IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

ANDREW MICHAEL LENT, Appellant, vs. THE STATE OF NEVADA, Respondent. No. 58960

MAR 0 7 2012

TRACIE K. LINDEMAN

CLERX OF SURREME COURT

BY

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ORDER OF REVERSAL AND REMAND

This is an appeal from a judgment of conviction, pursuant to a guilty plea, of possession of a controlled substance. Sixth Judicial District Court, Humboldt County; Michael Montero, Judge.

Appellant Andrew Michael Lent contends that the district court erred at sentencing by not awarding him credit for time served in jail while he was participating in a drug court treatment program pursuant to NRS 453.3363; the jail time sanctions were imposed due to violations of the conditions of his program. The State contends that Lent agreed to abide by the drug court policies prior to entry into the program, and those policies included the possibility of jail time sanctions and "that sanctions would not be considered to be credit for time served if he ultimately were to be sentenced on the initial charge."

"[A] defendant imprisoned due to violating the terms and conditions of a drug court is entitled to credit time. The defendant, however, may waive credit time for any period of sanction imposed by the drug court by entering into a drug court agreement." House v. State, 901

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N.E.2d 598, 601 (Ind. Ct. App. 2009). Here, the State provided this court with the 6th Judicial Drug Court Client Handbook, which states within, in bold, capital letters, "Drug Court sanctions shall not be credit for time served on underlying sentence." The form acknowledging that the participant, Lent, received the handbook, however, is unsigned and there is no other indication in the record that Lent was properly advised and/or executed a waiver. Therefore, although Lent does not dispute the State's assertions, the State nevertheless fails to demonstrate that Lent entered into an agreement whereby he waived the right to receive credit for the time he spent in jail due to drug court sanctions.

As a result, we reverse the portion of Lent's judgment of conviction pertaining to credit for time served and remand the matter to the district court with instructions to conduct a hearing to determine whether Lent was properly advised and waived the right to receive credit for his time in jail due to drug court sanctions. If the State is unable to prove the existence of a waiver, then the district court shall conduct a hearing to determine the proper amount of jail time Lent shall be credited. Accordingly, we



ORDER the judgment of conviction REVERSED AND REMAND this matter to the district court for proceedings consistent with this order.¹

Douglas

Gibbons

Parraguirre

cc: Hon. Michael Montero, District Judge Humboldt County Public Defender Attorney General/Carson City Humboldt County District Attorney Humboldt County Clerk

Further, we take this opportunity to point out that, in the future, it would be better practice to have the documents purportedly signed by drug court participants prior to their enrollment, including those provided in the State's supplemental appendix, file-stamped by the district court clerk and made part of the district court record.

¹Lent also contends that (1) the district court lacked the authority to impose jail time as a drug court sanction in excess of the period authorized by the contempt statute, NRS 22.100(2), and (2) "[a]llowing the district court to fix the punishment for participants who violate terms and conditions of a 453.3363 program creates an impermissible assignment of legislative functions to the judiciary." Lent did not make these arguments below or object, and in light of the disposition of this appeal, we need not address them.