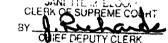
IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

FRANK J. BERALDO,
Appellant,
vs.
WARDEN, LOVELOCK
CORRECTIONAL CENTER, JACKIE
CRAWFORD,
Respondent.

No. 38461

NOV G 5 2002



ORDER OF AFFIRMANCE

This is an appeal from a district court order denying Frank J. Beraldo's post-conviction petition for a writ of habeas corpus. Beraldo asserts that he was provided ineffective assistance of counsel in various instances at trial. We conclude that each of Beraldo's allegations of ineffective assistance of counsel lacks merit.

Under Strickland v. Washington,¹ to prevail on a claim of ineffective assistance of counsel, a petitioner must demonstrate (1) that counsel's performance was deficient, i.e., that it fell below an objective standard of reasonableness, and (2) that counsel's deficient performance prejudiced the defense to such a degree that, but for counsel's ineffectiveness, the result of the trial would have been different.

First, Beraldo contends that his trial counsel was ineffective for failing to object to the admission of prior bad act evidence, namely, the testimony of Elysse Marie Johnson. But such an objection would have failed because the district court held a <u>Petrocelli</u> hearing and ruled the evidence admissible. In any event, we addressed this issue of prior bad act

¹466 U.S. 668, 687 (1984); see also Doyle v. State, 116 Nev. 148, 154, 995 P.2d 465, 469 (2000).

evidence on direct appeal and concluded that any error was not "patently prejudicial." Thus, we conclude that Beraldo's trial counsel did not provide ineffective assistance on this issue.

Next, Beraldo argues that his trial counsel provided ineffective assistance by failing to challenge alleged instances of prosecutor misconduct that occurred during trial. We disagree. We conclude that none of the alleged instances amounted to prosecutor misconduct.

Beraldo next argues that his trial counsel provided ineffective assistance by failing to object to the admission of evidence demonstrating that Beraldo was in custody—pictures and a letter. First, regarding the pictures, trial counsel testified that the pictures were admitted for the purpose of showing Beraldo's injuries. Because, as the district court noted, neither picture showed Beraldo in jail garb or in handcuffs, we conclude that an objection on this issue would have failed. Second, regarding the letter, we conclude that it was admissible as a party admission and that trial counsel's absent objection was reasonable because it would have failed. Therefore, we conclude that trial counsel was not ineffective on this issue.

Finally, Beraldo contends that trial counsel provided ineffective assistance by failing to investigate and present evidence of the victim's mental health history. Notably though, trial counsel testified at the post-conviction hearing that he tried to obtain some records from the Nevada Mental Health Institute, but he could not get them without the victim's consent. In addition, trial counsel stated that he would have been reluctant to use the records, as they would have made the victim more sympathetic. Having reviewed the record on post-conviction appeal, we

SUPREME COURT OF NEVADA conclude that trial counsel's conduct did not fall bellow an objective standard of reasonableness.

Having concluded that Beraldo's contentions lack merit, we ORDER the judgment of the district court AFFIRMED.

Rose, J.

Young, J

Agosti J.

cc: Hon. Steven P. Elliott, District Judge Scott W. Edwards Attorney General/Carson City Washoe County District Attorney Washoe District Court Clerk