An unpublished order shall not be regarded as precedent and shall not be cited as legal authority. SCR 123.

## IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

FAISSAL L. AHMEAD, Petitioner,

vs. THE EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF CLARK; AND THE HONORABLE DOUGLAS SMITH, DISTRICT JUDGE, Respondents, and CORPOLO AVENUE TRUST; TEAL PETALS STREET TRUST; RESOURCES GROUP, LLC; AND IYAD HADDAD, AN INDIVIDUAL, Real Parties in Interest. No. 67529 FILED MAR 2 5 2015 CHERK OF SUPPLIEME COURT BY DEPUTY CLERK

15-09115

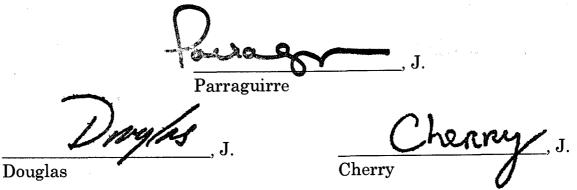
## ORDER GRANTING PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDAMUS

This original petition for a writ of mandamus or prohibition challenges a March 12, 2015, district court order directing petitioner to vacate the subject property. The March 12 order contradicts a previous February 11 order in which petitioner was afforded 30 days to tender pastdue rent to the district court clerk in order to avoid the issuance of a temporary writ of restitution. On March 20, petitioner provided documentation to this court demonstrating that he has complied with the terms of the February 11 order by tendering the past-due rent. Nonetheless, real parties in interest contend that the March 12 order should be enforced and that petitioner should be evicted.

Having considered the parties' arguments, we conclude that it would be an arbitrary or capricious exercise of the district court's discretion if it condoned the course of action proposed by real parties in interest. See Int'l Game Tech., Inc. v. Second Judicial Dist. Court, 124

SUPREME COURT OF NEVADA Nev. 193, 197, 179 P.3d 556, 558 (2008) ("A writ of mandamus is available to ... control an arbitrary or capricious exercise of discretion."). Thus, while this writ petition would otherwise appear moot in light of petitioner's compliance with the February 11 order, given real parties in interest's continuing attempt to seek enforcement of the March 12 order, we conclude that our extraordinary intervention is warranted so as to vacate the March 12 order.<sup>1</sup> Smith v. Eighth Judicial Dist. Court, 107 Nev. 674, 677, 679, 818 P.2d 849, 851, 853 (1991). Accordingly, we

ORDER the petition GRANTED AND DIRECT THE CLERK OF THIS COURT TO ISSUE A WRIT OF MANDAMUS directing the district court in Case No. A674077 to vacate its March 12, 2015, order and its accompanying March 11, 2015, order granting a temporary writ of restitution.<sup>2</sup>



<sup>1</sup>We note that the February 11 district court order imposes continuing obligations on petitioner and that this order granting writ relief should not be construed as relieving petitioner of those obligations. Nor should this order be construed as precluding the district court from revisiting the February 11 order's terms if presented with a justifiable basis for doing so.

<sup>2</sup>The temporary stay imposed by our March 9, 2015, order is vacated.

Supreme Court of Nevada

(O) 1947A

cc:

Hon. Douglas Smith, District Judge Patricia A. Marr Law Offices of Michael F. Bohn, Ltd. Eighth District Court Clerk

SUPREME COURT OF NEVADA