IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

FERNANDO R. JIMENEZ, Appellant,

VS.

THE STATE OF NEVADA BOARD OF PAROLE COMMISSIONERS; NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS; AND WARDEN, LOVELOCK CORRECTIONAL CENTER, JACK PALMER, Respondents.

No. 54629

FILED

MAY 07 2010

CLERK OF SUPREME COURT

BY

DEPUTY CLERK

ORDER OF AFFIRMANCE

This is a proper person appeal from an order of the district court denying a petition for a writ of habeas corpus.¹ Sixth Judicial District Court, Pershing County; Richard Wagner, Judge.

Having reviewed the record on appeal, we conclude that substantial evidence supports the decision of the district court to deny relief and that the district court did not err as a matter of law. Riley v. State, 110 Nev. 638, 647, 878 P.2d 272, 278 (1994). We therefore affirm

¹This appeal has been submitted for decision without oral argument, NRAP 34(f)(3), and we conclude that the record is sufficient for our review and briefing is unwarranted. <u>See Luckett v. Warden</u>, 91 Nev. 681, 682, 541 P.2d 910, 911 (1975).

the denial of the petition for the reasons stated in the attached district court order. Accordingly, we

ORDER the judgment of the district court AFFIRMED.²

Hardesty J.

Pickering J.

cc: Hon. Richard Wagner, District Judge Fernando R. Jimenez Attorney General/Carson City Attorney General/Reno Pershing County Clerk

²We have reviewed all documents that appellant has submitted in proper person to the clerk of this court in this matter, and we conclude that no relief based upon those submissions is warranted. To the extent that appellant has attempted to present claims or facts in those submissions which were not previously presented in the proceedings below, we have declined to consider them in the first instance.

FILED

Case No. PI 08-0633

Dept. No. 1

2009 SEP 11 PM 4: 33

DONNA GILES
DISTRICT COURT CLERK

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IN THE SIXTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF PERSHING

* * * *

FERNANDO R. JIMENEZ,

Petitioner,

vs.

ORDER

NEVADA BOARD OF PAROLE COMMISSIONERS, et al.,

Respondents.

On July 7, 2008 Petitioner filed a Petition for a
Writ of Habeas Corpus and Mandamus. This Court on August 11,
2008 issued an Order to Respond. On September 12, 2008
Respondents filed an Answer. On September 19, 2008 Petitioner
filed a Motion for Extension of Time Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), and
on October 8, 2008 Petitioner filed an Opposition to Motion to
Respondents' Motion to Deny Petition. On October 15, 2008
Respondents filed a Motion to Strike, and Petitioner promptly
filed Petitioner's Opposition Motion to Deny the Respondents'

Motion to Strike. Finally, on August 24, 2009 Respondent filed a Request for Submission.

DISCUSSION

This Court has reviewed the Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus and Mandamus and other pleadings herein.

This Court finds that intervention by way of mandamus is not warranted by this Court but will treat Petitioner's writ as one of Habeas Corpus.

The Court also finds, pursuant to NRS 34.750(5),
Petitioner's Opposition to Motion to Respondents' Motion to
Deny Petition filed on October 15, 2008 was improper as such
pleading is not permitted by law. This Court grants
Respondents' Motion to Strike.

In regards to the Habeas Petition, Petitioner has no liberty interest to a parole hearing before the Parole Board on a specific date. In Nevada, the release of an inmate on parole "is an act of grace of the state." NRS 213.10705.

Specifically, NRS 213.10705 states:

The Legislature finds and declares that the release or continuation of a person on parole or probation is an act of grace of the State. No person has a right to parole or probation, or to be placed in residential confinement, and it is not intended that the establishment of standards relating or thereto create any such right or interest in liberty or property or

establish a basis for any cause of action against the State, its political subdivisions, agencies, boards, commissions, departments, officers or employees.

In <u>Weakland v. Board of Parole Comm'rs</u>, 100 Nev. 218, 219-220, 678 P.2d 1158, 1159-1160 (1984), the Court said that the Board of Parole has discretion to grant parole release.

The Court in <u>Weakland</u> also said that where a statute merely gives rise to a hope of release on parole, i.e., parole release is not mandatory under the parole statute, constraints of due process do not apply, since there is no liberty interest. <u>Id</u>.

Weakland applies here since Petitioner here merely had a hope of appearing before the Parole Board for parole consideration prior to his parole eligibility date.

Furthermore, since the filing of his Petition,

Petitioner was scheduled for a parole hearing, and the Parole

Board was and is aware of Petitioner's parole eligibility

pursuant to NRS 213.130(1), thus rendering Petitioner's claims

moot. Also, in regards to Petitioner's claim that the State

violated its plea agreement with him, the Parole Board is

independent and is not bound by the terms of such plea

agreements.

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CONCLUSION

For the reasons above, Respondents' Motion to Strike is **GRANTED**, and the Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus and Mandamus is hereby **DENIED**.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED this //th day of September, 2009.

RICHARD A. WAGNER DISTRICT JUDGE