IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

AIRELL SAWYER,
Petitioner,
vs.
THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT
COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA,
IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF
WASHOE; AND THE HONORABLE
ELLIOTT A. SATTLER, DISTRICT
JUDGE,
Respondents,
and
THE STATE OF NEVADA,
Real Party in Interest.

No. 64674

FILED

JAN 1 6 2014

CLERY OF SHIFTEME COURT

BY DEPUTY CLERK

ORDER DENYING PETITION

This original petition for a writ of mandamus or prohibition challenges a district court order restricting the time for an evidentiary hearing on a post-conviction petition for a writ of habeas corpus.

A writ of prohibition may issue to arrest the proceedings of a district court exercising its judicial functions, when such proceedings are in excess of the jurisdiction of the district court. NRS 34.320. Because the petition does not assert that the district court has exceeded its jurisdiction, we conclude that our intervention through a writ of prohibition is not warranted.

A writ of mandamus is available to compel the performance of an act which the law requires as a duty resulting from an office, trust or station, NRS 34.160, or to control an arbitrary or capricious exercise of discretion, *Round Hill Gen. Improvement Dist. v. Newman*, 97 Nev. 601, 637 P.2d 534 (1981). A writ of mandamus will not issue, however, if

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petitioner has a plain, speedy and adequate remedy in the ordinary course of law. NRS 34.170. Petitioner has the right to appeal from an adverse decision on the post-conviction habeas petition, NRS 34.575(1), and petitioner's concerns about any limitations on the evidentiary hearing imposed by the district court may be raised in such an appeal, see, e.g., Brown v. State, 110 Nev. 846, 877 P.2d 1071 (1994) (addressing challenge to district court's limitation on testimony presented at post-conviction evidentiary hearing in an appeal from an order denying a post-conviction And we are not convinced that this petition involves an petition). important issue of statewide concern that warrants our intervention at this point despite the adequate remedy that is available to petitioner. In particular, the district court has exercised its discretion as the trier of fact based on the circumstances of this case; its decision does not impact any other case or litigants. For these reasons, we decline to exercise our discretion to consider the petition. See Poulos v. Eighth Judicial Dist. Court, 98 Nev. 453, 455, 652 P.2d 1177, 1178 (1982); see also State ex rel. Dep't Transp. v. Thompson, 99 Nev. 358, 360, 662 P.2d 1338, 1339 (1983). We therefore

ORDER the petition DENIED.

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cc: Hon. Elliott A. Sattler, District Judge Mary Lou Wilson Attorney General/Carson City Washoe County District Attorney Washoe District Court Clerk