to be done within 5 judicial days which Giordani refused to do

Since Giordani much like Ballou arrogantly, willfully, and unlawfully refuses to follow the law and not once but twice and three times rules on a case she has no authority to rule on Kim has no option but to use the statute to get relief if possible.

Kim must have the transcripts of the Feb. 10 and 18 hearings so that Kim can petition a higher court and file an emergency complaint with the NCJD, so that Giordani can be suspended without pay pending removal permanently as a judge and have the title honorable removed from her forever .

Kim is IFP and cannot pay for these transcripts. Even the wicked Giordani acknowledged this on Feb 18 as she was prepared to appoint the public attorney for Kim.

Hans Jessup The alleged Petitioner has made False Statements and allegations In the Petition and these transcripts are Necessary to showing this

The entire Petition is full of apparently second and third hand hearsay and also clear falsehoods. Specifically as an offer of proof. The following is in the petition:

“On February 18, 2026, a motion by the Defendant was filed to stay the case and pending an application for an extraordinary writ with the Supreme Court. **A hearing was held that same day where defendant asked to represent himself and have standby counsel**, which was granted by the Court.” Petition page 3 lines 23-27

The transcript will show that this is not true Giordani specifically denied Kim the right to have standby counsel. Giordani willfully and maliciously gave Kim the choice to be full represented or represent himself. In spite of the constitutional right to the assistance of counsel.

The transcripts will show that this is not true. Kim must have these transcripts. These previously submitted facts are important for this court to

REASONS KIM MUST HAVE CLARIFICATION AS TO WHETHER JUDGE BERT BROWN IS ASSIGNED TO HEAR THE MOTION TO DISQUALIFY OR ANOTHER JUDGE WILL BE ASSIGNED OR BE THERE

- a. **Kim has had interaction before with Bert Brown (“Brown”) and Brown may self disqualify just as mMatthew Walker has in Case 26-005437**

Bert as judge has in fact had interaction with Kim outside the court and in fact Brown may in fact disqualify himself as a result because of the risk of Bias, see Rippo above. If so Kim needs to know this immediately.

- b. **Kim has in other courts had “last minute” substitutions or other assignment of a case to another Judge’s regular Department**

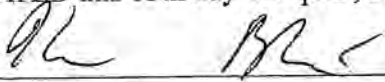
Kim is aware that Lawrence Moore has previously prosecuted Kim and was responsible in part for having Kim put in jail. If Lawrence Moore who is a Pro Tem judge and is still in service is assigned to this case Kim would have to file a motion to disqualify him if he did not disqualify himself as Judge Walker has done in the other case. NRS 1.230-1.235 requires Kim to file for disqualification within 10 days after assignment, therefore Kim needs to know immediately who is assigned to hear the motion to disqualify Giordani on April 20, 2026.

CONCLUSION

For the above reasons Kim must have clarification and immediate notice of who is assigned to hear the Motion to disqualify on April 20, 2026 in Dept. 4 or some other dept. that might be reassigned.

1. In the alternative to grant such other relief as is proper and just.

DATED this 13th day of April, 2026.



Kim Blandino
C/O 441 N 16th
Las Vegas Nevada 89101
702 219-5657
Kim 43792@earthlink.net

ASSEVERATION IN SUPPORT OF MOTION

I Kim Blandino state under penalty of perjury that I am over 70 years of age (outside the womb) and have read the foregoing and the same is true and correct except as to those matters of belief and belief and as to those matters Kim believes them to be true. And

Exhibit 16

ORIGINAL

Original

FILED

APR 16 2026

SL
LV MUNICIPAL COURT

KIM BLANDINO PECULIAR PRO SE
Nevada Bar No. None
C/O 441 N. 16th St
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
(702) 219-5657
No Fax
Kim43792@earthlink.net

**LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

CITY OF LAS VEGAS
and LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT

Case No. 26-029641
Dept. No. 4

HANS JESSUP Petitioner,
-vs and Prosecutor

KIM BLANDINO

Defendant or
Respondent

DATE OF HEARING April 20, 2026
TIME OF HEARING 9:30 A.M.

**KIM'S REPLY AND SUPPLEMENT TO JUDGE KELLY GIORDANI'S
AFFIDAVIT IN ANSWER TO KIM BLANDINO'S REQUEST TO DISQUALIFY
PURSUANT TO NRS 1.235(7)**

COMES NOW, Kim Blandino ("Kim") who first declares under penalty of perjury that the following is true and correct in reply and supplement to ("Kim") appearing specially and not generally who under threat of a Bench warrant appeared in Las Vegas Municipal Court Department 1 Matthew Walker ("Walker") presiding ON Feb. 10, 2026. Kim appeared by special

**CITY ATTORNEY
CRIMINAL DIVISION**

1

RECEIVED APR 16 2026



26-005437 Proof SARAY LOERA

appearance because of a green colored post card that Kim received in the U.S Mail at C/O 441 N16th Street L.V. Nv. 89101. Kim was set for a calendaring hearing by Walker's order and again under threat of a bench warrant should Kim not appear on Feb. 18, 2026.

Because Judge Giordani ("Giordani") did not assign herself to the actual case until Feb. 18, 2026 Kim was well within the time frame of NRS 1.235(motion must be filed within 10 days of assignment). Kim told Giordani in open court on Feb 18 that a motion to disqualify her would be filed against her.

1. Reply to point 1 this is not true Kim was cited under citation # 1-045544419 Attached is a color copy of Kim's pink copy that Kim received from the marshals on site on Jan. 8, 2026 at the RJC See Exhibit A-R. Giordani appears to list the Event #which is 20260108-005 which does not even exist on Kim's copy. A copy of the original that Kim through his own investigation and discovery Exhibit B-R shows that this Event number was apparently added later by some person or persons unknown to Kim. And a fraud was committed upon the court.
2. Reply to point 2 Kim did not know that the citation was submitted to the Las Vegas City Attorney's office and was approved for prosecution. Kim did know that the case number assigned was 26-005437 and was assigned to Dept. 1 Judge Walker ("Walker").
3. Reply to point 3 What Giordani does not report is that Walker was not going to issue a written order as to the self-disqualification without a motion until Kim demanded one which Walker granted. This was not recusal this was self disqualification.

Further Giordani leaves out the fact that the order states that the matter was ordered transferred for "further calendaring". See Exhibit 1. Not for any arraignment.

4. Reply to point 4 Giordani gave Kim no prior notice whatsoever that she was assigning the

case to herself Had Kim had known that Giordani was assigning the case to herself Kim would have filed a motion to disqualify Giordani. Walker's order clearly stated that it was reassigned for further calendaring.

5. Reply to point 5 This is a demonstrable lie by Giordani and perjury. Kim appeared on Feb. 18 under threat of contempt for failure to appear for further calendaring as Walker's order states. Kim had no idea that Giordani was going to at that time assign the case to herself. Giordani could have continued the case giving Kim time to file the motion for disqualification. Yet because of Giordani's deep seated bias and antagonism Giordani desired to bully Kim and not even give Kim a chance to make a complete record.
6. Reply to point 6 Here Giordani seeks to mislead any reader states that "On Feb. 26th 2026, the Las Vegas City Attorney's Office Issued a Notice of Dismissal Without Prejudice to NRS 174.085(5) and voluntarily dismissed, without prejudice, Case 26-005437 (attaching Exhibit 2)
7. Reply to point 7 Here Giordani continues the misleading by saying that; "Prior to the dismissal Mr. Blandino had filed two motions; **Urgent Notice and Demand to Stay or Continue any Reassignment Pending an Application for Extraordinary Writ Petition to the Nevada Supreme Court and Motion to Disqualify Judge Giordani in Accord with NRS 1.230,1.25 and/or Rule 2.11 In the Nevada Revised Code of Judicial Conduct (Reasonable Minds would Question Standard) and/or Riao v. Baker. 580 U.S. 285,137 S.Ct. 905,197 L.Ed. 2d 376 (2017) (Risk of Bias Standard) and/or (the Deep Seated Antagonism Standard).**" Due to the fact the case in which they had been filed had been voluntarily dismissed by the Las Vegas City Attorney's Office and thus, the case was closed, the motions were taken off calendar and future dates were vacated"

The Urgent Motion was filed on Feb.18, 2026 and the Motion to Disqualify... was filed on Feb. 24, 2026 Giordani again lies by only telling half the truth. Specifically, Giordani was mandated to proceed no further with the case and immediately arrange for another judge to be assigned once Kim filed the motion to disqualify The motions were denied by Giordani herself and the dates vacated.

Giordani filed no challenge to Kim's motion to disqualify and under the statute case law and the order issued against judge Erica Ballou Giordani could not move forward with the case except to administratively reassign the case. Yet Kim filed a motion to reopen the case Giordani willfully and maliciously made a finding and denied Kim's emergency Motion to Reopen the case and vacated hearing dates . See Ex. C-R Order of March 2, 2026.

Reply to point 8 Here again Giordani skips over her illegal actions. The next event was Kim filed an EMERGENCY MOTION TO VACATE THE ORDER OF MARCH 2, 2026 BY JUDGE GIORDANI AS VOID AND TO REOPEN CASE AS ORIGINALLY MOTIONED FOR MUST BE DOCKETED TO JUDGE BERT BROWN WHO IS THE MUNICIPAL JUDGE HAVING THE GREATEST NUMBER OF YEARS OF SERVICE PURSUANT TO NRS

1.235(7)(c) . Again Giordani having no authority to act in the case 26-005437 maliciously and illegally considered Kim's emergency motion denied Kim's motion and vacated all future dates. See Exhibit D-R making twice Giordani clearly and illegally violated the law.

In March 12, 2026 Kim filed the EMERGENCY PETITION OR MOTION TO DECLARE THAT JUDGE GIORDANI IS DISQUALIFIED IN CASE 26-005437 FROM HEARING ANY MATTER NUNC PRO TUNC TO THE DATE THE MOTION TO DISQUALIFY WAS FILED FEB. 24, 2026 (MUST BE DOCKETED TO JUDGE BERT BROWN WHO IS THE MUNICIPAL JUDGE HAVING THE GREATEST NUMBER OF

YEARS OF SERVICE PURSUANT TO NRS L235 (7) (c) See Ex. E-R (less exhibits for brevity).

Again Giordani maliciously and illegally considered and denied this and vacated all future dates. See Exhibit F-R attached (Order of March 16, 2026 after a motion to disqualify had been filed against Giordani and Giordani did not challenge this motion in any way.

On March 19, 2026 Kim filed an EMERGENCY MOTION TO ARRANGE ANOTHER MUNICIPAL JUDGE TO HEAR THE MATTER AS JUDGE GIORDANI IS REPEATEDLY VIOLATING THE LAW REGARDING DISQUALIFICATION AND IS OPPRESSING KIM UNDER NRS 197.200 AND 18 U.S.C. SECTION 242 AND ABUSING KIM BLANDINO WHO IS A PROTECTED OLDER PERSON UNDER NRS 200.5091-200.50995 (BEING OVER 70 YEARS OLD) WARNING THIS MUST BE DOCKETED OR ASSIGNED TO ANY OTHER JUDGE THAT JUDGE GIORDANI!

On March 23, 2026 Giordani again willfully maliciously and illegally considered and denied this Emergency Motion and vacated all future dates. See Ex. G-R Order of March 23, 2026.

This makes 4 separate times Giordani willfully maliciously and illegally refused to follow clear law and arrange for someone else to hear the motions.

8. Kim did later find out that a Petition to Declare Kim a Vexatious Litigant was filed on March 19, 2026. However Kim did not receive this until April 4, 2026 and then saw that this was apparently assigned to Giordani. Kim has proof that Kim did not receive this until April 4, 2026.

9. Reply to point 9 Kim agrees that a first Motion to Disqualify..... was filed against Giordani and it was served that same day in this case.

10. Reply to point s 10 -17 Giordani admits that she was a prosecutor against Kim in Case

X01152672 and of course downplays her involvement. By Giordani's telling she is as pure as the driven snow. Yet the fact is she worked with Mathew Walker and other prosecutors and Kim was not only convicted, Kim was jailed because Kim was in custody at the time of Kim's hearing in the City of Las Vegas and a warrant was issued for failure to appear because CCDC would not transport Kim to the City Court. Kim was jailed and then given credit for time served by then Chief judge Leung.

11. Reply to point 17 Giordani admits that she filed an opposition to Kim's Motion to Disqualify Judge Shannon Nordstrom. Giordani Knows full well that a motion to disqualify a judge is only between the filer or filers of the Motion to disqualify and the judge sought to be disqualified. So here Giordani admits to violating the law and procedure.

12. Reply to point 18. Giordani states that:

"This Opposition was the only level of participation I had as a DCA on Case X01152672 I do not remember writing then Opposition or arguing it on January 8, 2019 in Dept 20)See Exhibit 6). Assuch, I have no bias or prejudice against Mr. Blandino due to this involvement." Pg 4 lines 14-17

Here again Giordani misleads and/or commits perjury. She says she has no memory of writing the opposition or arguing it and yet Giordani states that the opposition was the only level of participation I had.....

Both cannot be true, Giordani states cannot remember any other level of participation! So she does not remember what she did or did not do. Yet we know that Giordani was involved in Kim's prosecution as Walker also admitted he was.

13. Reply to point 19 Kim saw the Giordani's eyes and facial expression when Kim asked what Kim's jeopardy was and if the prosecutor was seeking jail time at the Feb 18, 2026 hearing and the prosecutor stated they wanted Kim to serve 180 days in jail. Giordani's facial

expression lit up like Eric Swalwell, Bill Cosby or Harvey Weinstein looking at a half-naked girl when she heard that Kim was facing 180 days in jail. Kim has 70 years of experience on planet earth and can see sadistic lust on a person's face. Giordani is anything but impartial she has a prosecutorial bias that negates the presumption of innocence toward Kim.

14. Reply to point 20 Again Judge Walker did not recuse he self disqualified under the Code of Conduct Rule 2.11 that reasonable minds could question:

Rule 2.11. Disqualification.

(A) A judge shall disqualify himself or herself in any proceeding in which the judge's impartiality might reasonably be questioned, including but not limited to the following circumstances:

(1) The judge has a personal bias or prejudice concerning a party or a party's lawyer, or personal knowledge of facts that are in dispute in the proceeding.

(2) The judge knows that the judge, the judge's spouse or domestic partner, or a person within the third degree of relationship to either of them, or the spouse or domestic partner of such a person is:

(a) a party to the proceeding or an officer, director, general partner, managing member, or trustee of a party;

(b) acting as a lawyer in the proceeding;

(c) a person who has more than a de minimis interest that could be substantially affected by the proceeding; or

(d) likely to be a material witness in the proceeding.

Giordani will likely need to be called as a material witness in the vexatious litigant case.

15. Reply to 21-22 Kim remembers the conversations clearly. Kim remembers thinking how beauty that God gave to Giordani could hold such wickedness and evil and lust for position

and power. Also hatred for the station that God gave her as a woman, a wife and a mother.

Rule 2.1 of the Code states:

“ Rule 2.1. Giving Precedence to the Duties of Judicial Office. The duties of judicial office, as prescribed by law, shall take precedence over all of a judge’s personal and extrajudicial activities.

COMMENT

[1] To ensure that judges are available to fulfill their judicial duties, judges must conduct their personal and extrajudicial activities to minimize the risk of conflicts that would result in frequent disqualification. See Canon 3.

[2] Although it is not a duty of judicial office unless prescribed by law, judges are encouraged to participate in activities that promote public understanding of and confidence in the justice system

Giordani has at least one son and by the code she must give precedence to her duties as a judge over her duties to her son.

It is Godless pride and arrogance for Giordani to state that she:

“take no offense to the position that motherhood should take precedence over one’s profession. I personally believe it is a privilege to do both”

Giordani in her arrogance and pride refuses to acknowledge that her son would suffer and be stunted in his potential for not having a full time mom but ambition does not know duty and restraint.

When Kim spoke with Giordani in the referenced conversations and related these ideas and world view given to Kim by God. Kim could see the deep seated antagonism as clearly as anyone could see the deep seated antagonism Hillary Clinton displayed before Donald Trump during the debates. This cannot be hidden from view.

16. Reply to point 23 Giordani states:

“ In sum, I have presided and will continue to preside over the instant case in an Impartial and unbiased fashion, complying with all my ethical and legal obligations under the Judicial Canons and the statutory and case law of the State of Nevada.”

Giordani I am sure she could write these self serving words about anyone she was judging, even a sister or brother or husband. Words that are also as hollow as “The check is in the mail” or Trust me I do not need to put up a deposit”

What is blatantly obvious is that Giordani does not anywhere in her affidavit state either that reasonable minds could question her impartiality or under Rippo that there is a risk of bias that is constitutionally intolerable.

The plain fact is Walker prosecuted Kim and convicted Kim yet Kim did not do any jail time and yet Walker disqualified himself because of Rule 2.11. Giordani prosecuted Kim along with others and Kim as a result did jail time. Therefore Giordani must be disqualified if Giordani is not disqualified then the matter must be put back to Judge Walker.

SUPPLEMENTAL FACTORS

Kim has over and over again told all state federal and local courts that God called Kim to be an unpaid volunteer [which means unofficial] working with or for the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline (“NCJD”) looking for judicial misconduct and corruption and an investigative journalist.

In this regard Kim has repeatedly observed Giordani in court ruling in cases and Giordani just Wednesday April 8 chastised Kim for speaking to people in the gallery and outside the courtroom in Kim’s capacity as a journalist and investigator looking for judicial corruption and for stories.

Giordani from the bench forbid Kim to make contact with a person in the gallery and Giordani said she forbade Kim from talking to people in violation of rights guaranteed under the first amendment, apparently under threat of contempt

Giordani repeatedly treats Kim like a bug and not a human being with rights. Even if one were to believe and Kim does not, that Giordani does not remember the past interchange the risk that these memories will come back to Giordani during proceedings must demand that Giordani be disqualified.

Kim must in the future seek out Giordani's son once he attains majority

Kim must at some point seek out this young man and see if he would and could forgive his mother for not putting him first before her judgeship. Judge Giordani's husband is a long time district attorney and can easily support his family with just the one earner. The fifth commandment commands that one honor their father and mother so that thy days may be long in the land. It is the first commandment with promise. Hating one's father and or mother is life shortening and even deadly.

Kim again as he has done in other motions begged Giordani to resign as judge and devote herself to her first duty. When God calls Kim to a task Kim often does not have full knowledge where God will lead Kim. Kim must be like a chess piece ready to be moved where God will move him.

These events as they have played out have only increased Kim's faith in the Creator of all things.

This refusal to obey the law in Giordani not arranging for another judge in case 26-005437 and four times oppressing and abusing Kim who is over 70 years of age

CONCLUSION

Kim pleads that Giordani will take care of her child and children to be and resign her judgeship and do the most important job in the world that of wife and full time mother and make babies and or adopt other children. If done you would not in any way regret this decision. Under the code Giordani must give priority to the judgeship and put her husband and children second.

In any event Giordani has not denied that there is too great a risk of bias or that reasonable minds could question Giordani's impartiality.

Kim must make a complaint to the NCJD and report Gioedani's illegality to law enforcement as God gives Kim the strength to do so. Giordani is doing what Judge Erika Ballou did and was suspended for refusing to cease ruling once the motion to disqualify her was filed.

The motion must be granted and Giordani must stop ruling in Csse 26-005437 as well as she filed no timely nor any challenge.

In the alternative such other relief as is proper and just must be done.

DATED this 16th day of April, 2026.



Kim Blandino
C/O 441 N 16th
Las Vegas Nevada 89101
702 219-5657
Kim 43792@earthlink.net

Asseveration which is equivalent to Unsworn Declaration in lieu of an affidavit in support of Reply

I Kim Blandino state under penalty of perjury that I am over 70 years of age (outside the womb) and have read the foregoing and the same is true and correct except as to those matters of belief and belief and as to those matters Kim believes them to be true. And

that:

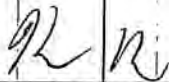
I Kim Blandino do hereby declare under penalty of perjury that this filing is filed in good faith and is not:

- (a) Interposed for delay;
- (b) Intended to harass a judge; or
- (c) Filed for the purpose of :
 - (1) Unnecessarily increasing the costs of litigation; or
 - (2) Attempting prosecution

1. That this filing is not made to vex, harass, delay or made in bad faith nor for any improper purpose. Anyone saying any differently is lying through their teeth.
2. That any and all exhibits are true and correct and authentic according to FRE 901 and the state rules of evidence.
3. Kim prepared this at breakneck speed and would ask that any spelling and or grammar issues are excuse.

I declare under penalty of perjury that I have read the foregoing and the same is true and correct.

DATED this 16th day of April, 2026.



KIM BLANDINO PRO SE #363075

C/O 441 N 16TH ST

Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

(702) 219-5657

No Fax

Kim43792@earthlink.net

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY certify that service of the foregoing was accomplished by delivering an original or copy to the following on the 16th of April 2026

Hans Jessup Petitioner and Prosecutor
Court Administrator
Las Vegas Municipal Court
No Bar License
100 R Clark Ave.
Las Vegas, NV 89101



Kim Blandino
C/O 441 N 16th
Las Vegas Nevada 89101
702 219-5657
Kim 43792@earthlink.net

EXHIBIT A-R

EXHIBIT A-R

☐ In the Municipal Court of
☐ In the Justice Court of Clark County

Court Case #

☐ Adult ☐ Juvenile

☐ Traffic ☐ Accident
☐ Non-Traffic ☐ Warning
☐ Parking ☐ Motor #

State of Nevada CLARK COUNTY

Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department

TRAFFIC/MISDEMEANOR CITATION/COMPLAINT

☐ School Zone ☐ Hazmat
☐ Construction Zone ☐ S.T.E.P.

☐ Urban ☐ Rural

Travel Direction: ☐ N ☐ S ☐ E ☐ W

Boat/
Area

Mile
Marker

At Location:

Violation Date:

Time:

Issue Date:

Time:

Day Code: ☐ 1 ☐ 2 ☐ 3 ☐ 4 ☐ 5 ☐ 6 ☐ 7

Had Been Drinking: ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown

Defendant Type: ☐ Driver ☐ Passenger ☐ Pedestrian

Test Type: ☐ PBT ☐ Blood ☐ Breath ☐ UA

☐ Other Explain:

☐ Drugs Suspected

Results: %

THE UNDERSIGNED CERTIFIES AND SAYS THAT IN THE STATE OF NEVADA

NAME (Last, First, Middle)

Social Security #

Address ☐ Physical ☐ Mailing

City

State

Zip

City

DOB

Race

Sex

Height

Weight

Hair

Eyes

DLN / ID

☐ CDL State

Class

Expiration

Restrictions

Endorsements

Vehicle has current proof of insurance? ☐ Yes ☐ No

Expiration Date of Insurance Card

DID OPERATE THE FOLLOWING VEHICLE/MOTOR VEHICLE AT THE ABOVE LISTED LOCATION:

Commercial Vehicle ☐ US DOT #

VIN #

Vehicle License

Lic State

Expiration

Year

Make

Model

Type

Color

Reg. Owner

☐ Same

Address

DID THEN AND THERE COMMIT THE FOLLOWING OFFENSE(S):

1 Violation

Posted
Speed

Actual
Speed

Cited Speed

☐ NRS ☐ CFR

County Code

☐ Municipal Code

To Wit:

NRS/County/City #

Violation Code

2 Violation

To Wit:

☐ NRS ☐ CFR

County Code

☐ Municipal Code

NRS/County/City #

Violation Code

I certify (or declare) that I have reasonable grounds/probable cause to believe and do believe that above named person committed the above offense(s) contrary to law.

Officer/Complainant's PRINTED Name

Officer/Complainant's Signature

Date

Bureau

Las Vegas
Municipal Court
P.O. Box 3950
200 Lewis Ave.
Las Vegas, NV 89127
702-382-4876
1-800-654-6856

Las Vegas
Justice Court
250 Lewis Ave.
Las Vegas, NV 89155
702-671-3434
1-877-671-3183

Juvenile Justice
Services
801 N. Decatur Rd.
Las Vegas, NV 89101
702-455-5380

Goodsprings
Justice Court
Box 18155
Jean, NV 89019
702-474-1405

Henderson
Justice Court
243 Water St.
Henderson, NV
89015
702-456-7980

Henderson
Municipal Court
243 Water St.
Henderson, NV
89015
702-267-3307

North Las Vegas
Justice Court
2428 Martin Luther King
Blvd., North Las Vegas
NV 89002
702-455-7901

Township

Justice Court

Phone

You are hereby ordered to appear on
to answer the above charge(s).

day of

year

at

8:th

p.m.

OR ☐ Regular
Business Hours

WITHOUT ADMITTING HAVING COMMITTED THE ABOVE OFFENSE(S), I HEREBY PROMISE TO RESPOND AS DIRECTED ON THIS NOTICE
AND WAIVE MY RIGHT TO BE TAKEN IMMEDIATELY BEFORE A MAGISTRATE (NRS 484.799 AND NRS 484.803)

Defendant's
Signature

X

☐ Interpreter
Needed?

LANGUAGE

☐ Court
Mandatory

Violation Code(s):

REV 10-07-0008 Failure to comply with this complaint or future dates relating to this complaint will constitute a separate offense.

1-04574419



EXHIBIT B-R

EXHIBIT B-R

EXHIBIT C-R

EXHIBIT C-R

FILED

1:48 A.M.
3:2 P.M.
20 26

Dep. Court Clerk, Municipal Court

LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CITY OF LAS VEGAS,

Plaintiff,

vs.

CASE NOS.: 26-005431
DEPT.: 6

KIM BLANDINO,
ID No.:363075

Defendant.

ORDER

On February 26, 2026, Deputy City Attorney Carlene Helbert filed a Notice of Dismissal Without Prejudice Pursuant to NRS174.085(5) in the instant case. That statute outlines the legal ability of the Las Vegas City Attorney's Office, as Plaintiff and prosecuting agency, to voluntarily dismiss a misdemeanor charge prior to trial. Prior to the filing of this notice, the instant case, a singular charge of misdemeanor simple battery, was currently in pretrial status. As such, the Notice of Dismissal was timely and within the discretion of the Las Vegas City Attorney's Office.

On March 2, 2026, Defendant filed an Emergency Motion to Reopen the Case demanding the case be dismissed with prejudice. As a basis for this request, Defendant stated he will be filing a future motion to dismiss with prejudice and alleged his life has been threatened.

THE COURT HEREBY FINDS the Notice of Dismissal, filed on behalf of the Las Vegas City Attorney's Office, was done in compliance with the timing requirements outlined in NRS 174.085(5) and within the discretion of that prosecuting agency.

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///

1 THE COURT HEREBY FINDS pursuant to NRS 174.085, as applied in Sheriff, Washoe County v.
2 Marcus, 995 P.2d 1016 (2000), the City Attorney's Office may dismiss without prejudice as it has a one-
3 year statute of limitation to file a complaint.

4 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the instant charge against Defendant has been voluntarily dismissed
5 without prejudice pursuant to NRS 174.085(5) and Defendant's Emergency Motion to Reopen the Case
6 is DENIED.
7

8 As such, all future dates scheduled to address this issue are VACATED.
9

10 DATED March 2nd, 2026.
11
12

13 *Kelly Giordani*
14 Chief Judge Kelly Giordani
15 Las Vegas Municipal Court, Dept. 6
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EXHIBIT D-R

EXHIBIT D-R

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LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CITY OF LAS VEGAS,

Plaintiff,

vs.

KIM BLANDINO,
ID No.:363075

Defendant.

CASE NOS.: 26-00037
DEPT.: 6

ORDER

FILED

2:51 A.M.

3.9 P.M.

20 20

Dep. Court Clerk, Municipal Court

Having considered Defendant's Emergency Motion to Vacate the Order of March 2, 2026, by Judge Giordani as Void and to Reopen Case as Originally Motioned For, as well as having considered the fact this case was timely and properly dismissed pursuant to NRS 174.085(5) by the Las Vegas City Attorney's Office on February 26, 2026, the instant motion is DENIED.

As such, all future dates scheduled to address this issue are VACATED.

DATED March 9th 2026.

Kelly Giordani

Chief Judge Kelly Giordani
Las Vegas Municipal Court, Dept. 6

EXHIBIT E-R

EXHIBIT E-R

EMOT
KIM BLANDINO PECULIAR PRO SE
Nevada Bar No. None
C/O 441 N. 16th St
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
(702) 219-5657
No Fax
Kim43792@earthlink.net

LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CITY OF LAS VEGAS

Plaintiff,

Case No. _____
Dept. No. _____

-vs-

KIM BLANDINO

Defendant

EMERGENCY PETITION OR MOTION TO DECLARE THAT
JUDGE GIORDANI IS DISQUALIFIED IN CASE 26-005437 FROM HEARING ANY
MATTER NUNC PRO TUNC TO THE DATE THE MOTION TO DISQUALIFY WAS
FILED FEB. 24, 2026

(MUST BE DOCKETED TO JUDGE BERT BROWN WHO IS THE
MUNICIPAL JUDGE HAVING THE GREATEST NUMBER OF YEARS OF
SERVICE PURSUANT TO NRS 1.235 (7) (c))

COMES NOW Kim Blandino ("Kim") listed as Defendant appearing specially and not generally who under threat of a Bench warrant appeared in Las Vegas Municipal Court Department 1 Matthew Walker ("Walker") presiding ON Feb. 10, 2026. Kim appeared by special

appearance because of a green colored post card that Kim received in the U.S Mail at C/O 441 N16th Street L.V. Nv. 89101. The video of this hearing is at published by Our Nevada Judges ("ONJ") at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o69qTuWdZ-I&t=189s> Kim was set for a calendaring hearing by Walker's order and again under threat of a bench warrant should Kim not appear on Feb. 18, 2026.

Because Judge Giordani ("Giordani") allegedly did not assign herself to the actual case until Feb. 18, 2026 Kim filed a motion to disqualify within the time frame of NRS 1.235(motion must be filed within 10 days of assignment). Kim told Giordani in open court that this Motion would be filed on Feb 18 the video of this by ONJ is at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OLdjoDg6ots> . Kim appeared specially and not generally. Kim was also threatened with warrant for not showing up on Feb. 18, 2026.

REASON FOR FILING AS AN EMERGENCY

This latest video of Kim's Feb 18 court appearance has over 121 thousand views in just 2 weeks with 918 comments. See The City of Las Vegas vs Kim Blandino, February 18, 2026 . The video of Feb. 10, 2026 has 35 thousand views and 572 comments. See <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o69qTuWdZ-I&t=5s> .

A comment from the Feb 18 appearance from a User called isaned and Kim's reply:

"Whoever made the death threat against Blahblahblahdino better follow through with it , or I will report you to the board of judicial misconduct
Reply Duly noted and recorded"

A comment from the Feb. 10, 2026 video and Kim's reply:

"I don't know if it is the sadist in me, but man, id like to see blandino bloody
Duly noted and recorded
Reply"

There are many other violent comments and threats made against Kim on these and other videos. Kim is concerned that Kim and/or his family could be a target for extreme violence. The insane hatred that commenters have toward Kim like "lock Kim up and throw away the key" are about 99% of the comments and are very similar to a lynch mob mentality or the "Give us Barrabas" chants at Jesus' trial. Just Feb 28 Kim received a call on his cell while at a Celebration of Life Ceremony for Leah Reesa Campbell at the FOE Federation of eagles. from phone number XXXXXXX and Kim heard "You are one of the biggest Douche Bags in the world" and then the male caller hung up. LVMPD refused to take a police report.

Kim attempted to serve Giordani in chambers with the motion to disqualify however Giordani blocks anyone from serving chambers as the statute requires. Therefore, Kim left the Motion with Marshal Thompson outside the courtroom directly after filing.

Therefore, Kim must have Giordani held to the statute and the case law and acknowledge that after a motion to disqualify is filed the judge must do nothing further with the case and then reassign the case unless the judge. Since Giordani refused to challenge the Motion to disqualify within 5 judicial days. That the City notified that court they were dismissing charges without prejudice filed on Feb. 26 2026. Kim filed an emergency motion to reopen the case on March 2, 2026. This was set for hearing. However, that same day Giordani at 1:48 p.m. willfully and unlawfully ruled on the case which she was mandated not to act in and made findings and vacated Kim's hearing.

Kim then on March 9, 2026 Kim filed EMERGENCY MOTION TO VACATE THE ORDER OF MARCH 2, 2026 BY JUDGE GIORDANI AS VOID AND TO REOPEN CASE AS ORIGINALLY MOTIONED FOR at 7:08 a.m. and was set for hearing on March 19, 2026. Again, Giordani willfully and unlawfully issued another order in the matter at 2:57 p.m.

vacating the hearing on the 19th. That all of the facts and points herein point to why emergency action is needed. Kim had no judge in the case to take any action once the motion was filed. Kim must have the complaint dismissed with prejudice as shown above and below.

INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND

God(also called the Creator or Elohim, Elohim being both singular and plural like the words, sheep, fish or deer) created the Universe around 6,000 years ago he created light and spacetime in 5 days on the 6th day God made Man called Adam. God saw that it was not good for Man to be alone so he created out of man a companion called Eve who was his helpmate (not playboy "sex mate"). Adam and Eve were perfect and eternal and there was no death in this world.

God had to give at least one thing that Adam and Eve could not do. Otherwise, if God said they could do anything they wanted, there could be no disobedience, and therefore no demonstration of love. Adam and Eve ate of the forbidden tree of the knowledge of good and evil and lost their eternal nature. Therefore, God had a choice to destroy both Adam and Eve or give a second chance to allow them to continue as fallen beings and allow them to procreate by sexual relations See Genesis Chapter 1-3.

Had man not fallen they would never have had sexually created children. See Book of Mormon 2 Nephi 2: 21-25(as well as other apocryphal sources).

God gave the promise to Adam and Eve that Eve's offspring would crush the offspring of the serpent:

^[6]And I will put enmity between you and the woman, and between your offspring and hers; he will crush your head, and you will strike his heel." Genesis 3:15 NIV version

This is the promise that God gave mankind that the savior or Son of God would come through Eve and he would redeem man to God. This savior as nearly all of the world knows is the historical Jesus and millions believe in him to this day. The great flood occurred and only Noah and his sons and their wives survived this flooding of the earth through the ark God commanded Noah to build. Land based animals also were spared on that ark.

Kim is the 140th great-grandson of Noah. And everyone on the earth is descended from Noah. And all land-based animal life descends from the animals that went onto the Ark with Noah. The variations of life are all due to the miracle of DNA and the Billions upon billions of possible different combinations of that DNA. A Great Dane, the poodle and the Dachshund and many others all come from the same two male and female dogs that were on the ark.

Kim was born in the U.S. at Malmstrom Air Base in Montana in 1955. In 1993, in part, from seeing a modern-day Ahab and Jezebel elected to their "joint presidency" Kim was motivated to act, Kim relinquished his U.S. citizenship and became a citizen and subject of Elohim's Kingdom of Israel. Kim became an Ambassador for Jesus the Christ and to be reconciled to the Almighty God. See 2 Corinthians 5:20:

"We are therefore Christ's ambassadors, as though God were making his appeal through us. We implore you on Christ's behalf: Be reconciled to God."
NIV (emphasis added)

Kim became part of what is known as the "Great Commission":

"Then the eleven disciples went to Galilee, to the mountain where Jesus had told them to go. ¹⁷ When they saw him, they worshiped him; but some doubted. Then Jesus came to them and said, "All authority in heaven and on earth has been given to me. ¹⁹ Therefore go and make disciples of all nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father and of the Son and of the Holy Spirit, ²⁰ and teaching them to obey everything I have commanded you. And surely I am with you always, to the very end of the age." Matthew 28:16-20

Obviously these eleven disciples could not live for thousands of years. So this Great Commission depends on passing the mission on to generations upon generations. Please note that Jesus commands that that the "baptizing in the name of the Father, and of the Son and of the Holy Spirit". This is the plural Elohim as described above, Elohim is both plural and singular.

Kim was also called by the Creator to investigate judicial corruption in the Eighth Judicial District Court ("EJDC"). Kim therefore became a volunteer unpaid investigator [which means unofficial] with or for the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline (NCJD"). In this God given role Kim obtained letters of caution from the NCJD against former district judge Rob Bare and former district court judge Douglas Herndon (now justice of the Nevada Supreme Court).

Kim is also an investigative journalist and currently is part of the new media with a Youtube channel and an X(formerly twitter) Kim in fact has a media request before this court

Kim has been retaliated against for decades because of exercising his rights that are guaranteed under the Constitution of the United States. Especially first amendment rights. The Creator has put Kim in this unique situation to be before an arrogant and lawless municipal court judge Giordani that cares not how many bodies she stacks in the corner due to her lawlessness and arrogance. Giordani comes from the prosecution bar and it is clear to Kim that Giordani wishes to be a type of "prosecutor judge" presuming guilt and requiring any defendant to clear a burden to prove innocence. Yet Giordani like Ballou believes that she can violate the law and the Code with impunity.

FACTS AND ARGUMENT

Debiparshad v. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct. in & for Cnty. of Clark, 137 Nev. 691, 499 P.3d 597 (2021) demands that another judge other than Giordani vacate this void order immediately.

"We conclude that once a motion to disqualify is filed by a party, the subject judge can take no further action in the case until the motion to disqualify is resolved. The NCJC requires a judge to "act at all times in a manner that promotes public confidence in the independence, integrity, and impartiality of the judiciary and [to] avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety." NCJC Rule 1.2. When a "judge's impartiality might reasonably be questioned," *696 the judge must disqualify himself or herself from the proceeding. NCJC Rule 2.11(A). Any motion for disqualification filed pursuant to NCJC Rule 2.11 after the deadline established by NRS 1.235(1) must be timely under *Towbin Dodge* and based on new information learned or observed after the cutoff date, information which was not otherwise known or ascertainable by the moving party. **602 *Towbin Dodge*. 121 Nev. at 260-61, 112 P.3d at 1069-70, The disqualification motion must be adjudicated before the trial proceedings may continue Consistent with his or her duties under the NCJC to avoid the appearance of impropriety, a judge should suspend proceedings and refrain from taking further substantive action in the case once a party moves to disqualify the judge. *Debiparshad v. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct. in & for Cnty. of Clark*, 137 Nev. 691, 695-96, 499 P.3d 597, 601-02 (2021) (emphasis added)

NRS1.235 speaks for itself yet the case law solidifies that Giordani acted illegally in ruling on Kim's motion to reopen. See NCJD decision A attached.

Even so, there is even further evidence as to not acting after a motion to disqualify has been filed. District Court judge Erika Ballou is still on a suspension from even entering the courthouse in part for violating The Revised Code of Judicial Conduct ("CODE")

"Count III alleges Respondent violated the Code of Judicial Conduct by failing to follow the law and take no action on a matter after the State filed motions to recuse or disqualify Respondent from the Christman matters. As to this charge, Respondent contends she was not required to stay the case as she was never properly served with the State's affidavit. This is an incorrect statement of the law. A filed affidavit seeking disqualification must be served on the judge sought to be disqualified. NRS 1.235(5). While failure to properly serve a Judge with the affidavit may be sufficient grounds for a reviewing judge (other than the judge sought to be disqualified) to dismiss the motion to disqualify, it does not follow that Respondent has the authority to make that ruling herself. Indeed, once a motion to disqualify is filed, a judge must proceed no further with the case. NRS 1.235(6)

(emphasis added). The statute requires only the filing of the affidavit, not the service of it, to trigger the requirement that the Judge pause the proceedings. Additionally, the Commission notes Respondent had actual notice of the pending recusal motion because it was the subject of Respondent's minute order striking the motion. Respondent further alleges she did not commit misconduct because it is her duty to rule on motions before the court and the attorney in the Christman case filed a motion to strike the State's motion to disqualify. Respondent's argument is unpersuasive. It is axiomatic that a judge must follow the law. See Canon 1, Rule 1.1. As such, when the law requires a judge to halt proceedings pending resolution of a motion to disqualify, that is what a judge must do, irrespective of other pending motions. Furthermore, the Commission notes Respondent granted Christman's motion to strike the day after it was filed. The record does not reflect any opportunity to be heard or to cure the alleged defective document given by Respondent to the State prior to her ruling. Although this is a likely violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.6(A) (providing a judge shall accord every person who has a legal interest in a proceeding the right to be heard), this charge was not formally before the Commission. By a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds that Special Counsel proved by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent violated the Code as alleged in Count III of the FSOC. Specifically, that Respondent, Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.1 (requiring a judge to comply with the law, including the Code itself); Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.2, (requiring a judge to act at all times in a manner that promotes public confidence in the independence, integrity, and impartiality of the judiciary and to avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety); Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.2 (requiring a judge to uphold and apply the law and perform all duties of judicial office fairly and impartially); and Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.5 (requiring a judge to perform judicial and administrative duties competently and diligently). Furthermore, by a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent's violations were knowing and deliberate under NRS 1.4653(5)(b)(2). Exhibit A count III"

Kim as well as any other defendant has a right to have an impartial judge to determine that the case should be reopened and that Kim be allowed show that the matter should be dismissed with prejudice.

Kim is having real world prejudice from these charges hanging over Kim's head. Judge Reynolds of District Court dept 29 learned of the false battery claim and has apparently

presumed Kim's guilt as judge Reynolds referenced it in an order issued Jan 8, 2026. See Exhibit B attached footnote 2 which states:

"2 Mr. Blandino has essentially been civil, though disobedient to the Court's Orders. The Court has now learned that while the Court was drafting this Order Mr. Blandino went to the main courthouse and was cited for Battery against one of the District Court Clerk workers when Mr. Blandino was trying to enter somewhere and tried to push past her. Mr. Blandino came back to the Phoenix Building with the citation and the two marshals at security were made aware of it. Event # 20260108-005." Page 3 Ex. B

Therefore, prejudice is not hypothetical this is real world prejudice by a sitting judge and Kim has a hearing with judge Reynolds on April 2. Judge Reynolds is treating this as an established fact of guilt. This matter must be dismissed with prejudice before this date so that Kim can inform judge Reynolds and judge Reynolds will not hold this against Kim and judge Reynolds can apologize to Kim in open court for PRE-JUDGING Kim.

1. Ballou was a district court judge and Giordani is a Municipal Court Judge However NRS1.235 is equally applicable to Municipal Court Judges

NRS 1.235 clearly states:

5. At the time the affidavit is filed, a copy must be served upon the judge sought to be disqualified. Service must be made by delivering the copy to the judge personally or by leaving it at the judge's chambers with some person of suitable age and discretion employed therein.

6. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 7, the judge against whom an affidavit alleging bias or prejudice is filed shall proceed no further with the matter and shall:

(a) If the judge is a district judge, immediately transfer the case to another department of the court, if there is more than one department of the court in the district, or request the judge of another district court to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter;

(b) If the judge is a justice of the peace, immediately arrange for another justice of the peace to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter as provided pursuant to NRS 4.032, 4.340 or 4.345, as applicable; or

(c) If the judge is a municipal judge, immediately arrange for another municipal judge to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter as provided pursuant to NRS 5.023 or 5.024, as applicable.

7. A judge may challenge an affidavit alleging bias or prejudice by filing a written answer with the clerk of the court within 5 judicial days after the affidavit is served, admitting or denying any or all of the allegations contained in the affidavit and setting forth any additional facts which bear on the question of the judge's disqualification. The question of the judge's disqualification must thereupon be heard and determined by a judge appointed:

(a) If the judge is a district judge, by the presiding judge of the judicial district in judicial districts having more than one judge, or if the presiding judge of the judicial district is sought to be disqualified, by the judge having the greatest number of years of service;

(b) If the judge is a justice of the peace, by the presiding judge of the justice court in justice courts having more than one justice of the peace, or if the presiding judge is sought to be disqualified, by the justice of the peace having the greatest number of years of service;

(c) If the judge is a municipal judge, by the presiding judge of the municipal court in municipal courts having more than one municipal judge, or if the presiding judge is sought to be disqualified, by the municipal judge having the greatest number of years of service; or

(d) If there is no presiding judge, by the Supreme Court.

There can be no confusion whatsoever Kim filed for disqualification against Giordani and served Giordani's Marshal (Thompson) with a copy of the Motion right after filing on Feb. 24 2026. See Exhibit C attached in accord with clear statute, case law and an adjudication with the

FILED

3:38 A.M.
3:38 P.M.

3.16.2026
BA

Court Clerk, Municipal Court

LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CITY OF LAS VEGAS,

Plaintiff,

vs.

CASE NOS.: 26-005437

DEPT.: 6

KIM BLANDINO,

ID No.:363075

Defendant.

ORDER

Having considered Defendant's Emergency Petition or Motion to Declare that Judge Giordani is Disqualified in Case 26-005437 from Hearing Any Matter Nunc Pro Tunc to the Date the Motion to Disqualify was Filed Feb. 24, 2026, as well as having considered the fact this case was timely and properly dismissed pursuant to NRS 174.085(5) by the Las Vegas City Attorney's Office on February 26, 2026, the instant motion is DENIED.

As such, all future dates scheduled to address this issue are VACATED.

DATED March 16th 2026.

Kelly Giordani

Chief Judge Kelly Giordani
Las Vegas Municipal Court, Dept. 6

EXHIBIT F-R

EXHIBIT F_R

missal, the court shall order the defendant released from custody or, if the defendant is released on bail, exonerate the obligors and release any bail. (emphasis added)

There are many other reasons why this complaint must be dismissed with prejudice. This however is an offer of proof as to why this disqualification issue is vital to further adjudication of this case.

CONCLUSION

For the above reasons this petition or motion must be heard immediately. Kim's very life is imminently threatened. This latest caller or others could at this moment be planning to Kill Kim as Charlie Kirk was killed. Kim must have a dismissal with prejudice and the first step is for judge Bert Brown to;

1. Determine that judge Giordani was disqualified from acting from the moment the motion to disqualify was filed on Feb. 4 2026 nunc pro tunc to that date.
2. Declare that the orders signed and filed after that date are null and void.
3. Arrange for another municipal judge to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter as provided pursuant to NRS 5.023 or 5.024, as applicable. As NRS 1.235 requires
4. Report Giordani's willful unlawful behavior to the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline ("NCJD") and any judge hearing this matter must report Giordani to the NCJD in accord with Rule 2.15

Rule 2.15. Responding to Judicial and Lawyer Misconduct.

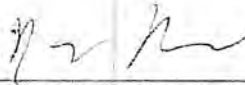
(A) A judge having knowledge that another judge has committed a violation of this Code that raises a substantial question regarding the judge's honesty, trustworthiness, or fitness as a judge in other respects shall inform the appropriate authority.

(B) A judge having knowledge that a lawyer has committed a violation of the Nevada Rules of Professional Conduct that raises a substantial ques-

state rules of evidence.

I declare under penalty of perjury that I have read the foregoing and the same is true and correct.

DATED this 12th day of March, 2026.



KIM BLANDINO PRO SE #363075
C/O 441 N 16TH ST
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
(702) 219-5657
No Fax
Kim43792@earthlink.net

that Giordani has now on two separate instances ruled in this case and issued two void orders. That after Giordani filed the first void and illegal order, Kim filed to vacate that March 2 Order and attached the Ballou decision and everything needed to that **EMERGENCY MOTION TO VACATE THE ORDER OF MARCH 2, 2026 BY JUDGE GIORDANI AS VOID AND TO REOPEN CASE AS ORIGINALLY MOTIONED FOR** to show that Giordani had absolutely no right to stay on the case.

Giordani thus had no legal excuse whatsoever to rule after Kim filed the above motion and could only have done this unlawfully, willfully and arrogantly refusing to follow clear established law.

3. **Kim Has Every Reason to Seek Dismissal with Prejudice of the alleged charge From an uncompromised judge**

There are many reasons why the Case must be dismissed with prejudice. The first reason is that this citation or complaint that was dismissed was not the first dismissal. The pink NCR copy that Kim was given at the scene of the event was #1-04544419. See Exhibit D attached. This was dismissed and an amended complaint was filed #04544419A. See Exhibit E attached.

As the City Attorney themselves cite:

"5. The prosecuting attorney, in a case that the prosecuting attorney has initiated, may voluntarily dismiss a complaint:

(a) Before a preliminary hearing if the crime with which the defendant is charged is a felony or gross misdemeanor; or

(b) Before trial if the crime with which the defendant is charged is a misdemeanor.

Ê without prejudice to the right to file another complaint, unless the State of Nevada has previously filed a complaint against the defendant which was dismissed at the request of the prosecuting attorney. After the dis-

NCJD against Ballou. Giordani had no authority whatsoever to do anything further in Case # 26-005437 and yet like Ballou has willfully and unlawfully violated the law and failed to uphold the law.

Kim has no choice since Giordani is the chief or presiding judge, Kim must seek relief from the judge having the most years of service who is Bert Brown.

Had Giordani filed a challenge the matter of disqualification would under NRS1.235(7) (c) would have been decided by judge Bert Brown. Kim filed and served the disqualify motion and Giordani declined to challenge this therefore she was obligated by statute and case law and the decision the NCJD issued against Ballou to act no further in the case. Therefore Judge Brown has established authority to act in this disqualification procedure, as well as inherent authority.

2. **Kim Has no Immediate or Speedy Remedy to pursue except by invoking the implied power of NRS1.235(7) (c)**

Dehiparshard "states that the motion to disqualify must be adjudicated...." However the statute says that the judge must immediately arrange to proceed immediately arrange for another municipal judge to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter as provided pursuant to NRS 5.023 or 5.024, as applicable. (emphasis added)

Or the judge can challenge the motion to disqualify. Yet this has to be done within 5 judicial days which Giordani refused to do.

Since Giordani much like Ballou arrogantly, willfully, and unlawfully refuses to follow the law and not once but twice rules on a case she has no authority to rule on Kim has no option but to use the statute to get relief if possible.

Because Judge Bert Brown has the most years of service it would be to Bert Brown to determine the matter of disqualification had Giordani filed a challenge. Even though Giordani has not filed a challenge and has not removed herself from the case. It cannot be over emphasized

EXHIBIT G-R

EXHIBIT G-R

1 LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT

2 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

3 CITY OF LAS VEGAS,

4 Plaintiff,

5 vs.

6 KIM BLANDINO,

7 ID No.:363075

8 Defendant.

CASE NOS.: 26-00543

DEPT.: 6

ORDER

FILED

A.M.

8:40 P.M.

3.23 20 20

Dep. Court Clerk, Municipal Court

9 On March 19th, 2026, Defendant filed Emergency Motion to Arrange Another Municipal Judge
10 to Hear the Matter as Judge Giordani is Repeatedly Violating the Law Regarding Disqualification and is
11 Oppressing Kim Under NRS 197.00 and 18 U.S.C. Section 242 and Abusing Kim Blandino who is a
12 Protected Older Person Under NRS 200.5091-200.50995 (Being Over 70 Years Old) Warning This Must
13 be Docketed or Assigned to Any Other Judge that Judge Giordani! The instant case was voluntarily
14 dismissed pursuant to NRS 174.085(5) by the Las Vegas City Attorney's Office on February 26, 2026, in
15 compliance with the statute. Nothing contained within the motion, legal or factual, give reason to
16 reopen a closed case that was properly dismissed. As such, the instant motion is DENIED and all future
17 dates scheduled to address this issue are VACATED.

18 DATED March 23rd, 2026.

21 Kelly Giordani

22 Chief Judge Kelly Giordani
23 Las Vegas Municipal Court, Dept. 6

Exhibit 17

FILED

APR 20 2026

LV MUNICIPAL COURT

KIM BLANDINO PECULIAR PRO SE
Nevada Bar No. None
C/O 441 N. 16th St
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
(702) 219-5657
No Fax
Kim43792@earthlink.net

LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CITY OF LAS VEGAS
and LAS VEGAS MUNICIPALCOURT

Case No. 26-029641
Dept. No. 4

HANS JESSUP Petitioner,
-vs and Prosecutor

KIM BLANDINO

Defendant or
Respondent

HEARING DATE: 4/20/2026
HEARING TIME: 9:30 a.m.

EMERGENCY NOTICE TO JUDGE BERT BROWN AND JUDGE GIORDANI
THAT KIM BLANDINO HAS PREPARED A COMPLAINT TO THE NEVADA
COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL DISCIPLINE ("NCJD") READY FOR SUBMISSION
AGAINST GIORDANI AND IS ATTACHED AS EXHIBIT A AND THAT KIM MUST DO
EVERY THING IN KIM'S POWER TO SEE THAT GIORDANI IS SUSPENDED
WITHOUT PAY BY THE NCJD AND THEN REMOVED FROM OFFICE FOR DOING
THE SAME TYPE OF THING AS JUDGE ERIKA BALLOU, IN PROCEEDING

CITY ATTORNEY
CRIMINAL DIVISION

FURTHER IN CASE 26-005437 AGAINST KIM

COMES NOW Kim Blandino ("Kim") listed as Defendant appearing specially and not generally who has been abused by Giordani in a very same was as Erika Ballou who refused to obey the law regarding motions to disqualify.

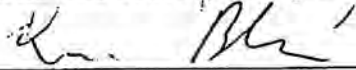
Here Giordani has done this 4 times to Kim with four separate Orders that Giordani considered filed and served after Kim had filed to disqualify Giordani in Case 26-005437.. While Ballou only did this one time Giordani did this four times trying to stop Kim from getting heard before an uncompromised judge in that case. Judge Ballou was suspended without pay by the NCJD and now remains suspended to the end of her term in the District Court.

Giordani must now be automatically disqualified from any case Kim has before the court even before she is rightfully removed by the NCJD.

CONCLUSION

Kim viewed this notice as important that Giordani be given one more chance to do the right thing and to know that God called Kim to do what he can to see Giordani removed from the bench for what she has willfully and maliciously done to abuse Kim and to abuse the process. And to further show Judge Brown that the risk of bias of Giordani against Kim is as great as can be going forward and that Judge Ber Brown can do the right thing.

DATED this 20th day of April , 2026.



Kim Blandino
C/O 441 N 16th
Las Vegas Nevada 89101
702 219-5657
Kim 43792@earthlink.net

ASSEVERATION IN SUPPORT OF MOTION

I Kim Blandino state under penalty of perjury that I am over 70 years of age (outside the womb) ~~and have read the foregoing and the same is true and correct except as to those~~ matters of belief and belief and as to those matters Kim believes them to be true. And that:

1. That this filing is not made to vex, harass, delay or made in bad faith nor for any improper purpose and anyone who says or claims differently is lying through their teeth.
2. That any and all exhibits are true and correct and authentic according to FRE 901 and the state rules of evidence NRS 52.015.

I declare under penalty of perjury that I have read the foregoing and the same is true and correct.

DATED this 20th day of April, 2026.



KIM BLANDINO PRO SE #363075
C/O 441 N 16TH ST
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
(702) 219-5657
No Fax
Kim43792@earthlink.net

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY certify that service of the foregoing was accomplished on April 20th, 2026 by delivering a copy the court clerk which Kim has been told by Court Administrator Hans Jessup is an extension of the Judge's chambers and to:

Hans Jessup Petitioner and Prosecutor
Court Administrator
Las Vegas Municipal Court
No Bar License
100 R Clark Ave.
Las Vegas, NV 89101



Kim Blandino
C/O 441 N 16th
Las Vegas Nevada 89101
702 219-5657
Kim 43792@earthlink.net

EXHIBIT A

EXHIBIT A



(For Commission Use Only)

COMMISSION CASE NO. _____

NEVADA COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL DISCIPLINE
COMPLAINT OF JUDICIAL MISCONDUCT OR DISABILITY
(Please Clearly Type or Print All Required Information)

- > Complaints must be mailed to the Commission's address on page 2. Complaints will NOT be accepted by phone, email, fax, or online.
- > Failure to complete this form properly will cause your complaint to be noncompliant and administratively dismissed.

Date: Apr 18, 2026

Name of Person Completing This Form: Kim Blondino

Mailing Address of Person Completing This Form: C/O 441 N 16th St L.V.
Nev. 89101

Daytime Telephone: (702) 219-5657 Email: Kim93792@earthlink.net

Name of Nevada Judicial Officer: L.V. Muni Court Chief Judge Kelly Giordani
(Only One Name Per Complaint Form)

Court or Judicial District: Las Vegas Municipal Court

Case Number (Please Include All Letters and Numbers): 26-005437 and 26-029641
(If the complaint concerns the judge's conduct in a particular court proceeding.)

Docket number of any appeal: N/A
(If applicable)

I am ☒ a litigant; ☐ a witness or interested party; or ☐ a member of the general public.

This Case Is (Select One): ☒ Pending In Trial Court ☐ On Appeal ☐ Not Pending or Closed

I acknowledge the following:

Consent to Investigate. I authorize the Commission on Judicial Discipline ("Commission") and its staff and contractors to investigate my complaint, including interviewing witnesses and requesting documents, to verify that the statements made in this complaint are true and correct. I agree to promptly amend this complaint if I learn that the statements made in this complaint are materially incorrect. I understand that deliberately misstating the truth of any material fact could subject me to sanctions including, but not limited to, dismissal of my complaint, contempt or a separate action for perjury.

Full Cooperation. I agree to cooperate with the Commission and its staff and contractors regarding my complaint. I understand that my complaint, along with all documents and materials submitted, become the property of the Commission and will not be returned or copied to you. I also understand that the Commission may pursue my complaint even if I decide to withdraw it.

Appeal Warning. I understand that the Commission is not an appellate court and that my complaint does not stay or stop my time to appeal a decision in my case.

Legal Advice. I understand that the Commission and its Commissioners, staff, investigators and contractors cannot give me legal counsel, advice, services, or referrals regarding my case or actions I should take in my case.

Submitting the Complaint. Complete this form and prepare the statement of facts in type or legible print. You must sign and mail the complaint to: Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline, P.O. Box 18123, Reno, Nevada 89511. If you have any questions about this form, please contact the Commission at (775) 687-4017. The Commission's website <https://judicial.nv.gov> provides additional information, including a Guide to Ethical Obligations & Filing a Complaint, as well as the Revised Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct and other laws, statutes, and rules governing the Commission.

Statement of Facts. Explain why the judicial officer violated the Revised Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct. You must provide below or attach a concise and legible statement of the specific facts which you believe constitute judicial misconduct or disability. Include what happened and specify both the date and location of each relevant event by utilizing the following format:

1. Date of Misconduct: March 9, 2026 Location: Las Vegas Muni Court
Explanation: Kim filed a motion to Disqualify Judge Giordani in Case 26-005437 City of Las Vegas v. Kim Blandino (for simple battery) on Feb 29, 2026 which was within the 10 days after Kim was informed by Judge Giordani ("Giordani") that Giordani she assigned herself to the case in open court on Feb. 18, 2026. Giordani denied any continuance since Kim was going to file a motion to Cont... →
2. Date of Misconduct: March 16, 2026 Location: Las Vegas Muni Court
Explanation: In Process

Continuation of Count 1 Date of Misconduct March 9, 2026

--disqualify. On Feb*26, 2026 the City filed a Notice of Dismissal without prejudice. Yet Kim needed a dismissal with prejudice and Kim filed an EMERGENCY MOTION TO REOPEN CASE AFTER NOTICE OF DISMISSAL WITHOUT PREJUDICE PURSUANT TO NRS 174.085(5) FILED BY THE PLAINTIFF CITY OF LAS VEGAS . (Document 2 attached)on March 2, 2026 on March 9, 2026 Kim filed a EMERGENCY MOTION TO VACATE THE ORDER OF MARCH 2,2026 BY JUDGE GIORDANI AS VOID AND TO REOPEN CASE AS ORIGINALLY MOTIONED FOR MUST BE DOCKETED TO JUDGE BERT BROWN WHO IS THE MUNICIPAL JUDGE HAVING THE GREATEST NUMBER OF YEARS OF SERVICE PURSUANT TO NRS 1.235 (7) (c) (Document 3 attached)

Then on March 9,2026 Giordani filed and signed by her an Order in Cas 26-005437 (Document 4 attached). The Motion to disqualify had been filed and served and Giordani had not filed any challenge pursuant to NRS1.235. Therefore, Giordani was required by statutory law and case law from doing anything further in this case. This was verified by the NCJD decision against Judge Erica Ballou who refused to stop acing in a case where a motion to disqualify her was filed.

This is from the Ballou decision:

Count III alleges Respondent violated the Code of Judicial Conduct by failing to follow the law * and take no action on a matter after the State filed motions to recuse, or disqualify Respondent from the Christman matters. As to this charge, Respondent contends she was not required to stay the case as she was never properly served with the State's affidavit. This is an incorrect statement of the law. A filed affidavit seeking disqualification must be served on the judge sought to be disqualified. NRS 1.235(5). While failure to properly serve a judge with the affidavit may be sufficient grounds for a reviewing judge (other than the judge sought to be disqualified) to dismiss the motion to disqualify, it does not follow that Respondent has the authority to make that ruling herself. Indeed, once a motion to disqualify is filed,

a judge must proceed no further with the case. NRS 1.235(6) (emphasis added). The statute requires only the filing of the affidavit, not the service of it, to trigger the requirement that the judge pause the proceedings. Additionally, the Commission notes Respondent had actual notice of the pending recusal motion because it was the subject of Respondent's minute order striking the motion. Respondent further alleges she did not commit misconduct because it is her duty to rule on motions before the court and the attorney in the Christman case filed a motion to strike the State's motion to disqualify. Respondent's argument is unpersuasive. It is axiomatic that a judge must follow the law. See Canon 1, Rule 1.1. As such, when the law requires a judge to halt proceedings pending resolution of a motion to disqualify, that is what a judge must do, irrespective of other pending motions. Furthermore, the Commission notes Respondent granted Christman's motion to strike the day after it was filed. The record does not reflect any opportunity to be heard or to cure the alleged defective document given by Respondent to the State prior to her ruling. Although this is a likely violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.6(A) (providing a judge shall accord every person who has a legal interest in a proceeding the right to be heard), this charge was not formally before the Commission

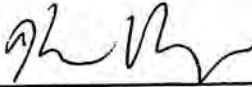
Therefore, Kim just as the: Commission did on a 7-0 vote requests as in Ballou:

"the Commission finds that Special Counsel proved by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent violated the Code as alleged in Count III of the FSOc. Specifically, that Respondent, Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.1 (requiring a judge to comply with the law, including the Code itself); Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.2, (requiring a judge to act at all times in a manner that promotes public confidence in the independence, integrity, and impartiality of the judiciary and to avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety); Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.2 (requiring a judge to uphold and apply the law and perform all duties of judicial office fairly and impartially); and Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.5 (requiring a judge to perform judicial and administrative duties competently, and diligently)."

Additionally Kim requests that the NCJD which could not do in the Ballou Case

The record does not reflect any opportunity to be heard or to cure the alleged defective document given by Respondent to the State prior to her ruling. Although this is a likely violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.6(A) (providing a judge shall accord every person who has a legal interest in a proceeding the right to be heard), this charge was not formally before the Commission

The City of Las Vegas was not given an opportunity to even agree with Kim which they may very well have done so once Kim presented his evidence. Yet Giordani did not give any opportunity to let the City file anything before vacating all future dates. Therefore Giordani violated Canon 2 of the Code 2.6(A) providing a judge shall accord every person who has a legal interest in a proceeding the right to be heard),



Kim Blandino April 19, 2026

Supporting Documents/Materials. You may attach/enclose documents and audio or visual recordings to support your claim of judicial misconduct or disability. Separately list each document or recording below and specify the information contained in the document or recording that directly supports your claim and the location of the information within the document or recording. Do not provide attachments, such as your entire court case, without specifying how each attachment directly supports your claim. Attachments are not required to submit a complaint.

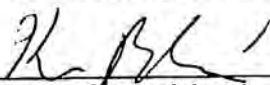
Document 1 ~~Emergency~~^{9A} Motion Filed
Feb. 24, 2026 to Disqualify

Document 2 Emergency Motion to Reopen

Doc 3 Emergency Motion to Vacate

Doc 4 Order by Giordani Filed Mar 9, 2026

Declaration and Signature. I declare under penalty of perjury that the information provided and the statements made in this complaint are true and correct to the best of my knowledge, except as to matters stated to be on information and belief, and those matters are believed to be true and correct.


Signature of Complainant

4/19/26
Date

DOCUMENT 1

ORIGINAL

KIM BLANDINO PECULIAR PRO SE
Nevada Bar No. None
C/O 441 N. 16th St
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
(702) 219-5657
No Fax
Kim43792@earthlink.net

FILED

FEB 24 2026

SL
LV MUNICIPAL COURT

LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CITY OF LAS VEGAS

Plaintiff,

Case No. 26-005437

Dept. No. 6

-vs

3/12/26 9:30 AM

KIM BLANDINO

Defendant

MOTION TO DISQUALIFY JUDGE GIORDANI IN ACCORD WITH NRS
1.230, 1.25 AND/OR RULE 2.11 IN OF THE NEVADA REVISED CODE OF JUDICIAL
CONDUCT (REASONABLE MINDS WOULD QUESTION STANDARD) AND/OR *Rippo*
v. Baker, 580 U.S. 285, 137 S. Ct. 905, 197 L. Ed. 2d 376 (2017) (RISK OF BIAS
STANDARD) AND/OR (THE DEEP SEATED ANTAGONISM STANDARD)

COMES NOW, Kim Blandino ("Kim") appearing specially and not generally who under threat of a Bench warrant appeared in Las Vegas Municipal Court Department 1 Matthew Walker ("Walker") presiding ON Feb. 10, 2026. Kim appeared by special appearance because of a green colored post card that Kim received in the U.S Mail at C/O 441 N16th Street L.V. Nv. 89101. Kim was set for a calendaring hearing by Walker's order and again under threat of a bench

CITY ATTORNEY
CRIMINAL DIVISION

1
RECEIVED FEB 24 2026

warrant should Kim not appear on Feb. 18, 2026.

Because Judge Giordani ("Giordani") did not assign herself to the actual case until Feb. 18, 2026 Kim is well within the time frame of NRS 1.235(motion must be filed within 10 days of assignment). Kim told Giordani in open court that this Motion would be filed.

INTRODUCTION

God(also called the Creator or Elohim, Elohim being both singular and plural like the words, sheep, fish or deer) created the Universe around 6,000 years ago he created light and spacetime in 5 days on the 6th day God made Man called Adam. God saw that it was not good for Man to be alone so he created out of man a companion called Eve who was his helpmate (not playboy "sex mate"). Adam and Eve were perfect and eternal and there was no death in this world.

God had to give at least one thing that Adam and Eve could not do. Otherwise, if God said they could do anything they wanted, there could be no disobedience, and therefore no demonstration of love. Adam and Eve ate of the forbidden tree of the knowledge of good and evil and lost their eternal nature. Therefore, God had a choice to destroy both Adam and Eve or give a second chance to allow them to continue as fallen beings with a promise of a redeemer and allow them to procreate by sexual relations so the redeemer could come by the "offspring of the woman" See Genesis Chapter 1-3.

Had man not fallen they would never have had sexually created children. See Book of Mormon 2 Nephi 2: 21-25(as well as other apocryphal sources).

God gave the promise to Adam and Eve that Eve's offspring would crush the offspring of the serpent:

¶ And I will put enmity between you and the woman, and between your offspring and hers; he will crush your head, and you will strike his heel." Genesis 3:15 NIV version

This is the promise that God gave mankind that the savior or Son of God would come through Eve and he would redeem man to God. This savior as nearly all of the world knows is the historical Jesus and millions believe in him to this day and that he in fact rose from the dead. The great flood occurred and only Noah and his sons and their wives survived this flooding of the earth through the ark God commanded Noah to build. Land based animals also were spared on that ark.

Kim is the 140th great-grandson of Noah. And every human on the earth is descended from Noah. And all land-based animal life descends from the animals that went onto the Ark with Noah. The variations of life are all due to the miracle of DNA and the Billions upon billions of possible different combinations of that DNA. A Great Dane, the poodle and the Dachshund and many others all come from the same two male and female dogs that were on the ark.

Kim was born in the U.S. at Malmstrom Air Base in Montana in 1955. In 1993, in part, from seeing a modern day Ahab and Jezebel elected to their "joint presidency" Kim was motivated to act, Kim relinquished his U.S. citizenship and became a citizen and subject of Elohim's Kingdom of Israel. Kim became an Ambassador for Jesus the Christ and to be reconciled to the Almighty God. See 2 Corinthians 5:20:

"We are therefore Christ's ambassadors, as though God were making his appeal through us. We implore you on Christ's behalf: Be reconciled to God." NIV (emphasis added)

Kim became part of what is known as the "Great Commission":

"Then the eleven disciples went to Galilee, to the mountain where Jesus had told them to go. ¹⁷ When they saw him, they worshiped him; but some doubted

Then Jesus came to them and said, "All authority in heaven and on earth has been given to me."¹⁹ Therefore go and make disciples of all nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father and of the Son and of the Holy Spirit,²⁰ and teaching them to obey everything I have commanded you. And surely I am with you always, to the very end of the age." Matthew 28:16-20

Obviously these eleven disciples could not live for thousands of years. So, this Great Commission depends on passing the mission on to generations upon generations. Please note that Jesus commands that the "baptizing in the name of the Father, and of the Son and of the Holy Spirit". This is the plural Elohim as described above, Elohim is both plural and singular.

Kim was also called by the Creator to investigate judicial corruption in the Eighth Judicial District Court ("EJDC"). Kim therefore became a volunteer unpaid investigator [which means unofficial] with or for the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline (NCJD"). In this God given role Kim obtained letters of caution from the NCJD against former district judge Rob Bare and former district court judge Douglas Herndon (now justice of the Nevada Supreme Court).

Kim is also an investigative journalist and currently is part of the new media with a Youtube channel and an X(formerly twitter) Kim in fact has a media request before this court.

Kim has been retaliated against for decades because of exercising his rights that are guaranteed under the Constitution of the United States. Especially first amendment rights.

The complaining witness in this matter is an unbalanced woman that has resentment toward Kim and has been looking for an opportunity to vindictively and willfully, retaliate against Kim. This is one who sees evil as good and good as evil:

Isaiah 5 "20 Woe unto them that call evil good, and good evil; that put darkness for light, and light for darkness; that put bitter for sweet, and sweet for bitter!"

FACTS AND ARGUMENT

As stated above Kim was before judge Walker on Feb. 10, 2026. At the hearing before Walker in which the electronic Media was recording, Walker announced that he would be disqualifying himself due to the fact that Walker some many years ago prosecuted Kim as a then City Attorney, under the standard in the Nevada Revised Code of Judicial Conduct 2.11 (The reasonable minds would question a judge's impartiality standard) . Kim objected and represented that Kim believed that Walker would be impartial and waived any rights to challenge Walker's impartiality in the future. This hearing is viewable at Our Nevada Judges <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o69qTuWdZ-I> where there are more than 32 thousand views after nine days.

Kim told Walker that if he did disqualify Kim would challenge this disqualification to a higher court on Mandamus, as Kim had successfully done some 25 years ago in Kim's family court case where Judge Ritchie (who is still on the family court bench) wrongfully disqualified himself and the Nevada Supreme Court agreed, ordered the writ granted and ~~ordered~~ Ritchie back onto Kim's family court case in 2001. See Exhibit A attached. Writ ordered granted. Sadly, because Kim had no family court judge while the mandamus action was pending Kim had months of no visitation with Kim's children of tender years and Kim's children suffered greatly.

Kim further knowing how the Las Vegas Municipal Court seems to have a aversion to writing and signing and filing written orders demanded at the hearing on the 10th that Walker do a written order so that a reviewing court could know with certainty what Kim was challenging with findings of fact and conclusions of law. At first, Walker "balked" then he granted Kim's demand. Walker agreed after Kim pressed Walker to have the order filed before the calendaring on Feb 18, 2026. Kim just received this today Feb.17, 2026 one day before the Feb. 18, 2026

date. See Exhibit C attached

Kim has been on the other side of the equation arguing for disqualification of then Justice Jansen (who also still presides in justice court as a senior judge at the age of 90). Kim obtained the writ of Mandamus on Jansen in January of 1987 some 39 years ago. See Exhibit B attached from the District Court.

Kim therefore has much experience in disqualification law both state and federal. Just as judge Ritchie was proven to have wrongfully disqualified himself Kim believes that Walker has wrongfully disqualified himself. The most important part of the Supreme Court's ruling in the Ritchie mandamus is this passage from exhibit A:

"Given the lack of grounds for disqualification, Judge Ritchie's sworn statement that he has no personal bias against Blandino, and Blandino's request that the case be returned to Judge Ritchie because he is in fact objective and impartial, we perceive no reason why Judge Ritchie cannot or should not preside over the matter. Accordingly, since Blandino has no other plain, speedy and adequate remedy at law, we grant his petition. The clerk of the court shall issue a writ of mandamus compelling Judge Ritchie to preside over the district court proceedings.

It is so ORDERED." (emphasis added)

Kim received the written order just the afternoon before the Feb. 18th hearing. See Exhibit C attached. Walker's order was clear that the instant case was being reassigned to the Chief Judge for further calendaring. Kim appeared before Giordani on Feb 18 at 1:00 p.m.

Kim told Giordani that he was appearing specially and not generally. Giordani refused to allow Kim to make a complete record. Giordani ran the proceeding in violation of the Nevada revised Code of Judicial Conduct ("Code") violating:

Rule 1.1. Compliance With the Law. A judge shall comply with the law, including the Code of Judicial Conduct.

Rule 1.2. Promoting Confidence in the Judiciary. A judge shall act at all times in a manner that promotes public confidence in the independence,

integrity, and impartiality of the judiciary and shall avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety.

“ In this opinion, we emphasize that a *Faretta* canvass must ensure that a defendant decides whether to waive counsel with eyes open. The canvass must safeguard against the unacceptable danger that defendants would choose to represent themselves with an incomplete understanding of the risks they face. Inadequate warnings harm not only the defendant, but also the credibility of our justice system. *Miles v. State*, 137 Nev. 747, 747, 500 P.3d 1263, 1266 (2021)

When a criminal defendant desires to waive the right to counsel, the trial court must ensure that decision is made knowingly and voluntarily. The trial court must conduct a careful canvass and ensure that a defendant understands the risks and disadvantages of self-representation. While no specific questions are constitutionally required, a trial court that learns during the canvass that the defendant may not understand the charges or the potential sentences should address that lack of understanding. *Miles v. State*, 137 Nev. 747, 754, 500 P.3d 1263, 1271 (2021) (emphasis added)

Most of all violated Rule 2.8:

“Rule 2.8. Decorum, Demeanor, and Communication With Jurors.

(A) A judge shall require order and decorum in proceedings before the court.

(B) A judge shall be patient, dignified, and courteous to litigants, jurors, witnesses, lawyers, court staff, court officials, and others with whom the judge deals in an official capacity and shall require similar conduct of lawyers, court staff, court officials, and others subject to the judge’s direction and control.

(C) A judge shall not commend or criticize jurors for their verdict other than in a court order or opinion in a proceeding.” (emphasis added)

Giordani refused to even look at the file because of her bias and deep seated antagonism . If Giordani had looked at the file she would have seen that the court has no jurisdiction in this matter . Yet Giordani’s deep seated antagonism and bias against Kim would not allow her to see.

This type of delusion is prophesied in the Bible:

“⁸ And then shall that Wicked be revealed, whom the Lord shall consume with the spirit of his mouth, and shall destroy with the brightness of his coming:

⁹ Even him, whose coming is after the working of Satan with all power and signs and living wonders,

¹⁰ And with all deceivableness of unrighteousness in them that perish; because they received not the love of the truth, that they might be saved.

¹¹ And for this cause God shall send them strong delusion, that they should believe a lie:

¹² That they all might be damned who believed not the truth, but had pleasure in unrighteousness.” 2 Thessalonians 2: 8-12

Kim told the judge that Kim was going to file to disqualify Giordani yet she continued with the hearing as though Kim had said nothing. Giordani tried to bully and rush through the hearing as though she had a wedding to go to or her son's soccer game.

Kim had to “pry out” from Giordani that she was assigning herself to the matter and then did not stop when Kim announced that he would be filing a motion to disqualify her.

NRS 1.235 is clear:

“NRS 1.235 Procedure for disqualifying judges other than Supreme Court justices or judges of the Court of Appeals.

1. Any party to an action or proceeding pending in any court other than the Supreme Court or the Court of Appeals, who seeks to disqualify a judge for actual or implied bias or prejudice must file an affidavit specifying the facts upon which the disqualification is sought. The affidavit must contain a statement that the affidavit is filed in good faith and is not:

(a) Interposed for delay;

(b) Intended to harass a judge; or

(c) Filed for the purpose of:

(1) Unnecessarily increasing the costs of litigation; or

(2) Attempting to prevent prosecution.

2. Except as otherwise provided in subsections 3 and 4, the affidavit must be filed:

(a) Not less than 20 days before the date set for trial or hearing of the case; or

(b) Not less than 3 days before the date set for the hearing of any pretrial matter;

3. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection and subsection 4, if a case is not assigned to a judge before the time required under subsection 2 for filing the affidavit, the affidavit must be filed:

(a) Within 10 days after the party or the party's attorney is notified that the case has been assigned to a judge;

(b) Before the hearing of any pretrial matter; or

(c) Before the jury is empaneled, evidence taken or any ruling made in the trial or hearing,

È whichever occurs first. If the facts upon which disqualification of the judge is sought are not known to the party before the party is notified of the assignment of the judge or before any pretrial hearing is held, the affidavit may be filed not later than the commencement of the trial or hearing of the case."

Here Giordani tried to short circuit the process and assign herself to the case on the 18th and to bully or trick Kim into not filing the motion to disqualify and proceeding forward with a judge that is compromised and not impartial.

The violations of the code by Giordani are too numerous to list here in totality. Kim has been before almost all of the current municipal court judges and has observed all of them as a volunteer unpaid investigator [which means unofficial] working with or for the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline which God called Kim to do. In that capacity Kim has had letters of caution issued by the NCJD against former district court judges Herndon (now Nev. Sup. Ct. justice) and Rob Bare (defeated by current judge Christy Craig).

➡ In the federal Courts there are two avenues to disqualify a federal judge 28 U.S.C. § 455(a)

and 28 U.S.C. § 144. 28 U.S.C. § 144 states this taken from Liteky v. United States, 510 U.S. 540, 544 (1994):

Whenever a party to any proceeding in a district court makes and files a timely and sufficient affidavit that the judge before whom the matter is pending has a personal bias or prejudice either against him or in favor of any adverse party, such judge shall proceed no further therein, but another judge shall be assigned to hear such proceeding.

"The affidavit shall state the facts and the reasons for the belief that bias or prejudice exists, and shall be filed not less than ten days before the beginning of the term at which the proceeding is to be heard, or good cause shall be shown for failure to file it within such time. A party may file only one such affidavit in any case. It shall be accompanied by a certificate of counsel of record stating that it is made in good faith." Liteky v. United States, 510 U.S. 540, 544 (1994)

And 28 U.S.C. § 455(a) stated here in Liteky:

"The 1974 revision made massive changes, so that § 455 now reads as follows:

"(a) Any justice, judge, or magistrate of the United States shall disqualify himself in any proceeding in which his impartiality might reasonably be questioned.

"(b) He shall also disqualify himself in the following circumstances:

"(1) Where he has a personal bias or prejudice concerning a party, or personal knowledge of disputed evidentiary facts concerning the proceeding Liteky v. United States, 510 U.S. 540, 546-47 (1994)"

And:

It is enough for present purposes to say the following: first, judicial rulings alone almost never constitute a valid basis for a bias or partiality motion. See United States v. Grinnell Corp., 384 U.S. 563, 583 (1966). In and of themselves (i.e., apart from surrounding comments or accompanying opinion), they cannot possibly show reliance upon an extrajudicial source, and can only in the rarest circumstances evidence the degree of favoritism or antagonism required (as discussed below) when no extrajudicial source is involved. Almost invariably, they are proper grounds for appeal, not for recusal. Second, opinions formed by the judge on the basis of facts introduced or events occurring in the course of the current proceedings, or of prior proceedings, do not constitute a basis for a bias or partiality motion unless they display a deep-seated favoritism or antagonism that would make fair judgment impossible. Liteky v. United States, 510 U.S. 540, 555 (1994) (emphasis added)

Kim cites the federal case law because the Nevada Supreme Court addressed the Federal case law in *Towbin-Dodge, LLC v. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct. of State ex rel. Chf. of Clark*, 121 Nev.

251, 112 P.3d 1063 (2005) did exactly that as to motions to disqualify:

Federal law contains two separate, independent methods for seeking a judge's disqualification. 28 U.S.C. § 144¹⁶ bears similarities to both NRS 1.235 and SCR 48.1, which governs peremptory challenges. Like NRS 1.235, § 144 applies specifically to the district *259 court and requires the party seeking to disqualify a judge to file an affidavit setting forth the facts and reasons supporting the allegation of bias. But unlike NRS 1.235, which permits the challenged judge to respond, and which requires another judge to determine whether actual or implied bias or prejudice exists, § 144 operates like SCR 48.1, in that the matter is automatically transferred to another judge.¹⁷

The other federal statute concerning judicial disqualification, 28 U.S.C. § 455, is substantially similar to NCJC Canon 3E.¹⁸ Like **1069 Canon 3E, § 455 applies to all justices and judges, and it contains no procedural mechanism for enforcement.¹⁹ Nevertheless, the federal *260 courts follow a procedure whereby a party may move to disqualify a federal judge based on the grounds listed in § 455.²⁰ The federal courts have generally required that such motions be filed as soon as possible after the moving party learns of the grounds for disqualification.²¹ Additionally, the motion should allege facts demonstrating that "the judge's impartiality might reasonably be questioned."²² The motion's allegations are not deemed to be true and may be controverted by the challenged judge.²³ Finally, the challenged judge may elect to decide the motion or to refer the motion to another judge.²⁴

We conclude that the federal procedure provides a convenient method for enforcing Canon 3E in situations when NRS 1.235 does not apply. Thus, if new grounds for a judge's disqualification are discovered after the time limits in NRS 1.235(1) have passed, then a party may file a motion to disqualify based on Canon 3E as soon as possible after becoming aware of the new information. The motion must set forth facts and reasons sufficient to cause a reasonable person to question the judge's impartiality, and the challenged judge may contradict the motion's allegations. We deviate from federal practice in one respect, however. While the federal procedure permits the challenged judge to hear the motion, we share the concerns identified by some federal courts when the challenged judge decides the motion.²⁵ Thus, the motion must be referred to another judge. To the extent that our opinion in PETA suggests that motions under the **1070 NCJC must meet timelines contained in other provisions, such as NRS 1.235 or NRAP 35, it is *261 overruled.²⁶ Similarly, our decision in *Matter of Parental Rights as to Oren* is overruled to the extent that it held the

disqualification affidavit in that case timely under NRS 1.235.²⁷ Towbin Dodge, LLC v. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct. of State ex rel. Cnty. of Clark, 121 Nev. 251, 258–61, 112 P.3d 1063, 1068–70 (2005) (emphasis added)

~~Canon 3 E~~ was changed to Rule 2.11 in the revised code.

In Rippo v. Baker, 137 S. Ct. 905 (2017) the court reiterated the standard in “Withrow v. Larkin, 421 U.S. 35, 47, 95 S.Ct. 1456, 43 L.Ed.2d 712 (1975) ; see Williams v. Pennsylvania, 579 U.S. —, —, 136 S.Ct. 1899, 1905, 195 L.Ed.2d 132 (2016) and stated:

We vacate the Nevada Supreme Court's judgment because it applied the wrong legal standard. Under our precedents, the Due Process Clause may sometimes demand recusal even when a judge “ha[s] no actual bias.” “Aetna Life Ins. Co. v. Lavoie, 475 U.S. 813, 825, 106 S.Ct. 1580, 89 L.Ed.2d 823 (1986) “Recusal is required when, objectively speaking, “the probability of actual bias on the part of the judge or decisionmaker is too high to be constitutionally tolerable.” Rippo v. Baker, 137 S. Ct. 905, 907 (2017) (emphasis added)

And:

“The Nevada Supreme Court did not ask the question our precedents require: whether, considering all the circumstances alleged, the risk of bias was too high to be constitutionally tolerable” Rippo v. Baker, 137 S. Ct. 905, 907 (2017) (emphasis added)

There are apparently at least three separate standards for disqualification

1. That the judge before whom the matter is pending has a personal bias or prejudice either against him or in favor of any adverse party 144
2. “Any justice, judge, or magistrate of the United States shall disqualify himself in any proceeding in which his impartiality might reasonably be questioned.” 455
3. The probability of actual bias on the part of the judge or decisionmaker is too high to be constitutionally tolerable Rippo

Yet the Ninth Circuit even established:

We do not believe that the statutory provisions concerning disqualification are either exhaustive or the exclusive method whereby a judge may be removed from hearing a case. As the Second Circuit decision in United States v. Rob-

in indicates, the appellate court's authority to reassign exists apart from the judicial disqualification statutes. See 553 F.2d at 11. There is simply nothing in the disqualification statutes to prohibit this court from taking appropriate action in the first instance. United States v. Sears, Roebuck Co., Inc., 785 F.2d 777, 780-81 (9th Cir. 1986) (emphasis added)

It must be noted that in Rippo the court in one place states that it is the probability of bias and then the risk of bias was too high to be constitutionally tolerable. Yet the court never quantifies what the percentage of risk or probability is too high. Here in Las Vegas a city based on taking in billions of U.S. bucks on probability by the casinos. They have just about perfected probabilities. At some point a court needs to quantify what is too high a probability to be constitutionally tolerable. Because if a party is denied disqualification he should be able to determine if he wishes to walk away from the "dice table" or court and dismiss his case because he does not wish to gamble with a judge and his bias. Rippo states one thing clearly though when it states:

"the Due Process Clause may sometimes demand recusal even when a judge "has no actual bias." Aetna Life Ins. Co. v. Lavoie, 475 U.S. 813, 825, 106 S.Ct. 1580, 89 L.Ed.2d 823 (1986)" Rippo v. Baker, 137 S. Ct. 905, 907 (2017)

Asseveration which is equivalent to Unsworn Declaration in lieu of an affidavit in support of Motion to Disqualify under NRS 1.235

I Kim Blandino do hereby declare under penalty of perjury that this filing is filed in good faith and is not:

(a) Interposed for delay;

(b) Intended to harass a judge; or

(c) Filed for the purpose of:

(1) Unnecessarily increasing the costs of litigation; or

(2) Attempting Prosecution

GIORDANI PREVIOUSLY PROSECUTED KIM AND KIM SPENT TIME IN JAIL IN THAT MATTER AND HAS SHOWN DEEP SEATED ANTAGONISM TOWARD KIM THAT DID COME OUT DURING THIS FEB 18 HEARING

Exhibit D attached is the Case Docket Search for Case # XO1152672 where it clearly shows that there were three different prosecutors assigned to this case against defendant Kim Blandino. On 9/13/2018 prosecutor John Cory filed an opposition. On 10/3/2018 prosecutor Trisha Chapman filed a Motion to extend time to respond. On 10/29/ 2018 Trisha Chapman filed the City's opposition to Emergency Motion

Then on 1/8/2019 Kelly Giordani Bar # 12072 filed an Opposition to Defendant Motion to Disqualify. So contrary to what Giordani said in court that she had not prosecuted Kim she was prosecuting Kim in Case # XO1152672 A/B/C/D/E in 2018-2019. Warrants were later issued and Kim was arrested and jailed. At all times while Giordani was assigned to the case against Kim Giordani had the discretion to drop the prosecution against Kim yet did not because of her bias and deep seated antagonism toward Kim as a prosecutor. Giordani demonstrated that she had disgust for Kim's religious beliefs and practices.

This prior experience Giordani had with Kim is extra judicial. As a prosecutor prosecuting for a Corporate entity called the City of Las Vegas she was required to have favoritism toward the City and Kim contends that Giordani has not in any way lost this favoritism and desires to see Kim prosecuted despite the lack of jurisdiction.

Under any of the standards listed above Giordani must be disqualified. Kim knows with all certainty that Giordani wants Kim in jail no matter what and will do so even though Kim is actually innocent of any crime.

GIORDANI BECAUSE OF HER BIAS AND ANTAGONISM TOWARD KIM FILED

AN OPPOSITION TO KIM'S MOTION TO DISQUALIFY IN CASE

X01152672A/B/C/D/E AND THEREFORE IMPERSONATED A RESPONDING JUDGE

OR COUNSEL FOR THE JUDGE AS MOTIONS TO DISQUALIFY ARE BETWEEN

THE MOVING PARTY AND THE JUDGE

NRS 1.235 and all the case law is clear. A motion to disqualify is a collateral action within the action itself between the judge and the moving party and therefore the City has no standing whatsoever to oppose such a motion. Prosecutor Giordani did not ask for leave to file this opposition or to intervene. Had Kim as a pro se filed an opposition to a City's motion to disqualify a judge Kim would likely have been sanctioned or declared a vexatious litigant or at the least reprimanded!

This filing of an opposition is and was motivated by bias and deep seated antagonism toward Kim and his right to challenge a judge's impartiality without interference by the party in the main case that is not a party to the disqualification action. The parties to a disqualification action is the party filing the motion to disqualify and the judge sought to be disqualified. If the judge does not oppose they must leave the case.

Giordani not only filed the opposition to Kim's motion to disqualify the transcript Exhibit E shows that Giordani argued for it and stated a jurisdictional argument against Kim's motion to disqualify. See page 5 lines 10-17 of Exhibit E.

THE TRANSCRIPT OF JANUARY 8 2019 SHOWS THAT PROSECUTOR KELLY
GIORDANI WAS ACTIVELY INVOLVED IN THE PROSECUTION AGAINST KIM

Kim has a certified copy of the transcript of January 8, 2019 for the case mentioned above this was filed as a supplement to the appeal in district court. This is attached as Exhibit E. Here

Prosecutor Giordani admits she filed an opposition.

Again, if prosecutor Giordani was impartial she could have dropped the prosecution in the case in 2019.

Judge Giordani demonstrated that she wished to prosecute Kim and with this Feb 18 hearing showed that she wishes to be a prosecutor judge against Kim and give Kim only an appearance of being an impartial judge. The deep seated antagonism could not be hidden as Giordani refused to let Kim make a complete record and even ask to continue the matter pending a motion to disqualify. Any impartial judge would say something akin to this at that hearing

Mr. Blandino with the issues you bring up as to you moving to disqualify me and that I was a prosecutor against you some years ago, I will continue this matter for 10 days since I just notified you today that I was assigning myself to this case. Obviously according to case law once a motion to disqualify is filed and served upon me I can not act in the case while the motion to disqualify is pending

The very fact that Giordani did not do this itself points to bias and Giordani's desire to be partial against Kim. Any average judge would have continued the matter. Yet Giordani doubled down and set the matter for pretrial on March 18, 2026 .

KIM HAD ONE OR MORE CONVERSATIONS OUTSIDE THE COURTROOM
WHERE GIORDANI DEMONSTRATED DEEP SEATED ANTAGONISM AND BIAS
AGAINST KIM AND HIS RELIGIOUS BELIEFS AND PRACTICES

Kim had one or more conversations outside the courtroom where Kim told prosecutor Giordani that she would run for judge and win because she was so pretty. That God gave Kim to see this future with Giordani and this future was proven true as Giordani is judge. During the conversation Kim could see that prosecutor Giordani had deep seated bias and antagonism toward Kim in her eyes.

Kim had verbal interchanges with prosecutor Walker and Cory and these interchanges were much different. Kim could tell that Walker and Cory were just doing the job and no such antagonism or bias was present in them and were polite and respectful.

Kim indicated to prosecutor Giordani that she should have babies and not be a judge since Kim knew the Code requires:

"Rule 2.1. Giving Precedence to the Duties of Judicial Office. The duties of judicial office, as prescribed by law, shall take precedence over all of a judge's personal and extrajudicial activities.

COMMENT

[1] To ensure that judges are available to fulfill their judicial duties, judges must conduct their personal and extrajudicial activities to minimize the risk of conflicts that would result in frequent disqualification. See Canon 3.

[2] Although it is not a duty of judicial office unless prescribed by law, judges are encouraged to participate in activities that promote public understanding of and confidence in the justice system.

Ai query indicates that Judge Giordani has at least one child a son and Kim's religious beliefs and insight indicates that Giordani is neglecting her duty and duties as a mother and wife because of rule 2.1 to some or greater degree. Only Giordani knows the extent of her neglect for her child or children and for that matter neglecting the importance of her marriage.

As many in the court system know Kim must speak and write as the holy spirit gives Kim to speak and write:

Luke 12:11 NIV When you are brought before synagogues, rulers and authorities, do not worry about how you will defend yourselves or what you will say, ¹² for the Holy Spirit will teach you at that time what you should say."

Giordani needs to resign being a judge and take care of her children and make ~~more~~ babies or adopt if that is not possible and fulfill a role that God set for her and not be neglectful of any of

her children. Kim's ex wife did not work outside the home as raising children is not a job that should be contracted out. Kim takes raising and protecting of children very seriously.

Kim prays that Giordani will see that being a full time wife and mother is the most fulfilling role and that it would be so beneficial to all that she resign to fulfill this most important role

A case in point of the collision between judge and caretaker or mother is Valorie Vega and the discipline imposed on her. See Exhibit F attached (**FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER IMPOSING DISCIPLINE**) Valorie Vega was disciplined for not putting her daughter second to her judicial duties. The NCJD stated:

"That during the course of the retrial of Case Number 08-C-249790 described herein, you recessed court in the early afternoon on approximately six (6) occasions; specifically, on or about November 29, December 1, December 6, December 8, 17 December 13 and December 15, 2010; that you did so to enable you to attend your daughter's high school soccer games.

Valorie Vega should have resigned as judge so as not to neglect her daughter and her welfare.

Justice Abbi Silver is quite a contrast to the selfishness of Vega and Giordani. An Ai query shows that Abbi Silver resigned so as to take care of her husband in 2022. This is from Grok.

Yes, Nevada Supreme Court Justice Abbi Silver (often spelled "Abbi Silver") resigned in August 2022 to care for her husband, who was diagnosed with ALS (Lou Gehrig's disease). At the time of her resignation announcement, she cited "unforeseen circumstances" and a desire to spend more time with her family in her letter to Gov. Steve Sisolak. She stepped down effective September 29, 2022, after nearly four years on the high court. She had previously served as a judge at every level of Nevada's judiciary: Las Vegas Municipal Court (elected 2003), Las Vegas Justice Court (2006), Clark County District Court (2008 and reelected 2014), and the Nevada Court of Appeals before her Supreme Court appointment in 2019. Subsequent reports (including a 2025 lawsuit she filed) clarified that her husband, Kirk Jaster, was diagnosed with ALS in February 2022, and she resigned specifically to care for him amid his illness. Jaster passed away in September 2024 from complications of ALS. In September 2025, Silver sued the now-defunct alkaline water company Real Water, alleging its product (which was recalled for containing a toxin) caused or contributed to his ALS and death. This

aligns with her public statements and court filings emphasizing family care-giving as a key reason for leaving the bench. No other prominent Nevada figure named Abby/Abby Silver appears tied to a similar resignation story. If this relates to your ongoing court matters (e.g., context on judicial backgrounds or family priorities in Nevada courts), let me know for more details!

This was and is admirable and noble. Had Silver stayed on the bench she would have been in conflict with the Code. God does reward integrity and unselfishness that Abbi demonstrated.

Kim points out because the holy spirit prompts Kim to write this. Kim can now see God's purpose in the series of events that brought this wrongful charge then assigned to Walker who wrongfully disqualified himself and then brought to Giordani's court so that Kim could plead for Giordani's children and potential children. You Giordani must resign your judicial office as soon as possible and take care of your loved ones. Judge Andres Tobiasson ("Tobiasson") committed suicide because she rejected God's prompting and committed a crime only one rung short of murder. That being self murder.

Kim saw Tobiasson at the Omlet House after attorney Bill Terry had left her defense of NCJD charges and tried to talk sense to Tobiasson. Yet she closed her ears. God had choreographed this meeting before Tobiasson committed suicide.

Both judge Tobiasson and Judge Michelle Leavitt have had trouble with their children. An Ai Grok query shows this:

"Yes, two Nevada state court judges—Melanie Andress-Tobiasson (former Las Vegas Justice of the Peace) and Michelle Leavitt (Clark County District Court Judge)—faced public scrutiny and controversy involving their daughters' alleged connections to prostitution and related issues in Las Vegas around 2015–2018. These matters were widely reported in local media (e.g., Nevada Current, Las Vegas Review-Journal, KLAS-TV) and tied into broader scandals involving alleged underage sex trafficking, pimping, and judicial ethics probes. Here's a breakdown: Melanie Andress-Tobiasson (often referred to as Melanie Tobiasson)
Her teenage daughter (Sarah, then 16) began frequenting and briefly working at a hip-hop clothing store called Top Knotch (or Top Notch), which

- Tobiasson alleged was a front for an unlicensed club involving underage drinking, drugs, and prostitution.
- Tobiasson claimed a pimp named Shane Valentine attempted to recruit her daughter into his prostitution ring. She reported this to police (LVMPD Vice), but felt they were unresponsive or corrupt.
- This led Tobiasson to personally investigate, including staking out locations, threatening Valentine, and allegedly interfering in related cases (e.g., a 2016 double homicide at Top Knotch where Valentine was a person of interest).
- The situation escalated into ethics complaints against her by the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline (charges filed around 2018–2020), accusing her of abusing judicial prestige, allowing family interests to influence her conduct, and improper involvement in investigations.
- Tobiasson went public in 2018 (e.g., KLAS-TV interview), alleging pimps targeted daughters of judges and law enforcement. She resigned in 2021 to settle the ethics probe (avoiding a full hearing) and died by suicide in 2023.
- Michelle Leavitt (Clark County District Court Judge)
- Her daughter (Morgan Leavitt, also known as Morgan Fitzpatrick or Morgan Leavitt-Fitzpatrick) was reportedly involved with the same alleged pimp, Shane Valentine, and connected to the Top Knotch scene.
- Reports (e.g., Nevada Current 2018 article) described Morgan as part of Valentine's "stable" (group of women in prostitution), including her testifying in a domestic violence case involving Valentine (where she alleged being beaten).
- This connection was raised in a 2018–2019 criminal case (Marlon Brown trial, where Leavitt presided), with defense attorneys alleging bias due to her daughter's ties to Valentine (who knew Brown) and a related domestic violence incident. Leavitt later recused herself from a related matter citing "appearance of impropriety."
- Leavitt and her family (including brother Andrew Leavitt) denied or called the allegations "blatantly false and defamatory." No formal judicial discipline resulted directly from the daughter issues, though Leavitt had a prior 2015 public reprimand for unrelated conduct (improperly jailing someone). Both cases overlapped around the Top Knotch/Valentine ring, with Tobiasson publicly referencing Leavitt's daughter in interviews and police memos (warning that pimps targeted judges' kids). These were high-profile Las Vegas stories involving sex trafficking concerns, but also led to significant backlash against the judges for how they handled (or publicized) family matters."

Therefore, Kim pleads that Giordani not neglect her children and the God given role that she has been given. It is much better to resign now and do that most important job as full time wife and

mother. Please Giordani do not end up with troubled and wayward children and a suffering soul.

"What good is it for someone to gain the whole world, yet forfeit their soul? ³⁷ Or what can anyone give in exchange for their soul?"

At present Giordani because Kim holds and held this position of deep seated antagonism toward Kim and/or the risk of bias is too great because of your vindictive prosecution of Kim must not challenge this motion to disqualify and let this case be transferred at the very least. However, should Giordani immediately resign and do her full duty to her family then the Angels in Heaven will rejoice as they most likely did when Abbi chose to resign to take care of her husband and leave her judgeship behind. Kim knows that Giordani's conscience must trouble her for neglecting her family. Please Giordani fulfill your God given duties.

Kim still has to file for an extraordinary writ petition to challenge Walker's disqualification so the case will go back to Walker as Kim's family Court Case went back to Ritchie in 2001 when Kim had mandamus granted.

This deep seated antagonism and/or bias of the past being carried into the future as seen in the Feb 18, hearing is obvious. Kim has no resentment nor hatred of Giordani and wishes her well and that she will do the most right and decent thing.

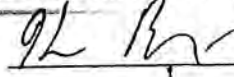
CONCLUSION

Kim pleads that Giordani will take care of her child and children to be and resign her judgeship and do the most important job in the world that of wife and full time mother. If done you would not in any way regret this decision.

Yet in any event Giordani cannot proceed forward in this case against Kim and must be disqualified at the least Giordani must allow the case this case to be transferred pending a reviewing court ordering Walker back on the case as originally assigned.

In the alternative such other relief as is proper and just must be done.

DATED this 24th day of February, 2026.



Kim Blandino
C/O 441 N 16th
Las Vegas Nevada 89101
702 219-5657
Kim,43792@earthlink.net

Asseveration which is equivalent to Unsworn Declaration in lieu of an affidavit in support of Motion to Disqualify under NRS 1.235

~~I~~ Kim Blandino state under penalty of perjury that I am over 70 years of age (outside the womb) and have read the foregoing and the same is true and correct except as to those matters of belief and belief and as to those matters Kim believes them to be true. And that:

I Kim Blandino do hereby declare under penalty of perjury that this filing is filed in good faith and is not:

- (d) Interposed for delay;
- (e) Intended to harass a judge; or
- (f) Filed for the purpose of:
 - (3) Unnecessarily increasing the costs of litigation; or
 - (4) Attempting prosecution

1. That this filing is not made to vex, harass, delay or made in bad faith nor for any improper purpose. Anyone saying any differently is lying through their teeth.

2. That any and all exhibits are true and correct and authentic according to FRE 901 and the state rules of evidence.
3. Kim prepared this at breakneck speed and would ask that any spelling and or grammar issues are excuse

I declare under penalty of perjury that I have read the foregoing and the same is true and correct.

DATED this 24th day of February, 2026.



KIM BLANDINO PRO SE #363075
C/O 441 N 16TH ST
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
(702) 219-5657
No Fax
Kim43792@earthlink.net

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY certify that service of the MOTION TO DISQUALIFY JUDGE GIORDANI
IN ACCORD WITH NRS 1.230, 1.25 AND/OR RULE 2.11 IN OF THE NEVADA
REVISED CODE OF JUDICIAL CONDUCT (REASONABLE MINDS WOULD
QUESTION STANDARD)AND/OR *Rippo v. Baker*, 580 U.S. 285, 137 S. Ct. 905, 197 L. Ed.
2d 376 (2017) (RISK OF BIAS STANDARD) AND/OR (THE DEEP SEATED
ANTAGONISM STANDARD) was accomplished on February 24, 2026 by delivering a copy

to:



Kim Blandino
C/O 441 N 16th
Las Vegas Nevada 89101
702 219-5657
Kim 43792@earthlink.net

EXHIBIT A

EXHIBIT A

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

KIM BLANDINO,

No. 38531

Petitioner,

vs.

THE EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT
COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA,
IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF
CLARK, AND THE HONORABLE T.
ARTHUR RITCHIE, JR., DISTRICT
JUDGE, FAMILY COURT DIVISION,

Respondents.

FILED

DEC 17 2001

JANETTE M. BLOOM
CLERK OF SUPREME COURT
BY *[Signature]*
CHIEF DEPUTY CLERK

ORDER GRANTING PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDAMUS

Kim Blandino, through this proper person petition for a writ of mandamus or prohibition, challenges Judge Ritchie's recusal of himself in the underlying family court case. In response to this court's October 10, 2001 order, Judge Ritchie has filed an answer giving his reasons for recusing himself. Having considered the petition, answer and other documents submitted by the parties,¹ we conclude that our intervention is warranted.

As a general rule, judges have a duty to preside over matters assigned to them to the conclusion of all proceedings, absent a statute, court rule, ethical standard or other compelling reason to the contrary.² A judge is presumed to be impartial, and here, Judge Ritchie asserts that he is in fact impartial. Judge Ritchie recused himself "[t]o avoid the appearance of impropriety and implied bias."

Judge Ritchie's first reason is derived from the Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct's directive, in Canon 2, that "a judge shall avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety in all of the judge's

¹Although petitioner was not granted leave to file papers in proper person, see NRAP 46(b), we have considered all documents received from petitioner.

²*Las Vegas Downtown Redev. v. Dist. Ct.*, 116 Nev. 640, 5 P.3d 1059 (2000); *Ham v. District Court*, 93 Nev. 409, 566 P.2d 420 (1977); NCJC Canon 3(B)(1).

activities." However, we have held that NCJC Canon 2 does not in and of itself serve as grounds for a judge's disqualification.³ Instead, we must consider whether there are grounds to disqualify the judge under NCJC Canon 3(E)(1).⁴

NCJC Canon 3(E)(1) requires that a judge disqualify himself "in a proceeding in which the judge's impartiality might reasonably be questioned," such as when the judge has a personal bias or prejudice concerning a party or a party's lawyer, or personal knowledge of disputed facts, or has served as a lawyer or material witness in the matter, or has a specific conflict from which bias may be implied. The Commentary explains that a judge is disqualified whenever the judge's impartiality might reasonably be questioned, regardless whether any of the specific rules in Canon 3E(1) apply. The Commentary further explains that a judge should disclose on the record information that the judge believes the parties or their lawyers might reasonably consider relevant to the question of disqualification, even if the judge believes there is no real basis for disqualification. Here, none of the specific rules in Canon 3(E)(1) apply. Judge Ritchie states that he is impartial, and no party has questioned his impartiality—even after he disclosed that he had heard unfavorable comments about Blandino. There is no basis for disqualification under NCJC Canon 3(E)(1).

Judge Ritchie's second reason is derived from NRS 1.230(2), which disqualifies a judge for implied bias if the judge (a) is a party to or interested in the matter, (b) is related to a party, (c) has represented a party in the matter, or (d) is related to a party's attorney, and NRS 1.230(3), which permits a judge to disqualify himself for implied bias. However, Judge Ritchie has not identified any reason for implying bias under the statute.

Given the lack of grounds for disqualification, Judge Ritchie's sworn statement that he has no personal bias against Blandino, and Blandino's request that the case be returned to Judge Ritchie because he is in fact objective and impartial, we perceive no reason why Judge Ritchie cannot or should not preside over the matter. Accordingly, since Blandino

³Las Vegas Downtown Redev., 116 Nev. at 644, 5 P.3d at 1061-62.

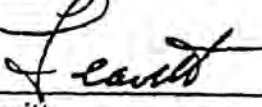
⁴Id. at 644, 5 P.3d at 1062.

has no other plain, speedy and adequate remedy at law, we grant his petition. The clerk of the court shall issue a writ of mandamus compelling Judge Ritchie to preside over the district court proceedings.⁵

It is so ORDERED.⁶

 J.
Young

 J.
Agosti

 J.
Leavitt

cc: Hon. T. Arthur Ritchie Jr., District Judge, Family Court Division
Clark County District Attorney
Kim Blandino
Peter J. Bellon
Clark County Clerk

⁵We vacate the administrative order assigning this case to Judge Papez.

⁶We deny petitioner's motions for other relief. We decline to publish our decision in this matter. Because the filing fee was waived, petitioner's motion to proceed in forma pauperis is moot. The motion to expedite is also moot. Finally, the motion for visitation should be addressed to the district court.

EXHIBIT B

EXHIBIT B

1 CASE NO.

2 DEPT NO.

FILED

JAN 23 1987

3
4 IN THE EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF
5 NEVADA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF CLARK

6
7 KIM BLANDINO,

8 PETITIONER,

9 vs.

WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

10 JUDGE WILLIAM JANSEN

11 JUSTICE COURT DEPT. 5

12 RESPONDENT.

13 The District Court of the State of Nevada to the
14 Justice Court of Las Vegas Township County of Clark Dept 5
15 and to the Honorable William Jansen Judge thereof,
16 GREETING:

17 WHEREAS, the petitioner in the above entitled action
18 having duly filed its Petition for a Writ of Habeas Corpus, with
19 points, authorities and allegations before this Court on
20 the ____ day of JAN 23 1987, 19____, Petitioner alleges
21 you have not transferred the matter of reckless driving and
22 unlawful use of drivers license case 2380-86t to another
23 dept of court or to request another justice to proceed
24 with the matter as required by N.R.S. 1.235.

25 NOW, THEREFORE, we, being willing that justice
26 should be done in this behalf to petitioner, do command
27
28

1 you to proceed no further with the above-mentioned matters
2 or any other matters surrounding the petitioner or
3 connected to this case and to transfer to another dept.
4 of the court or to request the judge of another court to
5 preside at any further hearings about the above-mentioned
6 charges, case no. 2380-86t, Or in the alternative to
7 appear before this Court with this writ on the 9TH day
8 of Feb 1987 and show cause why this matter
9 should not be transferred to another Dept. of the court or
10 another judge be requested by you to hear this matter.
11 ~~this matter on the _____ day of _____, 1987~~ (2)

12 WITNESS the Honorable EAGLE W. WHITE, JR.
13 Justice of the Eighth Judicial District Court of the State
14 of Nevada in and for the County of Clark and attested by
15 my hand and seal this JAN 23 day of 1987, 19__.

16 LORETTA BOWMAN
17 Clerk of the district Court
18 of the State of Nevada
19 *Loretta Bowman*
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CERTIFIED COPY
DOCUMENT ATTACHED IS A
TRUE AND CORRECT COPY
OF THE ORIGINAL ON FILE
William L. H. H. H.
CLERK OF THE COURT

JUL 24 2010

EXHIBIT C

EXHIBIT C

**LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

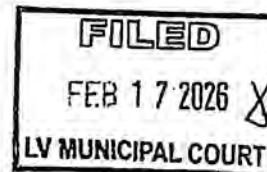
CITY OF LAS VEGAS,
Plaintiff,

vs.

KIM BLANDINO
ID # 0363075

Defendant,

CASE NO. 26-005437
DEPT.: 1



**ORDER DISQUALIFYING JUDGE WALKER AND ASSIGNING THE
MATTER TO CHIEF JUDGE FOR FURTHER CALENDARING**

The above captioned matter was brought before this court for arraignment on February 10, 2026. The Plaintiff, City of Las Vegas, was represented by Deputy City Attorney Christopher Jones, and the Defendant, Kim Blandino (hereinafter the Defendant) appeared pro se.

The Court advised both parties that while it did not harbor any actual bias or prejudice concerning the defendant, that it had previously represented the City of

Las Vegas in a criminal prosecution against the Defendant which proceeded to trial resulting in the Defendant's conviction.

The Court further noted that the Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct Rule 2.11 requires that "a judge shall disqualify himself or herself in any proceeding in which the judge's impartiality might reasonably be questioned";

THE COURT HEREBY FINDS that its impartiality might reasonably be questioned given its prior prosecution of the Defendant;

///

///

1 THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that pursuant to the Nevada Code
2 of Judicial Conduct Rule 2.11, Judge Walker is disqualified from hearing this matter
3 and the matter shall be reassigned to Chief Judge Giordani for further calendaring.
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6 DATED this 17th day of February, 2026
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10 JUDGE MATTHEW WALKER
11 LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT, Dept. 1
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EXHIBIT D

EXHIBIT D

Case Docket Search



Las Vegas Municipal Court
100 E. Clark Ave.
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
38-COURT (702-382-6878)

Mailing Address:
P.O. Box 3920
Las Vegas, Nevada 89127

DOCKET

THE CITY OF LAS VEGAS

Plaintiff,

vs.

KIM BLANDINO

Defendant

Case Number: **X01152672**
History Number: **65295**
SCOPE: **0363075**
Violation Date: **3/8/2018**
Case Status: **CLOSED**
Status Date: **6/18/2019**
Next Court Date: **N/A**

Case Proceeding

Date	Proceeding
4/23/2018 8:00 AM	Dept 1 19 Counters - Translation
4/23/2018 8:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 04/23/2018 08:00 - 19 Counters - Arraignment
5/3/2018 2:35 PM	Scheduled: Dept 1 05/03/2018 14:35 - - Arraignment
5/3/2018 2:35 PM	Dept 1 - Translation
6/4/2018 8:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 06/04/2018 08:00 - 19 Counters - Arraignment
6/4/2018 8:00 AM	Dept 1 19 Counters - Translation
6/11/2018 10:00 AM	Dept 1 - Translation
6/11/2018 10:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 06/11/2018 10:00 - - Arraignment
7/25/2018 9:00 AM	Dept 1 Trial - Traffic - Translation
7/25/2018 9:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 07/25/2018 09:00 - Trial - Traffic - Trial
8/27/2018 11:29 AM	Miscellaneous: MOTION TO DISMISS Submitted by Defendant
8/28/2018 9:00 AM	Dept 1 Trial - Traffic - Translation
8/28/2018 9:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 08/28/2018 09:00 - Trial - Traffic - Trial
8/28/2018 9:40 AM	Correction: MOTIONS DENIED
8/28/2018 1:58 PM	Miscellaneous: EMERGENCY NOTICE OF CORRECTION Submitted by Defendant

2/11/20, 7:36 PM

City of Las Vegas > Government > Municipal Court > Case Docket Search

Date	Proceeding
8/29/2018 7:24 AM	Miscellaneous: EMERGENCY MOTION TO DISQUALIFY JUDGE FEDERICO Submitted by Defendant
9/11/2018 8:00 AM	Dept 1 Motion - Translation
9/11/2018 8:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 09/11/2018 08:00 - Motion - Motion
9/13/2018 8:58 AM	Miscellaneous: OPPOSITION Submitted by City Attorney CORY, JOHN Bar# 13089
9/18/2018 8:13 AM	Miscellaneous: 2nd notice of Appeal Submitted by Defendant
9/26/2018 12:18 PM	Miscellaneous: DEMAND THE COURT COMPLY Submitted by Defendant
9/26/2018 12:19 PM	Miscellaneous: DEMAND ISSUE PROPER JUDGEMENT Submitted by Defendant
9/27/2018 2:35 PM	Dept 1 - Translation
9/27/2018 2:35 PM	Scheduled: Dept 1 09/27/2018 14:35 - - Execution of Judgement
10/3/2018 11:12 AM	Miscellaneous: MTN TO ESTEND TIME TO RESPOND Submitted by City Attorney CHAPMAN, TRISHA Bar# 12716
10/3/2018 2:44 PM	* MOTION TO EXTEND TIME TO RESPOND
10/10/2018 8:17 AM	Correction: MOTION TO CONTINUE BY CA GRANTED
10/29/2018 2:41 PM	Miscellaneous: CITYS OPPO TO EMERG MOTION Submitted by City Attorney CHAPMAN, TRISHA Bar# 12716
11/5/2018 8:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 11/06/2018 08:00 - Motion - Motion
11/6/2018 8:00 AM	Dept 1 Motion - Translation
12/6/2018 8:00 AM	Dept 1 19 Counters - Translation
12/6/2018 8:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 12/06/2018 08:00 - 19 Counters - Execution of Judgement
12/10/2018 2:35 PM	Scheduled: Dept 1 12/10/2018 14:35 - - Execution of Judgement
12/10/2018 2:35 PM	Dept 1 - Translation
1/8/2019 8:21 AM	Miscellaneous: OPP TO DEF MOTION TO DISQUALIFY Submitted by City Attorney GIORDANI, KELLY Bar# 12072
1/8/2019 8:27 AM	Correction: MOTION TO DISQUALIFY HEARING COMMISSIONER
1/8/2019 2:35 PM	Scheduled: Dept 1 01/08/2019 14:35 - - Status Check
1/8/2019 2:35 PM	Dept 1 - Translation
1/23/2019 8:30 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 01/23/2019 08:30 - Status Check - Status Check
1/23/2019 8:30 AM	Dept 1 Status Check - Translation
1/23/2019 8:46 AM	Motion: Place on Calendar Denied
1/23/2019 8:47 AM	Correction: MOTION DENIED
1/23/2019 9:15 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 01/23/2019 09:15 - Motion - Motion

2/11/26, 7:36 PM

City of Las Vegas > Government > Municipal Court > Case Docket Search

Date	Proceeding
1/23/2019 9:15 AM	Dept 1 Motion - Translation
3/26/2019 8:43 AM	Motion to Place on Calendar Submitted by City Attorney CHAPMAN, TRISHA Bar# 12716
4/4/2019 10:47 AM	Miscellaneous: MOT TO DISQUALIFY HEARING COMMISSIONER Submitted by Defendant
4/8/2019 8:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 04/08/2019 08:00 - Motion - Motion
4/8/2019 8:00 AM	Dept 1 Motion - Translation
4/8/2019 8:49 AM	Motion: Place on Calendar Granted
4/8/2019 9:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 04/08/2019 09:00 - - Status Check
4/8/2019 9:00 AM	Dept 1 - Translation
5/9/2019 8:00 AM	Dept 1 Video/48 hr BH - Translation
5/9/2019 8:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 05/09/2019 08:00 - Video/48 hr BH - Status Check
5/9/2019 4:24 PM	Motion to Place on Calendar Submitted by Defendant
5/29/2019 10:41 AM	Warrant Issued
5/29/2019 10:41 AM	Warrant Issued
5/29/2019 10:41 AM	Warrant Issued
5/29/2019 10:42 AM	Warrant Issued
5/29/2019 10:42 AM	Warrant Issued
5/29/2019 10:42 AM	Reason for removing multiple calendared event: Motion-Filer No Show
6/6/2019 3:27 PM	Warrant Cancelled (ARRESTED)
6/6/2019 3:27 PM	Warrant Cancelled (ARRESTED)
6/10/2019 8:00 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 06/10/2019 08:00 - Video/48 hr BH - Status Check
6/10/2019 8:00 AM	Dept 1 Video/48 hr BH - Translation
6/10/2019 8:31 AM	ATTORNEY ASSIGNED: YANEZ, ABEL - BAR No 7566

Count 1

Original Violation	Current/Final Violation	Disposition	Disposed Date
Unlawful Use Of Cell Phone Or Handheld Device (Civil-4848.165)	Unlawful Use Of Cell Phone Or Handheld Device (Civil-4848.165)	Liable	8/28/2018 12:00 AM

Date	Proceedings
3/12/2018 7:53 AM	Charge Filed
3/12/2018 7:53 AM	Case Created
6/11/2018 12:00 AM	Plea Added - Not Guilty

2/11/26, 7:36 PM

City of Las Vegas > Government > Municipal Court > Case Docket Search

Date	Proceedings
8/28/2018 12:00 AM	Disposition: Uncontested - Civil Traffic Before Hearing Liable
9/5/2018 11:46 AM	Misdemeanor Appeal Form Filed Accepted

Count 2

Original Violation	Current/Final Violation	Disposition	Disposed Date
Driving Without Valid License (Traffic-10.02.010)	Driving Without Valid License (Traffic-10.02.010)	Found Guilty	8/28/2018 12:00 AM

Date	Proceedings
3/12/2018 7:53 AM	Charge Filed
3/12/2018 7:53 AM	Case Created
6/11/2018 12:00 AM	Plea Added - Not Guilty
8/28/2018 12:00 AM	Disposition: Before Trial Found Guilty
9/5/2018 11:46 AM	Misdemeanor Appeal Form Filed Accepted

Count 3

Original Violation	Current/Final Violation	Disposition	Disposed Date
No Nv Lic Plts W/In 30 Days Residency (Traffic-482.385)	No Nv Lic Plts W/In 30 Days Residency (Traffic-482.385)	Found Guilty	8/28/2018 12:00 AM

Date	Proceedings
3/12/2018 7:53 AM	Case Created
3/12/2018 7:53 AM	Charge Filed
6/11/2018 12:00 AM	Plea Added - Not Guilty
8/28/2018 12:00 AM	Disposition: Before Trial Found Guilty
9/5/2018 11:46 AM	Misdemeanor Appeal Form Filed Accepted

Count 4

Original Violation	Current/Final Violation	Disposition	Disposed Date
No Nevada Drivers Lic Within 30 Days (Civil-10.02.020)	No Nevada Drivers Lic Within 30 Days (Civil-10.02.020)	Liable	8/28/2018 12:00 AM

Date	Proceedings
3/12/2018 7:53 AM	Charge Filed
3/12/2018 7:53 AM	Case Created
6/11/2018 12:00 AM	Plea Added - Not Guilty

2/11/26, 7:36 PM

City of Las Vegas > Government > Municipal Court > Case Docket Search

Date	Proceedings
8/28/2018 12:00 AM	Disposition: Uncontested - Civil Traffic Before Hearing Liable
9/5/2018 11:46 AM	Misdemeanor Appeal Form Filed Accepted

Count 5

Original Violation	Current/Final Violation	Disposition	Disposed Date
Operator - Proof of Insurance Required (Traffic-10.02.010)	Operator - Proof of Insurance Required (Traffic-10.02.010)	Found Guilty	8/28/2018 12:00 AM

Date	Proceedings
3/12/2018 7:53 AM	Case Created
3/12/2018 7:53 AM	Charge Filed
6/11/2018 12:00 AM	Plea Added - Not Guilty
8/28/2018 12:00 AM	Disposition: Before Trial Found Guilty
9/5/2018 11:46 AM	Misdemeanor Appeal Form Filed Accepted

Fines, Fees & Sentencing

Item Name	Due	Status/Paid	Balance	Completed Date
Fine	\$115.00	Imposed	0	6/10/2019
Fine	\$308.00	Imposed	0	6/10/2019
Fine	\$750.00	Imposed	0	6/10/2019
Fine	\$208.00	Imposed	0	6/10/2019
Fine	\$478.00	Imposed	0	6/10/2019
Jail (5 Days CTS)	5 - Days	Imposed	0	6/18/2019
Jail (5 Days CTS)	5 - Days	Imposed	0	6/18/2019
Jail (5 Days CTS)	5 - Days	Imposed	0	6/18/2019
Jail (5 Days CTS)	5 - Days	Imposed	0	6/18/2019
Jail (5 Days CTS)	5 - Days	Imposed	0	6/18/2019

EXHIBIT E

EXHIBIT E

Electronically Filed
01/29/2019

Heather S. Shinn

CLERK OF THE COURT

**DISTRICT COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

CITY OF LAS VEGAS

)
PLAINTIFF,)

VS.)

BLANDINO, KIM DENNIS

)
DEFENDANT.)
)

CASE: C-18-334876-A

DEPARTMENT: 2

DOCKET:

SUPPLEMENT TO APPEAL

2019 JAN 22 AM 7:08
Cep
MUNICIPAL COURT
LAS VEGAS
FILED

MUNICIPAL COURT
LAS VEGAS, NEVADA

THE CITY OF LAS VEGAS) CASE NO. X01152672A/B/C/D/E
Plaintiff,) DEPT. 20
vs.)
KIM BLANDINO,)
Defendant.)

BEFORE THE HONORABLE SHANNON NORSTROM,
TRAFFIC COMMISSIONER

TRANSCRIPT RE: STATUS CHECK

JANUARY 8, 2010

APPEARANCES:

The Plaintiff: THE CITY OF LAS VEGAS
For the Plaintiff: KELLY GIORDANI, ESQ.
200 Lewis Avenue
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

The Defendant: KIM BLANDINO
Pro Se

1 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA

JANUARY 8, 2010

2
3 PROCEEDINGS

4
5 (AREAS INDISCERNIBLE DUE TO SIMULTANEOUS SPEAKING.)

6
7 THE CLERK: On record.

8 City versus Kim Blandino, Case No.

9 X01152672A/B/C/D and E.

10 THE DEFENDANT: Kim Blandino --

11 THE COURT: Thank you.

12 THE DEFENDANT: -- appearing pro se for Kim
13 Blandino.

14 I'd like to make note administratively that the
15 sign had alternate judge up there last time I was in this
16 courtroom, and now that it's been changed properly to
17 hearing commissioner.

18 THE COURT: Well, Sir, you know, it just so
19 happens that the hearing commissioner one took a little bit
20 longer to come in.

21 THE DEFENDANT: Okay.

22 THE COURT: So, that's all.

23 THE DEFENDANT: Um, can I --

24 THE COURT: So --

1 THE DEFENDANT: -- I --
2 THE COURT: No, I'm --
3 THE DEFENDANT: -- I understand that some --
4 THE COURT: -- I'm going to start. ~~Thank you.~~
5 THE DEFENDANT: Okay.
6 THE COURT: So, Sir, you have a Motion to
7 Disqualify me as the hearing commissioner. I cannot hear a
8 Motion to Disqualify me.
9 THE DEFENDANT: True.
10 THE COURT: So your matter is going to be sent up
11 to Department 1 to be resolved up there.
12 THE DEFENDANT: And the two thirty-five, ah,
13 schedule that we have for today -- a two thirty-five, that's
14 vacated?
15 THE COURT: What's your two thirty-five for?
16 THE DEFENDANT: It was a status check.
17 MS. GIORDANI: And, Judge, I --
18 THE COURT: Well, that probably --
19 MS. GIORDANI: -- (indiscernible) --
20 THE COURT: -- related to the --
21 MS. GIORDANI: -- on appeal.
22 THE COURT: -- to the appeal.
23 What's the status of your appeal upstairs?
24 I recall --

1 THE DEFENDANT: They're -- they're still --
2 THE COURT: -- last time --
3 THE DEFENDANT: -- they're still waiting.
4 MS. GIORDANI: Judge, it's my --
5 THE COURT: Okay.
6 THE DEFENDANT: (Indiscernible) --
7 MS. GIORDANI: -- understanding --
8 THE DEFENDANT: -- (indiscernible) scuse.
9 MS. GIORDANI: -- he'll have a court date here
10 pretty soon.
11 He has yet to order transcripts, which is
12 something that needs to be taken care --
13 THE DEFENDANT: No, I did --
14 MS. GIORDANI: -- of upstairs.
15 THE DEFENDANT: -- the (indiscernible)
16 transcripts.
17 THE COURT: Please don't --
18 MS. GIORDANI: Okay.
19 THE COURT: -- argue with the City Attorney.
20 THE DEFENDANT: Just --
21 MS. GIORDANI: Ah --
22 THE DEFENDANT: -- correcting the record.
23 THE COURT: You can have a seat. Just have a
24 seat.

1 THE DEFENDANT: Okay.

2 THE COURT: Right there. You can sit at the
3 table.

4 Counsel, go ahead.

5 MS. GIORDANI: Judge, I have filed -- just to step
6 back a few -- I did file an opposition this morning. I will
7 provide a stamped copy -- they're still being stamped right
8 now -- to Mr. Blandino.

9 THE COURT: Okay.

10 MS. GIORDANI: Um, as The Court's aware, the five
11 cases, ah, before Your Honor, in reference to that Motion to
12 Disqualify, are currently on appeal.

13 So it is the City's position, which we will
14 reiterate upstairs now in Department 1, that This Court and
15 Department 1 lacks jurisdiction to hear this motion, um, as
16 the cases are currently up on appeal. However, I did
17 include an argument to all the points that were raised by --

18 THE COURT: Okay.

19 MS. GIORDANI: -- Mr. Blandino.

20 THE COURT: And that is why we put it out, because
21 it was still pending upstairs.

22 MS. GIORDANI: Yes --

23 THE COURT: But given --

24 MS. GIORDANI: -- it is.

1 THE COURT: -- the motion that has been filed, I
2 would not hear Mr. Blandino's matter until after the motion
3 is resolved in any event.

4 So, Mr. Blandino, your status check this afternoon
5 is vacated. You will be given notice when it is reset.

6 THE DEFENDANT: Can I just reply --

7 THE COURT: You're all done.

8 THE DEFENDANT: -- to what the City Attorney said?

9 THE COURT: No. She gave me a factual update on
10 the status of --

11 THE DEFENDANT: I need to enter --

12 THE COURT: -- what's --

13 THE DEFENDANT: -- an objection.

14 THE COURT: -- going on.

15 I -- I don't believe you do.

16 THE DEFENDANT: Well, I object to --

17 THE COURT: I don't believe you do.

18 THE DEFENDANT: -- you not being -- giving me time
19 to make a record.

20 THE COURT: Sir, this isn't even really a formal
21 hearing. Your -- I can't hear your motion. She verified
22 that your --

23 THE DEFENDANT: Oh, I understand that.

24 THE COURT: -- your appeal is still pending, so

1 there's nothing more really to talk about --

2 THE DEFENDANT: But I need to --

3 THE COURT: -- right now.

4 THE DEFENDANT: -- object to what she represented.

5 Every time there's a -- it goes in threes. There's the --
6 the moving party and then we have a response and then have a
7 reply. And if you're not going to allow me to make a reply
8 --

9 THE COURT: This --

10 THE DEFENDANT: -- I think that's not -- not
11 proper.

12 THE COURT: Sir, you just made your reply.

13 THE DEFENDANT: I want it directly to the points
14 that she made.

15 THE COURT: Was there something she said that's
16 inaccurate? Is your appeal still not -- is it not pending
17 right now?

18 THE DEFENDANT: She said that I had not -- I had
19 not ordered the transcript.

20 (MS. GIORDANI HANDS DOCUMENTATION TO DEFENDANT.)

21 And I did demand a transcript (indiscernible) to
22 the statute. So to use a term of art --

23 THE COURT: Well, it hasn't --

24 THE DEFENDANT: -- it's ordered --

1 THE COURT: -- been submitted yet. So the
2 information --
3 THE DEFENDANT: Okay. Then that's --
4 THE COURT: -- she has --
5 THE DEFENDANT: -- correct. Then that's --
6 THE COURT: -- is that there --
7 THE DEFENDANT: -- actually correct.
8 THE COURT: -- is no transcript filed at this
9 time.
10 THE DEFENDANT: That's true.
11 THE COURT: The bottom line, Sir, is your appeal
12 is still pending.
13 THE DEFENDANT: True.
14 THE COURT: So there will be no hearing today.
15 THE DEFENDANT: True.
16 THE COURT: Okay. We are done.
17 THE DEFENDANT: Okay.
18 THE COURT: Thank you.
19 THE DEFENDANT: Thank you.
20 THE COURT: You're welcome.
21 MS. GIORDANI: This one's for you.
22 May I give this to you, Judge? This one --
23 THE COURT: Uh-huh.
24 MS. GIORDANI: -- will just be with the file.

1 This is that opposition that I just served upon Mr.
2 Blandino.
3 (DEFENDANT EXITS COURTROOM.)

4 THE COURT: Ah, all right.
5 There you go (indiscernible).
6 (THE COURT HANDS DOCUMENTATION TO COURT CLERK.)

7
8 * * * * *

9
10 ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and
11 correctly transcribed the video proceedings in the above-
12 entitled case to the best of my ability.

13 /s/CHARLENE BARRA
14 TRANSCRIPTIONIST
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24

CERTIFIED COPY
DOCUMENT ATTACHED IS A
TRUE AND CORRECT COPY
OF THE ORIGINAL ON FILE
Cherene A. Barra
CLERK OF THE COURT

9

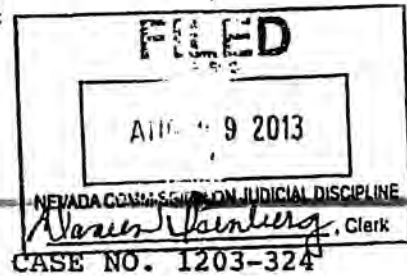
APR - 1 2019

EXHIBIT F

EXHIBIT F

1 BEFORE THE NEVADA COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL DISCIPLINE

2 STATE OF NEVADA



3
4 In The Matter of the)
5)
6 HONORABLE VALORIE VEGA,)
7 DISTRICT COURT JUDGE,)
8 County of Clark,)
9 State of Nevada,)
10 Respondent.)

11 FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER
12 IMPOSING DISCIPLINE

13 Pursuant to prior written notice, the above-entitled
14 matter came on for public (formal) hearing (hereinafter "the
15 hearing") in Las Vegas Nevada, pursuant to NRS 1.467(3)(C) and
16 Commission Rule 18 on February 11, 2013, before the Nevada
17 Commission on Judicial Discipline (hereinafter "the
18 Commission"). Mary E. Boetsch, Esq., served as Special Counsel
19 to the Commission and was present. The Respondent, the
20 Honorable Valorie Vega (hereinafter "the Respondent") appeared
21 and was represented by James J. Jimmerson, Esq., and James M.
22 Jimmerson, Esq., who were present.

23 At the hearing the Special Counsel and Respondent's
24 Counsel presented a Stipulation regarding disposition of a
25 Complaint against the Respondent, as well as an Amended
26 Statement of Formal Charges, both of which had previously been
27 filed with the Commission. The Stipulation eliminated the need
28 for a contested hearing.

1 A. Preface

2 I. On February 5, 2013 Special Counsel, Mary E.
3 Boetsch, Esq., and the Respondent, personally and through her
4 Counsel, James J. Jimmerson, Esq., and James M. Jimmerson,
5 Esq., entered into a written Stipulation which was filed with
6 the Commission. In that Stipulation, the Respondent admitted to
7 the factual allegations contained in Counts One and Two of the
8 Amended Statement of Formal Charges which had been filed with
9 the Commission. The Amended Statement of Formal Charges
10 alleges:

11 COUNT ONE

12 1. That at all times relevant hereto, ~~you were the~~
13 District Court Judge assigned to Department Two of the Eighth
14 Judicial District Court of Clark County, Nevada.

15 2. That in that capacity you presided over the trial of
16 Victor O. Fakoya, Case Number 08-C-249790, ~~an individual~~
17 charged with First Degree Murder in the death of a child; that
18 this trial ended on or about March 10, 2010, with a mistrial
19 due to a hung jury.
20

21 3. That you thereafter presided over the retrial of Mr.
22 Fakoya, who remained in custody during the pendency of these
23 charges; that the retrial began on or about November 8, 2010;
24 and ended with a jury acquittal on or about December 17, 2010.
25

26 4. That in the course of the retrial, you required the
27 jury, the attorneys and staff to conduct proceedings for a
28 continuous period of time from approximately 1:12 p.m. on

December 16, 2010 until the jury returned with its verdict at approximately 6:57 a.m. December 17, 2010; that you did so for various reasons, including but not limited to, your personal schedule, and thus, you were not courteous to the individuals involved at trial.

5. That your conduct as described herein constitutes a violation of Rule 2.8, of the Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct.

COUNT TWO

6. That the allegations in paragraphs 1 through 5 are incorporated herein by reference as though fully set forth herein.

7. That during the course of the retrial of Case Number 08-C-249790 described herein, you recessed court in the early afternoon on approximately six (6) occasions; specifically, on or about November 29, December 1, December 6, December 8, December 13 and December 15, 2010; that you did so to enable you to attend your daughter's high school soccer games.

8. That your conduct as described herein constitutes a violation of Rule 2.8 of the Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct.

II. In the Stipulation the Respondent specifically acknowledged and agreed that her conduct as set forth in the Amended Statement of Formal Charges, and stated above, constituted clear and convincing evidence that she violated the named provision of the Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct and that the evidence supported the imposition of discipline by the Commission.

1 III. In the Stipulation the Respondent agreed to the
2 imposition of a public reprimand, a form of discipline
3 authorized by Article 6, Section 21(5) of the Nevada
4 Constitution and NRS 1.4294.

5 IV. The Respondent further agreed in the Stipulation
6 that by accepting the terms of the Stipulation, she waived her
7 right to appeal to the Nevada Supreme Court pursuant to Rule 3D
8 of the Nevada Rules of Appellate Procedure all issues, save and
9 except that she was permitted to appeal the propriety of any
10 discipline imposed which was more severe than the form of
11 discipline proposed by the Special Counsel and accepted by the
12 Respondent, as stated herein, after a mitigation and traverse
13 hearing before the Commission.
14

15 V. The Commission has considered the Stipulation
16 and respective statements proffered by the Special Counsel and
17 Counsel for the Respondent at the public hearing. After being
18 fully advised of its obligations and duties, the Commission
19 finds that the hearing was conducted according to the statutes,
20 rules and procedures required by law. Following private
21 deliberations, the Commission announced its unanimous decision
22 as to the appropriate sanction to be imposed which is
23 consistent with the terms of the Stipulation. The Commission
24 hereby issues the following Findings of Fact, Conclusions of
25 Law and Order Imposing Discipline pursuant to Commission Rules
26 27 and 28, and NRS 1.4673 and 1.4677.
27

28 ///

1 B. FINDINGS OF FACT

2 The Commission finds that the Stipulation establishes by
3 clear and convincing evidence each of the following facts:

4 1. The Respondent was, at all times applicable to
5 the events in this case, a District Court Judge of the Eighth
6 Judicial District Court, Clark County, Nevada. Therefore, the
7 Respondent was a judicial officer whose conduct was subject to
8 the provisions of the Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct; and

9 2. The Respondent violated the provision of the
10 Code of Judicial Conduct as stipulated in the Stipulation and
11 as specified in paragraph A (I), above.
12

13 C. CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

14 1. The Commission has both personal jurisdiction
15 over the Respondent and subject matter jurisdiction over the
16 violations of the Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct at issue in
17 the case.

18 2. The Commission unanimously concludes that the
19 Stipulation suffices as proof of violations of the Nevada Code
20 of Judicial Conduct in effect as of March 2010, as stated
21 herein.
22

23 3. The Respondent has waived her right to appeal to
24 the Nevada Supreme Court, as the form of discipline imposed is
25 not more severe than the form of discipline stipulated to by
26 the Respondent.

27 ///
28

1 D. IMPOSITION OF DISCIPLINE

2 The Commission concludes that the appropriate discipline
3 under Commission Rule 28 as to said violations shall be as
4 follows:

5 By unanimous vote of the Commission, pursuant to
6 subsections 5(a) and (b) of Article 6, Section 21 of the
7 Constitution of the State of Nevada, the version of NRS 1.4653
8 (2) in effect on the dates in question, and Commission Rule 28,
9 the Respondent be, and she hereby is, publically reprimanded
10 for having committed the acts as specified in the Stipulation
11 and fully set forth above.
12

13 E. ORDER

14 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED by unanimous vote of Commissioners
15 Chairman Doug Jones, Judge Jerome Polaha, Judge Richard Wagner,
16 Karl Armstrong, Wayne Chimarusti, May Lau and Gary Vause that
17 the Respondent should be and hereby is publically reprimanded
18 for violations of Current Rule 2.8 of the Nevada Code of
19 Judicial Conduct.
20

21 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED by unanimous vote that the Chairman
22 is authorized to sign this document on behalf of all voting
23 Commissioners.

24 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED pursuant to the consent of the
25 Respondent, that the Executive Director of the Judicial
26 Discipline Commission take the necessary steps to file this
27
28

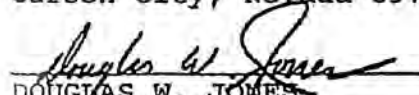
document in the appropriate records of the Commission and with
the Clerk of the Nevada Supreme Court.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Clerk's Certificate of
Mailing, found below, shall constitute the notice of the Entry
of this document pursuant to Commission Rule 34; and the
Clerk shall promptly serve it on the Respondent's Counsel and
the Special Counsel.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED this 29th day of August 2013.

NEVADA COMMISSION ON
JUDICIAL DISCIPLINE
P. O. Box 48
Carson City, Nevada 89702


DOUGLAS W. JONES
COMMISSION CHAIRMAN

EMOT
KIM BLANDINO PECULIAR PRO SE
Nevada Bar No. None
C/O 441 N. 16th St
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
(702) 219-5657
No Fax
Kim43792@earthlink.net

FILED

MAR 02 2026

LV MUNICIPAL COURT

LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CITY OF LAS VEGAS

Plaintiff,

-VS-

KIM BLANDINO

Defendant

Case No. 26-005437

Dept. No. 6

March 12, 9:30 a.m.

EMERGENCY MOTION TO REOPEN CASE AFTER NOTICE OF
DISMISSAL WITHOUT PREJUDICE PURSUANT TO NRS 174.085(5) FILED BY THE
PLAINTIFF CITY OF LAS VEGAS

COMES NOW Kim Blandino ("Kim") listed as Defendant appearing specially and not generally who under threat of a Bench warrant appeared in Las Vegas Municipal Court Department I Matthew Walker ("Walker") presiding ON Feb. 10, 2026. Kim appeared by special appearance because of a green colored post card that Kim received in the U.S Mail at C/O 441 N16th Street L.V. Nv. 89101. The video of this hearing is at published by Our Nevada Judges ("ONJ") at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o69qTuWdZ-1&t=189s> Kim was set for a calendar hearing by Walker's order and again under threat of a bench warrant should Kim not

CITY ATTORNEY
CRIMINAL DIVISION

RECEIVED MAR - 2 2026

appear on Feb. 18, 2026.

Because Judge Giordani ("Giordani") did not assign herself to the actual case until Feb. 18, 2026 Kim filed a motion to disqualify within the time frame of NRS 1.235(motion must be filed within 10 days of assignment). Kim told Giordani in open court that this Motion would be filed on Feb 18 the video of this by ONJ is at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OLdjoDg6ots> . Kim appeared specially and not generally. Kim was also threatened with warrant for not showing up on Feb. 18, 2026.

REASON FOR FILING AS AN EMERGENCY

This latest video of Kim's Feb 18 court appearance has over 113 thousand views in just 12 DAYS with 879 comments. The video of Feb. 10, 2026 has 34 thousand views and 558 comments. See The City of Las Vegas vs Kim Blandino, February 18, 2026.

Exhibit A attached shows a comment from the Feb 18 appearance from a User called isaned and Kim's reply:

"Whoever made the death threat against Blahblahblahdino better follow through with it , or I will report you to the board of judicial misconduct
Reply Duly noted and recorded"

Exhibit B is a comment from the Feb. 10, 2026 video and Kim's reply:

"I don't know if it is the sadist in me, but man, id like to see blandino bloody
Duly noted and recorded
Reply"

There are many other violent comments and threats made against Kim on these and other videos. Kim is concerned that Andrew could be a target for extreme violence. The insane hatred that commenters have toward Kim like "lock Kim up and throw away the key" are about 99% of the comments are very similar to a lynch mob mentality or the "Give us Barrabas" chants at

Jesus' trial. Just Feb 28 Kim received a call on his cell while at a Celebration of Life Ceremony for Leah Reesa Campbell at the FOE Federation of Eagles. from phone number XXXXXXXX and Kim heard "You are one of the biggest Douche Bags in the world" and then the male caller hung up. Kim will be making a police report this day March 2, 2026

Therefore, Kim must have the case dismissed with prejudice immediately. Kim's very life is threatened and Kim cannot have these baseless possible charges hanging over Kim's head for a next year and needs immediate dismissal with prejudice.

INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND

God(also called the Creator or Elohim, Elohim being both singular and plural like the words, sheep, fish or deer) created the Universe around 6,000 years ago he created light and spacetime in 5 days on the 6th day God made Man called Adam. God saw that it was not good for Man to be alone so he created out of man a companion called Eve who was his helpmate (not playboy "sex mate"). Adam and Eve were perfect and eternal and there was no death in this world.

God had to give at least one thing that Adam and Eve could not do. Otherwise, if God said they could do anything they wanted, there could be no disobedience, and therefore no demonstration of love. Adam and Eve ate of the forbidden tree of the knowledge of good and evil and lost their eternal nature. Therefore, God had a choice to destroy both Adam and Eve or give a second chance to allow them to continue as fallen beings and allow them to procreate by sexual relations See Genesis Chapter 1-3.

Had man not fallen they would never have had sexually created children. See Book of Mormon 2 Nephi 2: 21-25(as well as other apocryphal sources).

God gave the promise to Adam and Eve that Eve's offspring would crush the offspring of the serpent:

[4]And I will put enmity between you and the woman, and between your offspring and hers; he will crush your head, and you will strike his heel." Genesis 3:15 NIV version

This is the promise that God gave mankind that the savior or Son of God would come through Eve and he would redeem man to God. This savior as nearly all of the world knows is the historical Jesus and millions believe in him to this day. The great flood occurred and only Noah and his sons and their wives survived this flooding of the earth through the ark God commanded Noah to build. Land based animals also were spared on that ark.

Kim is the 140th great-grandson of Noah. And everyone on the earth is descended from Noah. And all land-based animal life descends from the animals that went onto the Ark with Noah. The variations of life are all due to the miracle of DNA and the Billions upon billions of possible different combinations of that DNA. A Great Dane, the poodle and the Dachshund and many others all come from the same two male and female dogs that were on the ark.

Kim was born in the U.S. at Malmstrom Air Base in Montana in 1955. In 1993, in part, from seeing a modern day Ahab and Jezebel elected to their "joint presidency" Kim was motivated to act. Kim relinquished his U.S. citizenship and became a citizen and subject of Elohim's Kingdom of Israel. Kim became an Ambassador for Jesus the Christ and to be reconciled to the Almighty God. See 2 Corinthians 5:20:

"We are therefore Christ's ambassadors, as though God were making his appeal through us. We implore you on Christ's behalf: Be reconciled to God." NIV (emphasis added)

Kim became part of what is known as the "Great Commission":

"Then the eleven disciples went to Galilee, to the mountain where Jesus had told them to go. ¹⁷ When they saw him, they worshiped him; but some doubted. Then Jesus came to them and said, "All authority in heaven and on earth has

been given to me. ¹⁹ Therefore go and make disciples of all nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father and of the Son and of the Holy Spirit, ²⁰ and teaching them to obey everything I have commanded you. And surely I am with you always, to the very end of the age." Matthew 28:16-20

Obviously these eleven disciples could not live for thousands of years. So this Great Commission depends on passing the mission on to generations upon generations. Please note that Jesus commands that the "baptizing in the name of the Father, and of the Son and of the Holy Spirit". This is the plural Elohim as described above, Elohim is both plural and singular.

Kim was also called by the Creator to investigate judicial corruption in the Eighth Judicial District Court ("EJDC"). Kim therefore became a volunteer unpaid investigator [which means unofficial] with or for the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline (NCJD"). In this God given role Kim obtained letters of caution from the NCJD against former district judge Rob Bare and former district court judge Douglas Herndon (now justice of the Nevada Supreme Court).

Kim is also an investigative journalist and currently is part of the new media ~~with a Youtube~~ channel and an X(formerly twitter) Kim in fact has a media request before this court.

Kim has been retaliated against for decades because of exercising his rights that are guaranteed under the Constitution of the United States. Especially first amendment rights

FACTS AND ARGUMENT

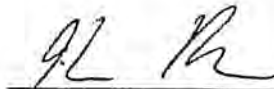
Kim will be filing a stand alone motion to dismiss with prejudice as soon as Kim can prepare and file the same within the next day or two (God willing). Unless this court dismisses immediately with prejudice.

In any event Kim must have emergency relief.

CONCLUSION

For the above reasons this motion must be heard immediately. Kim's very life is imminently threatened. This latest caller or others could at this moment be planning to Kill Kim as Charlie Kirk was killed. As soon as Kim has a copy of the police report documenting the death threats Kim will file this as an attachment as soon as is possible.

DATED this 2nd day of March , 2026.



Kim Blandino
C/O 441 N 16th
Las Vegas Nevada 89101
702 219-5657
Kim 43792@earthlink.net

ASSEVERATION IN SUPPORT OF MOTION

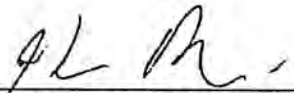
I Kim Blandino state under penalty of perjury that I am over 70 years of age (outside the womb) and have read the foregoing and the same is true and correct except as to those matters of belief and belief and as to those matters Kim believes them to be true. And that:

1. That this filing is not made to vex, harass, delay or made in bad faith nor for any improper purpose and anyone who says or claims differently is lying through their teeth.
2. That any and all exhibits are true and correct and authentic according to FRE 901 and the state rules of evidence.

I declare under penalty of perjury that I have read the foregoing and the same is true and

correct.

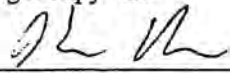
DATED this 2nd day of March, 2026.



KIM BLANDINO PRO SE #363075
C/O 441 N 16TH ST
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
(702) 219-5657
No Fax
Kim43792@earthlink.net

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY certify that service of the foregoing was accomplished on March 2nd, 2026 by
delivering a copy to:



Kim Blandino
C/O 441 N 16th
Las Vegas Nevada 89101
702 219-5657
Kim 43792@earthlink.net

EXHIBIT A

EXHIBIT A

1 day ago

@isaned

Whoever made the death threat against Blahblahblahdino better follow through with it, or I will report you to the board of judicial misconduct.

  Reply

 Duly noted and recorded



EXHIBIT B

EXHIBIT B

2/15/26, 10:55 AM

(442) City of Las Vegas vs Kim Blandino, February 10, 2026 - YouTube



@dadomac3805 4 minutes ago

I dont know if its the sadist in me, but man, id like to see blandino bloody.☹️



Reply



@kimblandino8461 0 seconds ago

Duly noted and recorded!



Reply

DOCUMENT 3

FILED

MAR 09 2026

LV MUNICIPAL COURT

EMOT
KIM BLANDINO PECULIAR PRO SE
Nevada Bar No. None
C/O 441 N. 16th St
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
(702) 219-5657
No Fax
Kim43792@earthlink.net

LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CITY OF LAS VEGAS

Plaintiff,

Case No. 26-005437

Dept. No. 6

-vs-

3/19/2026 9:30am

KIM BLANDINO

Defendant

EMERGENCY MOTION TO VACATE THE ORDER OF MARCH
2,2026 BY JUDGE GIORDANI AS VOID AND TO REOPEN CASE AS ORIGINALLY
MOTIONED FOR

COMES NOW Kim Blandino ("Kim") listed as Defendant appearing specially and not generally who under threat of a Bench warrant appeared in Las Vegas Municipal Court Department 1 Matthew Walker ("Walker") presiding ON Feb. 10, 2026. Kim appeared by special appearance because of a green colored post card that Kim received in the U.S Mail at C/O 441 N16th Street L.V. Nv. 89101. The video of this hearing is at published by Our Nevada Judges ("ONJ") at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=c69qTuWdZ-I&t=189s> Kim was set for a calendaring hearing by Walker's order and again under threat of a bench warrant should Kim not

RECEIVED MAR - 9 2026

CITY ATTORNEY
CRIMINAL DIVISION

appear on Feb. 18, 2026.

Because Judge Giordani ("Giordani") did not assign herself to the actual case until Feb. 18, 2026 Kim filed a motion to disqualify within the time frame of NRS 1.235(motion must be filed within 10 days of assignment). Kim told Giordani in open court that this Motion would be filed on Feb 18 the video of this by ONJ is at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OLdjoDg6ots> . Kim appeared specially and not generally. Kim was also threatened with warrant for not showing up on Feb. 18, 2026.

REASON FOR FILING AS AN EMERGENCY

This latest video of Kim's Feb 18 court appearance has over 118 thousand views in just 2 weeks with 893 comments. See The City of Las Vegas vs Kim Blandino, February 18, 2026 . The video of Feb. 10, 2026 has 35 thousand views and 572 comments. See <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o69qTuWdZ-I&t=5s> .

A comment from the Feb 18 appearance from a User called isaned and Kim's reply:

"Whoever made the death threat against Blahblahblahdino better follow through with it . or I will report you to the board of judicial misconduct
Reply Duly noted and recorded"

A comment from the Feb. 10, 2026 video and Kim's reply:

"I don't know if it is the sadist in me, but man, id like to see blandino bloody
Duly noted and recorded
Reply"

There are many other violent comments and threats made against Kim on these and other videos. Kim is concerned that Kim and/or his family could be a target for extreme violence. The insane hatred that commenters have toward Kim like "lock Kim up and throw away the key" are about 99% of the comments are very similar to a lynch mob mentality or the "Give us Barrabas"

chants at Jesus' trial. Just Feb 28 Kim received a call on his cell while at a Celebration of Life Ceremony for Leah Reesa Campbell at the FOE Federation of Eagles. from phone number XXXXXXXX and Kim heard "You are one of the biggest Douche Bags in the world" and then the male caller hung up. LVMPD refused to take a police report.

Kim attempted to serve Giordani in chambers with the motion to disqualify however Giordani blocks anyone from serving chambers as the statute requires. Therefore, Kim left the Motion with Marshal Thompson outside the courtroom directly after filing.

Therefore, Kim must have Giordani obey the statute and the case law and acknowledge that after a motion to disqualify is filed the judge must do nothing further with the case and then reassign the case unless the judge. Since Giordani refused to challenge the Motion to disqualify within 5 judicial days. That all of the facts and points herein point to why emergency action is needed.

INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND

God(also called the Creator or Elohim. Elohim being both singular and plural like the words, sheep, fish or deer) created the Universe around 6,000 years ago he created light and spacetime in 5 days on the 6th day God made Man called Adam. God saw that it was not good for Man to be alone so he created out of man a companion called Eve who was his helpmate (not playboy "sex mate"). Adam and Eve were perfect and eternal and there was no death in this world.

God had to give at least one thing that Adam and Eve could not do. Otherwise, if God said they could do anything they wanted, there could be no disobedience, and therefore no demonstration of love. Adam and Eve ate of the forbidden tree of the knowledge of good and evil and lost their eternal nature. Therefore, God had a choice to destroy both Adam and Eve or give a second chance to allow them to continue as fallen beings and allow them to procreate by sexual

relations See Genesis Chapter 1-3.

Had man not fallen they would never have had sexually created children. See Book of Mormon 2 Nephi 2: 21-25(as well as other apocryphal sources).

God gave the promise to Adam and Eve that Eve's offspring would crush the offspring of the serpent:

“And I will put enmity between you and the woman, and between your offspring and hers; he will crush your head, and you will strike his heel.” Genesis 3:15 NIV version

This is the promise that God gave mankind that the savior or Son of God would come through Eve and he would redeem man to God. This savior as nearly all of the world knows is the historical Jesus and millions believe in him to this day. The great flood occurred and only Noah and his sons and their wives survived this flooding of the earth through the ark God commanded Noah to build. Land based animals also were spared on that ark.

Kim is the 140th great-grandson of Noah. And everyone on the earth is descended from Noah. And all land- based animal life descends from the animals that went onto the Ark with Noah. The variations of life are all due to the miracle of DNA and the Billions upon billions of possible different combinations of that DNA. A Great Dane, the poodle and the Dachshund and many others all come from the same two male and female dogs that were on the ark.

Kim was born in the U.S. at Malmstrom Air Base in Montana in 1955. In 1993, in part, from seeing a modern day Ahab and Jezebel elected to their “joint presidency” Kim was motivated to act, Kim relinquished his U.S. citizenship and became a citizen and subject of Elohim's Kingdom of Israel. Kim became an Ambassador for Jesus the Christ and to be reconciled to the Almighty God. See 2 Corinthians 5:20:

"We are therefore Christ's ambassadors, as though God were making his appeal through us. We implore you on Christ's behalf: Be reconciled to God." NIV (emphasis added)

Kim became part of what is known as the "Great Commission":

"Then the eleven disciples went to Galilee, to the mountain where Jesus had told them to go. ¹⁷ When they saw him, they worshiped him; but some doubted. Then Jesus came to them and said, "All authority in heaven and on earth has been given to me. ¹⁹ Therefore go and make disciples of all nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father and of the Son and of the Holy Spirit, ²⁰ and teaching them to obey everything I have commanded you. And surely I am with you always, to the very end of the age." Matthew 28:16-20

Obviously these eleven disciples could not live for thousands of years. So this Great Commission depends on passing the mission on to generations upon generations. ~~Please note that~~ Jesus commands that that the "baptizing in the name of the Father, and of the Son and of the Holy Spirit". This is the plural Elohim as described above. Elohim is both plural and singular.

Kim was also called by the Creator to investigate judicial corruption in the Eighth Judicial District Court ("EJDC"). Kim therefore became a volunteer unpaid investigator [which means unofficial] with or for the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline (NCJD"). In this God given role Kim obtained letters of caution from the NCJD against former district judge Rob Bare and former district court judge Douglas Herndon (now justice of the Nevada Supreme Court).

Kim is also an investigative journalist and currently is part of the new media with a Youtube channel and an X(formerly twitter) Kim in fact has a media request before this court.

Kim has been retaliated against for decades because of exercising his rights that are guaranteed under the Constitution of the United States. Especially first amendment rights

FACTS AND ARGUMENT

Dehipurshud v. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct. in & for Cnty. of Clark, 137 Nev. 691, 499 P.3d 597

(2021) demands that another judge other than Giordani vacate this void order immediately. NRS 1.235 speaks for itself yet the case law solidifies that Giordani acted illegally in ruling on Kim's motion to reopen. See NCJD decision A attached

Even so, there is even further evidence as to not acting after a motion to disqualify has been filed. District Court judge Erika Ballou is still on a suspension from even entering the courthouse in part for violating The Revised Code of Judicial Conduct ("CODE")

"Count III alleges Respondent violated the Code of Judicial Conduct by failing to follow the law and take no action on a matter after the State filed motions to recuse or disqualify Respondent from the Christman matters. As to this charge, Respondent contends she was not required to stay the case as she was never properly served with the State's affidavit. This is an incorrect statement of the law. A filed affidavit seeking disqualification must be served on the judge sought to be disqualified, NRS 1.235(5). While failure to properly serve a Judge with the affidavit may be sufficient grounds for a reviewing judge (other than the judge sought to be disqualified) to dismiss the motion to disqualify, it does not follow that Respondent has the authority to make that ruling herself. Indeed, once a motion to disqualify is filed, a judge must proceed no further with the case, NRS 1.235(6) (emphasis added). The statute requires only the filing of the affidavit, not the service of it, to trigger the requirement that the Judge pause the proceedings. Additionally, the Commission notes Respondent had actual notice of the pending recusal motion because it was the subject of Respondent's minute order striking the motion. Respondent further alleges she did not commit misconduct because it is her duty to rule on motions before the court and the attorney in the Christman case filed a motion to strike the State's motion to disqualify. Respondent's argument is unpersuasive. It is axiomatic that a judge must follow the law. See Canon 1, Rule 1.1. As such, when the law requires a judge to halt proceedings pending resolution of a motion to disqualify, that is what a judge must do, irrespective of other pending motions. Furthermore, the Commission notes Respondent granted Christman's motion to strike the day after it was filed. The record does not reflect any opportunity to be heard or to cure the alleged defective document given by Respondent to the State prior to her ruling. Although this is a likely violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.6(A) (providing a judge shall accord every person who has a legal interest in a proceeding the right to be heard), this charge was not formally before the Commission. By a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds that Special Counsel proved by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent violated the Code

as alleged in Count III of the FSOC. Specifically, that Respondent, Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.1 (requiring a judge to comply with the law, including the Code itself); Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.2, (requiring a judge to act at all times in a manner that promotes public confidence in the independence, integrity, and impartiality of the judiciary and to avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety); Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.2 (requiring a judge to uphold and apply the law and perform all duties of judicial office fairly and impartially); and Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.5 (requiring a judge to perform judicial and administrative duties competently and diligently). Furthermore, by a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent's violations were knowing and deliberate under NRS 1.4653(5)(b)(2). Exhibit A count III"

Kim has a right to have an impartial judge to determine that the case should be reopened and that Kim be allowed show that the matter should be dismissed with prejudice.

Kim is having real world prejudice from these charges hanging over Kim's head. Judge Reynolds of District Court dept 29 learned of the false battery claim and has apparently presumed Kim's guilt as judge Reynolds referenced it in an order issued Jan 8, 2026. See Exhibit B attached footnote 2 which states:

"2 Mr. Blandino has essentially been civil, though disobedient to the Court's Orders. The Court has now learned that while the Court was drafting this Order Mr. Blandino went to the main courthouse and was cited for Battery against one of the District Court Clerk workers when Mr. Blandino was trying to enter somewhere and tried to push past her. Mr. Blandino came back to the Phoenix Building with the citation and the two marshals at security were made aware of it. Event # 20260108-005." Page 3 Ex. B

Therefore, prejudice is not hypothetical this is real world prejudice by a sitting judge and Kim has a hearing with judge Reynolds on April 2. Judge Reynolds is treating this as an established fact of guilt. This matter must be dismissed with prejudice before this date so that Kim can inform judge Reynolds and judge Reynolds will not hold this against Kim and judge Reynolds

can apologize to Kim in open court for PRE-JUDGING Kim.

Unless this court dismisses immediately with prejudice Kim will be further prejudiced.

In any event Kim must have emergency relief. As judge Giordani cannot proceed further on this matter another judge must rule on this emergency motion

CONCLUSION

For the above reasons this motion must be heard immediately. Kim's very life is imminently threatened. This latest caller or others could at this moment be planning to Kill Kim as Charlie Kirk was killed. A complete dismissal with prejudice can stop horrors from happening.

1. This court and a different judge must declare the March 2, 2026 order void and vacate it in its entirety.
2. Because Giordani did not challenge Kim's motion to disqualify Giordani must take no further action in this case or for that matter take any action in any case regarding Kim Blandino
3. Judge Giordani must be directed to report herself to the NCJD and any judge hearing this matter must report Giordani to the NCJD in accord with Rule 2.15

Rule 2.15. Responding to Judicial and Lawyer Misconduct.

(A) A judge having knowledge that another judge has committed a violation of this Code that raises a substantial question regarding the judge's honesty, trustworthiness, or fitness as a judge in other respects shall inform the appropriate authority.

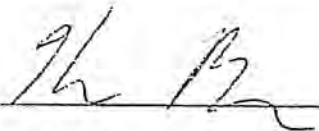
(B) A judge having knowledge that a lawyer has committed a violation of the Nevada Rules of Professional Conduct that raises a substantial question regarding the lawyer's honesty, trustworthiness, or fitness as a lawyer in other respects shall inform the appropriate authority.

(C) A judge who receives information indicating a substantial likelihood that another judge has committed a violation of this Code shall take appropriate action.

(D) A judge who receives information indicating a substantial likelihood that a lawyer has committed a violation of the Nevada Rules of Professional Conduct shall take appropriate action. (emphasis added).

4. Because of the immense trouble Kim has been put through this matter this court should be reopened and then the charge dismissed with prejudice sua sponte by an impartial judge assigned. Or in the alternative reopened and allowed to have an evidentiary hearing to show conclusively that a fraud upon the court has been perpetrated and that leaving this "sword of Damocles" hanging over Kim's head for a year
5. In the alternative to grant such other relief as is proper and just.

DATED this 9th day of March, 2026.



Kim Blandino
C/O 441 N 16th
Las Vegas Nevada 89101
702 219-5657
Kim 43792@earthlink.net

ASSEVERATION IN SUPPORT OF MOTION

I Kim Blandino state under penalty of perjury that I am over 70 years of age (outside the womb) and have read the foregoing and the same is true and correct except as to those matters of belief and belief and as to those matters Kim believes them to be true. And that:

1. That this filing is not made to vex, harass, delay or made in bad faith nor for any improper purpose and anyone who says or claims differently is lying through their teeth.

2. That any and all exhibits are true and correct and authentic according to FRE 901 and the state rules of evidence.

I declare under penalty of perjury that I have read the foregoing and the same is true and correct.

DATED this 9th day of March, 2026.


KIM BLANDINO PRO SE #363075
C/O 441 N 16TH ST
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
(702) 219-5657
No Fax
Kim43792@earthlink.net

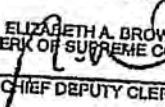
EXHIBIT A

EXHIBIT A

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

FILED

SEP 22 2025

ELIZABETH A. BROWN
CLERK OF SUPREME COURT
BY: 
CHIEF DEPUTY CLERK

In the Matter of

THE HONORABLE ERIKA BALLOU,
District Court Judge, Eighth Judicial District
Court, Clark County, State of Nevada,

CASE NO. 91339-

Respondent.

CERTIFIED COPY OF FINDINGS OF FACT,
CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND IMPOSITION OF DISCIPLINE

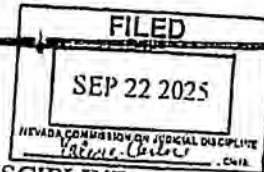
Pursuant to Commission Procedural Rule 28.2, I hereby certify that the document attached hereto is a true and correct copy of the FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND IMPOSITION OF DISCIPLINE filed with the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline on September 22, 2025.

DATED this 22nd day of September, 2025.

STATE OF NEVADA
COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL DISCIPLINE
P.O. Box 18123
Reno, NV 89511

By: 
PAUL C. DEYHLE
General Counsel and Executive Director
Nevada Bar No. 6954

25-41379



BEFORE THE NEVADA COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL DISCIPLINE
STATE OF NEVADA

In the Matter of

THE HONORABLE ERIKA BAILLOU,
District Court Judge, Eighth Judicial District
Court, Clark County, State of Nevada,
Respondent.

CASE NOS. 2024-103-P & 2024-105-P

FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND IMPOSITION OF DISCIPLINE

On April 24, 2025, Special Counsel for the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline ("Commission") filed Formal Statement of Charges ("FSOC") against the Honorable Erika Ballou, District Judge for the Eighth Judicial District Court, Clark County, Nevada ("Respondent") pursuant to NRS 1.467(5) alleging knowing or unknowing violations of the Revised Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct ("Code"). Respondent filed her Answer on May 14, 2025.

On May 20, 2025, the Commission's presiding officer issued a Prehearing Order establishing the rules and procedure for the handling of pre-trial issues, motions, and the submission of exhibits and evidence. On July 22nd and 23rd, 2025, Special Counsel filed his Prehearing Brief and Exhibits. Respondent failed to file her Prehearing Brief or her exhibits in accordance with the Prehearing Order. The day before the public hearing, Respondent submitted her exhibit list of 18 exhibits and 243 pages of documents.

On August 7, 2025, pursuant to NRS 1.467(3) and PRJDC 18, the Commission conducted a public hearing on the FSOC at the office of the Nevada State Bar in Las Vegas, Nevada. Thomas C. Bradley, Esq. appeared as Special Counsel. Thomas F. Pitaro, Esq. appeared on behalf of Respondent, who was also present. Without objection, exhibits submitted by the Special Counsel were admitted into evidence. Special Counsel objected to the admission of Respondent's exhibits. The objection was sustained as to all exhibits except one as the exhibits were not submitted in accordance with the Prehearing Order.

///

1 Pursuant to PRJDC 28, the Commission sets forth the following findings of fact and conclusions
2 of law.

3 A. JURISDICTION

4 The Commission has jurisdiction to discipline a justice of the supreme court, a judge of the
5 court of appeals, a district court judge, a justice of the peace, or a municipal judge for violations of the
6 Code. See Nev. Const. art. 6, § 21, NRS 1.425 et seq.; See also Canon 1, Rule 1.1. Respondent was
7 sworn in as a district court judge on or about January 4, 2021, and continues to serve in that capacity.
8 All actions of Respondent alleged in the FSOC occurred while Respondent was serving as a district
9 court judge.

10 B. FACTS

11 The facts in this matter were proven by clear and convincing evidence through the Special
12 Counsel's exhibits, which were admitted by stipulation into evidence, and through testimony of
13 Respondent and Betsy Allen, Esq.

14 In 2021, Respondent conducted an evidentiary hearing on a Petition for a Writ of Habeas
15 Corpus ("Christman Petition") that had been filed by a criminal defendant named Mia Christman
16 ("Christman"). Christman had pleaded guilty to a felony offense in 2017 and was sentenced to a term of
17 imprisonment. In the Christman Petition, Christman asserted that she received ineffective assistance of
18 counsel during the sentencing phase of her case. Following the Christman Petition hearing, Respondent
19 granted the Christman Petition and ordered her released from custody on her own recognizance. The
20 State of Nevada appealed. On August 11, 2022, the Nevada Supreme Court reversed Respondent's
21 decision and ruled that the record did not support a finding that counsel performed ineffectively at
22 sentencing and that Christman had, therefore, failed to show relief was warranted. The Supreme Court
23 ordered the judgment of the district court be reversed and remanded the matter back to Respondent's
24 court for proceedings consistent with that order. Rather than enter an order denying the postconviction
25 habeas petition, however, Respondent scheduled another evidentiary hearing to allow Christman the
26 opportunity to present additional evidence.

27 On January 25, 2023, the State filed a Petition for a Writ of Mandamus ("State's Petition")
28 seeking an order directing Respondent to vacate the scheduled evidentiary hearing, enter judgment in

1 favor of the State, and to remand Christman into custody. On October 12, 2023, the Supreme Court
2 granted the State's Petition and ruled that Respondent failed to follow the Supreme Court's mandate.
3 The Supreme Court specifically ordered Respondent to enter judgment in favor of the State.
4 Respondent did not follow the Supreme Court's direct.

5 On April 24, 2024, the State filed a motion before the Supreme Court to enforce its previous
6 mandates. While that motion was pending in the Supreme Court, the State filed a motion in the district
7 court to recuse Respondent in Christman's underlying criminal case. In response, Christman filed a
8 motion to strike the recusal motion claiming that the motion should have been filed in her post-
9 conviction case. Without conceding that point or withdrawing the motion from the underlying criminal
10 case, on May 2, 2024, the State filed an additional motion to recuse Respondent in the post-conviction
11 case. While the State's motions to recuse were pending, Respondent granted Christman's motion to

12 strike the State's recusal motion.

13 On May 3, 2024, the Supreme Court directed the Chief Judge of the Eighth Judicial District
14 Court to reassign Christman's postconviction and underlying criminal case to a different district court
15 judge. The Supreme Court stated that upon reassignment of those cases, the newly appointed district
16 court judge should promptly comply with the Supreme Court's mandate outlined in its two prior
17 Christman orders. The Christman cases were reassigned to District Court Judge Johnson who
18 immediately entered judgment in favor of the State and remanded Christman into custody.

19 C. DISCUSSION

20 In the FSOC, Respondent is accused in six (6) counts of committing judicial misconduct under
21 the Code. Each count will be discussed in turn.

22 COUNT I

23 Count I alleges Respondent violated the Code of Judicial Conduct by failing or refusing to enter
24 judgment in favor of the State and by failing or refusing to remand defendant Christman into custody
25 after the Supreme Court reversed Respondent's Christman Petition ruling on August 11, 2022.

26 To this charge, Respondent claims she believed that she had the authority under the order of
27 remand to schedule an evidentiary hearing as the Supreme Court's use of the words "ORDER the
28 judgment of the district court REVERSED AND REMAND this matter to the district court for

1 proceedings consistent with this order" "could mean a lot of things." The Commission finds this
2 argument unpersuasive, particularly given testimony adduced at the hearing established that
3 Respondent was a seasoned criminal defense attorney prior to taking the bench and, therefore,
4 understood criminal procedure. As the Supreme Court stated in its subsequent Order granting the
5 State's Petition, "the district court manifestly abused its discretion by clearly erring in interpreting this
6 court's mandate, and it capriciously exercised its discretion by acting contrary to well established rule
7 of law." See Special Counsel's Exhibit 5, *Order Granting Petition*, p.5.

8 By a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds that Special Counsel proved by clear and convincing
9 evidence that Respondent violated the Code as alleged in Count I of the FSOC. Specifically, that
10 Respondent,

11 Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.1 (requiring a judge to comply with the
12 law, including the Code itself);

13 Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.2, (requiring a judge to act at all times in
14 a manner that promotes public confidence in the independence, integrity, and impartiality of the
15 judiciary and to avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety);

16 Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.2 (requiring a judge to uphold and apply
17 the law and perform all duties of judicial office fairly and impartially); and

18 Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.5 (requiring a judge to perform judicial
19 and administrative duties competently and diligently).

20 Furthermore, by a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds by clear and convincing evidence that
21 Respondent's violations were knowing and deliberate under NRS 1.4653(5)(b)(2).

22 COUNT II

23 Count II alleges Respondent violated the Code of Judicial Conduct by failing to enter judgement
24 in favor of the State and remand defendant Christman into custody after the Supreme Court granted the
25 State's Petition on October 12, 2023.

26 To this charge, Respondent claims the Supreme Court's order was clear but did not say by when
27 Respondent must do so. The Commission finds this unpersuasive. As the Supreme Court noted in its
28 Order directing the removal of Respondent from the Christman cases, "although the writ of mandamus

1 issued in this matter did not state a specific time for the district court to enter a judgment in the state's
2 favor, that writ was peremptory in nature and thus NRS 34.190(2) and (3) contemplate that the district
3 court would do the act required by the writ immediately after receipt of the writ." See Special Counsel's
4 Exhibit 10, *Order Denying Motion*, p.3.

5 By a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds that Special Counsel proved by clear and convincing
6 evidence that Respondent violated the Code as alleged in Count II of the FSOC. Specifically, that
7 Respondent,

8 Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.1 (requiring a judge to comply with the
9 law, including the Code itself);

10 Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.2, (requiring a judge to act at all times in
11 a manner that promotes public confidence in the independence, integrity, and impartiality of the
12 judiciary and to avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety);

13 Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.2 (requiring a judge to uphold and apply
14 the law and perform all duties of judicial office fairly and impartially); and

15 Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.5 (requiring a judge to perform judicial
16 and administrative duties competently and diligently).

17 Furthermore, by a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds by clear and convincing evidence that
18 Respondent's violations were knowing and deliberate under NRS 1.4653(5)(b)(2).

19 COUNT III

20 Count III alleges Respondent violated the Code of Judicial Conduct by failing to follow the law
21 and take no action on a matter after the State filed motions to recuse or disqualify Respondent from the
22 Christman matters.

23 As to this charge, Respondent contends she was not required to stay the case as she was never
24 properly served with the State's affidavit. This is an incorrect statement of the law. A filed affidavit
25 seeking disqualification must be served on the judge sought to be disqualified. NRS 1.235(5). While
26 failure to properly serve a judge with the affidavit may be sufficient grounds for a reviewing judge
27 (other than the judge sought to be disqualified) to dismiss the motion to disqualify, it does not follow
28 that Respondent has the authority to make that ruling herself. Indeed, once a motion to disqualify is

1 filed, a judge must proceed no further with the case. NRS 1.235(6) (*emphasis added*). The statute
2 requires only the *filing* of the affidavit, not the *service* of it, to trigger the requirement that the judge
3 pause the proceedings. Additionally, the Commission notes Respondent had actual notice of the
4 pending recusal motion because it was the subject of Respondent's minute order striking the motion.

5 Respondent further alleges she did not commit misconduct because it is her duty to rule on
6 motions before the court and the attorney in the Christman case filed a motion to strike the State's
7 motion to disqualify. Respondent's argument is unpersuasive. It is axiomatic that a judge must follow
8 the law. *See* Canon 1, Rule 1.1. As such, when the law requires a judge to halt proceedings pending
9 resolution of a motion to disqualify, that is what a judge must do, irrespective of other pending motions.

10 Furthermore, the Commission notes Respondent granted Christman's motion to strike the day
11 after it was filed. The record does not reflect any opportunity to be heard or to cure the alleged
12 defective document given by Respondent to the State prior to her ruling. Although this is a likely
13 violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.6(A) (providing a judge shall accord every person who has a
14 legal interest in a proceeding the right to be heard), this charge was not formally before the
15 Commission.

16 By a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds that Special Counsel proved by clear and convincing
17 evidence that Respondent violated the Code as alleged in Count III of the FSO. Specifically, that
18 Respondent,

19 Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.1 (requiring a judge to comply with the
20 law, including the Code itself);

21 Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.2, (requiring a judge to act at all times in
22 a manner that promotes public confidence in the independence, integrity, and impartiality of the
23 judiciary and to avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety);

24 Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.2 (requiring a judge to uphold and apply
25 the law and perform all duties of judicial office fairly and impartially); and

26 Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.5 (requiring a judge to perform judicial
27 and administrative duties competently and diligently).

28 ///

1 Furthermore, by a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent's
2 violations were knowing and deliberate under NRS 1.4653(5)(b)(2).

3 COUNT IV

4 Count IV alleges Respondent violated the Code of Judicial Conduct by ruling on defendant
5 Christman's motion to modify sentence after the State had filed its motion to recuse Respondent.

6 Special Counsel conceded this Count was not proven by clear and convincing evidence due to
7 issues related to the timing of Respondent's minute order on Christman's motion to modify sentence
8 and the alleged lack of notice of the affidavit on Respondent.

9 By a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds that Special Counsel did not prove by clear and convincing
10 evidence that Respondent violated the Code as alleged in Count IV of the FSOC.

11 COUNT V

12 Count V alleges Respondent violated the Code of Judicial Conduct by exhibiting clear bias in
13 the Christman matters. To this charge, Respondent attests she was not biased but rather showed
14 compassion in her rulings and in not wanting Christman's baby to be placed in the custody of Child
15 Protective Services if it were avoidable.

16 Where the alleged bias originates from a judge's performance of her judicial duties, rather than
17 from an external source, the party alleging bias must show the judge's opinion displays a deep-seated
18 favoritism or antagonism that would make fair judgment impossible. *Canarelli v. Eighth Judicial*
19 *District Court*, 138 Nev. 104, 108 (2022) citing *Liteky v. United States*, 510 U.S. 540, 555 (1994).

20 While proof of Respondent's repeated failure to follow the law was clear and convincing in this
21 matter, evidence that her actions were driven by such a deep-seated favoritism as to constitute
22 impermissible bias was not. That said, while compassion may be a virtue to a judicial officer, it should
23 never be used as a license or an excuse to violate the law.

24 By a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds that Special Counsel did not prove by clear and convincing
25 evidence that Respondent violated the Code as alleged in Count V of the FSOC.

26 COUNT VI

27 Count VI alleges Respondent violated the Code of Judicial Conduct by failing to cooperate with
28 the Commission's investigator and timely schedule an in-person interview. To this charge, Respondent

1 attests she was not being uncooperative. Respondent testified she was in a jury trial when the
2 investigator called and upon the trial's conclusion, Respondent immediately went on a pre-scheduled
3 vacation for two weeks. Based on the evidence submitted, the Commission does not find this to
4 constitute failure to cooperate under the Code.

5 By a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds that Special Counsel did not prove by clear and convincing
6 evidence that Respondent violated the Code as alleged in Count VI of the FSOC.

7 **D. IMPOSITION OF DISCIPLINE**

8 The Commission may remove a judge, publicly censure a judge, or impose other forms of
9 discipline on a judge if the Commission determines that the judge has committed willful misconduct.
10 NRS 1.4653(1)(a). Willful misconduct, as it applies in this matter, is a knowing or deliberate violation
11 of one or more of the provisions of the Revised Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct. NRS
12 1.4653(5)(b)(2). The Commission may publicly censure a judge or impose other forms of discipline on
13 a judge if the Commission determines that the judge has violated one or more of the provisions of the
14 Code in a manner that is not knowing or deliberate. NRS 1.4653(2). Other forms of discipline include:
15 public admonishment, reprimand or censure of a judge; imposition of a fine; suspension from office
16 without pay; requiring a judge to complete a probationary period, attend training or educational courses,
17 follow a remedial course of action, issue a public apology, comply with conditions or limitations on
18 future conduct, or seek medical, psychiatric or psychological care or counseling; bar the judge from
19 serving in a judicial office in the future or impose any other reasonable disciplinary action or
20 combination of disciplinary actions that the Commission determines will curtail or remedy the
21 misconduct of the judge. NRS 1.4677(1).

22 NOW THEREFORE, pursuant to subsections 5(a) and (b) of Article 6, Section 21 of the
23 Constitution of the State of Nevada, NRS 1.4653(1)(a), NRS 1.4677, and PRJDC 28, after due
24 deliberation and consideration of the evidence presented and taking into consideration the totality of
25 Respondent's actions, by a 7 to 0 vote, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED:

26 1. Respondent is **SUSPENDED** from the exercise of judicial office, without salary, for
27 a period of eighteen (18) months.

28 ///

1 2. Imposition of twelve (12) months of that sanction is hereby suspended and
2 Respondent is placed on probation for a period of two (2) years on the following terms and
3 conditions:

4 a. Respondent shall be SUSPENDED from the exercise of judicial office,
5 without salary, for a period of six (6) months effective as of 12:01 a.m. on
6 September 23, 2025.

7 b. Before returning to the bench, Respondent shall complete, at her own
8 expense, a specialized remedial training program with the National Judicial College
9 ("NJC"). This training program will be developed and administered by NJC staff
10 and/or associated professionals and specifically customized and tailored to
11 Respondent's misconduct and Code violations as set forth in this Order.
12 Respondent shall make herself available and fully cooperate with the NJC in
13 completing this training program in a timely manner.

14 c. Respondent shall have no further violations of the law or of the Code of
15 Judicial Conduct while on probation.

16 In Favor: Commissioner Chair Stefanie Humphrey, Commissioner Vice-Chair John Krmpotic,
17 Presiding Officer Hon. David Hardy; Commissioner Karl Armstrong, Esq., Commissioner Hon.
18 Thomas Gregory, Commissioner Patricia Halsten Esq., and Commissioner Joseph Sanford

19 Opposed: None

20 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Commission Chair is authorized to sign this document on
21 behalf of all voting Commissioners.

22 DATED this 22nd day of September, 2025.

23 STATE OF NEVADA
24 COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL DISCIPLINE
25 P.O. Box 18123
26 Reno, NV 89511

26 By: Stefanie Humphrey
27 STEFANIE HUMPHREY
28 COMMISSION CHAIR

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that I am an employee of the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline and that on the 22nd day of September, 2025, I served a copy of the FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND IMPOSITION OF DISCIPLINE by email and U.S Mail, postage paid, addressed to the following:

Tom Pitaro, Esq.
Attorney at Law
601 S. Las Vegas Blvd. South
Las Vegas, NV 89101
pitaro@email.com
Respondent's Counsel

Thomas C. Bradley, Esq.
435 Marsh Ave.
Reno, NV 89509
tom@tombradleylaw.com
Special Counsel

Valerie Carter
Valerie Carter, Commission Clerk

EXHIBIT B

EXHIBIT B

1 ORDR
2

3 DISTRICT COURT
4 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA
5

6 ***

6 KIM BLANDINO,
7 Plaintiff,
8 vs.
9 L.V.M.P.D.,
10 Defendant.

CASE NO.: A-25-932149-W

DEPARTMENT 29

11 ORDER

12 Rule 2.9 of the Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct states:

13 Rule 2.9. Ex Parte Communications.

14 (A) A judge shall not initiate, permit, or consider ex parte
15 communications, or consider other communications made to the judge outside
16 the presence of the parties or their lawyers, concerning a pending or impending
17 matter...

18 (D) A judge shall make reasonable efforts, including providing appropriate
19 supervision, to ensure that this Rule is not violated by court staff, court
20 officials, and others subject to the judge's direction and control.

21 (NCJC Rule 2.9)(emphasis added)

22 On November 14, 2025, the Court issued an Order that stated:

23
24 On 11/14/25, Blandino filed a 16-page brief seeking an extension. Blandino has
25 also called the Court many times seeking help. These calls are inappropriate and
26 violate rules of ethics, the Eighth Judicial District Court Rules on ex parte
27 communications. If Blandino continues to call the Court he will be sanctioned,
28 communications must be in writing and filed on the docket of the Court. The
Court is not allowed to have contact with parties or to give legal advice.

(See Order 11/14/25 at 1:22-2:1.)

JACOB A. REYNOLDS
DISTRICT JUDGE
Department 29
Las Vegas, NV 89155

1 Since that time the Court has continued to inform Mr. Blandino that the Court cannot have
2 any discussions about active cases with Mr. Blandino outside the presence of opposing counsel.
3 Mr. Blandino is well familiar with litigation and knows this rule. Mr. Blandino has been
4 designated a vexatious litigant many years ago and that Order is still in force today. Mr.
5 Blandino has significant experience as a litigant. Still, the Court has been accommodating and
6 allowed Mr. Blandino to come to Court to watch any proceeding he likes. Now he has told the
7 Marshal he wants to watch how the Judges do things, he wants to know how the Court and staff
8 enter and leave their rooms.

10 Mr. Blandino has tried contacting staff by phone, email, and also tried waiting in the hall
11 to speak with them as they go to the restroom or try to fulfill their duties in the courthouse.
12 Staff intentionally attempts to avoid Mr. Blandino because of the law, rules of ethics, and this
13 Court's prior orders specifically on point.

15 Despite Mr. Blandino's familiarity with the rules and having been admonished
16 previously, on January 8, 2026, Mr. Blandino came to Court to speak to the Court directly
17 outside the presence of opposing counsel regarding pending matters in this case.

19 Specifically, when I, Judge Reynolds, arrived today Mr. Blandino was waiting outside the
20 elevator on the 11th floor and tried to engage me regarding the above-captioned case. He was
21 blocked at security by the Marshal who had to raise his voice and directly told Blandino he was
22 not allowed to discuss his case with the Court. Blandino asserted that he could and attempted to
23 get my attention with a raised voice anyway, to which the Marshal appropriately responded. 1

25 ¹ The Court notes that this building only has two elevators which are shared by the public and court staff. The
26 building only has two courtrooms, one for Department 11 and one for Department 29, both on the 11th floor. There is
27 less than 200 sqft of space from the public elevators to the security check-in point on this floor. This small space
28 also includes the court staff entrance from the elevators, and the public drop box for the court. Court staff share
restroom facilities with the public as well on the 11th floor. Accordingly, if Mr. Blandino is allowed to come to the
11th floor at all he can continue to accost members of staff with pleas about his case, which is inappropriate and
unlawful.

1 continued to my chambers without any direct discussion with Mr. Blandino.

2
3 Later this morning, Mr. Blandino waited patiently while the Court conducted its morning
4 calendar. Once calendar was completed Mr. Blandino stated loudly from the gallery, something
5 to the effect that: "This may be out of order Judge but I need to talk to you!" The Court states
6 Mr. Blandino is never angry or attacking in his statements directly to the Court. He is relatively
7 calm but purposeful and direct in addressing things when he wants, despite multiple warnings
8 from the marshals this morning to not speak to the judges directly. So while there is no hostility
9 being exhibited to the court directly by yelling or physical attacks against the Judge, it is
10 certainly still disorderly, plainly violates this Court's prior orders, and is therefore contemptuous
11 behavior towards the Court and is ground for contempt sanctions. This is particularly true when
12 it happens in the Courthouse and in the Court's presence.

13
14 Mr. Blandino continues to make these comments and efforts to discuss his case directly
15 with the Court despite multiple warnings from the Marshals, and the Court, that he cannot do
16 what he is trying to do.

17
18 Today in response to Mr. Blandino, and pursuant to my governing code, i.e. the Judicial
19 Code of Conduct (Rule 2.9) and NRS 199.340, I stated from the bench that Mr. Blandino is not
20 allowed to discuss his case with me outside the presence of opposing counsel. I reminded him
21 that he had already been warned, and I warned him clearly that continued attempts to do so
22 would be criminal contempt that could lead to prison time.²

23
24 As Mr. Blandino waited until the calendar was completed there was no recording of this
25 interaction so the Court makes its record here. But the Court cannot condone continued attempts

26 ² Mr. Blandino has essentially been civil, though disobedient to the Court's Orders. The Court has now learned that
27 while the Court was drafting this Order Mr. Blandino went to the main courthouse and was cited for Battery against
28 one of the District Court Clerk workers when Mr. Blandino was trying to enter somewhere and tried to push past
her. Mr. Blandino came back to the Phoenix Building with the citation and the two marshals at security were made
aware of it. Event # 20260108-005.

1 to circumvent its orders.

2 The contempt statute reads:

3 **NRS 199.340 Criminal contempt.** Every person who shall commit a
4 contempt of court of any one of the following kinds shall be guilty of a
5 misdemeanor:

6 1. Disorderly, contemptuous or insolent behavior committed during the
7 sitting of the court, in its immediate view and presence, and directly tending to
8 interrupt its proceedings or to impair the respect due to its authority;

9 4. Willful disobedience to the lawful process or mandate of a court;

10 5. Resistance, willfully offered, to its lawful process or mandate;

11
12 As prior efforts have been unsuccessful to convince Mr. Blandino that his continued
13 attempts to make contact with staff and the Court outside the presence of opposing counsel is a
14 serious violation of ethics and the law, and constitutes contempt, the Court issues this Order as a
15 final warning and notice and gives additional Orders to comply with NCJC 2.9 and NRS
16 199.340.

17 Accordingly, and for good cause appearing,

18
19 IT IS ORDERED that any future attempts to contact the Court ex-parte, meaning outside
20 the presence of opposing counsel, whether by phone, email, in-person (in court, in private, or
21 anywhere in the public) will be weighed for criminal contempt sanctions and can result in jail
22 time and prosecution. All contact with the Court or its staff must be made in writing and filed on
23 the public docket, just as all other litigants are required to do.

24 ///

25 ///

26 ///

27 ///

1 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that given Mr. Blandino's efforts to violate the rules of
2 ethics, and consistent refusal to abide by the Court's order to not communicate with the Court or
3 staff, the Court orders that he shall not come to the 11th floor of the Phoenix Building, 330 South
4 3rd St, Las Vegas, NV 89101, for any purpose unless he has a scheduled hearing in Court on the
5 11th floor.

7 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Mr. Blandino is not allowed to arrive on the 11th floor
8 more than 30 minutes before the Scheduled Hearing and when he desires to come through
9 security he must wait to be escorted by a marshal to the courtroom where he has his designated
10 hearing.

12 This Order shall remain in force while Mr. Blandino has any matter pending before
13 Department 29 or any such matter that was in Department 29 remains active on appeal.

14 DATED: January 8, 2026

Dated this 8th day of January, 2026

Jacob A. Reynolds

DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

3AA 6DA 734A F24F

Jacob A. Reynolds

District Court Judge

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on or about the date signed, a copy of this Order was electronically served to all registered parties in the Eighth Judicial District Court Electronic Filing Program to the proper parties as follows:

(All Parties on the E-Service List)

/s/ Austin De Reis

Austin De Reis
Judicial Law Clerk

1 CSERV
2

3 DISTRICT COURT
4 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

5
6 Kim Blandino, Plaintiff(s)

CASE NO: A-25-932149-W

7 vs.

DEPT. NO. Department 29

8 L.V.M.P.D, Defendant(s)
9

10 AUTOMATED CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

11 This automated certificate of service was generated by the Eighth Judicial District
12 Court. The foregoing Order was served via the court's electronic eFile system to all
13 recipients registered for e-Service on the above entitled case as listed below:

14 Service Date: 1/8/2026

15 Matthew Christian

m16091c@lvmpld.com

16 Kim Blandino

kim43792@earthlink.net
17
18
19
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DOCUMENT 4

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LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CITY OF LAS VEGAS,

Plaintiff,

vs.

KIM BLANDINO,
ID No.:363075

Defendant.

CASE NOS.: 26-006437
DEPT.: 6

ORDER

FILED

2:54 A.M.
3:9 P.M.
DA 20 20

Dep. Court Clerk, Municipal Court

Having considered Defendant's Emergency Motion to Vacate the Order of March 2, 2026, by Judge Giordani as Void and to Reopen Case as Originally Motioned For, as well as having considered the fact this case was timely and properly dismissed pursuant to NRS 174.085(5) by the Las Vegas City Attorney's Office on February 26, 2026, the instant motion is DENIED.

As such, all future dates scheduled to address this issue are VACATED.

DATED March 9th 2026.

Kelly Giordani
Chief Judge Kelly Giordani
Las Vegas Municipal Court, Dept. 6

Exhibit 18

Original

EMERGENCY MOTION
KIM BLANDINO PECULIAR PRO SE
Nevada Bar No. None
C/O 441 N. 16th St
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
(702) 219-5657
No Fax
Kim43792@earthlink.net



**LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

CITY OF LAS VEGAS

-vs

Plaintiff,

Case No. 26-005437
Dept. No. 4

KIM BLANDINO

Defendant

516126 @ 930a

**UNOPPOSED EMERGENCY MOTION TO DISMISS THE
COMPLAINT WITH PREJUDICE WHICH HAS ALREADY BEEN DISMISSED
WITHOUT PREJUDICE IN THIS NEWLY REOPENED CASE**

COMES NOW Kim Blandino ("Kim") listed as Defendant appearing specially and not generally who under threat of a Bench warrant appeared in Las Vegas Municipal Court Department 1 Matthew Walker ("Walker") presiding ON Feb. 10, 2026. Kim appeared by special appearance because of a green colored post card that Kim received in the U.S Mail at C/O 441 N16th Street L.V. Nv. 89101. The video of this hearing is at published by Our Nevada Judges ("ONJ") at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o69qTuWdZ-I&t=189s> Kim was set for a calendaring hearing by Walker's order and again under threat of a bench warrant should Kim not

appear on Feb. 18, 2026.

Because Judge Giordani ("Giordani") did not assign herself to the actual case until Feb. 18, 2026 Kim filed a motion to disqualify within the time frame of NRS 1.235(motion must be filed within 10 days of assignment). Kim told Giordani in open court that this Motion would be filed on Feb 18 the video of this by ONJ is at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OLdjoDg6ots> . Kim appeared specially and not generally. Kim was also threatened with warrant for not showing up on Feb. 18, 2026.

This unopposed motion is made pursuant to the Rules and is based on all of the papers and pleadings on file in the above case and any and all exhibits presented to the court.

REASON FOR FILING AS AN EMERGENCY

In addition to the reasons given above the following are important as well
This latest video of Kim's Feb 18 court appearance has over 128 thousand views in just 2 months with 940 comments. See The City of Las Vegas vs Kim Blandino, February 18, 2026 . The video of Feb. 10, 2026 has almost 38 thousand views and 583 comments. See <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o69qTuWdZ-I&t=5s> .

A comment from the Feb 18 appearance from a User called isaned and Kim's reply:

"Whoever made the death threat against Blahblahblahdino better follow through with it , or I will report you to the board of judicial misconduct
Reply Duly noted and recorded"

A comment from the Feb. 10, 2026 video and Kim's reply:

"I don't know if it is the sadist in me, but man, id like to see blandino bloody
Duly noted and recorded
Reply"

There are many other violent comments and threats made against Kim on these and other

videos. Kim is concerned that Kim and/or his family could be a target for extreme violence. The insane hatred that commenters have toward Kim like "lock Kim up and throw away the key" are about 99% of the comments are very similar to a lynch mob mentality or the "Give us Barrabas" chants at Jesus' trial. Just Feb 28 Kim received a call on his cell while at a Celebration of Life Ceremony for Leah Reesa Campbell at the FOE Federation of Eagles. from phone number XXXXXXXX and Kim heard "You are one of the biggest Douche Bags in the world" and then the male caller hung up. LVMPD refused to take a police report.

Kim attempted to serve Giordani in chambers with the motion to disqualify however Giordani blocks anyone from serving chambers as the statute requires. Therefore, Kim left the Motion with Marshal Thompson outside the courtroom directly after filing.

Therefore, Kim must have Giordani obey the statute and the case law and acknowledge that after a motion to disqualify is filed the judge must do nothing further with the case and then reassign the case unless the judge. Since Giordani refused to challenge the Motion to disqualify within 5 judicial days. That the City notified that court they were dismissing charges without prejudice filed on Feb. 26 2026. See Exhibit A-EM attached. Kim filed an emergency motion to reopen the case on March 2, 2026. This was set for hearing. However, that same day Giordani at 1:48 p.m. willfully and unlawfully ruled on the case which she was mandated not to act in and made findings and vacated Kim's hearing.

Kim then on March 9, 2026 Kim filed **EMERGENCY MOTION TO VACATE THE ORDER OF MARCH 2, 2026 BY JUDGE GIORDANI AS VOID AND TO REOPEN CASE AS ORIGINALLY MOTIONED FOR** at 7:08 a.m. and was set for hearing on March 19, 2026. Again, Giordani willfully and unlawfully issued another order in the matter at 2:57 p.m. vacating the hearing on the 19th. That all of the facts and points herein point to why emergency

action is needed. Kim had no judge to take any action once the motion was filed.

Kim must have the complaint dismissed with prejudice.

Kim is over 70 years old and does not have many years left on planet earth Kim's mental acuity is fading and Kim does not have much time left Kim cannot even put the time into this emergency motion that Kim would endeavor to do.

As the court has seen Kim continually only wears a T-shirt that reads:

TRUMP NOW

JESUS FOREVER

Socialism = Slavery

Savior = Self-Rule

Kim has been wearing only this shirt (24 were made 6 years ago) or Kim wears a suit for over 6 years.

Now with this latest assassination attempt on Trump and the growing anti Christian and anti Jew hatred around the world Kim is an even bigger target for killing. This Battery charge hanging over Kim's head gives even more vectors for violence against Kim. Kim needs immediate dismissal with prejudice so that no one can claim Kim is a physically violent person with any credibility . Kim needs immediate relief

INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND

God (also called the Creator or Elohim, Elohim being both singular and plural like the words, sheep, fish or deer) created the Universe around 6,000 years ago he created light and spacetime in 5 days on the 6th day God made Man called Adam. God saw that it was not good for Man to be alone so he created out of man a companion called Eve who was his helpmate (not playboy "sex

mate"). Adam and Eve were perfect and eternal and there was no death in this world.

God had to give at least one thing that Adam and Eve could not do. Otherwise, if God said they could do anything they wanted, there could be no disobedience, and therefore no demonstration of love. Adam and Eve ate of the forbidden tree of the knowledge of good and evil and lost their eternal nature. Therefore, God had a choice to destroy both Adam and Eve or give a second chance to allow them to continue as fallen beings and allow them to procreate by sexual relations See Genesis Chapter 1-3.

Had man not fallen they would never have had sexually created children. See Book of Mormon 2 Nephi 2: 21-25(as well as other apocryphal sources).

God gave the promise to Adam and Eve that Eve's offspring would crush the offspring of the serpent:

“And I will put enmity between you and the woman, and between your offspring and hers; he will crush your head, and you will strike his heel.” Genesis 3:15 NIV version

This is the promise that God gave mankind that the savior or Son of God would come through Eve and he would redeem man to God. This savior as nearly all of the world knows is the historical Jesus and millions believe in him to this day. The great flood occurred and only Noah and his sons and their wives survived this flooding of the earth through the ark God commanded Noah to build. Land based animals also were spared on that ark.

Kim is the 140th great-grandson of Noah. And everyone on the earth is descended from Noah. And all land-based animal life descends from the animals that went onto the Ark with Noah. The variations of life are all due to the miracle of DNA and the Billions upon billions of possible different combinations of that DNA. A Great Dane, the poodle and the Dachshund and many

others all come from the same two male and female dogs that were on the ark.

Kim was born in the U.S. at Malmstrom Air Base in Montana in 1955. In 1993, in part, from seeing a modern day Ahab and Jezebel elected to their "joint presidency" Kim was motivated to act, Kim relinquished his U.S. citizenship and became a citizen and subject of Elohim's Kingdom of Israel. Kim became an Ambassador for Jesus the Christ and to be reconciled to the Almighty God. See 2 Corinthians 5:20:

"We are therefore **Christ's ambassadors**, as though **God were making his appeal through us**. We implore you on Christ's behalf: Be **reconciled to God**." NIV (emphasis added)

Kim became part of what is known as the "Great Commission":

"Then the **eleven disciples** went to Galilee, to the mountain where Jesus had told them to go. ¹⁷ When they saw him, they worshiped him; but some doubted. Then Jesus came to them and said, "**All authority in heaven and on earth has been given to me**." ¹⁹ Therefore **go and make disciples of all nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father and of the Son and of the Holy Spirit**, ²⁰ and teaching them to **obey everything** I have commanded you. And surely **I am with you always, to the very end of the age**." Matthew 28:16-20

Obviously these eleven disciples could not live for thousands of years. So this Great Commission depends on passing the mission on to generations upon generations. Please note that Jesus commands that that the "baptizing in the name of the Father, and of the Son and of the Holy Spirit". This is the plural Elohim as described above, Elohim is both plural and singular.

Kim was also called by the Creator to investigate judicial corruption in the Eighth Judicial District Court ("EJDC"). Kim therefore became a volunteer unpaid investigator [which means unofficial] with or for the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline (NCJD"). In this God given role Kim obtained letters of caution from the NCJD against former district judge Rob Bare and former district court judge Douglas Herndon (now justice of the Nevada Supreme Court).

Kim is also an investigative journalist and currently is part of the new media with a Youtube channel and an X(formerly twitter) Kim in fact had a media request before this court that was denied because Our Nevada Judges was already covering it.

Kim has been retaliated against for decades because of exercising his rights that are guaranteed under the Constitution of the United States. Especially first amendment rights. The Creator has put Kim in this unique situation to be before an arrogant and lawless municipal court judge Giordani that cares not how many bodies she stacks in the corner due to her lawlessness and arrogance. Giordani comes from the prosecution bar and it is clear to Kim that Giordani wishes to be a type of "prosecutor judge" presuming guilt and requiring any defendant some burden no matter how slight to prove innocence. Yet Giordani like Ballou believes that she can violate the law and the Code with impunity.

FACTS AND ARGUMENT

Debiparshad v. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct. in & for Cnty. of Clark, 137 Nev. 691, 499 P.3d 597

(2021) demands that another judge other than Giordani vacate this void order immediately.

"We conclude that **once a motion to disqualify is filed by a party, the subject judge can take no further action in the case until the motion to disqualify is resolved.** The NCJC requires a judge to "act at all times in a manner that promotes public confidence in the independence, integrity, and impartiality of the judiciary and [to] avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety." NCJC Rule 1.2. When a "judge's impartiality might reasonably be questioned," *696 the judge must disqualify himself or herself from the proceeding. NCJC Rule 2.11(A). Any motion for disqualification filed pursuant to NCJC Rule 2.11 after the deadline established by NRS 1.235(1) must be timely under *Towbin Dodge* and based on new information learned or observed after the cutoff date, information which was not otherwise known or ascertainable by the moving party. **602 *Towbin Dodge*, 121 Nev. at 260-61, 112 P.3d at 1069-70, **The disqualification motion must be adjudicated before the trial proceedings may continue. Consistent with his or her duties under the NCJC to avoid the appearance of impropriety, a judge should suspend proceedings and refrain**

from taking further substantive action in the case once a party moves to disqualify the judge.
Debiparshad v. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct. in & for Cnty. of Clark, 137 Nev. 691, 695–96, 499 P.3d 597, 601–02 (2021) (emphasis added)

NRS1.235 speaks for itself yet the case law solidifies that Giordani acted illegally in ruling on Kim's motion to reopen. See NCJD decision B-EM attached.

Even so, there is even further evidence as to not acting after a motion to disqualify has been filed. District Court judge Erika Ballou is still on a suspension from even entering the courthouse in part for violating The Revised Code of Judicial Conduct ("CODE")

"Count III alleges Respondent violated the Code of Judicial Conduct by failing to follow the law and take no action on a matter after the State filed motions to recuse or disqualify Respondent from the Christman matters. As to this charge. Respondent contends she was not required to stay the case as she was never properly served with the State's affidavit. This is an incorrect statement of the law. A filed affidavit seeking disqualification must be served on the judge sought to be disqualified. NRS 1.235(5). While failure to properly serve a Judge with the affidavit may be sufficient grounds for a reviewing judge (other than the judge sought to be disqualified) to dismiss the motion to disqualify, it does not follow that Respondent has the authority to make that ruling herself. Indeed, once a motion to disqualify is filed, a judge must proceed no further with the case. NRS 1.235(6) {emphasis added}. The statute requires only its filing of the affidavit, not the service of it, to trigger the requirement that the Judge pause the proceedings. Additionally, the Commission notes Respondent had actual notice of the pending recusal motion because it was the subject of Respondent's minute order striking the motion. Respondent further alleges she did not commit misconduct because it is her duty to rule on motions before the court and the attorney in the Christman case filed a motion to strike the State's motion to disqualify. Respondent's argument is unpersuasive. It is axiomatic that a judge must follow the law. See Canon 1, Rule 1.1. As such, when the law requires a judge to halt proceedings pending resolution of a motion to disqualify, that is what a judge must do, irrespective of other pending motions. Furthermore, the Commission notes Respondent granted Christman's motion to strike the day after it was filed. The record does not reflect any opportunity to be heard or to cure the alleged defective document given by Respondent to the State prior to her ruling. Although this is a likely violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule

2.6(A) (providing a judge shall accord every person who has a legal interest in a proceeding the right to be heard), this charge was not formally before the Commission. By a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds that Special Counsel proved by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent violated the Code as alleged in Count III of the FSOC. Specifically, that Respondent, Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.1 (requiring a judge to comply with the law, including the Code itself); Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.2, (requiring a judge to act at all times in a manner that promotes public confidence in the independence, integrity, and impartiality of the judiciary and to avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety); Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.2 (requiring a judge to uphold and apply the law and perform all duties of judicial office fairly and impartially); and Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.5 (requiring a judge to perform judicial and administrative duties competently and diligently). Furthermore, by a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent's violations were knowing and deliberate under NRS 1.4653(5)(b)(2). Exhibit B-EM count III"

Kim has a right to have an impartial judge to determine that the case should be reopened and that Kim be allowed show that the matter should be dismissed with prejudice.

Kim is having real world prejudice from these charges hanging over Kim's head. Judge Reynolds of District Court dept 29 learned of the false battery claim and has apparently presumed Kim's guilt as judge Reynolds referenced it in an order issued Jan 8, 2026. See Exhibit B attached to previous motions footnote 2 which states:

"2 Mr. Blandino has essentially been civil, though disobedient to the Court's Orders. The Court has now learned that while the Court was drafting this Order Mr. Blandino went to the main courthouse and was cited for Battery against one of the District Court Clerk workers when Mr. Blandino was trying to enter somewhere and tried to push past her. Mr. Blandino came back to the Phoenix Building with the citation and the two marshals at security were made aware of it. Event # 20260108-005." Page 3 Ex. B

Therefore, prejudice is not hypothetical this is real world prejudice by a sitting judge and Kim has a hearing with judge Reynolds on April 2. Judge Reynolds is treating this as an established

fact of guilt. This matter must be dismissed with prejudice before this date so that Kim can inform judge Reynolds and judge Reynolds will not hold this against Kim and judge Reynolds can apologize to Kim in open court for PRE-JUDGING Kim. A charge dismissed without prejudice is not enough

1. **Ballou was a district court judge and Giordani is a Municipal Court Judge However NRS1.235 is equally applicable to Municipal Court Judges**

NRS 1.235 clearly states:

5. At the time the affidavit is filed, a copy must be served upon the judge sought to be disqualified. Service must be made by delivering the copy to the judge personally or by leaving it at the judge's chambers with some person of suitable age and discretion employed therein.

6. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 7, the judge against whom an affidavit alleging bias or prejudice is filed shall proceed no further with the matter and shall:

(a) If the judge is a district judge, immediately transfer the case to another department of the court, if there is more than one department of the court in the district, or request the judge of another district court to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter;

(b) If the judge is a justice of the peace, immediately arrange for another justice of the peace to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter as provided pursuant to NRS 4.032, 4.340 or 4.345, as applicable; or

(c) **If the judge is a municipal judge, immediately arrange for another municipal judge to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter as provided pursuant to NRS 5.023 or 5.024, as applicable.**

7. **A judge may challenge an affidavit alleging bias or prejudice by filing a written answer with the clerk of the court within 5 judicial days after the affidavit is served,** admitting or denying any or all of the allegations contained in the affidavit and setting forth any additional facts which bear on the question of the

judge's disqualification. **The question of the judge's disqualification must thereupon be heard and determined by a judge appointed:**

(a) If the judge is a district judge, by the presiding judge of the judicial district in judicial districts having more than one judge, or if the presiding judge of the judicial district is sought to be disqualified, by the judge having the greatest number of years of service;

(b) If the judge is a justice of the peace, by the presiding judge of the justice court in justice courts having more than one justice of the peace, or if the presiding judge is sought to be disqualified, by the justice of the peace having the greatest number of years of service;

(c) If the judge is a municipal judge, by the presiding judge of the municipal court in municipal courts having more than one municipal judge, **or if the presiding judge is sought to be disqualified, by the municipal judge having the greatest number of years of service; or**

(d) If there is no presiding judge, by the Supreme Court.

There can be no confusion whatsoever Kim filed for disqualification against Giordani and served Giordani's Marshal (Thompson) with the a copy of the Motion right after filing on Feb. 24 2026. See Exhibit C attached to previous motions. In accord with clear statute, case law and an adjudication with the NCJD against Ballou. Giordani had no authority whatsoever to do anything further in Case # 26-005437 and yet like Ballou has willfully and unlawfully violated the law and failed to uphold the law.

Kim has no choice since Giordani is the chief or presiding judge, Kim must seek relief from the judge having the most years of service who is Bert Brown.

Had Giordani filed a challenge the matter of disqualification would under NRS1.235(7) (c) would have been decided by judge Bert Brown. Kim filed and served the disqualify motion and Giordani declined to challenge this therefore she was obligated by statute and case law and the

decision the NCJD issued against Ballou to act no further in the case.

2. **Kim Had no Immediate or Speedy Remedy to pursue except by invoking the implied power of NRS1.235(7) (c)**

Debiparshad “states that the motion to disqualify must be adjudicated.....” However the statute says that the judge must immediately arrange to proceed **immediately arrange for another municipal judge to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter as provided pursuant to NRS 5.023 or 5.024, as applicable.** (emphasis added)

Or the judge can challenge the motion to disqualify. Yet this has to be done within 5 judicial days which Giordani refused to do

Since Giordani much like Ballou arrogantly, willfully, and unlawfully refuses to follow the law and not once but twice rules on a case she has no authority to rule on Kim has no option but to file this unopposed motion.

Unless this court dismisses immediately with prejudice Kim will be further prejudiced.

In any event Kim must have emergency relief. As judge Giordani cannot proceed further on this matter another judge must rule on this emergency motion

3. **Kim filed 4 separate filings after the City filed to Dismiss without prejudice In each Case the City did not oppose whatsoever therefore they have waived any Opposition to this motion.**

The City attorney has allowed “Prosecutor judge” Giordani to act in their stead as the adverse party and violating to Code by not even hearing the City attorney as to the four motions mentioned above. The Code of judicial conduct is clear beyond doubt:

“Rule 2.6. Ensuring the Right to Be Heard.

(A) A judge shall accord to every person who has a legal interest in a proceeding, or that person's lawyer, the right to be heard according to law.

(B) A judge may encourage parties to a proceeding and their lawyers to settle matters in dispute but shall not act in a manner that coerces any party into settlement.

COMMENT

[1] The right to be heard is an essential component of a fair and impartial system of justice. Substantive rights of litigants can be protected only if procedures protecting the right to be heard are observed.

[2] The judge plays an important role in overseeing the settlement of disputes, but should be careful that efforts to further settlement do not undermine any party's right to be heard according to law. The judge should keep in mind the effect that the judge's participation in settlement discussions may have, not only on the judge's own views of the case, but also on the perceptions of the lawyers and the parties if the case remains with the judge after settlement efforts are unsuccessful. Among the factors that a judge should consider when deciding upon an appropriate settlement practice for a case are whether: (1) the parties have requested or voluntarily consented to a certain level of participation by the judge in settlement discussions, (2) the parties and their counsel are relatively sophisticated in legal matters, (3) the case will be tried by the judge or a jury, (4) the parties participate with their counsel in settlement discussions, (5) any parties are unrepresented by counsel, and (6) the matter is civil or criminal.

[3] Judges must be mindful of the effect settlement discussions can have, not only on their objectivity and impartiality, but also on the appearance of their objectivity and impartiality. Despite a judge's best efforts, there may be instances when information obtained during settlement discussions could influence a judge's decision making during trial, and, in such instances, the judge should consider whether disqualification may be appropriate. See Rule 2.11(A)(1)."

Giordani made her decisions within 2 days or less of Kim filing a motion without hearing

from the city attorney. Giordanis clearly violated the code.

Nevertheless the City Attorney still had opportunity to file a response. Perhaps after the statute of limitations had run many weeks the City attorney might have been agreeable to having the matter dismissed with prejudice.

Because the city attorney did not oppose Kim's 4 other motions and this matter is reopened Kim files this as unopposed. See Exhibit C-EM docket search attached.

CONCLUSION

For the above reasons this motion must be heard immediately. Kim's very life is imminently threatened. This latest caller or others could at this moment be planning to Kill Kim as Charlie Kirk was killed. A complete dismissal with prejudice can stop horrors from happening.

1. This court must dismiss the complaint with prejudice.
2. Because Giordani did not challenge Kim's motion to disqualify Giordani must take no further action in this case or for that matter take any action in any case regarding Kim Blandino. Despite what Bert Brown may have ruled See **Rust v. Clark County School District**, 103 Nev. 686, 747 P.2d 1380 (1987) establishes that an oral pronouncement of judgment is not valid for any purpose in Nevada. Only a signed, written order filed with the court clerk is effective, and therefore only a written judgment can be appealed.
3. Judge Giordani must be directed to report herself to the NCJD and any judge hearing this matter must report Giordani to the NCJD in accord with Rule 2.15

Rule 2.15. Responding to Judicial and Lawyer Misconduct.

(A) A judge having knowledge that another judge has committed a violation of this Code that raises a substantial question regarding the judge's honesty, trustworthiness, or fitness as a judge in other respects shall inform the appropriate authority.

(B) A judge having knowledge that a lawyer has committed a violation of the Nevada Rules of Professional Conduct that raises a substantial question regarding the lawyer's honesty, trustworthiness, or fitness as a lawyer in other respects shall inform the appropriate authority.

(C) A judge who receives information indicating a substantial likelihood that another judge has committed a violation of this Code shall take appropriate action.

(D) A judge who receives information indicating a substantial likelihood that a lawyer has committed a violation of the Nevada Rules of Professional Conduct shall take appropriate action. (emphasis added).

4. Or in the alternative Kim must be allowed to have an evidentiary hearing to show conclusively that a fraud upon the court has been perpetrated and that leaving this "sword of Damocles" hanging over Kim's head for a year is unjust.
5. In the alternative to grant such other relief as is proper and just and speedy.

DATED this 5th day of May, 2026.



Kim Blandino
C/O 441 N 16th
Las Vegas Nevada 89101
702 219-5657
Kim 43792@earthlink.net

ASSEVERATION IN SUPPORT OF MOTION

I Kim Blandino state under penalty of perjury that I am over 70 years of age (outside the womb) and have read the foregoing and the same is true and correct except as to those matters of belief and belief and as to those matters Kim believes them to be true. And

(B) A judge having knowledge that a lawyer has committed a violation of the Nevada Rules of Professional Conduct that raises a substantial question regarding the lawyer's honesty, trustworthiness, or fitness as a lawyer in other respects shall inform the appropriate authority.

(C) A judge who receives information indicating a substantial likelihood that another judge has committed a violation of this Code shall take appropriate action.

(D) A judge who receives information indicating a substantial likelihood that a lawyer has committed a violation of the Nevada Rules of Professional Conduct shall take appropriate action. (emphasis added).

4. Or in the alternative Kim must be allowed to have an evidentiary hearing to show conclusively that a fraud upon the court has been perpetrated and that leaving this "sword of Damocles" hanging over Kim's head for a year is unjust.
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DATED this 5th day of May, 2026.



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702 219-5657
Kim 43792@earthlink.net

ASSEVERATION IN SUPPORT OF MOTION

I Kim Blandino state under penalty of perjury that I am over 70 years of age (outside the womb) and have read the foregoing and the same is true and correct except as to those matters of belief and belief and as to those matters Kim believes them to be true. And

EXHIBIT B-EM

ORIGINAL



JEFFRY M. DOROCAK
City Attorney
100 E. Clark Ave., 3rd floor
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CITY OF LAS VEGAS,

Plaintiff,

CASE NO.: 26-005437A

DEPT NO.: 1

vs.

KIM DENNIS BLANDINO
ID#: 363075

Defendant.

**NOTICE OF DISMISSAL WITHOUT
PREJUDICE PURSUANT TO
NRS 174.085(5)**

NRS 174.085(5) provides:

5. The prosecuting attorney, in a case that he has initiated, may voluntarily dismiss a complaint:

(a) Before a preliminary hearing if the crime with which the defendant is charged is a felony or gross misdemeanor; or

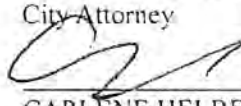
(b) Before trial if the crime with which the defendant is charged is a misdemeanor, *without prejudice* to the right to file another complaint, unless the State of Nevada has previously filed a complaint against the defendant which was dismissed at the request of the prosecuting attorney. After the dismissal, the court shall order the defendant released from custody or, if he is released on bail, exonerate the obligors and release any bail. (Emphasis added).

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the Plaintiff, City of Las Vegas, does hereby voluntarily dismiss the complaint against the above-captioned Defendant. As this is the first such voluntary dismissal against the Defendant, this Dismissal shall be without prejudice to the City's right to file another complaint against the Defendant within the one-year statute of limitations pursuant to NRS 174.085 as applied in Sheriff, Washoe County v. Marcus, 995 P.2d 1016 (2000).

Dated: February 26, 2026

JEFFRY M. DOROCAK
City Attorney

BY:


CARLENE HELBERT
Bar # 9830
DEPUTY CITY ATTORNEY

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on February 26, 2026, I forwarded a true and correct copy of the foregoing NOTICE OF DISMISSAL WITHOUT PREJUDICE PURSUANT TO NRS 174.085(5), via United States Mail, first-class postage prepaid, and via electronic transmission, to:

Kim Blandino
c/o 441 North 16th Street
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
Kim43792@earthlink.net



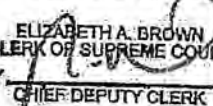
An employee of the City of Las Vegas

EXHIBIT B-EM

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

FILED

SEP 22 2025

ELIZABETH A. BROWN
CLERK OF SUPREME COURT
BY: 
CHIEF DEPUTY CLERK

In the Matter of)

THE HONORABLE ERIKA BALLOU,
District Court Judge, Eighth Judicial District
Court, Clark County, State of Nevada,)

Respondent.)

CASE NO. 91339

**CERTIFIED COPY OF FINDINGS OF FACT,
CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND IMPOSITION OF DISCIPLINE**

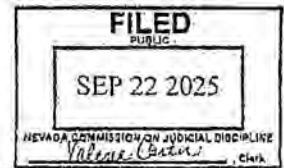
Pursuant to Commission Procedural Rule 28.2, I hereby certify that the document attached hereto is a true and correct copy of the FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND IMPOSITION OF DISCIPLINE filed with the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline on September 22, 2025.

DATED this 22nd day of September, 2025.

STATE OF NEVADA
COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL DISCIPLINE
P.O. Box 18123
Reno, NV 89511

By: 
PAUL C. DEYHLE
General Counsel and Executive Director
Nevada Bar No. 6954

25-41379



BEFORE THE NEVADA COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL DISCIPLINE

STATE OF NEVADA

In the Matter of)

THE HONORABLE ERIKA BALLOU,)
District Court Judge, Eighth Judicial District)
Court, Clark County, State of Nevada,)

Respondent.)

CASE NOS. 2024-103-P & 2024-105-P

FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND IMPOSITION OF DISCIPLINE

On April 24, 2025, Special Counsel for the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline ("Commission") filed Formal Statement of Charges ("FSOC") against the Honorable Erika Ballou, District Judge for the Eighth Judicial District Court, Clark County, Nevada ("Respondent") pursuant to NRS 1.467(5) alleging knowing or unknowing violations of the Revised Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct ("Code"). Respondent filed her Answer on May 14, 2025.

On May 20, 2025, the Commission's presiding officer issued a Prehearing Order establishing the rules and procedure for the handling of pre-trial issues, motions, and the submission of exhibits and evidence. On July 22nd and 23rd, 2025, Special Counsel filed his Prehearing Brief and Exhibits. Respondent failed to file her Prehearing Brief or her exhibits in accordance with the Prehearing Order. The day before the public hearing, Respondent submitted her exhibit list of 18 exhibits and 243 pages of documents.

On August 7, 2025, pursuant to NRS 1.4673 and PRJDC 18, the Commission conducted a public hearing on the FSOC at the office of the Nevada State Bar in Las Vegas, Nevada. Thomas C. Bradley, Esq. appeared as Special Counsel. Thomas F. Pitaro, Esq. appeared on behalf of Respondent, who was also present. Without objection, exhibits submitted by the Special Counsel were admitted into evidence. Special Counsel objected to the admission of Respondent's exhibits. The objection was sustained as to all exhibits except one as the exhibits were not submitted in accordance with the Prehearing Order.

///

1 Pursuant to PRJDC 28, the Commission sets forth the following findings of fact and conclusions
2 of law.

3 **A. JURISDICTION**

4 The Commission has jurisdiction to discipline a justice of the supreme court, a judge of the
5 court of appeals, a district court judge, a justice of the peace, or a municipal judge for violations of the
6 Code. *See* Nev. Const. art. 6, § 21, NRS 1.425 et seq.; *See also* Canon 1, Rule 1.1. Respondent was
7 sworn in as a district court judge on or about January 4, 2021, and continues to serve in that capacity.
8 All actions of Respondent alleged in the FSOC occurred while Respondent was serving as a district
9 court judge.

10 **B. FACTS**

11 The facts in this matter were proven by clear and convincing evidence through the Special
12 Counsel's exhibits, which were admitted by stipulation into evidence, and through testimony of
13 Respondent and Betsy Allen, Esq.

14 In 2021, Respondent conducted an evidentiary hearing on a Petition for a Writ of Habeas
15 Corpus ("Christman Petition") that had been filed by a criminal defendant named Mia Christman
16 ("Christman"). Christman had pleaded guilty to a felony offense in 2017 and was sentenced to a term of
17 imprisonment. In the Christman Petition, Christman asserted that she received ineffective assistance of
18 counsel during the sentencing phase of her case. Following the Christman Petition hearing, Respondent
19 granted the Christman Petition and ordered her released from custody on her own recognizance. The
20 State of Nevada appealed. On August 11, 2022, the Nevada Supreme Court reversed Respondent's
21 decision and ruled that the record did not support a finding that counsel performed ineffectively at
22 sentencing and that Christman had, therefore, failed to show relief was warranted. The Supreme Court
23 ordered the judgment of the district court be reversed and remanded the matter back to Respondent's
24 court for proceedings consistent with that order. Rather than enter an order denying the postconviction
25 habeas petition, however, Respondent scheduled another evidentiary hearing to allow Christman the
26 opportunity to present additional evidence.

27 On January 25, 2023, the State filed a Petition for a Writ of Mandamus ("State's Petition")
28 seeking an order directing Respondent to vacate the scheduled evidentiary hearing, enter judgment in

1 favor of the State, and to remand Christman into custody. On October 12, 2023, the Supreme Court
2 granted the State's Petition and ruled that Respondent failed to follow the Supreme Court's mandate.
3 The Supreme Court specifically ordered Respondent to enter judgment in favor of the State.
4 Respondent did not follow the Supreme Court's direct.

5 On April 24, 2024, the State filed a motion before the Supreme Court to enforce its previous
6 mandates. While that motion was pending in the Supreme Court, the State filed a motion in the district
7 court to recuse Respondent in Christman's underlying criminal case. In response, Christman filed a
8 motion to strike the recusal motion claiming that the motion should have been filed in her post-
9 conviction case. Without conceding that point or withdrawing the motion from the underlying criminal
10 case, on May 2, 2024, the State filed an additional motion to recuse Respondent in the post-conviction
11 case. While the State's motions to recuse were pending, Respondent granted Christman's motion to
12 strike the State's recusal motion.

13 On May 3, 2024, the Supreme Court directed the Chief Judge of the Eighth Judicial District
14 Court to reassign Christman's postconviction and underlying criminal case to a different district court
15 judge. The Supreme Court stated that upon reassignment of those cases, the newly appointed district
16 court judge should promptly comply with the Supreme Court's mandate outlined in its two prior
17 Christman orders. The Christman cases were reassigned to District Court Judge Johnson who
18 immediately entered judgment in favor of the State and remanded Christman into custody.

19 C. DISCUSSION

20 In the FSOC, Respondent is accused in six (6) counts of committing judicial misconduct under
21 the Code. Each count will be discussed in turn.

22 COUNT I

23 Count I alleges Respondent violated the Code of Judicial Conduct by failing or refusing to enter
24 judgment in favor of the State and by failing or refusing to remand defendant Christman into custody
25 after the Supreme Court reversed Respondent's Christman Petition ruling on August 11, 2022.

26 To this charge, Respondent claims she believed that she had the authority under the order of
27 remand to schedule an evidentiary hearing as the Supreme Court's use of the words "ORDER the
28 judgment of the district court REVERSED AND REMAND this matter to the district court for

1 proceedings consistent with this order" "could mean a lot of things." The Commission finds this
2 argument unpersuasive, particularly given testimony adduced at the hearing established that
3 Respondent was a seasoned criminal defense attorney prior to taking the bench and, therefore,
4 understood criminal procedure. As the Supreme Court stated in its subsequent Order granting the
5 State's Petition, "the district court manifestly abused its discretion by clearly erring in interpreting this
6 court's mandate, and it capriciously exercised its discretion by acting contrary to well established rule
7 of law." See Special Counsel's Exhibit 5, *Order Granting Petition*, p.5.

8 By a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds that Special Counsel proved by clear and convincing
9 evidence that Respondent violated the Code as alleged in Count I of the FSOC. Specifically, that
10 Respondent,

11 Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.1 (requiring a judge to comply with the
12 law, including the Code itself);

13 Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.2, (requiring a judge to act at all times in
14 a manner that promotes public confidence in the independence, integrity, and impartiality of the
15 judiciary and to avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety);

16 Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.2 (requiring a judge to uphold and apply
17 the law and perform all duties of judicial office fairly and impartially); and

18 Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.5 (requiring a judge to perform judicial
19 and administrative duties competently and diligently).

20 Furthermore, by a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds by clear and convincing evidence that
21 Respondent's violations were knowing and deliberate under NRS 1.4653(5)(b)(2).

22 COUNT II

23 Count II alleges Respondent violated the Code of Judicial Conduct by failing to enter judgement
24 in favor of the State and remand defendant Christman into custody after the Supreme Court granted the
25 State's Petition on October 12, 2023.

26 To this charge, Respondent claims the Supreme Court's order was clear but did not say by when
27 Respondent must do so. The Commission finds this unpersuasive. As the Supreme Court noted in its
28 Order directing the removal of Respondent from the Christman cases, "although the writ of mandamus

1 issued in this matter did not state a specific time for the district court to enter a judgment in the state's
2 favor, that writ was peremptory in nature and thus NRS 34.190(2) and (3) contemplate that the district
3 court would do the act required by the writ immediately after receipt of the writ." See Special Counsel's
4 Exhibit 10, *Order Denying Motion*, p.3.

5 By a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds that Special Counsel proved by clear and convincing
6 evidence that Respondent violated the Code as alleged in Count II of the FSOC. Specifically, that
7 Respondent,

8 Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.1 (requiring a judge to comply with the
9 law, including the Code itself);

10 Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.2, (requiring a judge to act at all times in
11 a manner that promotes public confidence in the independence, integrity, and impartiality of the
12 judiciary and to avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety);

13 Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.2 (requiring a judge to uphold and apply
14 the law and perform all duties of judicial office fairly and impartially); and

15 Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.5 (requiring a judge to perform judicial
16 and administrative duties competently and diligently).

17 Furthermore, by a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds by clear and convincing evidence that
18 Respondent's violations were knowing and deliberate under NRS 1.4653(5)(b)(2).

19 COUNT III

20 Count III alleges Respondent violated the Code of Judicial Conduct by failing to follow the law
21 and take no action on a matter after the State filed motions to recuse or disqualify Respondent from the
22 Christman matters.

23 As to this charge, Respondent contends she was not required to stay the case as she was never
24 properly served with the State's affidavit. This is an incorrect statement of the law. A filed affidavit
25 seeking disqualification must be served on the judge sought to be disqualified. NRS 1.235(5). While
26 failure to properly serve a judge with the affidavit may be sufficient grounds for a reviewing judge
27 (other than the judge sought to be disqualified) to dismiss the motion to disqualify, it does not follow
28 that Respondent has the authority to make that ruling herself. Indeed, once a motion to disqualify is

1 filed, a judge must proceed no further with the case. NRS 1.235(6) (*emphasis added*). The statute
2 requires only the *filing* of the affidavit, not the *service* of it, to trigger the requirement that the judge
3 pause the proceedings. Additionally, the Commission notes Respondent had actual notice of the
4 pending recusal motion because it was the subject of Respondent's minute order striking the motion.

5 Respondent further alleges she did not commit misconduct because it is her duty to rule on
6 motions before the court and the attorney in the Christman case filed a motion to strike the State's
7 motion to disqualify. Respondent's argument is unpersuasive. It is axiomatic that a judge must follow
8 the law. *See* Canon 1, Rule 1.1. As such, when the law requires a judge to halt proceedings pending
9 resolution of a motion to disqualify, that is what a judge must do, irrespective of other pending motions.

10 Furthermore, the Commission notes Respondent granted Christman's motion to strike the day
11 after it was filed. The record does not reflect any opportunity to be heard or to cure the alleged
12 defective document given by Respondent to the State prior to her ruling. Although this is a likely
13 violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.6(A) (providing a judge shall accord every person who has a
14 legal interest in a proceeding the right to be heard), this charge was not formally before the
15 Commission.

16 By a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds that Special Counsel proved by clear and convincing
17 evidence that Respondent violated the Code as alleged in Count III of the FSOC. Specifically, that
18 Respondent,

19 Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.1 (requiring a judge to comply with the
20 law, including the Code itself);

21 Committed a violation of Canon 1 of the Code, Rule 1.2, (requiring a judge to act at all times in
22 a manner that promotes public confidence in the independence, integrity, and impartiality of the
23 judiciary and to avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety);

24 Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.2 (requiring a judge to uphold and apply
25 the law and perform all duties of judicial office fairly and impartially); and

26 Committed a violation of Canon 2 of the Code, Rule 2.5 (requiring a judge to perform judicial
27 and administrative duties competently and diligently).

28 ///

1 Furthermore, by a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent's
2 violations were knowing and deliberate under NRS 1.4653(5)(b)(2).

3 COUNT IV

4 Count IV alleges Respondent violated the Code of Judicial Conduct by ruling on defendant
5 Christman's motion to modify sentence after the State had filed its motion to recuse Respondent.

6 Special Counsel conceded this Count was not proven by clear and convincing evidence due to
7 issues related to the timing of Respondent's minute order on Christman's motion to modify sentence
8 and the alleged lack of notice of the affidavit on Respondent.

9 By a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds that Special Counsel did not prove by clear and convincing
10 evidence that Respondent violated the Code as alleged in Count IV of the FSOC.

11 COUNT V

12 Count V alleges Respondent violated the Code of Judicial Conduct by exhibiting clear bias in
13 the Christman matters. To this charge, Respondent attests she was not biased but rather showed
14 compassion in her rulings and in not wanting Christman's baby to be placed in the custody of Child
15 Protective Services if it were avoidable.

16 Where the alleged bias originates from a judge's performance of her judicial duties, rather than
17 from an external source, the party alleging bias must show the judge's opinion displays a deep-seated
18 favoritism or antagonism that would make fair judgment impossible. *Canarelli v. Eighth Judicial*
19 *District Court*, 138 Nev. 104, 108 (2022) citing *Liteky v. United States*, 510 U.S. 540, 555 (1994).

20 While proof of Respondent's repeated failure to follow the law was clear and convincing in this
21 matter, evidence that her actions were driven by such a deep-seated favoritism as to constitute
22 impermissible bias was not. That said, while compassion may be a virtue to a judicial officer, it should
23 never be used as a license or an excuse to violate the law.

24 By a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds that Special Counsel did not prove by clear and convincing
25 evidence that Respondent violated the Code as alleged in Count V of the FSOC.

26 COUNT VI

27 Count VI alleges Respondent violated the Code of Judicial Conduct by failing to cooperate with
28 the Commission's investigator and timely schedule an in-person interview. To this charge, Respondent

1 attests she was not being uncooperative. Respondent testified she was in a jury trial when the
2 investigator called and upon the trial's conclusion, Respondent immediately went on a pre-scheduled
3 vacation for two weeks. Based on the evidence submitted, the Commission does not find this to
4 constitute failure to cooperate under the Code.

5 By a 7-0 vote, the Commission finds that Special Counsel did not prove by clear and convincing
6 evidence that Respondent violated the Code as alleged in Count VI of the FSOC.

7 **D. IMPOSITION OF DISCIPLINE**

8 The Commission may remove a judge, publicly censure a judge, or impose other forms of
9 discipline on a judge if the Commission determines that the judge has committed willful misconduct,
10 NRS 1.4653(1)(a). Willful misconduct, as it applies in this matter, is a knowing or deliberate violation
11 of one or more of the provisions of the Revised Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct. NRS
12 1.4653(5)(b)(2). The Commission may publicly censure a judge or impose other forms of discipline on
13 a judge if the Commission determines that the judge has violated one or more of the provisions of the
14 Code in a manner that is not knowing or deliberate. NRS 1.4653(2). Other forms of discipline include:
15 public admonishment, reprimand or censure of a judge; imposition of a fine; suspension from office
16 without pay; requiring a judge to complete a probationary period, attend training or educational courses,
17 follow a remedial course of action, issue a public apology, comply with conditions or limitations on
18 future conduct, or seek medical, psychiatric or psychological care or counseling; bar the judge from
19 serving in a judicial office in the future or impose any other reasonable disciplinary action or
20 combination of disciplinary actions that the Commission determines will curtail or remedy the
21 misconduct of the judge. NRS 1.4677(1).

22 NOW THEREFORE, pursuant to subsections 5(a) and (b) of Article 6, Section 21 of the
23 Constitution of the State of Nevada, NRS 1.4653(1)(a), NRS 1.4677, and PRJDC 28, after due
24 deliberation and consideration of the evidence presented and taking into consideration the totality of
25 Respondent's actions, by a 7 to 0 vote, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED:

- 26 **1. Respondent is SUSPENDED from the exercise of judicial office, without salary, for**
27 **a period of eighteen (18) months.**

28 ///

1 2. Imposition of twelve (12) months of that sanction is hereby suspended and
2 Respondent is placed on probation for a period of two (2) years on the following terms and
3 conditions:

4 a. Respondent shall be SUSPENDED from the exercise of judicial office,
5 without salary, for a period of six (6) months effective as of 12:01 a.m. on
6 September 23, 2025.

7 b. Before returning to the bench, Respondent shall complete, at her own
8 expense, a specialized remedial training program with the National Judicial College
9 ("NJC"). This training program will be developed and administered by NJC staff
10 and/or associated professionals and specifically customized and tailored to
11 Respondent's misconduct and Code violations as set forth in this Order.
12 Respondent shall make herself available and fully cooperate with the NJC in
13 completing this training program in a timely manner.

14 c. Respondent shall have no further violations of the law or of the Code of
15 Judicial Conduct while on probation.

16 In Favor: Commissioner Chair Stefanie Humphrey, Commissioner Vice-Chair John Krmpotic,
17 Presiding Officer Hon. David Hardy; Commissioner Karl Armstrong, Esq., Commissioner Hon.
18 Thomas Gregory, Commissioner Patricia Halstead, Esq., and Commissioner Joseph Sanford

19 Opposed: None

20 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Commission Chair is authorized to sign this document on
21 behalf of all voting Commissioners.

22 DATED this 22nd day of September, 2025.

23 STATE OF NEVADA
24 COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL DISCIPLINE
25 P.O. Box 18123
26 Reno, NV 89511

26 By: Stefanie Humphrey
27 STEFANIE HUMPHREY
28 COMMISSION CHAIR

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Tom Pitaro, Esq.
Attorney at Law
601 S. Las Vegas Blvd. South
Las Vegas, NV 89101
pitaro@gmail.com
Respondent's Counsel

Valerie Carter
Valerie Carter, Commission Clerk

EXHIBIT C-EM

Case Docket Search

Printed 4/24/26



Las Vegas Municipal Court
100 E. Clark Ave.
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
38-COURT (702-382-6878)

Mailing Address:
P.O. Box 3920
Las Vegas, Nevada 89127

DOCKET

THE CITY OF LAS VEGAS

Plaintiff,

vs.

KIM BLANDINO

Defendant

Case Number: **26-005437**
History Number: **65295**
SCOPE: **0363075**
Violation Date: **1/8/2026**
Case Status: **OPEN**
Status Date: **4/13/2026**
Next Court Date: **5/6/2026 9:30 AM**

Case Proceeding

Date	Proceeding
1/16/2026 12:00 AM	Dept 1 Arraignment - Rescheduled
1/16/2026 9:48 AM	Citation Filed Accepted
1/16/2026 9:48 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 02/09/2026 13:00 - Arraignment - Arraignment
1/16/2026 9:48 AM	Scheduled: Dept 1 02/10/2026 13:00 - Arraignment - Arraignment
2/10/2026 1:31 PM	Arraignment - Attendance: Defendant
2/10/2026 1:31 PM	Dept 1 Arraignment - Completed
2/10/2026 1:40 PM	Scheduled: Dept 6 02/18/2026 13:00 - Arraignment - Arraignment
2/17/2026 7:52 AM	Motion - Miscellaneous Filed Accepted
2/24/2026 12:25 PM	Scheduled: Dept 6 03/12/2026 09:30 - Motion - Motion
2/26/2026 9:57 AM	Motion - Attendance: Neither - Attorney & Defendant
2/26/2026 9:57 AM	Dept 6 Motion - Vacated
2/26/2026 9:58 AM	Arraignment - Attendance: Defendant
2/26/2026 9:58 AM	Dept 6 Arraignment - Completed
2/26/2026 9:59 AM	Scheduled: Dept 6 03/18/2026 08:15 - PreTrial - PA - Pre-Trial
2/26/2026 12:21 PM	Dept 6 PreTrial - PA - Vacated
2/26/2026 12:21 PM	PreTrial - PA - Attendance: Neither - Attorney & Defendant

Date	Proceeding
3/2/2026 7:40 AM	Scheduled: Dept 6 03/12/2026 09:30 - Motion - Motion
3/2/2026 3:50 PM	Motion - Attendance: Neither - Attorney & Defendant
3/2/2026 3:50 PM	Dept 6 Motion - Vacated
3/9/2026 7:08 AM	Scheduled: Dept 6 03/19/2026 09:30 - Motion - Motion
3/9/2026 2:57 PM	Motion - Attendance: Neither - Attorney & Defendant
3/9/2026 2:57 PM	Dept 6 Motion - Vacated
3/16/2026 7:04 AM	Scheduled: Dept 6 03/23/2026 09:30 - Motion - Motion
3/16/2026 3:45 PM	Dept 6 Motion - Vacated
3/16/2026 3:45 PM	Motion - Attendance: Neither - Attorney & Defendant
3/19/2026 7:15 AM	Scheduled: Dept 6 04/01/2026 09:30 - Motion - Motion
3/23/2026 3:24 PM	Dept 6 Motion - Vacated
3/23/2026 3:24 PM	Motion - Attendance: Neither - Attorney & Defendant
3/31/2026 7:06 AM	Scheduled: Dept 6 04/13/2026 09:30 - Motion - Motion
4/1/2026 11:21 AM	Motion - Miscellaneous Filed Accepted
4/1/2026 11:25 AM	Motion - Attendance: Neither - Attorney & Defendant
4/1/2026 11:25 AM	Dept 6 Motion - Vacated
4/13/2026 11:11 AM	Scheduled: Dept 6 05/06/2026 09:30 - Motion - Motion

Count 1

Original Violation	Current/Final Violation	Disposition	Disposed Date
Battery (Criminal-200.481.1)	Battery (Criminal-200.481.1)	Dismissed: Per City Attorney	2/26/2026 12:00 AM
Date	Proceedings		
1/8/2026 10:28 AM	Case Created		
1/16/2026 9:48 AM	Charge Filed		
1/26/2026 3:08 PM	Motion - Miscellaneous Filed Granted		
2/17/2026 3:52 PM	Order to Recuse Filed Accepted		
2/18/2026 12:00 AM	Plea Added - Not Guilty		
2/24/2026 12:18 PM	Motion - Miscellaneous Filed Denied		
2/26/2026 12:00 AM	Disposition: Before Trial Dismissed: Per City Attorney		
3/2/2026 7:36 AM	Motion - Miscellaneous Filed Denied		
3/2/2026 1:45 PM	Motion - Miscellaneous Filed Accepted		

Date	Proceedings
3/9/2026 7:07 AM	Petition for Order to Vacate Filed Denied
3/9/2026 2:54 PM	Motion - Miscellaneous Filed Accepted
3/12/2026 4:10 PM	Motion - Miscellaneous Filed Accepted
3/16/2026 7:11 AM	Motion - Miscellaneous Filed Denied
3/19/2026 7:17 AM	Motion - Miscellaneous Filed Denied
3/19/2026 7:18 AM	Motion - Miscellaneous Filed Denied
3/23/2026 2:46 PM	Motion - Miscellaneous Filed Accepted
3/31/2026 7:04 AM	Motion - Miscellaneous Filed Denied
4/13/2026 9:17 AM	Motion - Miscellaneous Filed Accepted
4/13/2026 9:22 AM	Motion - Miscellaneous Filed Accepted
4/16/2026 7:40 AM	Motion - Miscellaneous Filed Filed in Error

Exhibit 19

ORIGINAL

KIM BLANDINO PECULIAR PRO SE
Nevada Bar No. None
C/O 441 N. 16th St
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
(702) 219-5657
No Fax
Kim43792@earthlink.net



**LAS VEGAS MUNICIPAL COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

CITY OF LAS VEGAS

Plaintiff,

Case No. 26-029641

Dept. No. 6

-vs-

5/6/26 @ 9:30am

KIM BLANDINO

Defendant

SECOND MOTION TO DISQUALIFY JUDGE GIORDANI IN CASE 26-029641
IN ACCORD WITH NRS 1.230, 1.235 AND/OR RULE 2.11 IN OF THE NEVADA
REVISED CODE OF JUDICIAL CONDUCT (REASONABLE MINDS WOULD
QUESTION STANDARD) AND/OR *Rippo v. Baker*, 580 U.S. 285, 137 S. Ct. 905, 197 L. Ed.
2d 376 (2017) (RISK OF BIAS STANDARD) AND/OR (THE DEEP SEATED
ANTAGONISM STANDARD) NEW FACTS AND CIRCUMSTANCES DEMAND A
SECOND MOTION

COMES NOW, Kim Blandino ("Kim") to file this SECOND MOTION TO
DISQUALIFY JUDGE GIORDANI IN CASE 26-029641 IN ACCORD WITH NRS 1.230,
1.235 AND/OR RULE 2.11 IN OF THE NEVADA REVISED CODE OF JUDICIAL

CONDUCT (REASONABLE MINDS WOULD QUESTION STANDARD) AND/OR *Rippo v. Baker*, 580 U.S. 285, 137 S. Ct. 905, 197 L. Ed. 2d 376 (2017) (RISK OF BIAS STANDARD) AND/OR (THE DEEP SEATED ANTAGONISM STANDARD) NEW FACTS AND CIRCUMSTANCES DEMAND A SECOND MOTION

This motion is based on all of the papers and pleadings on file in this case and in case 26-005437 and is made pursuant to all of the law and case law relating to disqualification issues and to the Nevada Revised Code of Judicial Conduct (Code) and specifically Rule 2.11 which Judge Matthew Walker of this court has previously disqualified himself from Kim's case in 26-005437 citing this Rule.

This motion is made out of necessity and made pursuant to among other authorities *Rippo v. Baker*, 580 U.S. 285, 137 S. Ct. 905, 197 L. Ed. 2d 376 (2017) *Debiparshad v. Dist. Ct 499 P.3d 597 2021* and *Rust v. Clark County School District (103 Nev. 16, 731 P.2d 381)*:

INTRODUCTION

Kim appeared specially and not generally under threat of a Bench warrant appeared in Las Vegas Municipal Court Department 1 Matthew Walker ("Walker") presiding ON Feb. 10, 2026. Kim appeared by special appearance because of a green colored post card that Kim received in the U.S Mail at C/O 441 N16th Street L.V. Nv. 89101. Kim appeared by special appearance because of a green colored post card that Kim received in the U.S Mail at C/O 441 N16th Street L.V. Nv. 89101. The video of this hearing is at published by Our Nevada Judges ("ONJ") at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o69qTuWdZ-I&t=189s> Kim was set for a calendaring hearing by Walker's order and again under threat of a bench warrant should Kim not appear on Feb. 18, 2026.

Because Judge Giordani ("Giordani") did not assign herself to the actual case until Feb.

18, 2026 Kim filed a motion to disqualify within the time frame of NRS 1.235(motion must be filed within 10 days of assignment).Kim told Giordani in open court that this Motion would be filed on Feb 18 the video of this by ONJ is at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OLdjoDg6ots> . Kim appeared specially and not generally. Kim was also threatened with warrant for not showing up on Feb. 18, 2026.

On March 12, 2026 Kim filed an **EMERGENCY MOTION TO VACATE THE ORDER OF MARCH 2,2026 BY JUDGE GIORDANI AS VOID AND TO REOPEN CASE AS ORIGINALLY MOTIONED FOR MUST BE DOCKETED TO JUDGE BERT BROWN WHO IS THE MUNICIPAL JUDGE HAVING THE GREATEST NUMBER OF YEARS OF SERVICE PURSUANT TO NRS 1.235 (7) (c)** in Case 26-005437.

Again, Giordani willfully, illegally signed and filed an order denying this on March 16, 2026 and the hearing set for March 23 2026 was vacated by Giordani.

Giordani filed 3 other orders against Kim who was seeking to obtain a dismissal with prejudice of the malicious and false Battery complaint that had already been dismissed without prejudice by notice from the City attorney this was filed on Feb. 26 two days after Kim filed a motion to disqualify Giordani on Feb 24 in case 26-005437.

This instant case is filed by Hans Jessup who is not a licensed attorney in retaliation for Kim exercising his God given rights to petition for redress of grievances, act as a free press and news reporter and to freely exercise and establish his religious beliefs and practices.

FACTS AND ARGUMENT

All of the facts and law and case law contained in the other motions to disqualify Giordani in this case and the 26-005437 case and all other filings from Kim are applicable to this motion

and are hereby incorporated into this motion by this reference.

1. KIM HAS REPORTED GIORDANI TO LAW ENFORCEMENT FOR CRIMES THAT GIORDANI HAS COMMITTED AGAINST KIM AND HAS FILED AND RECEIVED BACK VERIFICATION THAT KIM'S FIRST COMPLAINT (There are at present 1 to 3 other complaints to be filed) WITH THE NEVADA COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL DISCIPLINE ("NCJD") AGAINST GIORDANI FOR HER MISCONDUCT IS IN FACT IN PROCESS AND THEY ARE INVESTIGATING

Giordani willfully, illegally signed and filed an order denying this on March 16, 2026 and the hearing set for March 23, 2026 was vacated by Giordani. This has come to the point that Giordani is in violation of the criminal laws as shown below. NRS 200.50091 states;

"NRS 200.5091 Policy of State. It is the policy of this State to provide for the cooperation of law enforcement officials, courts of competent jurisdiction and all appropriate state agencies providing human services in identifying the abuse, neglect, exploitation, isolation and abandonment of older persons and vulnerable persons through the complete reporting of abuse, neglect, exploitation, isolation and abandonment of older persons and vulnerable persons. (emphasis added)

(Added to NRS by 1981, 1334; A 1997, 1348; 2005, 1107; 2015, 804)

Older person is defined as:

" 6. "Older person" means a person who is 60 years of age or older."
NRS200.5092(6)

"2. "Abuse" means willful:

(a) Infliction of pain or injury on an older person or a vulnerable person;

(b) Deprivation of food, shelter, clothing or services which are necessary to maintain the physical or mental health of an older person or a vulnerable person;

(c) Infliction of psychological or emotional anguish, pain or distress on an older person or a vulnerable person through any act, including, without limitation:

(1) Threatening, controlling or socially isolating the older person or vulnerable person;

(2) Disregarding the needs of the older person or vulnerable person; or

(3) Harming, damaging or destroying any property of the older person or vulnerable person, including, without limitation, pets;

(d) Nonconsensual sexual contact with an older person or a vulnerable person, including, without limitation:

(1) An act that the older person or vulnerable person is unable to understand or to which the older person or vulnerable person is unable to communicate his or her objection; or

(2) Intentional touching, either directly or through the clothing, of the genitalia, anus, groin, breast, inner thigh or buttocks of the older person or vulnerable person; or

(e) Permitting any of the acts described in paragraphs (a) to (d), inclusive, to be committed against an older person or a vulnerable person.” (emphasis and caps added)

NRS 197.200 states:

NRS 197.200 Oppression under color of office.

1. An officer, or a person pretending to be an officer, who unlawfully and maliciously, under pretense or color of official authority:

(a) Arrests or detains a person against the person’s will;

(b) Seizes or levies upon another’s property;

(c) Dispossesses another of any lands or tenements; or

(d) Does any act whereby the person, property or rights of another person are injured,

Ê commits oppression.

2. An officer or person committing oppression shall be punished:

(a) Where physical force or the immediate threat of physical force is used, for a category D felony as provided in NRS 193.130.

(b) Where no physical force or immediate threat of physical force is used, for a gross misdemeanor.

[1911 C&P § 541; RL § 6806; NCL § 10487]—(NRS A 1967, 462; 1995, 1172)

18 U.S.C. Section 242 states:

“Whoever, under color of any law, statute, ordinance, regulation, or custom, willfully subjects any person in any State, Territory, Commonwealth, Possession, or District to the deprivation of any rights, privileges, or immunities secured or protected by the Constitution or laws of the United States, or to different punishments, pains, or penalties, on account of such person being an alien, or by reason of his color, or race, than are prescribed for the punishment of citizens, shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than one year, or both; and if bodily injury results from the acts committed in violation of this section or if such acts include the use, attempted use, or threatened use of a dangerous weapon, explosives, or fire, shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than ten years, or both; and if death results from the acts committed in violation of this section or if such acts include kidnapping or an attempt to kidnap, aggravated sexual abuse, or an attempt to commit aggravated sexual abuse, or an attempt to kill, shall be fined under this title, or imprisoned for any term of years or for life, or both, or may be sentenced to death.

(June 25, 1948, ch. 645, 62 Stat. 696; Pub. L. 90-284, title I, § 103(b), Apr. 11, 1968, 82 Stat. 75; Pub. L. 100-690, title VII, § 7019, Nov. 18, 1988, 102 Stat. 4396; Pub. L. 103-322, title VI, § 60006(b), title XXXII, §§ 320103(b), 320201(b), title XXXIII, § 330016(1)(H), Sept. 13, 1994, 108 Stat. 1970, 2109, 2113, 2147; Pub. L. 104-294, title VI, §§ 604(b)(14)(B), 607(a), Oct. 11, 1996, 110 Stat. 3507, 3511.)

Kim is a person under the statute and the courts have stated that one has the right to have an unbiased judge or even any risk of bias to determine the case or controversy. See Rippo v. Baker is 580 U.S. 285 (2017).

NRS 1.235 states in pertinent part:

"6. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 7, the judge against whom an affidavit alleging bias or prejudice is filed SHALL PROCEED NO FURTHER with the matter and shall:

(a) If the judge is a district judge, immediately transfer the case to another department of the court, if there is more than one department of the court in the district, or request the judge of another district court to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter;

(b) If the judge is a justice of the peace, immediately arrange for another justice of the peace to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter as provided pursuant to NRS 4.032, 4.340 or 4.345, as applicable; or

(c) If the judge is a municipal judge, immediately arrange for another municipal judge to preside at the trial or hearing of the matter as provided pursuant to NRS 5.023 or 5.024, as applicable.

7. A judge may challenge an affidavit alleging bias or prejudice by filing a written answer with the clerk of the court within 5 judicial days after the affidavit is served, admitting or denying any or all of the allegations contained in the affidavit and setting forth any additional facts which bear on the question of the judge's disqualification. The question of the judge's disqualification must thereupon be heard and determined by a judge appointed:

(a) If the judge is a district judge, by the presiding judge of the judicial district in judicial districts having more than one judge, or if the presiding judge of the judicial district is sought to be disqualified, by the judge having the greatest number of years of service;

(b) If the judge is a justice of the peace, by the presiding judge of the justice court in justice courts having more than one justice of the peace, or if the presiding judge is sought to be disqualified, by the justice of the peace having the greatest number of years of service;

(c) If the judge is a municipal judge, by the presiding judge of the municipal court in municipal courts having more than one municipal judge, or **if the presiding judge is sought to be disqualified, by the municipal judge having the greatest number of years of service; or**

(d) If there is no presiding judge, by the Supreme Court.

(Added to NRS by 1977, 767; A 1979, 59, 393; 1981, 319, 872; 2011, 9; 2013, 1711; 2017, 272; 2023, 2596)”

Kim has filed a complaint with the NCJD and has received back acknowledgement from the NCJD that this complaint is proceeding forward and has not been summarily dismissed Kim in fact attached a copy of this complaint was attached to the **EMERGENCY NOTICE TO JUDGE BERT BROWN AND JUDGE GIORDANI THAT KIM BLANDINO HAS PREPARED A COMPLAINT TO THE NEVADA COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL DISCIPLINE (“NCJD”) READY FOR SUBMISSION AGAINST GIORDANI AND IS ATTACHED AS EXHIBIT A AND THAT KIM MUST DO EVERY THING IN KIM’S POWER TO SEE THAT GIORDANI IS SUSPENDED WITHOUT PAY BY THE NCJD AND THEN REMOVED FROM OFFICE FOR DOING THE SAME TYPE OF THING AS JUDGE ERIKA BALLOU, IN PROCEEDING FURTHER IN CASE 26-005437** filed in this case on April 20, 2026 as exhibit A.

The Notice received back from the NCJD is attached as Exhibit 1. Kim has noted that this is the complaint sent to the NCJD from Kim that was attached to the notice above.

Therefore, you Giordani have not only violated the Code you have acted criminally. Kim just now got off the phone with Lt. Marcus Diaz and he will confirm that he was the law enforcement that Kim asked to issue a citation or make an arrest for the repeated criminal violations above.

Kim told Lt. Diaz that Kim as soon as time is available will be contacting LVMPD and/or the DOJ for the violation of federal criminal law by violating Kim’s civil rights and abusing an elderly person.

Giordani is willfully and maliciously violating the law and is apparently taking a sadistic prosecutorial delight is abusing Kim and holding that she is above the code and the law and even

above God and that she can do whatever she wishes in her position as Judge.

The law is absolutely clear that once a motion to disqualify is filed a judge can do nothing in that case until the matter is adjudicated. See Debiparshad above:

We conclude that once a motion to disqualify is filed by a party, the subject judge can take no further action in the case until the motion to disqualify is resolved. The NCJC requires a judge to “act at all times in a manner that promotes public confidence in the independence, integrity, and impartiality of the judiciary and [to] avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety.” NCJC Rule 1.2. When a “judge’s impartiality might reasonably be questioned,” *696 the judge must disqualify himself or herself from the proceeding. NCJC Rule 2.11(A). Any motion for disqualification filed pursuant to NCJC Rule 2.11 after the deadline established by NRS 1.235(1) must be timely under *Towbin Dodge* and based on new information learned or observed after the cutoff date, information which was not otherwise known or ascertainable by the moving party. **602 *Towbin Dodge*, 121 Nev. at 260-61, 112 P.3d at 1069-70. The disqualification motion must be adjudicated before the trial proceedings may continue. Consistent with his or her duties under the NCJC to avoid the appearance of impropriety, a judge should suspend proceedings and refrain from taking further substantive action in the case once a party moves to disqualify the judge. *Debiparshad v. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct. in & for Cnty. of Clark*, 137 Nev. 691, 695–96, 499 P.3d 597, 601–02 (2021) (emphasis added)

Kim is suffering greatly because of Giordani’s criminal acts Kim is experiencing emotional anguish pain or distress. Kim is having trouble sleeping and concentrating on work and being able to sit at a computer, hours on end. That Knowing that a sitting judge can commit so blatant crimes while on the bench but forbidden by law to proceed forward in the case and Kim has to endure this suffering and knowing that Giordani now because of her criminal acts causes Kim more work. This is like Clarence Thomas said a “high tech lynching.

Giordani has also demonstrated that she has man-hatred. This ground alone establishes an impermissible risk of bias.

2.THE FIRST MOTION TO DISQUALIFY GIORDANI IN THIS CASE HAS NOT BEEN RESOLVED THE “HEARING” THAT JUDGE BROWN CONDUCTED ON

APRIL 20, 2026 ON THE MOTION IS STILL UNDER CONSIDERATION BY JUDGE BROWN AND KIM INTENDS TO FILE A MOTION TO RECONSIDER IF JUDGE BROWN HOLDS TO HIS ORAL PRONOUNCEMENT

Rust v. Clark County School District (103 Nev. 16, 731 P.2d 381) could not be more clear:

“Jurisdictional rules go to the very power of this court to act. They must, accordingly, be clear and absolute in order to give all fair notice of what is required to bring a matter properly before this court. Indeed, a timely notice of appeal divests the district court of jurisdiction to act and vests jurisdiction in this court. *See Wilmurth v. District Court*, 80 Nev. 337, 393 P.2d 302 (1964). **Prior to the entry of a final judgment the district court remains free to reconsider and issue a written judgment different from its oral pronouncement.** *See Tener v. Babcock*, 97 Nev. 369, 632 P.2d 1140 (1981); *Lagrange Constr. v. Del E. Webb Corp.*, 83 Nev. 524, 435 P.2d 515 (1967); *see also Rae v. All American Life & Cas. Co.*, 95 Nev. 920, 605 P.2d 196 (1979). *Rust v. Clark Cnty. Sch. Dist.*, 103 Nev. 686, 688, 747 P.2d 1380, 1382 (1987) (emphasis added)

And:

An oral pronouncement of judgment is not valid for any purpose, NRCP 58(c); therefore, only a written judgment has any effect, and only a written judgment may be appealed. *See Tener v. Babcock*, 97 Nev. 369, 632 P.2d 1140 (1981); *Fitzharris v. Phillips*, 74 Nev. 371, 333 P.2d 721 (1958). **The district court's oral pronouncement from the bench, the clerk's minute order, and even an unfiled written order are ineffective for any purpose and cannot be appealed.** *See Farnham v. Farnham*, 80 Nev. 180, 391 P.2d 26 (1964); *Musso v. Triplett*, 78 Nev. 355, 372 P.2d 687 (1962). Appellant, rather than filing a premature notice of appeal, should have requested a written judgment from the district court. At the very least, appellant should have filed an amended notice of appeal after the written judgment was entered on March 6, 1985. Further, we are not persuaded that counsel for respondents acted improperly in any way by seeking a written order from the district court. *Rust v. Clark Cnty. Sch. Dist.*, 103 Nev. 686, 689, 747 P.2d 1380, 1382 (1987) (emphasis added)

As stated above Kim intends to ask for reconsideration of a written decision of Judge Brown (“Brown”) if he maintains his oral pronouncement in a written order. However, as **Rust** states so clearly Brown is free to reconsider his decision until a written, signed and filed order is served on

Kim. Therefore Brown's oral decision is under potential reconsideration.

Kim must note that Las Vegas Municipal Court did not use to be a court of record and that any appeal to the district court was a trial de novo. It appears to Kim that Las Vegas Municipal Court wants the "benefits" of being a court of record without actually performing the responsibilities of being a court of record. Judge Walker was not going to initially give Kim a written order of his disqualification only when Kim insisted upon it did Walker do a written signed and filed order. See video <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vKcwxMoyiuw> see time reference 10:09.

Therefore, Kim's first motion to disqualify in this case has not been resolved and if Brown violates the law and acts outside it and the Code, Kim intends to ask for a stay and to seek extraordinary relief just as doctor Debiparshad did:

In this original writ petition, we are asked to determine the validity of a district court judge's order entered while a motion to disqualify that judge was pending. We conclude that, once a party files a motion to disqualify a judge pursuant to the Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct, that judge can take no further action in the case until the motion to disqualify is resolved. Further, if the motion is granted and the judge is disqualified, any order entered by the judge after the motion to disqualify was filed is void. Debiparshad v. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct. in & for Cnty. of Clark, 137 Nev. 691, 691, 499 P.3d 597, 599 (2021) (emphasis added)

Judge Bown therefore still cannot do anything in this case as Kim's first motion to disqualify has not even had a written signed and file order served on Kim.

3. NOW THAT GIORDANI BY HER ACTIONS AND INACTIONS THAT VIOLATE LAW AND THE CODE CAUSED KIM TO FILE THIS COMPLAINT KIM AS REQUIRED BY HIS RELIGIOUS BELIEFS AND PRACTICES WOULD LIKE TO SETTLE THIS NCJD ACTION TO SAVE SCARCE RESOURCES AND FOR KIM TO BE IN COMPLIANCE WITH WHAT GOD COMMANDS

The Scriptures are clear. Matthew 5:25-26 and Matthew 22:37-40:

²⁵ **Agree with thine adversary quickly**, whiles thou art in the way with him; **lest at any time the adversary deliver thee to the judge**, and the judge deliver thee to the officer, and thou be cast into prison.

²⁶ Verily I say unto thee, Thou shalt by no means come out thence, till thou hast paid the uttermost farthing. KJV (emphasis added)

³⁷ Jesus said unto him, Thou shalt love the Lord thy God with all thy heart, and with all thy soul, and with all thy mind.

³⁸ This is the first and great commandment.

³⁹ And the second is like unto it, Thou shalt love thy neighbour as thyself.

⁴⁰ On these two commandments hang all the law and the prophets.

These scriptures demand that Kim try and settle Kim's complaint to the NCJD if at all possible. However the criminal complaint Kim is making Kim would just ask Giordani to turn herself in to Lt. Diaz of the municipal court or LVMPD and/or the DOJ for the criminal violations Kim has presented.

Kim is preparing a motion to the NCJD to ask for suspension with pay of Giordani pending the complaint disposition at the NCJD. This is what was done with Judge Fiore. See Exhibit 2 attached.

Kim makes himself available to seek to resolve the issues with Giordani for her to stipulate to violations of the code and then present these negotiations to the NCJD to see if the negotiations would be acceptable to the NCJD and save very scarce resources of the NCJD.

Kim has related to the court and all courts that Kim was called by his Creator to be a volunteer, unpaid [which means unofficial] investigator working with or for the NCJD. Kim is not an official with any government of the United States or any State or subdivision therein and

anyone who claims differently is lying through their teeth.

Kim is showing, as he must, Christian love toward Giordani just as John the Baptist was doing for Herod when he called him out for his adultery so as to avoid Herod going to hell.

Kim is fully aware that the NCJD must maintain confidentiality to the judges. Kim is not bound by this confidentiality and the courts have ruled on this. God commands Kim at all times to seek justice and the first amendment guarantees the freedom for Kim to file complaints with the NCJD and also the duty to seek prompt resolution of any dispute or complaint.

However the NCJD requires that judges do not retaliate against anyone that files a complaint against a judge:

"If the judicial officer retaliates against you for filing a complaint, that would be an unwise decision and could lead to additional charges of misconduct being lodged against the judicial officer. **You should inform us if the judicial officer does engage in conduct of this type.** Generally, the judicial officer will not be told you have complained about him or her **(unless someone out of the Commission's control informs him or her).** Only if the matter **proceeds to an investigatory stage** or to a stage where the judge's response is requested will the judicial officer learn of the complaint.

Kim is not barred therefore from informing Giordani about the complaint filed as Kim is out of the Commission's control and is under the control of the Creator of all things. However, the NCJD has documented judges that have retaliated against people that complained about a judge or judges.

Kim is however not only a formal complainant Kim is continuing to unofficially investigate Giordani. This investigation and discovery process however is extremely time consuming.

Kim believes that therefore the risk of bias standard under Rippo must demand that Giordani self disqualify herself. As shown above and in the record it is absolutely clear that Giordani acted multiple times in case 26-005437 once Kim filed for disqualification in that case and made

substantive rulings without any input from the City Attorney. Once could possibly be considered a simple mistake. However 4 times violating Debiparshad shows arrogant malicious and willful thumbing of Giordani's nose at the law and the code and even at God himself.

Therefore, Kim has reason to believe that Giordani spoke and bragged to others about how she "squashed a bug" like Kim Blandino. Kim is investigating this Judge Ritche Kim's family court judge wrongfully listened to courthouse gossip and for this reason disqualified himself from Kim's family court case.

Judge Voy who was Kim's family court judge for "about a minute" disqualified himself because before Judge Voy was assigned to Kim's family court case said paraphrasing:

"Mr. Blandino I was at a party some time ago and people at the party were talking and laughing about you and I heard them and formed an opinion about you. Therefore, I am disqualifying myself from your case, it will be reassigned"

Judge Voy did put Kim's family court case D140746 back to the Court administrator's Hands for reassignment and the case was reassigned.

4. KIM'S CONTINUING INVESTIGATION OF JUDGE GIORDANI CREATES A RISK OF BIAS AND/OR SCREAMS FOR DISQUALIFICATION UNDER TH2 2.11 STANDARD

Canon 2 states in pertinent part:

"A judge shall perform the duties of judicial office impartially, competently, and diligently.

Rule 2.1. Giving Precedence to the Duties of Judicial Office.
The duties of judicial office, as prescribed by law, shall take precedence over all of a judge's personal and extrajudicial activities.

COMMENT

[1] To ensure that judges are available to fulfill their judicial duties, judges must conduct their personal and extrajudicial activities to minimize

the risk of conflicts that would result in frequent disqualification. See Canon 3.

[2] Although it is not a duty of judicial office unless prescribed by law, judges are encouraged to participate in activities that promote public understanding of and confidence in the justice system. (Emphasis added)

Any reader of this filing or any other filing Kim has made in this case Kim must make aware now clearly and without any ambiguity that God put Kim in this position to have Giordani brought into Kim's "orbit"

Although Kim will stop into municipal court and stop to see various proceedings from time to time over the years, Kim must always allow God to move Kim like a chess piece. Anyone that knows the game of chess it is a game where two minds dictate the moves of the pieces. Men can allow themselves slaves of sin under the control of the devil, or servants of the Most High, Creator of all things. Ai describes it this way:

"Philosophically, chess is viewed as a microcosm of human existence—a structured, deterministic, yet practically chaotic universe played out on 64 squares. It is often described as a, "[search for truth]" and a "battle of minds" that forces players to confront issues of free will, responsibility, and the inevitable consequences of their actions. " (emphasis added)

The way that this case made it to Giordani is mind boggling and an outside observer that sees that Walker only disqualified himself because of Kim's interaction with him as a prosecutor years before that led to Giordani is well into the odds of billions to one when coupled with the other circumstances.

This story of Kim being brought before Giordani is very much like the story of Joseph son of Jacob in the bible. Kim is commanded to speak and to write as the holy spirit gives Kim to speak and write. And the pieces on the chess board of life controlled by the devil hate this with the power of a thousand suns.

So, this being brought before Giordani was in no way engineered or manipulated by Kim. God created this path. The acts that Giordani has done has proven to Kim that God delivered Giordani into Kim's hands to seek justice against Giordani who God has revealed is serving evil and wickedness and needs desperately to repent if that is possible in her case. When Giordani took Kim's statement that she was pretty as a compliment, see affidavit of Giordani page 5 paragraph 21;

“ Third, Mr. Blandino claims he and I had a variety of conversations outside of the courtroom. While no specific date is provided, Mr. Blandino states that during one of these conversations he "...told prosecutor Giordan) that she would run for judge and win because she was so pretty". Motion to Disqualify, pg. 17.1 **do not recall this interaction but appreciate the compliment.** “ (emphasis added)

Giordani saw this as a compliment it **was not** , it was a lament and Kim was marveling. For clarity, Kim was struck that God could allow evil and wickedness to be in such a pretty package, hopefully Giordani can repent and come back from the road to hell she is currently on.

The foregoing being written Kim through his investigation has found that

1. Giordani is married to chief deputy district attorney John Giordani (John) and he made 192,541.10 in total benefits in 2022. See Transparent Nevada. This figure must be much larger in 2025 2026.
2. That John and his wife Giordani have at least one child possibly more. Kim does not know the age of this child.
3. That wife Giordani does not mention her being married or having a child. Kim notes that children are normally bragged about.

Because of rule 2.1 it is fair and proper to complain if a judge is not “**Giving Precedence to the Duties of Judicial Office. The duties of judicial office, as prescribed by law, shall take precedence over all of a judge's personal and extrajudicial activities.**” This means that a

judge cannot put wife, husband, child etc. etc. ahead of any duties of judicial office.

John makes plenty of government money to take care of the family and there are one of two possibilities. That John and wife Giordani love money more than their own souls or their child or children's souls. Additionally, all evidence points to Giordani is in love with the power, prestige and authority that she has over people. Giordani could easily have work in the legal community that does not require to put the judicial duties over their family. Kim has visited Giordani's courtroom many times over these months watching how she from time to time bullies other people and even called to me from the bench to stop first amendment activities and to impede my investigation of her, even in my capacity as an investigative journalist.

In Giordani's affidavit it is stated:

Mr. Blandino then claims he "...indicated to prosecutor Giordani that she should have babies and not be a Judge...". Motion to Disqualify, pg. 17.1 do not recall this conversation and question whether it even occurred. Even if it did, I believe everyone is entitled to their own opinion and take no offense to the position that **motherhood should take precedence over one's profession. I personally believe it is a privilege to do both.** Page 5 paragraph 22. (emphasis added)

This is such an arrogant and prideful statement basically thumbing one's nose at common sense reality and God's establishment.

Kim research shows that New York still has mounted police on horses See https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/New_York_City_Police_Department_Mounted_Unit Kim's research has shown that people can ride two horses at the same time. Kim research shows that any mounted police person that would ride two horses at the same time, on duty would be immediately disciplined and neglectful of duty. Giordani is not expressing a "belief it is a preference to do both", and to hell with the consequences for reckless parenting and neglect and/or neglectful judging and violation of the code. What Giordani is really saying that I will do

whatever I want regardless of the consequences.

Giordani admits without saying that her judicial duties take precedence over her own son and family. Kim has recounted how two judges neglected their children. Tobiasson ended up committing suicide:

- “Yes, two Nevada state court judges—Melanie Andress-Tobiasson (former Las Vegas Justice of the Peace) and Michelle Leavitt (Clark County District Court Judge)—faced public scrutiny and controversy involving their daughters' alleged connections to prostitution and related issues in Las Vegas around 2015–2018. These matters were widely reported in local media (e.g., Nevada Current, Las Vegas Review-Journal, KLAS-TV) and tied into broader scandals involving alleged underage sex trafficking, pimping, and judicial ethics probes. Here's a breakdown: Melanie Andress-Tobiasson (often referred to as Melanie Tobiasson)
- Her teenage daughter (Sarah, then 16) began frequenting and briefly working at a hip-hop clothing store called Top Knotch (or Top Notch), which Tobiasson alleged was a front for an unlicensed club involving underage drinking, drugs, and prostitution.
 - Tobiasson claimed a pimp named Shane Valentine attempted to recruit her daughter into his prostitution ring. She reported this to police (LVMPD Vice), but felt they were unresponsive or corrupt.
 - This led Tobiasson to personally investigate, including staking out locations, threatening Valentine, and allegedly interfering in related cases (e.g., a 2016 double homicide at Top Knotch where Valentine was a person of interest).
 - The situation escalated into ethics complaints against her by the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline (charges filed around 2018–2020), accusing her of abusing judicial prestige, allowing family interests to influence her conduct, and improper involvement in investigations.
 - Tobiasson went public in 2018 (e.g., KLAS-TV interview), alleging pimps targeted daughters of judges and law enforcement. She resigned in 2021 to settle the ethics probe (avoiding a full hearing) and died by suicide in 2023.
- Michelle Leavitt (Clark County District Court Judge)
- Her daughter (Morgan Leavitt, also known as Morgan Fitzpatrick or Morgan Leavitt-Fitzpatrick) was reportedly involved with the same alleged pimp, Shane Valentine, and connected to the Top Knotch scene.
 - Reports (e.g., Nevada Current 2018 article) described Morgan as part of Valentine's "stable" (group of women in prostitution), including her testifying in a domestic violence case involving Valentine (where she alleged being beaten).
 - This connection was raised in a 2018–2019 criminal case (Marlon Brown trial, where Leavitt presided), with defense attorneys alleging bias due to

her daughter's ties to Valentine (who knew Brown) and a related domestic violence incident. Leavitt later recused herself from a related matter citing "appearance of impropriety."

- Leavitt and her family (including brother Andrew Leavitt) denied or called the allegations "blatantly false and defamatory." No formal judicial discipline resulted directly from the daughter issues, though Leavitt had a prior 2015 public reprimand for unrelated conduct (improperly jailing someone). Both cases overlapped around the Top Knotch/Valentine ring, with Tobiasson publicly referencing Leavitt's daughter in interviews and police memos (warning that pimps targeted judges' kids). These were high-profile Las Vegas stories involving sex trafficking concerns, but also led to significant backlash against the judges for how they handled (or publicized) family matters."

Because Kim was put by God before Giordani Kim believes that once Giordani's child or children reach majority Kim should, if they are willing to tell them something like this:

"Do not hate your mother or father for the 5th commandment requires all children to honor their Father(first) and mother(secondly) so that thy days will be long in the land, no matter how you felt they neglected you or they did neglect you. Your obligation and freedom in the mind and spirit require you to forgive them. Your Mom was oath bound to put her judicial duties ahead of you. I believe that this was a mistake. Yet as long as there is life there is the opportunity to repent before God and find peace and freedom in mind and spirit."

If Giordani will repent now and put her priorities right with her son and her husband she may very well avoid the road to hell Giordani needs to resign. She could give so much more to her son being a full-time mom. All heaven would rejoice at a lost lamb that was found.

Kim as God commands him must continue his investigation. Kim believes that Giordani will not take this well because of her arrogance and pride. However, the rule of the code 2.1 permits Kim to see and establish if Giordani is either putting her judicial duties first or partially or fully neglecting her son and "subcontracting out" one of the most important jobs a person can have raising children to be able to honor their father in heaven.

If Kim can through further investigation establish that Giordani in at least one or more

instances put personal or extrajudicial duties ahead of her judicial duties then a complaint can be filed for violation of 2.1. Seeing that Giordani has already violating at least 4 time with Kim provisions of the code Kim believes that this is likely and that there is reasonable suspicion and/or probable cause to investigate further.

It is important that Kim find out if Giordani is doing this.

CONCLUSION

1 Kim pleads that Giordani will take care of her child and/or children to be and resign her judgeship and do the most important job in the world that of wife and full time mother. If done you would not in any way regret this decision.

2. Yet in any event Giordani cannot proceed forward in this case against Kim. Giordani refused to challenge Kim's filing of the motion to disqualify in the 005437 and was required to do nothing else with that case yet four times she did. For this reason alone Giordani must be disqualified because she violated the law and refusing to challenge that Motion to disqualify must be taken as an admission that disqualification was based on one of the four standards above

Under any and/or all standards listed above Giordani must be disqualified.

In the alternative such other relief as is proper and just must be done.

DATED this 5th day of May, 2026.



Kim Blandino
C/O 441 N 16th
Las Vegas Nevada 89101
702 219-5657
Kim 43792@earthlink.net

Asseveration which is equivalent to Unsworn Declaration in lieu of an affidavit in support of Motion to Disqualify under NRS 1.235

I Kim Blandino state under penalty of perjury that I am over 70 years of age (outside the womb) and have read the foregoing and the same is true and correct except as to those matters of belief and belief and as to those matters Kim believes them to be true. And that:

I Kim Blandino do hereby declare under penalty of perjury that this filing is filed in good faith and is not:

(a) Interposed for delay;

(b) Intended to harass a judge; or

(c) Filed for the purpose of :

(1) Unnecessarily increasing the costs of litigation; or

(2) Attempting prosecution

1. That this filing is not made to vex, harass, delay or made in bad faith nor for any improper purpose. Anyone saying any differently is lying through their teeth.
2. That any and all exhibits are true and correct and authentic according to FRE 901 and the state rules of evidence.
3. Kim prepared this at breakneck speed and would ask that any spelling and or grammar issues are excused.

I declare under penalty of perjury that I have read the foregoing and the same is true and correct.

DATED this 5th day of May, 2026.



KIM BLANDINO PRO SE #363075
C/O 441 N 16TH ST
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
(702) 219-5657
No Fax
Kim43792@earthlink.net

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY certify that service of the **MOTION TO DISQUALIFY JUDGE GIORDANI**
IN ACCORD WITH NRS 1.230, 1.25 AND/OR RULE 2.11 IN OF THE NEVADA
REVISED CODE OF JUDICIAL CONDUCT (REASONABLE MINDS WOULD
QUESTION STANDARD)AND/OR Rippo v. Baker, 580 U.S. 285, 137 S. Ct. 905, 197 L. Ed.
2d 376 (2017) (RISK OF BIAS STANDARD) AND/OR (THE DEEP SEATED
ANTAGONISM STANDARD) was accomplished on May 5, 2026 by delivering a copy to:

The Clerk's office which Kim has been told is an extension of Judge Giordani's chambers.



Kim Blandino
C/O 441 N 16th
Las Vegas Nevada 89101
702 219-5657
Kim 43792@earthlink.net

EXHIBIT 1

CONFIDENTIAL



STEFANIE HUMPHREY
Chair

JOHN KRMPOTIC
Vice-Chair

State of Nevada
COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL DISCIPLINE
P.O. Box 18123
Reno, Nevada 89511
Telephone (775) 687-4017 • Fax (775) 448-9704
Website: <http://judicial.nv.gov>

PAUL C. DEYHLE
General Counsel and
Executive Director

April 27, 2026

Kim Blandino
c/o 441 N. 16th Street
Las Vegas, NV 89101

Re: Case No. 2026-125

Dear Mr. Blandino:

*Kim's Note this is not
complaint against Judge Blandino
more to follow*

Your complaint has been received and filed with the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline ("Commission") and assigned the above-referenced case number. Commission staff will obtain all relevant court documents, briefs and recordings related to your complaint, as warranted, and submit them, along with your complaint, to the Commission for its consideration at a subsequently scheduled meeting. The Commission will contact you if it requires further information.

The Commission reviews each complaint in accordance with its procedural rules to "determine whether the complaint alleges objectively verifiable evidence from which a reasonable inference could be drawn that a judge committed misconduct or is incapacitated." NRS 1.4657(1). The Commission either dismisses a complaint with or without a letter of caution "[i]f the Commission determines that a complaint does not contain such allegations" or authorizes an investigation if it "determines that a complaint does contain such allegations[.]" NRS 1.4657(2)-(3).

Following an investigation, if authorized, the Commission will review the investigative report and all relevant materials at a subsequent meeting and either dismiss the complaint with or without a letter of caution or require a judge to respond to the complaint. NRS 1.4667(1)-(2). If necessary, at a later scheduled meeting, the Commission will review a judge's response to the complaint and either dismiss the complaint with or without a letter of caution or file public (formal) charges against a judge pursuant to NRS 1.467.

The Commission can only file public charges against a judge if it determines that "there is a reasonable probability that the evidence available for introduction at a formal hearing could clearly and convincingly establish grounds for disciplinary action against a judge." NRS 1.4667(1). This is a very high evidentiary threshold that must be met.

Please note that all proceedings before the Commission (prior to the filing of public charges), as well as the Commission's deliberations at any stage of the judicial discipline process, are confidential and cannot be publicly disclosed by law. NRS 1.4683. Accordingly, Commission staff is prohibited from providing status updates or any other information related to your complaint except to convey when this matter has reached final disposition and has been closed, which you will receive from the Commission via correspondence at the appropriate time.

Pursuant to PRJDC 36.2, the Commission's Reconsideration Policy on dismissed complaints is as follows:

"If a complaint is dismissed by the Commission, the Complainant can request, one time only, a reconsideration of the Commission's decision. The Complainant's request for reconsideration must: (1) be in writing and received within 30 days from the date of the letter informing the Complainant of the dismissal; and (2) contain additional evidence (for example: witness statements, affidavits, and/or hearing transcripts, etc.) not previously reviewed by the Commission to support the allegations made in the original complaint.

The Complainant's request for reconsideration will be dismissed administratively by Commission staff if the request does not meet these requirements with the Commission subsequently ratifying such dismissals, as warranted, at its next meeting. If the Complainant's request for reconsideration is granted, the Commission will vote to either: (1) affirm its original decision to dismiss the complaint; or (2) reopen the complaint to conduct an investigation. The Complainant will be informed in writing of the Commission's decision on a request for reconsideration.

Sincerely,

NEVADA COMMISSION ON
JUDICIAL DISCIPLINE

EXHIBIT 2

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

FILED

MAY 19 2025

ELIZABETH A. BROWN
CLERK OF SUPREME COURT
BY: *[Signature]*
CHIEF DEPUTY CLERK

In the Matter of)

THE HONORABLE MICHELE FIORE,
Justice of the Peace, Pahrump Township
Justice Court, County of Nye, State of Nevada,)

Respondent.)

CASE NO. 90650

**CERTIFIED COPY OF ORDER (1) RESCINDING RESPONDENT'S SUSPENSION
FROM THE EXERCISE OF JUDICIAL OFFICE WITHOUT SALARY PURSUANT TO
NRS 1.4675(2)(b); (2) SUSPENDING RESPONDENT FROM THE EXERCISE OF
JUDICIAL OFFICE WITH SALARY PURSUANT TO NRS 1.4675(4)**

I hereby certify that the document attached hereto is a true and correct copy of the ORDER (1)
RESCINDING RESPONDENT'S SUSPENSION FROM THE EXERCISE OF JUDICIAL OFFICE
WITHOUT SALARY PURSUANT TO NRS 1.4675(2)(b); (2) SUSPENDING RESPONDENT FROM
THE EXERCISE OF JUDICIAL OFFICE WITH SALARY PURSUANT TO NRS 1.4675(4) filed with
the Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline on May 19, 2025.

DATED this 19th day of May, 2025.

STATE OF NEVADA
COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL DISCIPLINE
P.O. Box 18123
Reno, NV 89511
(775) 687-4017

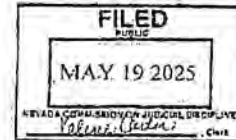
By: *[Signature]*

PAUL C. DEYHLE
General Counsel and Executive Director
Nevada Bar No. 6954

25-22303

1 **BEFORE THE NEVADA COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL DISCIPLINE**

2 **STATE OF NEVADA**



3
4 In the Matter of)

5 THE HONORABLE MICHELE FIORE,)
6 Justice of the Peace, Pahrump Township)
7 Justice Court, County of Nye, State of Nevada,)

8 Respondent.)
9

CASE NO. 2024-ADM-02
CASE NO. 2025-108

10 **ORDER (1) RESCINDING RESPONDENT'S SUSPENSION FROM THE EXERCISE OF**
11 **JUDICIAL OFFICE WITHOUT SALARY PURSUANT TO NRS 1.4675(2)(b); (2)**
12 **SUSPENDING RESPONDENT FROM THE EXERCISE OF JUDICIAL OFFICE WITH**
13 **SALARY PURSUANT TO NRS 1.4675(4)**

14 Pursuant to prior written notice, the above-entitled matter was set for a public hearing before the
15 Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline ("Commission") on May 9, 2025. The hearing was
16 conducted via Simultaneous Audiovisual Transmission utilizing the Zoom virtual platform and was
17 available to the public live via YouTube. Respondent was represented by Paola Armeni, Esq. During
18 the hearing, the Commission considered all evidence and testimony presented.

19 On October 3, 2024, a federal jury found Respondent guilty of one count of Conspiracy to
20 Commit Wire Fraud (18 U.S.C. § 1349) and six counts of Wire Fraud (18 U.S.C. § 1343), all felonies.
21 On October 21, 2024, the Commission entered an order suspending Respondent from the exercise of
22 judicial office without salary. Respondent's sentencing date, originally set for January 6, 2025, was
23 continued three times at Respondent's request for her to file motions for acquittal and for a new trial.
24 As a result, the Commission rescinded and reinstated Respondent's suspension without salary three
25 times on December 18, 2024, February 14, 2025, and April 14, 2025, pursuant to NRS 1.4675(2)(b) and
26 Procedural Rules of the Judicial Discipline Commission ("PRJDC") 9.6(C)(ii).

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1 According to the district court's docket, Respondent's final sentencing date was scheduled for
2 May 14, 2025. On April 18, 2025, U.S. District Court Judge Jennifer Dorsey entered an order Denying
3 Respondent's Motions for Acquittal and for a New Trial, finding the evidence introduced at trial
4 supported the jury's verdict. On April 23, 2025, prior to the imposition of sentence but after all post-
5 trial motions were adjudicated, Respondent was granted a "full and unconditional pardon" from the
6 President of the United States. Consequently, on April 28, 2025, Judge Dorsey vacated the federal
7 sentencing date. Although no dismissal order was filed, the district court's docket entries now list the
8 criminal case as closed.

9
10 Since the date of the presidential pardon, the Commission has received additional complaints
11 against Respondent. On April 24, 2025, Respondent's counsel requested the Commission rescind
12 Respondent's suspension and reinstate her to the bench. Before the Commission, therefore, is
13 Respondent's request that the Commission rescind her suspension without salary and issues relating to
14 Respondent's reinstatement to the bench pending disposition of the additional complaints.

15 I. DECISION

16 The Nevada Constitution, the Nevada Revised Statutes, and the Commission's procedural rules
17 provide the Commission with discretionary authority to suspend sitting judges. Specifically, Article 6,
18 Section 21(9) of the Nevada Constitution permits the Commission to use discretion and "suspend a
19 justice or judge from the exercise of his office pending the determination of the proceedings before the
20 Commission." NRS 1.4675(2)(b) permits suspension *without* pay if the judge is found guilty of a state
21 or federal felony while NRS 1.4675(4) permits suspension *with* pay pending the disposition of the
22 complaint if the judge poses a substantial threat of serious harm to the public or to the administration of
23 justice. PRJDC 9.6(C)(ii) further provides that if the Commission imposes discretionary suspension
24 "and the circumstances justifying the Commission's previous decision to suspend the judge still exist
25 after sixty days, the Commission may rescind and immediately reinstate the suspension[.]"
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A pardon may close a criminal case related to an ethical complaint against the judge, but it does not preclude the Commission from considering a judge's ongoing conduct as it may relate to the conviction to determine the judge's potential violation of the Revised Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct ("NCJC"). See, e.g., *In re Sang Man Shin*, 125 Nev. 100, 105-10, 206 P.3d 91, 94-97 (2009) ("adopt[ing] the reasoning of...cases limiting the scope of a pardon," retreating from the Nevada Supreme Court's "prior decisions...to the extent that they imply that a pardon blots out guilt and erases the historical fact of the underlying conviction," and providing that *Carlesi v. New York*, 233 U.S. 51, 34 S.Ct. 576 (1914), "impliedly indicates that the offender's pardon did not completely erase all the attendant consequences and considerations following the fact of conviction").¹

I. RESPONDENT'S CURRENT SUSPENSION WITHOUT SALARY IS NO LONGER WARRANTED.

The Commission suspended Respondent without pay following the jury's conviction and continued the suspension pending resolution of Respondent's post-trial motions and sentencing. Respondent argues *Ex Parte Garland*, 71 U.S. 333, 380 (1866) (providing that "a pardon reaches both the punishment prescribed for the offense and the guilt of the offender"), divests the Commission from the jurisdiction to suspend Respondent. While courts have considerably narrowed *Garland's* broad scope since it was decided in 1866,² generally, courts have held that a state cannot punish the pardoned

¹See also *Hirschberg v. CFTC*, 414 F.3d 679, 681 (7th Cir. 2005) (providing that the Commodity Futures Trading Commission "did not violate the pardon clause by considering the conduct underlying Hirschberg's conviction in determining whether he was qualified to do business as a floor trader, because its decision was grounded in protection of the public rather than in punishing Hirschberg as a convicted felon"); *United States v. Nasser*, 476 F.2d 1111, 1117 (1973) (providing that "where there is a sufficiently rational relationship between the past activity and the public interest in excluding unworthy people, the disqualification is not a punishment"); *Carlesi*, 233 U.S. 51, 59 (1914) (finding that the presidential pardon did not prevent the state from considering the pardoned offense under a state statute permitting enhanced sentencing upon the commission of a second offense).

²See *Shin*, 125 Nev. at 110, 206 P.3d at 97 (providing that based upon the U.S. Supreme Court's reasoning in "*Angle v. Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha Railway Co.*, *United States v. Wilson*, *Burdick v. United States*, and *Carlesi v. New York*, we conclude that the U.S. Supreme Court has *sub silentio* retreated from *Garland's* sweeping articulation of the pardoning power" (emphasis added) and that "[t]he United States Court of Appeals for the Seventh Circuit in *Bjerkan v. United States*, 529 F.2d 125, 128 n. 2 (7th Cir.1975), the Third Circuit in *U.S. v. Noonan*, 906 F.2d 952, 958, 960 (3^d Cir.1990), the District of Columbia Circuit in *In re North*, 62 F.3d 1434, 1437 (D.C.Cir.1994), and the Ninth Circuit in *Groseclose v. Plummer*, 106 F.2d 311, 313 (9th Cir.1939), as well as the United States District Court for the Northern District of Texas in *Dixon v. McMullen*, 527 F.Supp. 711, 718 (N.D.Tex.1981), have all reached a similar conclusion and held that *Garland's* recitation of the power was noncontrolling dictum") (emphasis added); see also Walter Dellinger,

1 offender for the conviction that was pardoned. See *Bjerkan v. United States*, 529 F.2d 125, 129 (7th Cir.
2 1975). Accordingly, as the district court judge closed the criminal matter, *United States v. Fiore*, the
3 Commission rescinds Respondent's suspension without pay. See NRS 1.4675(2)(b) and PRJDC
4 9.6(C)(ii).

5 **2. RESPONDENT POSES A SUBSTANTIAL THREAT OF SERIOUS HARM TO THE**
6 **PUBLIC AND TO THE ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.**

7 As noted above, since the pardon, the Commission has received additional complaints against
8 Respondent. The second issue before the Commission is Respondent's status as a judicial officer
9 pending disposition of those complaints.

10 NRS 1.4675(4) provides that the Commission may suspend a judge "with salary pending a final
11 disposition of the complaint if the Commission determines, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the
12 judge poses a substantial threat of serious harm to the public or to the administration of justice." In *In re*
13 *Halverson*, the Nevada Supreme Court reviewed the Commission's suspension power pursuant to NRS
14 1.4675(4) and held that the "power to suspend...is an express aspect of the Commission's duty to
15 protect the public upon an investigation revealing a current, emergent threat to the judiciary." 123 Nev.
16 at 514, 169 P.3d at 1175 (2007). An interim suspension "is warranted only to protect against anticipated
17 future harm, including harm to the public's perception of the judicial system, and not merely to redress
18 past misconduct"; however, the Commission may consider "evidence of past conduct that would
19 indicate an ongoing problem...to predict future conduct[.]" *Id.* at 512, 1174. In "determining whether a
20 current threat exists, the Commission should consider the totality of the circumstances based on the
21 information available to it." *Id.* at 497, 1165. It is not a matter of guilt or innocence, but "a
22 determination that an interim suspension is warranted to protect the integrity of the judiciary pending

23 *Effects of a Presidential Pardon*, 19 U.S. Op. Off. Legal Counsel 160, 1995 WL 861618 (June 19, 1995) (internal citation
omitted):

24 In *Garland* the Court stated that a pardon makes "the offender . . . as innocent as if he had never committed the
25 offense." (emphasis added). We do not interpret this to mean that the pardon creates the fiction that the conduct
26 never took place. Rather, a pardon represents the Executive's determination that the offender should not be
27 penalized or punished for the offense. There may be instances where an individual's conduct constitutes not only a
28 federal offense, but also a violation of a separate code of conduct or ethics that the individual is obligated to comply
with by virtue of his or her professional license. Discipline associated with the breach of the conditions of a
professional license, where the disciplinary action is not triggered merely by the fact of commission or conviction
of a federal offense, generally would not be barred by a pardon.

1 resolution of the case.” *Id.* at 510, 1173.

2 Here, the evidence of Respondent’s dishonesty and retention of funds maintained under false
3 pretenses “reveal[s] a current, emergent threat to the judiciary” and requires the Commission to impose
4 interim suspension “to protect against anticipated future harm, including harm to the public’s
5 perception of the judicial system” pursuant to NRS 1.4675(4). *See Halverson*, 123 Nev. at 512, 514,
6 169 P.3d at 1174, 1175. Specifically, Respondent’s continuing deceit of the charitable donors and her
7 unjust enrichment at the expense of the slain police officer statue³ harms the public’s perception of the
8 judicial system and its confidence in the system’s legitimacy, creates the appearance of impropriety,
9 reflects adversely on Respondent’s honesty and character, and undermines her ability to impose justice
10 and to apply the law fairly.⁴ *See id.* at 511-12, 1174. This is illustrated with e-mails from members of
11 the general public calling into question Respondent’s honesty and her ability to perform the duties of a
12 justice of the peace.

13 Respondent argues the Commission must disregard her conduct because it occurred before she
14 became a judge. However, the evidence shows that after becoming a judicial officer and accepting the
15 great responsibility of preserving the principles of justice and the rule of law in the State of Nevada,
16 Respondent continued to defraud the donors by keeping donations to which she was not entitled and
17 continued to fail to notify them she used their funds for personal expenses instead of for the statue.⁵
18 Respondent has provided no evidence or testimony that she notified the donors after becoming a
19 judicial officer or that she repaid them or intends to repay them.

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23 ³ *See* Order Denying Motions for Acquittal and New Trial.

24 ⁴ The Revised Nevada Code of Judicial Conduct requires judges to always promote public confidence in the judiciary and to
25 avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety. NCJC Canon 1, Rule 1.2; *see also* NCJC Preamble. A judge’s
26 “improper conduct and conduct that creates the appearance of impropriety,” whether in the judge’s professional or personal
27 affairs, “erode[s]... public confidence in the judiciary[.]” Comment [1] to NCJC Canon 1. A judge’s violation of the law,
28 court rules, or the judicial canons are actual improprieties while the appearance of impropriety involves a reasonable
observer’s perception “whether the conduct... reflects adversely on the judge’s honesty, impartiality, temperament, or
fitness to serve as a judge.” Comment [5] to NCJC Canon 1.

⁵ *See* Trial Tr. pp. 28-31, 247-51, 266, September 25, 2024; pp. 48, 58-59, 99-100, 199-202, September 26, 2024; pp. 16, 26-
27, September 27, 2024; pp. 14-16, 43-44, 83-121, September 30, 2024.

1 After examining the evidence submitted⁶ and the totality of the circumstances, the Commission
2 finds, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the evidence adduced in the criminal case, *United States*
3 *v. Michele Fiore* (2:24-cr-155), has deeply affected the public's perception of Respondent's continued
4 honesty and integrity and that her return to full judicial duties pending the disposition of the additional
5 complaints poses a substantial threat of serious harm to the public and to the administration of justice.
6 Accordingly, the Commission hereby suspends Respondent from the exercise of judicial office, with
7 salary, pending a final disposition of the complaints filed with the Commission in Case No. 2025-108
8 pursuant to NRS 1.4675(4) and PRJDC 9.

9 II. ORDER

10 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED by unanimous vote of Commissioners Stefanie Humphrey
11 (Chairwoman), John Krmpotic (Vice-Chair), Honorable Kendra Bertschy (Justice of the Peace – Reno),
12 Honorable Barbara Schifalacqua (Justice of the Peace – Henderson), Joseph Sanford, Patricia Halstead,
13 Esq., and Karl Armstrong, Esq. that Respondent be, and hereby is, suspended from the exercise of
14 judicial office with salary pending a final disposition of the Complaint(s) filed in Case No. 2025-108.

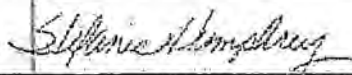
15 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that this Order shall be effective immediately on the date of entry
16 and Respondent shall cease performing all judicial duties at such time.

17 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Executive Director of the Commission shall take the
18 necessary steps to file this Order in the appropriate records and on the website of the Commission and
19 with the Clerk of the Nevada Supreme Court.

20 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED by unanimous vote that the Chairwoman is authorized to sign this
21 Order on behalf of all voting Commissioners.

22 DATED this 19th day of May, 2025.

23 STATE OF NEVADA
24 COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL DISCIPLINE

25 
26 STEFANIE HUMPHREY, Chairwoman

27 ⁶ The Commission considered the following evidence: (i) superseding criminal indictment; (ii) certified trial transcripts from
28 Respondent's federal criminal trial; (iii) certified copy of jury verdict; (iv) motion for judgment of acquittal, reply to the
motion for acquittal, motion for new trial and reply to motion for new trial; (v) order denying motions for acquittal and new
trial; and (vi) emails from the public in favor of and in opposition to Respondent returning to the bench.

1 CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

2 I hereby certify on this 19th day of May, 2025, I transmitted a copy of the foregoing ORDER (1)
3 RESCINDING RESPONDENT'S SUSPENSION FROM THE EXERCISE OF JUDICIAL OFFICE
4 WITHOUT SALARY PURSUANT TO NRS 1.4675(2)(b); (2) SUSPENDING RESPONDENT FROM
5 THE EXERCISE OF JUDICIAL OFFICE WITH SALARY PURSUANT TO NRS 1.4675(4), via
6 email and by placing said document in the U.S. Mail, postage prepaid, addressed to:

7 PAOLA M. ARMENI, ESQ.
8 CLARK HILL PLLC
9 1700 South Pavilion Center Drive, Suite 500
10 Las Vegas, NV 89135
11 parmeni@clarkhill.com
12 Counsel for Respondent

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15 Valerie Carter, Commission Clerk
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