IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

SMART START SUMMER FOOD SERVICE PROGRAM, A SUBSIDIARY OF ETHEL WILLIA, INC., D/B/A CHILD CARE CENTER AND ETHEL WILLIA, INC., D/B/A SMART START CHILD CARE CENTER, Appellants, vs. THE STATE OF NEVADA, DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION; AND KEITH RHEAULT, SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, Respondents.

APR 3 0 2010 APR 3 0 2010 CLEFK OF SUPRPHE COURT BY DEPUTY CLERK

No. 52535

ORDER OF AFFIRMANCE

This is an appeal from a district court judgment in a debt collection action. Eighth Judicial District Court, Clark County; Jennifer Togliatti, Judge.

Respondents the State of Nevada, Department of Education, and Keith Rheault, Superintendent of Public Instruction (collectively, the State), filed suit to collect a debt owed by appellants Smart Start Summer Food Service Program and Ethel Willia Inc. Prior to trial, the State moved for summary judgment pursuant to NRS 353C.150.¹ Although the district

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¹In a procedural note, it appears that the State did not file a complaint, but instead initiated this suit by filing a motion for summary judgment. After that motion was set aside, all parties treated the motion as a complaint and proceeded through trial without objection. In light of the parties' acquiescence on this issue, and in light of our liberal pleading requirements, we conclude that the State's motion for summary judgment *continued on next page*...

court initially granted summary judgment, it later reconsidered and set aside the summary judgment in order to resolve genuine issues of material fact. Following a bench trial, the district court entered judgment for the State in the amount of the debt. This appeal followed.

On appeal, appellants mischaracterize the district court's final judgment as a summary judgment and argue that the district court erred in granting summary judgment for a variety of reasons. Appellants' The judgment at issue was not arguments are wholly misplaced. summary in nature, and was instead rendered following full discovery and trial. Accordingly, appellants' arguments fail, and therefore, we

ORDER the judgment of the district court AFFIRMED.

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Douglas Progras J.

J. Pickering

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was sufficient to initiate proceedings in this case. See NRCP 15(b) ("When issues not raised by the pleadings are tried by express or implied consent of the parties, they shall be treated in all respects as if they had been raised in the pleadings."); Hay v. Hay, 100 Nev. 196, 198, 678 P.2d 672, 674 (1984) ("Because Nevada is a notice-pleading jurisdiction, our courts liberally construe pleadings to place into issue matters which are fairly noticed to the adverse party.").

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cc:

Hon. Jennifer Togliatti, District Judge
Carolyn Worrell, Settlement Judge
Agwara & Associates
Attorney General/Carson City
Eighth District Court Clerk

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