IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

EDDGAR ROMERO, Appellant, vs. THE STATE OF NEVADA, Respondent. No. 63378

FILED

JUN 1 2 2014

ORDER OF AFFIRMANCE

This is an appeal from an order of the district court denying appellant Eddgar Romero's post-conviction petition for a writ of habeas corpus.¹ Eighth Judicial District Court, Clark County; Valerie Adair, Judge.

Romero filed a petition on December 3, 2012, challenging the sentence and conditions of lifetime supervision in district court case number C187758. On appeal, Romero argues that the district court erred in denying his petition as procedurally barred and on the merits of the claims. We note, however, that at the time Romero filed his petition in the district court, he had expired his sentence of imprisonment and was subject only to lifetime supervision. A person on lifetime supervision may not file a post-conviction petition for a writ of habeas corpus because he is

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¹Romero labeled his petition alternatively a "motion to strike conditions of lifetime supervision." To the extent that he attempts to appeal the denial of this motion, we lack jurisdiction because no statute or court rule permits an appeal from an order denying a "motion to strike conditions of lifetime supervision." *See Castillo v. State*, 106 Nev. 349, 352, 792 P.2d 1133, 1135 (1990).

not under a sentence of death or imprisonment as required by NRS 34.724. See Coleman v. State, 130 Nev. ___, ___, 321 P.3d 863, 867 (2014). Therefore, because Romero did not meet the imprisonment requirement of NRS 34.724, he was not eligible for post-conviction habeas relief. See id. For this reason, we affirm the decision of the district court to deny the petition.² Accordingly, we

ORDER the judgment of the district court AFFIRMED.

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cc: Hon. Valerie Adair, District Judge Turco & Draskovich Attorney General/Carson City Clark County District Attorney Eighth District Court Clerk

²Although the district court incorrectly addressed the procedural bars and merits of the claims, we nevertheless affirm because the district court reached the correct result in denying the petition. See Wyatt v. State, 86 Nev. 294, 298, 468 P.2d 338, 341 (1970) (holding that a correct result will not be reversed simply because it is based on the wrong reason).

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