IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

GREG LAWRENCE TEIXEIRA,

No. 36858

Appellant,

۷s.

THE STATE OF NEVADA, Respondent.

FILED

MAY 18 2001

JANETTE M. BLOOM CLERK OF SUPREME COUR BY CHIEF DEPUTY CLERK

ORDER OF AFFIRMANCE

This is an appeal from a district court order denying appellant's post-conviction petition for a writ of habeas corpus. Appellant was originally convicted, pursuant to a guilty plea, of two counts of the sale of a controlled substance. Appellant was sentenced to a prison term of 45 to 120 months on one count and sentenced to a consecutive prison term of 38 to 96 months on the other.

Appellant filed a direct appeal, alleging that his sentence constituted cruel and unusual punishment in violation of the United States and Nevada Constitutions. This court affirmed the judgment of conviction. Appellant also filed a motion to correct illegal sentence in the district court, which was denied. Appellant then filed a petition for a writ of habeas corpus.

In the petition, appellant presented claims of ineffective assistance of counsel. The district court found that counsel was not ineffective. The district court's factual findings regarding a claim of ineffective assistance of counsel are entitled to deference when reviewed on appeal.²

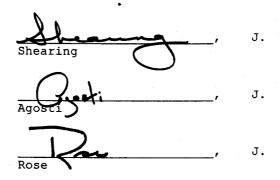
¹Teixeira v. State, Docket No. 34364 (Order Dismissing Appeal, November 19, 1999).

 $^{^{2}}$ See Riley v. State, 110 Nev. 638, 647, 878 P.2d 272, 278 (1994).

Appellant has not demonstrated that the district court's findings of fact are not supported by substantial evidence or are clearly wrong. Moreover, appellant has not demonstrated that the district court erred as a matter of law.

Accordingly, for the reasons stated in the attached order of the district court, we

ORDER the judgment of the district court AFFIRMED.3



cc: Hon. Archie E. Blake, District Judge Attorney General Churchill County District Attorney Rick Lawton Churchill County Clerk

 $^{^3}$ Although appellant has not been granted permission to file documents in this matter in proper person, <u>see</u> NRAP 46(b), we have received and considered appellant's proper person documents.

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GLORIA DELI MINACCI COUNTY OLERA

IN THE THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF CHURCHILL

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GREG TEIXEIRA,

11 Petitioner,

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VS.

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

ORDER DISMISSING PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

Respondent.

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Petitioner filed a post-conviction petition for writ of habeas corpus on March 28, 2000. Petitioner alleges ineffective assistance of counsel, stating that he was not advised that his prior convictions could be used to enhance his sentence. Specifically, petitioner points to the failure to include his previous convictions in the charging document in violation of NRS 453.348¹. He also points to the statement in his guilty plea agreement that he was eligible for probation.

"To establish ineffective assistance of counsel, a

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NRS 453.348 provides in pertinent part that "[i]n any proceeding brought under NRS 453.316, 453.321, 453.333, 453.334, 453.337, 453.338 or 453.401, any previous convictions of the offender for a felony relating to controlled substances must be alleged in the indictment or information charging the primary offense...."

defendant next show that counsel's recesentation fell below an objective standard of reasonableness and that counsel's deficient performance prejudiced the defense." Strickland v. Washington, 466 U.S. 668, 687-88, 104 S.Ct. 2052, 80 L.Ed.2d 674 (1984). "To establish prejudice, the defendant must show that but for counsel's mistakes, there is a reasonable probability that the result of the proceeding would have been different." Id. at 694, 104 S.Ct. 2052. "Judicial review of a lawyer's representation is highly deferential, and a defendant must overcome the presumption that a challenged action might be considered sound strategy." Id. at 689, 104 S.Ct. 2052.

After reviewing the pleadings, transcript and evidence presented, this Court finds that the petition is without merit. Any defects in Petitioner's initial notice of the effect of his previous conviction were cured during his various court appearances. This Court correctly advised Petitioner of the penalties he was facing when he entered his guilty plea, and again at the hearing on Petitioner's Motion to Withdraw Guilty Plea. Petitioner informed the court that he was aware that this was his second offense, and indicated to the Court that he understood that he was not eligible for probation. After all the consequences of his guilty plea were clearly stated, Petitioner voluntarily withdrew his Motion to Withdraw his Guilty Plea and elected to proceed according to the terms of his Guilty Plea Agreement.

Since there was no reasonable probability that the outcome would have been different had Petitioner been informed of

the effect his prior convictions enter, the Strickland test Based upon a consideration of the totality of is not met. 3 evidence and document on file in this case, this Court concludes 4 that the assistance of Petitioner's counsel was not ineffective. 5 Petitioner's writ of habeas corpus is DISMISSED. 6 This I day of Sepsember 2000. 7 8 ARCHIE E. DISTRICT JUDGE 9 I hereby certify that I, Beatrice McMinn, am an employee of the Honorable Archie E. Blake, District Judge, and that on this date pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I deposited for mailing at 10 Yerington, Nevada, a true copy of the foregoing document addressed to: 11 Rick Lawton, Esq. Attorney at Law Post Office Box 1740 12 Fallon, Nevada 89406 T. Laura Lui, Esq. 13 Deputy District Attorney District Attorney's Office 365 South Maine Street 14 Fallon, Nevada 89406 15 DATED: This day of September 2000. 16 Beatrice McMinn 17 18 19 20

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