IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

IN THE MATTER OF THE PARENTAL RIGHTS AS TO V.J.C., JR.

ELAINE O., Appellant, vs. THE STATE OF NEVADA DIVISION OF CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES, NOW WASHOE COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SERVICES, Respondent.



ORDER OF AFFIRMANCE

This is a proper person appeal from a district court order terminating appellant's parental rights.

In order to terminate parental rights, a petitioner must prove by clear and convincing evidence that termination is in the best interests of the child and must establish parental fault.¹ This court will not substitute its own judgment for that of the district court and will uphold termination orders that are supported by substantial evidence.² In the present case, the district court determined that it was in the child's best interests to terminate appellant's parental rights. The district court further found parental fault by operation of law, as appellant failed to

²<u>Matter of Parental Rights as to Carron</u>, 114 Nev. 370, 374, 956 P.2d 785, 787 (1998), <u>overruled on other grounds by Matter of N.J.</u>, 116 Nev. 790, 8 P.3d 126.

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¹See <u>Matter of Parental Rights as to N.J.</u>, 116 Nev. 790, 8 P.3d 126 (2000); NRS 128.105.

overcome the presumption of the failure of parental adjustment³ and only token efforts.⁴

Having reviewed the record, we conclude that the district court's decision is supported by substantial evidence. Accordingly, we ORDER the judgment of the district court AFFIRMED.

J. Shearing J. Leavitt

J. Becker

 cc: Hon. Deborah Schumacher, District Judge, Family Court Division Attorney General/Reno Elaine O.
Washoe District Court Clerk

 3 <u>See</u> NRS 128.105(2)(d) (establishing parental fault based on failure of parental adjustment); NRS 128.109(1)(b) (providing that if a child has been placed outside the home for more than six months, there is a presumption of failure of parental adjustment when a parent fails to comply substantially with a reunification plan).

 $4\underline{See}$ NRS 128.105(2)(f) (establishing parental fault based on only token efforts); NRS 128.109(2) (providing that if a child has been in foster care for more than fourteen months, it is presumed that the parent has made only token efforts to care for the child and termination is in the child's best interest).

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