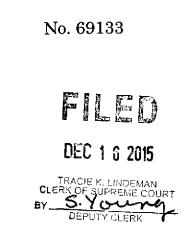
IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

WARDEN LEGRAND, Petitioner, vs. THE ELEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF PERSHING; AND THE HONORABLE JIM C. SHIRLEY, DISTRICT JUDGE, Respondents, and WAYNE COX DEARION, Real Party in Interest.



ORDER GRANTING PETITION

This original petition for a writ of mandamus requests this court to direct the district court to transfer the real party in interest Wayne Cox Dearion's postconviction petition for a writ of habeas corpus to the Eighth Judicial District Court pursuant to NRS 34.738(1), (2)(b). Petitioner has no adequate remedy in the ordinary course of law. *See* NRS 34170; NRS 177.015

Dearion filed a postconviction petition in the Eleventh Judicial District Court in which he challenged the constitutionality of NRS 193.165 as it applied to his sentence. The district court ordered petitioner to respond. Subsequently, petitioner filed a motion for reconsideration of the district court's order, contending that Dearion's postconviction petition challenged the validity of his sentence and therefore NRS 34.738(1) required him to file his petition in the Eighth Judicial District Court where his conviction occurred. The district court denied the motion,

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SUPREME COURT OF NEVADA concluding that Dearion's postconviction petition did not challenge his conviction or sentence but contested the constitutionality of the parole board's interpretation and application NRS 193.165. As such, the district court reasoned, Dearion's "complaint is aimed at more than his guilt or innocence, but is intended to challenge the very existence of the statute."¹ Therefore, according to the district court, the petition could be filed in the court for the county in which Dearion is incarcerated. *See* NRS 34.738(1).

Petitioner argues that because Dearion's postconviction petition challenges the validity of his sentence and therefore must be filed in the jurisdiction where his conviction occurred, the district court is obligated to transfer the petition to the clerk of the Eighth Judicial District Court under NRS 34.738(2)(b). We agree. In his postconviction petition, Dearion argues that NRS 193.165, as applied to his sentence, created a separate offense requiring a parole board hearing for release and therefore violated the Fifth Amendment prohibition against double That is a challenge to the validity of his sentence, despite ieopardy. Dearion's assertions in his pleadings below that it is not. See generally In re Samford, 249 S.W.3d 761, 762 (Tex. Ct. App. 2008) (observing that pleading is defined by its substance). Because NRS 34.738(2)(b) compels the district court to transfer Dearion's postconviction petition to the Eighth Judicial District Court, a writ of mandamus is warranted. See NRS 34.160 (providing that mandamus is available to compel the performance of an act which the law requires as a duty resulting from an office, trust, or station); Round Hill Gen. Imp. Dist. v. Newman, 97 Nev.

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¹The district court filed an amended order denying the motion for reconsideration in this court on November 19, 2015.

601, 603, 637 P.2d 534, 536 (1981) ("A writ of mandamus will issue when the respondent has a clear, present legal duty to act."). Accordingly, we

ORDER the petition GRANTED AND DIRECT THE CLERK OF THIS COURT TO ISSUE A WRIT OF MANDAMUS instructing the district court to transfer Dearion's postconviction petition for a writ of habeas corpus to the clerk of the Eighth Judicial District Court pursuant to NRS 34.738(1), (2)(b).

J. Saitta . J. J. Gibbons Picker

cc: Hon. Jim C. Shirley, District Judge Attorney General/Carson City Attorney General/Reno Wayne Cox Dearion Pershing County Clerk

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