## IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

IN THE MATTER OF: B.L., A MINOR,

CLARK COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF FAMILY SERVICES; AND CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE,

Petitioners,

vs.

THE EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF CLARK; AND THE HONORABLE FRANK P. SULLIVAN, DISTRICT JUDGE,

Respondents,

and

MARIA L.; AND JONATHAN W.,

Real Parties in Interest.

No. 66339

FILED

SEP 2 5 2014

TRACIE K. LINDEMAN CLERK OF SUPREME COURT BY DEPUTY CLERK

## ORDER DENYING PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDAMUS OR PROHIBITION

This is an original petition for a writ of mandamus or, in the alternative, a writ of prohibition challenging district court orders denying a petition for protective custody of a minor child and denying a motion for reconsideration.

A writ of mandamus is available to compel the performance of an act that the law requires as a duty resulting from an office, trust, or station. NRS 34.160; Int'l Game Tech. Inc. v. Second Judicial Dist. Court, 124 Nev. 193, 197, 179 P.3d 556, 558 (2008). This court may issue a writ of prohibition to arrest the proceedings of a district court exercising its judicial functions when such proceedings are in excess of the district court's jurisdiction. See NRS 34.320; Smith v. Eighth Judicial Dist. Court, 107 Nev. 674, 677, 818 P.2d 849, 851 (1991). It is within this court's sole discretion to determine if a writ petition will be considered. Smith, 107

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Nev. at 677, 818 P.2d at 851. Petitioners bear the burden of demonstrating that extraordinary relief is warranted. Pan v. Eighth Judicial Dist. Court, 120 Nev. 222, 228, 88 P.3d 840, 844 (2004).

Having considered the parties' arguments and the documents before this court, we conclude that our intervention by extraordinary writ relief is not warranted. See NRS 34.160; NRS 34.320; Smith, 107 Nev. at 677, 818 P.2d at 851; Pan, 120 Nev. at 228, 88 P.3d at 844. In particular, NRS 432B.330(2)(c) provides that a child may be in need of protection if the person responsible for the child's welfare caused the abuse or neglect of another child who resided with that person. Here, the district court concluded that petitioners failed to establish that B.L. was a child in need of protection from real parties in interest, and petitioners have not met their burden of showing that the district court's decision constituted an arbitrary or capricious abuse of discretion or was in excess of the court's jurisdiction. Pan, 120 Nev. at 228, 88 P.3d at 844. Accordingly, we

ORDER the petition DENIED.

Hardestv

Douglas

Hon. Frank P. Sullivan, District Judge, Family Court Division cc:

Clark County District Attorney/Juvenile Division

Special Public Defender

Stephanie M. Keels

Eighth District Court Clerk

