## IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

BOYD GAMING CORPORATION, A NEVADA CORPORATION; STEVE COOPER; AND TOM GRIFFIN, Petitioners,

vs.

THE EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF CLARK, AND THE HONORABLE MARK R. DENTON, DISTRICT JUDGE, Respondents,

and DEBRA KOEHLER-FERGEN. INDIVIDUALLY, AND AS SPECIAL ADMINISTRATRIX OF THE ESTATE OF TRAVIS WAYNE KOEHLER; ESTATE OF TRAVIS WAYNE KOEHLER: ROBERT W. KOEHLER, JR., INDIVIDUALLY, AND AS SURVIVING FATHER OF TRAVIS WAYNE KOEHLER; SETH ANDREW LUZIER, AN INDIVIDUAL, AND SURVIVING SON OF DECEASED RICHARD LUZIER; AND GABRIEL THOMAS LUZIER, AN INDIVIDUAL, AND AS SON OF DECEASED RICHARD LUZIER. Real Parties in Interest.

No. 54336

## FILED

OCT 0 8 2009

TRACIE K. LINDEMAN CLERK OF SUPREME COURT BY S. Your J DEPUTY CLERK

OF NEVADA

## ORDER DENYING PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDAMUS OR PROHIBITION

This original petition for a writ of mandamus or prohibition challenges district court orders allowing real parties in interest to amend their complaints.

A writ of mandamus is available to compel the performance of an act that the law requires as a duty resulting from an office, trust, or station, or to control a manifest abuse of discretion. <u>See</u> NRS 34.160; <u>Round Hill Gen. Imp. Dist. v. Newman</u>, 97 Nev. 601, 603-04, 637 P.2d 534, 536 (1981). We may issue a writ of prohibition to arrest the proceedings of a district court exercising its judicial functions, when such proceedings are in excess of the district court's jurisdiction. <u>See</u> NRS 34.320. Neither mandamus nor prohibition will issue when petitioners have a plain, speedy, and adequate remedy at law. NRS 34.170; NRS 34.330. Both mandamus and prohibition are extraordinary remedies, and whether a petition for extraordinary relief will be considered is solely within this court's discretion. <u>See Smith v. District Court</u>, 107 Nev. 674, 677, 818 P.2d 849, 851 (1991). It is petitioners' burden to demonstrate that our extraordinary intervention is warranted. <u>Pan v. Dist. Ct.</u>, 120 Nev. 222, 228, 88 P.3d 840, 844 (2004).

SUPREME COURT OF NEVADA

(O) 1947A

2

Based on our review of the documents before  $us,^1$  we conclude that our intervention by way of extraordinary relief is not warranted. Accordingly, we deny the petition. <u>See Smith</u>, 107 Nev. at 677, 818 P.2d at 851; NRAP 21(b)(1).

It is so ORDERED.<sup>2</sup>

J. Cherry J Doulgas J. Gibbons

<sup>1</sup>Although not the sole basis for this court's denial of this petition, we note that petitioners have failed to meet their NRAP 21 burden of providing copies of all documents necessary for an understanding of the issues raised in this petition. <u>Pan</u>, 120 Nev. at 228, 88 P.3d at 844. Specifically, petitioners have failed to provide us with copies of any pleadings related to the motion to dismiss granted by the district court or any oppositions or replies related to the motions to amend filed by real parties in interest.

<sup>2</sup>In light of this order, we deny as moot petitioners' request for a stay.

SUPREME COURT OF NEVADA  cc: Hon. Mark R. Denton, District Judge Law Offices of Thomas D. Beatty Olson, Cannon, Gormley & Desruisseaux George T. Bochanis, Ltd. Hanratty Roberts Law Group Eighth District Court Clerk