

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

RONALD JAY CONLIN, JR.,  
Appellant,  
vs.  
THE STATE OF NEVADA,  
Respondent.

No. 36100

**FILED**

JUL 26 2000

JANETTE M. BLOOM  
CLERK OF SUPREME COURT  
BY *J. Richard*  
CHIEF DEPUTY CLERK

No. 36101

RONALD JAY CONLIN, JR.,  
Appellant,  
vs.  
THE STATE OF NEVADA,  
Respondent.

ORDER DISMISSING APPEALS

These are consolidated appeals from judgments of conviction pursuant to jury verdicts. In Docket No. 36100, appellant was convicted of three counts of uttering a forged instrument. The district court sentenced appellant to three concurrent terms of 12-34 months in prison. The district court further ordered that appellant pay restitution in the amount of \$1,075.00. In Docket No. 36101, appellant was convicted of one count of unlawful taking of a motor vehicle. The district court sentenced appellant to serve one year in the Washoe County Jail. The district court further ordered that the sentence run concurrently with the sentence imposed in Docket No. 36100.

Appellant contends that the evidence presented at trial was insufficient to support the jury's finding of guilt. Our review of the record on appeal, however, reveals sufficient evidence to establish guilt beyond a reasonable doubt as

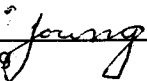
determined by a rational trier of fact. See Wilkins v. State, 96 Nev. 367, 609 P.2d 309 (1980).

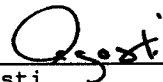
In particular, we note that the victim testified that appellant was not a signator on the victim's checking account, but that appellant signed and cashed three separate checks from the victim's account. Appellant's father (Ron, Sr.), who is a signator on the victim's account, also testified that appellant was not authorized to use the checking account. As to the unlawful taking of a motor vehicle charge, the evidence was uncontroverted that appellant took the victim's car without the victim's permission.


The jury could reasonably infer from the evidence presented that appellant uttered forged instruments and unlawfully took the victim's automobile. It is for the jury to determine the weight and credibility to give conflicting testimony, and the jury's verdict will not be disturbed on appeal where, as here, substantial evidence supports the verdict. See Bolden v. State, 97 Nev. 71, 624 P.2d 20 (1981).

Having concluded that appellant's contention lacks merit, we

ORDER these appeals dismissed.

  
\_\_\_\_\_, J.  
Young

  
\_\_\_\_\_, J.  
Agosti

  
\_\_\_\_\_, J.  
Leavitt

cc: Hon. Brent T. Adams, District Judge  
Attorney General  
Washoe County District Attorney  
Washoe County Public Defender  
Washoe County Clerk