

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

ROBIN A. DREW,
Appellant,
vs.
MANPOWER OF SOUTHERN
NEVADA,
Respondent.

No. 49334

FILED

MAY 10 2007

MINETTE M. BLOOM
CLERK OF SUPREME COURT
BY 
DEPUTY CLERK

ORDER DISMISSING APPEAL

This is a proper person appeal from a district court order denying appellant's "motion to conclude" certain matters in consolidated district court proceedings involving workers' compensation law. Eighth Judicial District Court, Clark County; James A. Brennan, Judge.

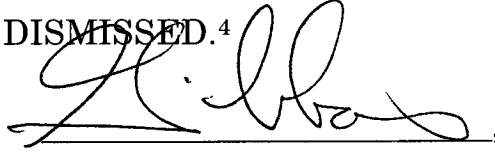
Our review of the documents submitted to this court pursuant to NRAP 3(e) reveals a jurisdictional defect. Specifically, this court has jurisdiction to consider an appeal only when the appeal is authorized by statute or court rule.¹ No statute or court rule authorizes an appeal from an order denying a motion to conclude certain district court and administrative matters; thus, the challenged order is not substantively appealable.² And although NRAP 3A(b)(1) provides for an appeal from a final order or judgment, it does not appear that a final appealable order or

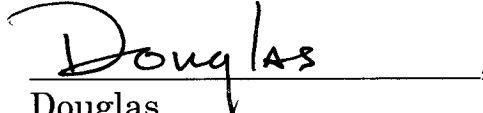
¹Taylor Constr. Co. v. Hilton Hotels, 100 Nev. 207, 209, 678 P.2d 1152, 1153 (1984).

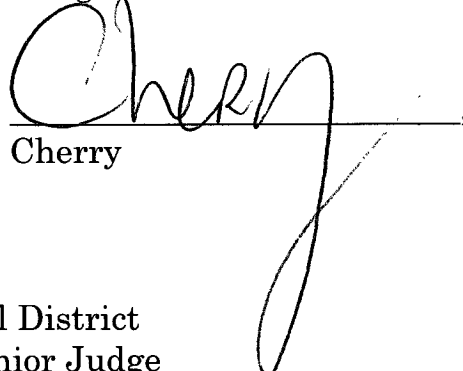
²See NRAP 3A(b) (listing orders and judgments from which an appeal may be taken).

judgment has been entered in the consolidated proceedings below.³
Accordingly, as we lack jurisdiction to consider this appeal, we

ORDER this appeal DISMISSED.⁴


_____, J.
Gibbons


_____, J.
Douglas


_____, J.
Cherry

cc: Chief Judge, Eighth Judicial District
Hon. James A. Brennan, Senior Judge
Robin A. Drew
Lynne & Associates
Eighth District Court Clerk

³See Lee v. GNLV Corp., 116 Nev. 424, 996 P.2d 416 (2000) (describing a final judgment as one that disposes of all issues presented in the case, leaving nothing for the future consideration of the court except for post-judgment issues such as attorney fees and costs); Mallin v. Farmers Insurance Exchange, 106 Nev. 606, 797 P.2d 978 (1990) (recognizing that cases consolidated in the district court become one action for appellate purposes); see also NRS 233B.150 (noting that an aggrieved party may appeal from a final district court judgment on a petition for judicial review, as in other civil cases).

⁴In light of this order, appellant need not file the civil proper person appeal statement or transcript request form mailed to her on April 26, 2007.